Complete Docker Setup Guide for Laravel + React + MySQL

Project Structure

Create your project with this structure:

```
your-project/

- docker-compose.yml
- deploy.sh
- nginx/
- nginx.conf
- backend/ (Laravel application)
- Dockerfile
- .env
- ... (Laravel files)
- frontend/ (React application)
- Dockerfile
- .env
- ... (React files)
- mysql/
- init/ (optional SQL files)
```

Quick Start

1. Clone or Create Your Applications

For Laravel:

```
bash
# If you don't have a Laravel app yet
composer create-project laravel/laravel backend
cd backend
composer install
```

For React:

```
# If you don't have a React app yet
npx create-react-app frontend
cd frontend
npm install
```

2. Copy Docker Files

Copy the provided files to their respective locations:

- (docker-compose.yml) → root directory
- Laravel (Dockerfile) → (backend/Dockerfile)
- React(Dockerfile) → (frontend/Dockerfile)
- (nginx.conf) → (nginx/nginx.conf)
- Laravel (.env) → (backend/.env) (modify as needed)

3. Make Deploy Script Executable

```
bash
chmod +x deploy.sh
```

4. Run Deployment

```
bash
./deploy.sh
```

Manual Setup Steps

If you prefer to run commands manually:

1. Start the services

```
docker-compose up -d --build
```

2. Wait for MySQL to initialize (30 seconds)

3. Setup Laravel

```
hash
```

```
# Generate app key
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan key:generate
# Run migrations
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan migrate
# Cache configuration
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan config:cache
# Create storage Link
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan storage:link
```

Environment Configuration

Laravel (.env)

Update your (backend/.env) file:

```
env
```

```
DB_HOST=mysql
DB_DATABASE=laravel_db
DB_USERNAME=laravel_user
DB_PASSWORD=laravel_password
REDIS_HOST=redis
```

React (.env)

```
Create (frontend/.env):
```

env

REACT_APP_API_URL=http://localhost/api

API Integration

In your React app, make API calls like this:

```
javascript

// Example API call

const fetchData = async () => {
    try {
      const response = await fetch(`${process.env.REACT_APP_API_URL}/users`);
      const data = await response.json();
      return data;
    } catch (error) {
      console.error('API Error:', error);
    }
};
```

Laravel API Setup

1. Enable CORS (if not using Laravel Sanctum)

Install Laravel CORS:

```
bash
docker-compose exec laravel composer require fruitcake/laravel-cors
```

2. API Routes

```
In (backend/routes/api.php):
```

```
c?php

use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;

Route::middleware('api')->group(function () {
        Route::get('/users', function () {
            return response()->json(['message' => 'Hello from Laravel API!']);
        });

// Add your API routes here
});
```

Database Management

Access MySQL directly:

```
docker-compose exec mysql mysql -u laravel_user -p laravel_db
# Password: Laravel_password
```

Run Laravel migrations:

```
bash
```

```
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan migrate
```

Seed database:

```
bash
```

```
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan db:seed
```

Useful Commands

View logs:

```
# ALL services
docker-compose logs -f

# Specific service
docker-compose logs -f laravel
docker-compose logs -f react
docker-compose logs -f mysql
```

Restart services:

bash

```
docker-compose restart
```

Stop all services:

hash

```
docker-compose down
```

Rebuild specific service:

```
docker-compose up -d --build laravel
```

Execute commands in containers:

```
# Laravel container

docker=compose exec laravel bash

# React container

docker-compose exec react sh

# MySQL container

docker-compose exec mysql bash
```

Production Deployment

1. Server Setup

On your server, install Docker using the Linux installation steps provided earlier.

2. Environment Variables

Update your (.env) files for production:

Laravel:

```
env

APP_ENV=production

APP_DEBUG=false

APP_URL=https://your-domain.com
```

React:

```
env

REACT_APP_API_URL=https://your-domain.com/api
```

3. SSL Configuration

Uncomment the HTTPS server block in (nginx.conf) and add your SSL certificates to (nginx/ssl/)

4. Deploy

```
bash
```

```
# Clone your repository
git clone your=repo=url
cd your=project

# Make deploy script executable
chmod +x deploy.sh

# Run deployment
./deploy.sh
```

Troubleshooting

Common Issues:

- 1. Port conflicts: Change ports in (docker-compose.yml) if needed
- 2. **Permission issues:** Run (docker-compose exec laravel chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html/storage)
- 3. Database connection: Ensure MySQL container is fully started before Laravel
- 4. CORS issues: Check Laravel CORS configuration
- 5. **React not loading:** Verify (REACT_APP_API_URL) environment variable

Health Checks:

```
# Check if containers are running
docker-compose ps

# Check container health
docker-compose exec laravel php artisan --version
docker-compose exec react npm --version
docker-compose exec mysql mysql --version
```

Development Workflow

- 1. Make changes to your Laravel/React code
- 2. Changes are automatically reflected (volumes are mounted)
- 3. For Laravel config changes, run: docker-compose exec laravel php artisan config:cache
- 4. For React dependency changes, rebuild: (docker-compose up -d --build react)

6 Next Steps

- 1. Set up Laravel Sanctum for API authentication
- 2. Configure email services (SMTP/Mailgun)
- 3. Set up automated backups for MySQL
- 4. Implement CI/CD pipeline
- 5. Configure monitoring and logging
- 6. Set up SSL certificates for production

Your application is now fully containerized and ready for development and deployment! 💉