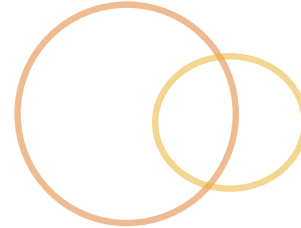
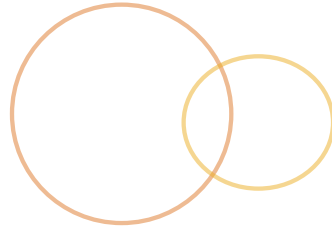




# Annotations in Spring



# Objectives



When we are done, you should be able to:

- 🕒 Configure Spring Beans using Annotations
- 🕒 Know when to use annotations
- 🕒 Understand what JSR-330 is



# Annotations



# A Different Configuration Mechanism



- Can be used instead of or in addition to XML
  - Added in Spring 2.5 to compliment XML configuration
  - By Spring 3.s and 4.x, mostly 'replaced' by Java configuration which uses annotations as well

# What is still needed in XML?



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd"
  >
  <context:component-scan base-package="bookshelf"/>
</beans>
```

- ⦿ `<context:component-scan>` needed or annotations are ignored
- ⦿ `base-package` limits the scope of where the runtime looks for the components

# Configuration Annotations



## ⦿ @Component

- ⦿ Defines this as a Spring Bean
- ⦿ Name of bean is name of class with a lower-case first letter

## ⦿ @Autowired

- ⦿ Defines how to wire the beans
- ⦿ Is a required dependency
- ⦿ On constructor, defines that the arguments passed into the constructor should be retrieved from the context
- ⦿ On method, defines that the parameters should be retrieved from the context
- ⦿ On field, uses reflection to set values

# Using Annotations - Constructor



```
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

@Component
public class LibraryServiceImpl implements LibraryService {

    private BookSource bookSource;

    @Autowired
    public LibraryServiceImpl(BookSource source){
        bookSource = source;
    }
}
```

# Using Annotations – Set Method



```
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;  
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;  
import javax.sql.DataSource;
```

```
@Component
```

```
public class BookSourceImpl {  
    private DataSource data;
```

```
    public BookSourceImpl() { }
```

```
@Autowired
```

```
public void setDataSource(DataSource dataSource) {  
    data = dataSource;
```

```
    }  
}
```



# Using XML to Configure



```
<bean id="library" class="com.example.LibraryServiceImpl">  
  <constructor-arg ref="bookSource"/>  
</bean>  
<bean id="bookSource" class="com.example.BookSourceImpl">  
  <property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource"/>  
</bean>
```

# <context:annotation-config>



- 🕒 Looks for any dependency injection annotation
- 🕒 Requires that the bean still be defined
  - 🕒 <property> and <constructor-config> not needed

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd">

    <context:annotation-config/>
    <bean id="library" class="java.example.LibraryServiceImpl"/>
</beans>
```

# <context:component-scan>

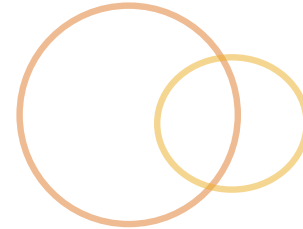


- Looks for @Component (or subsets) and automatically loads them
- Does not require the bean to be defined
  - Can limit what is scanned by using base-package

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<beans ...>
```

```
    <context:component-scan base-package="..." />  
</beans>
```

# @ComponentScan



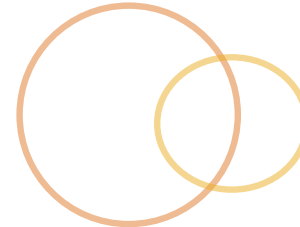
- In `JavaConfig` file, we can define component-scanning
  - Will scan application and automatically load all classes annotated with `@Component` or its subsets
  - Can limit scanning to specific packages
  - Will also pick up other configuration files that are annotated with `@Configuration`

```
@ComponentScan(basePackages={"package.one", "package.two"})
@Configuration
public class JavaConfig {

}
```

# @PostConstruct / @PreDestroy

- Add behavior to startup and shutdown of application
  - `@PostConstruct` runs after all dependency injections and before bean is ready to be used
  - `@PreDestroy` runs when object is being removed from the container
  - Both can annotate methods that
    - Take no arguments
    - Return void
    - Are not static
    - Do not throw checked exceptions
- Mark life-cycle methods



## Can define initialization and destruction methods

```
@Configuration
```

```
public class JavaConfig {
```

```
    @Bean(initMethod="setup" destroyMethod="shutdown")
```

```
    public LibraryService libraryService(){
```

```
        return new LibraryServiceImpl(bookSource());
```

```
    }
```

```
    private void setup(){
```

```
        // setup something
```

```
    }
```

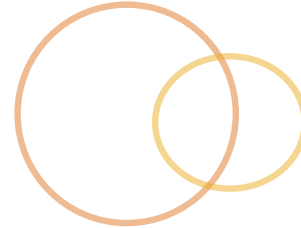
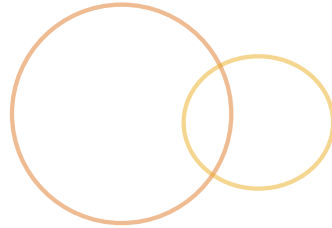
```
    private void shutdown() {
```

```
        // shutdown something
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

# JSR-330



- ⦿ Attempt to standardize many frameworks' annotations
- ⦿ Also called `@Inject`
  - ⦿ Package is `javax.inject`
- ⦿ Often replaces the Spring annotations mentioned
  - ⦿ `@Inject` – most of `@Autowired`
  - ⦿ `@Named` – `@Component`
  - ⦿ `@Scope` – defines new scope
  - ⦿ `@Singleton` – similar to Spring's prototype scope

**Note:** Generally, use one or the other unless one gives distinct features that the other doesn't



# Lab 4 – Update Phone Service

