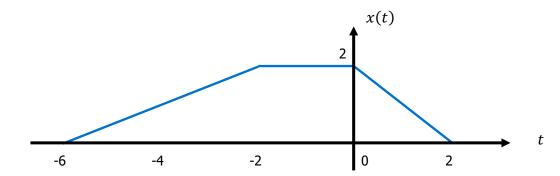
Assignment 1: Signals & Systems Fundamentals

Signals & Systems

Complete the following problems. Please submit your solutions to these problems in a single PDF document to the course site. Use the *lastname_firstname_PS01.pdf* format for your file name.

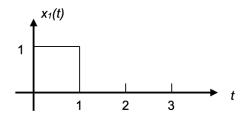
- 1. Consider the real-valued two-sided discrete-time signal $x[n] = a^{|n|}$, where a is a real number satisfying 0 < a < 1, and $|\cdot|$ denotes the *absolute value*.
 - a. Plot x[n] for $a = \frac{2}{3}$ and n = -10, ..., 10.
 - b. Find a *closed form expression* for the energy E of x[n] as a function of a.
 - c. Numerically compute the partial sum energy over n=-10,...,10, for $a=\frac{2}{3}$. Specifically, compute $\sum_{n=-10}^{10}|x[n]|^2$. How does this partial sum energy compare with your closed form expression from part b.?
- 2. Consider the continuous-time signal x(t) plotted below. Sketch y(t) = 0.5 x(-2t + 4).

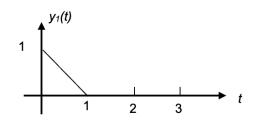


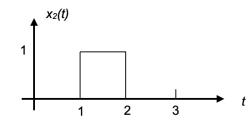
- 3. Consider the discrete-time sinusoid $x[n] = sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{6}\right)$.
 - a. Plot x[n] for n = 0, ..., 48.
 - b. Is this discrete-time sinusoid periodic? If so, what is the period?
 - c. Find and plot another discrete-time sinusoid $y[n] = sin(\omega_1 n)$ with a *different* frequency $(\omega_1 \neq \frac{\pi}{6})$ that yields *exactly* the same values as x[n].

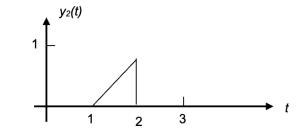
- 4. This problem will investigate a linear combination of continuous-time sinusoids.
 - a. What is the period of $x_1(t) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$?
 - b. What is the period of $x_2(t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{3} \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$?
 - c. Is $y(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{3} \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ periodic? If yes, what is the period of y(t)?

5. A *linear* continuous-time system is observed to have the following input-output pairs.









- a. Could the system be time-invariant?
- b. Find the output signal if the input signal is $x_3(t)$ shown below:

