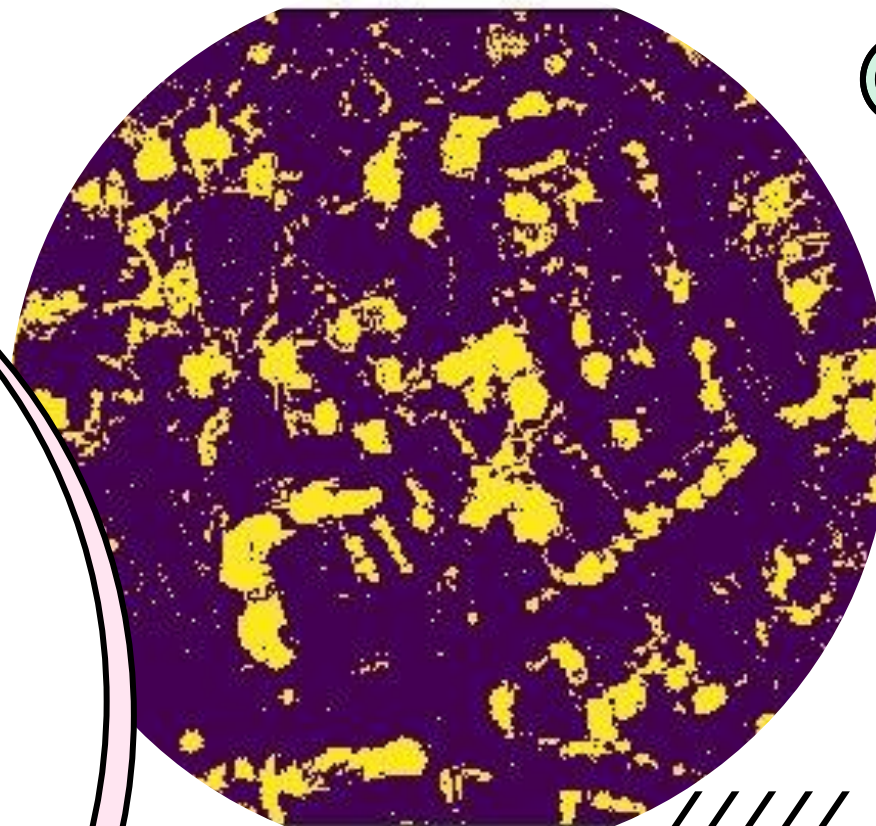
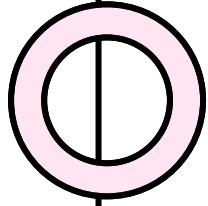


D E T E C T R E E

DISC DATA LAB

LUCIE, VINCENT, BENJAMIN





Our Goal



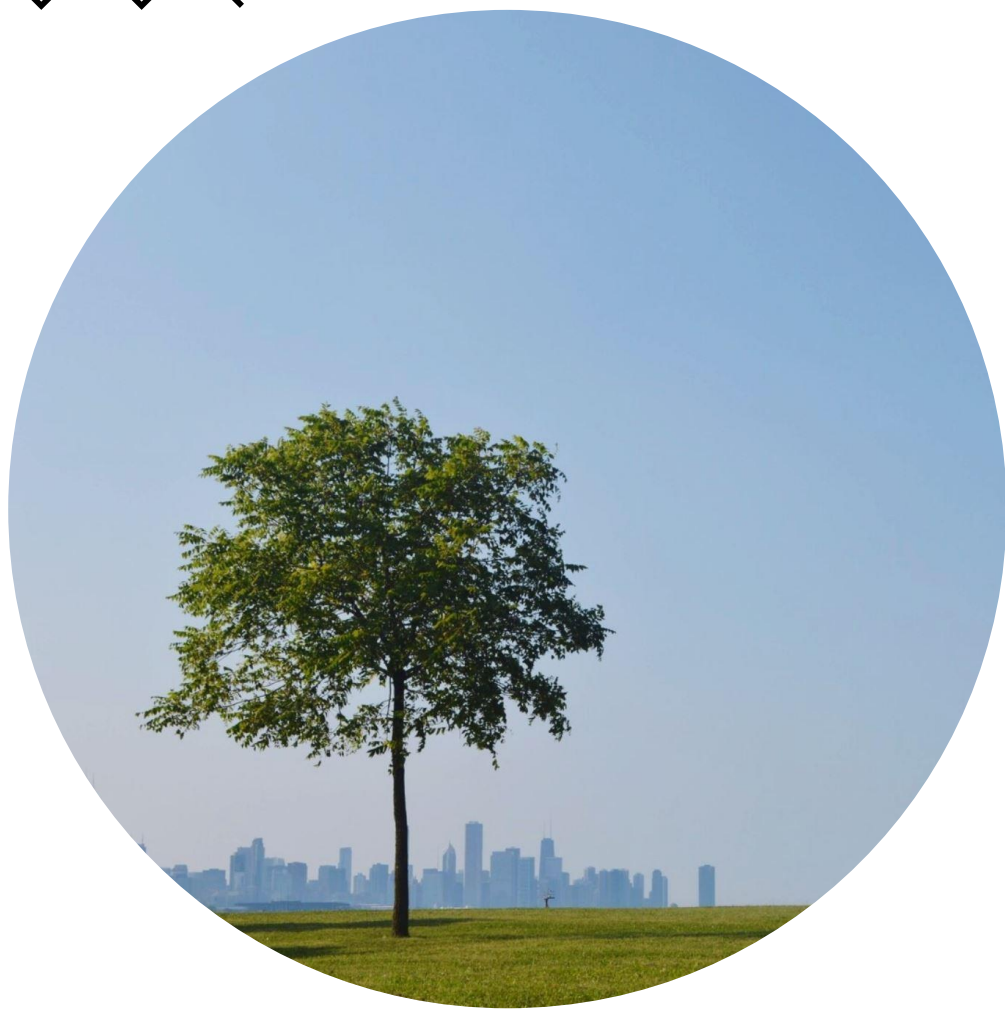
Analyze satellite images from different cities to obtain the tree share



Match this variable to different life factors (environment, satisfaction, health, ...)



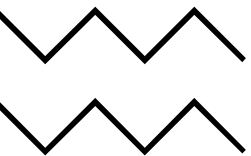
Correlation between variables and importance of trees in cities



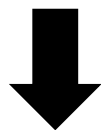
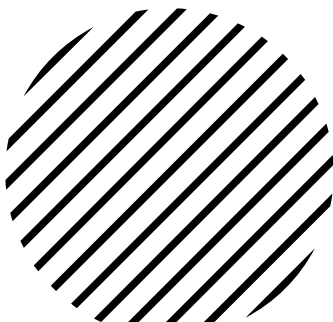
The importance of tree coverage

- In cities as an environmental factor
- The satisfaction and well-being of residents
- Provides biodiversity and ecological quality





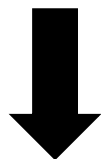
Data Flow



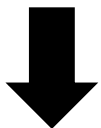
API

Detectree 

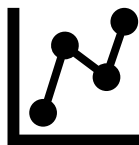
Functions called → But own workflow adapted to our needs

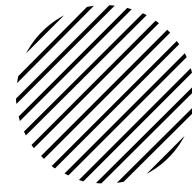
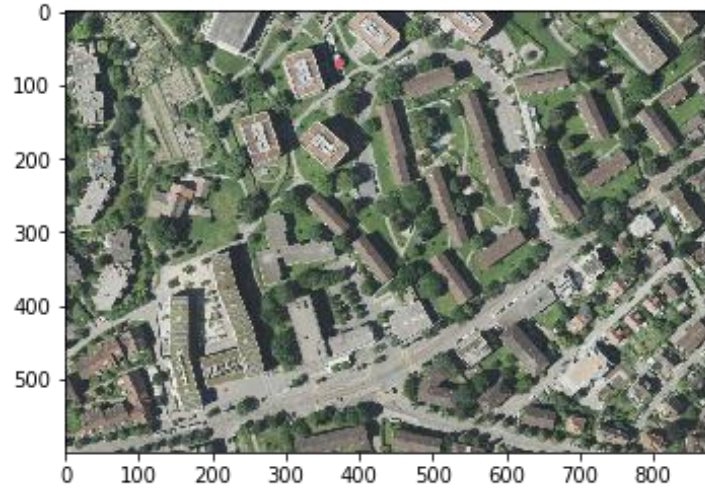


Classification and evaluation of tree coverage in Python

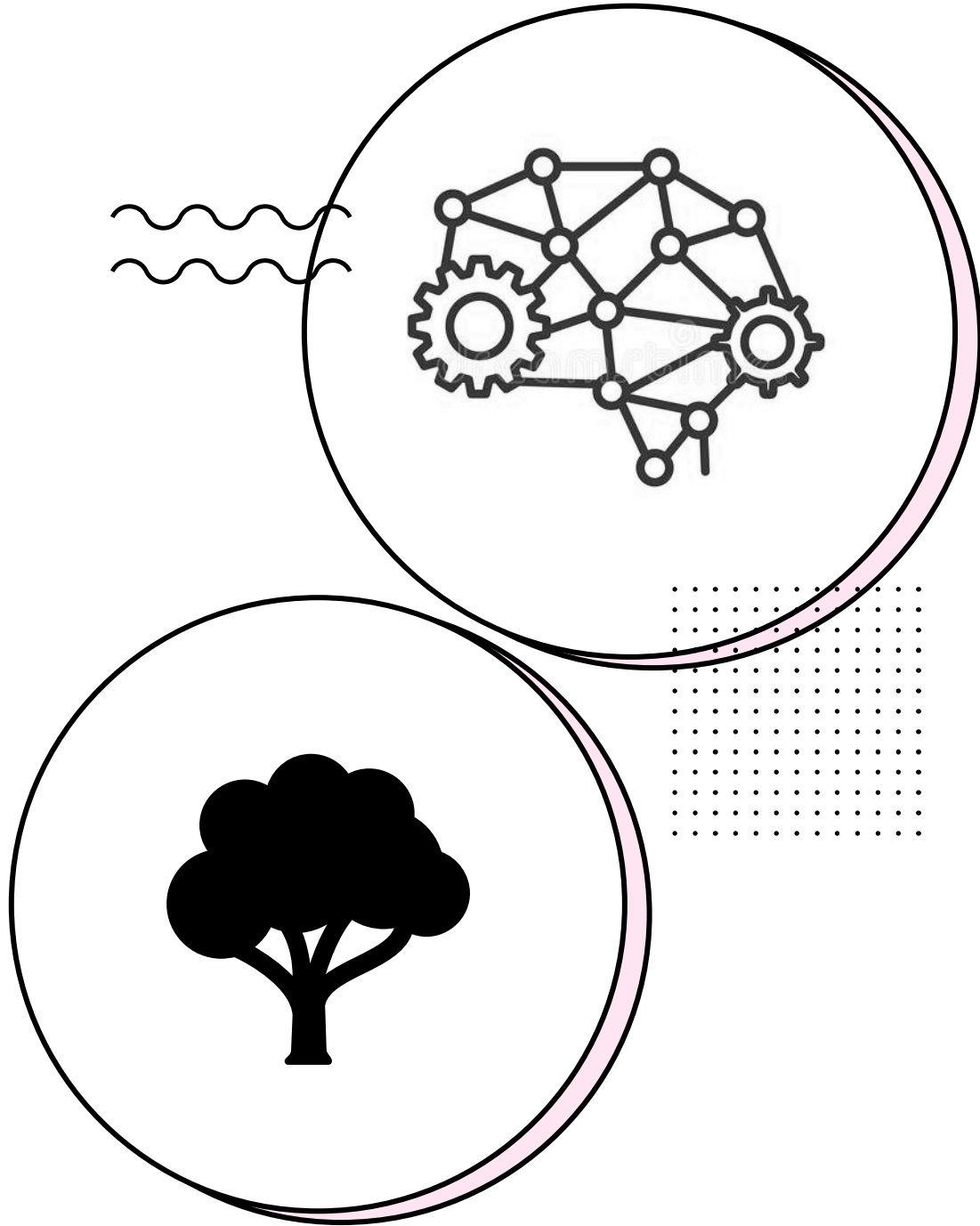


Data Analysis





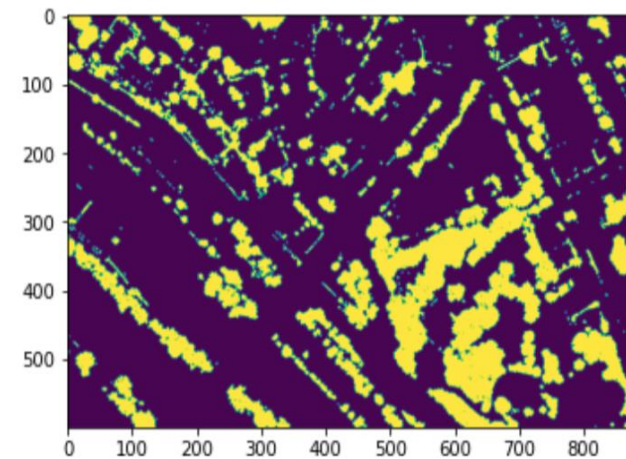
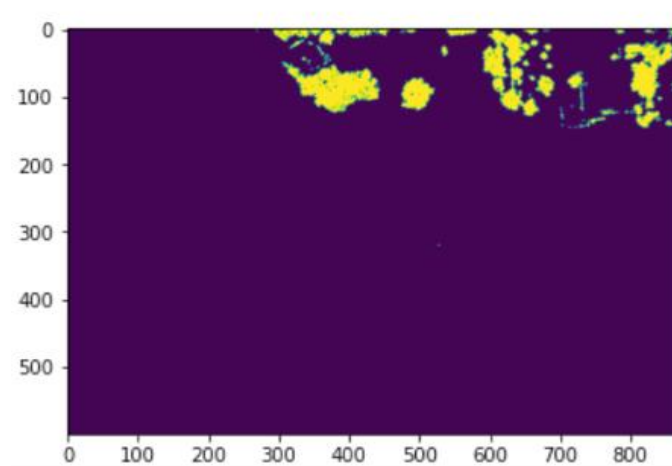
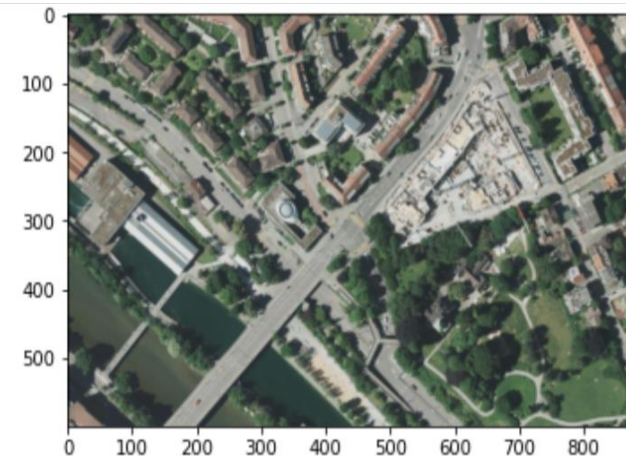
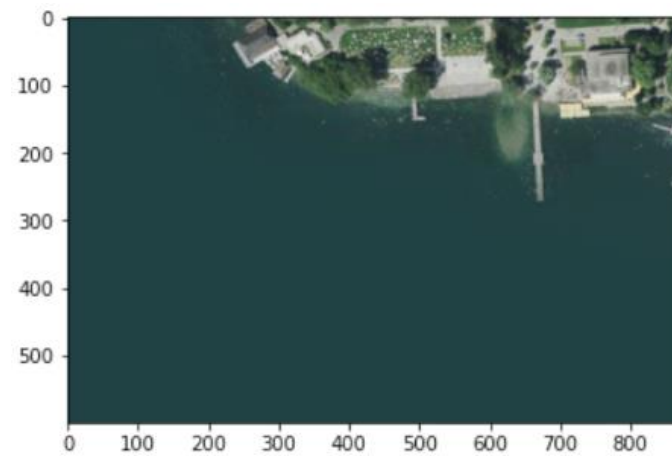
- Select the desired area
- Retrieve the satellite images via the Mapbox API
- Download the individual tiles
- Store the tiles



Detectree

- Supervised learning problem
- System must be trained on suitable data
- The tiles selected for training must be linked to the ground truth of the tree/non-tree masks

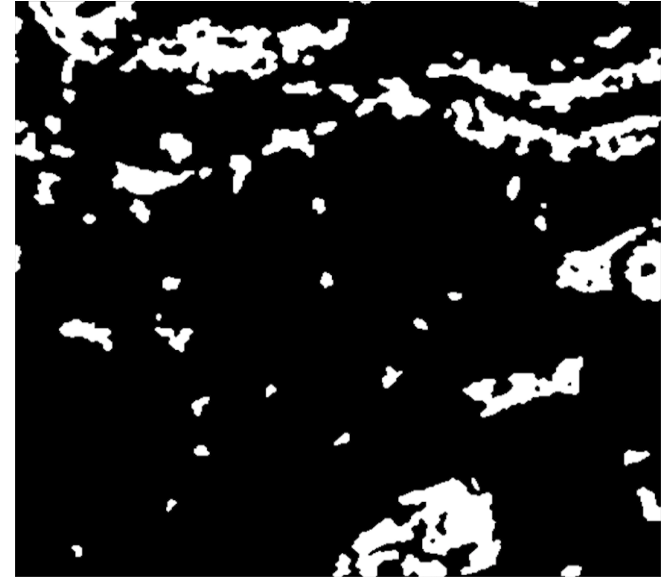
Detecttree



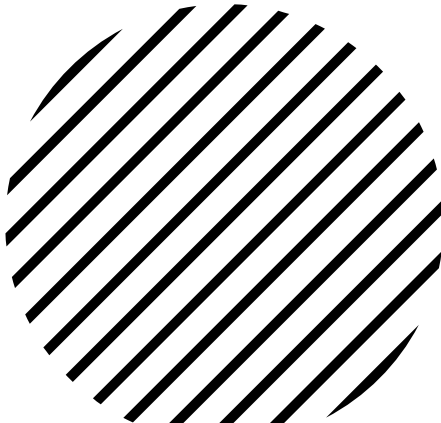
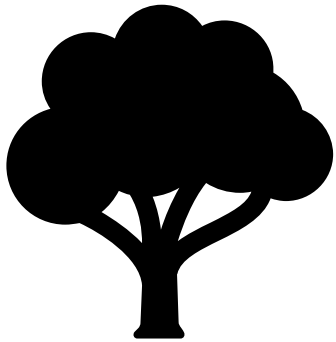
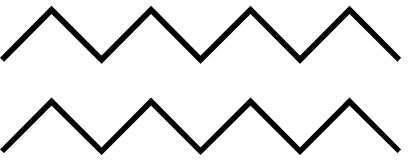
Detectree



- Training of classifiers
- Classifiers can be used to distinguish tree-like and non-tree-like pixels



Detectree



Incorrect classifications:

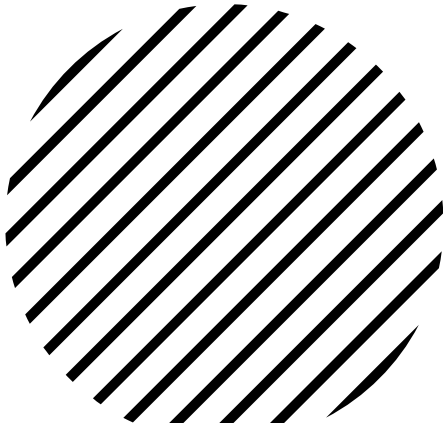
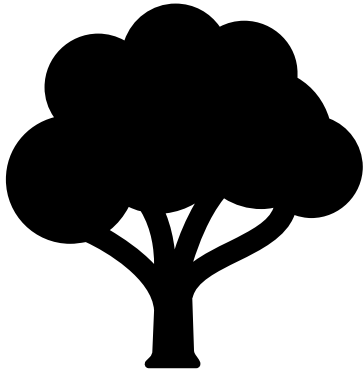
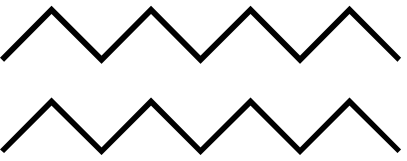
- Poor resolution
- Photos are not recorded vertically from above

Detectree

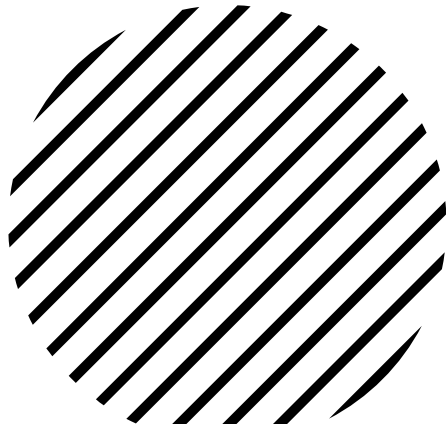
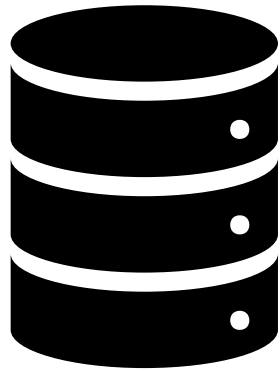
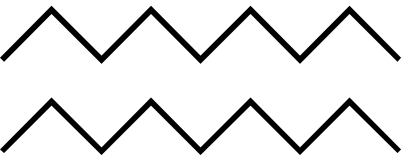


- Classification of tree-like and non-tree-like pixel for each tile
- Determine the proportion of predicted tree-like and non-tree-like pixels for each tile
- The accuracy is determined by comparison with manually created ground truth masks.

Detecttree

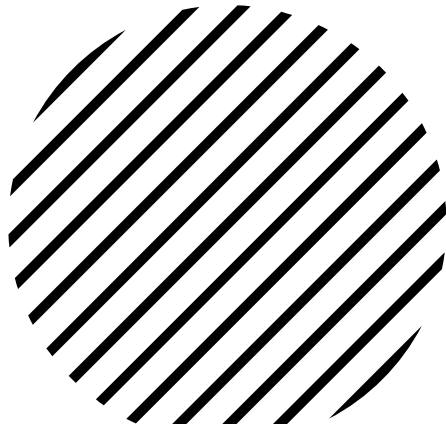
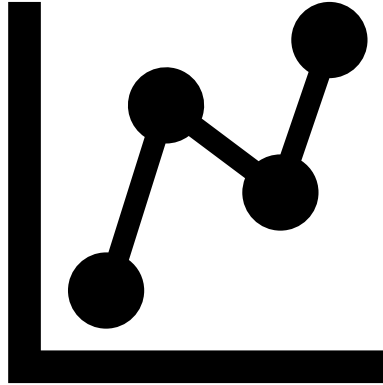


Data processing

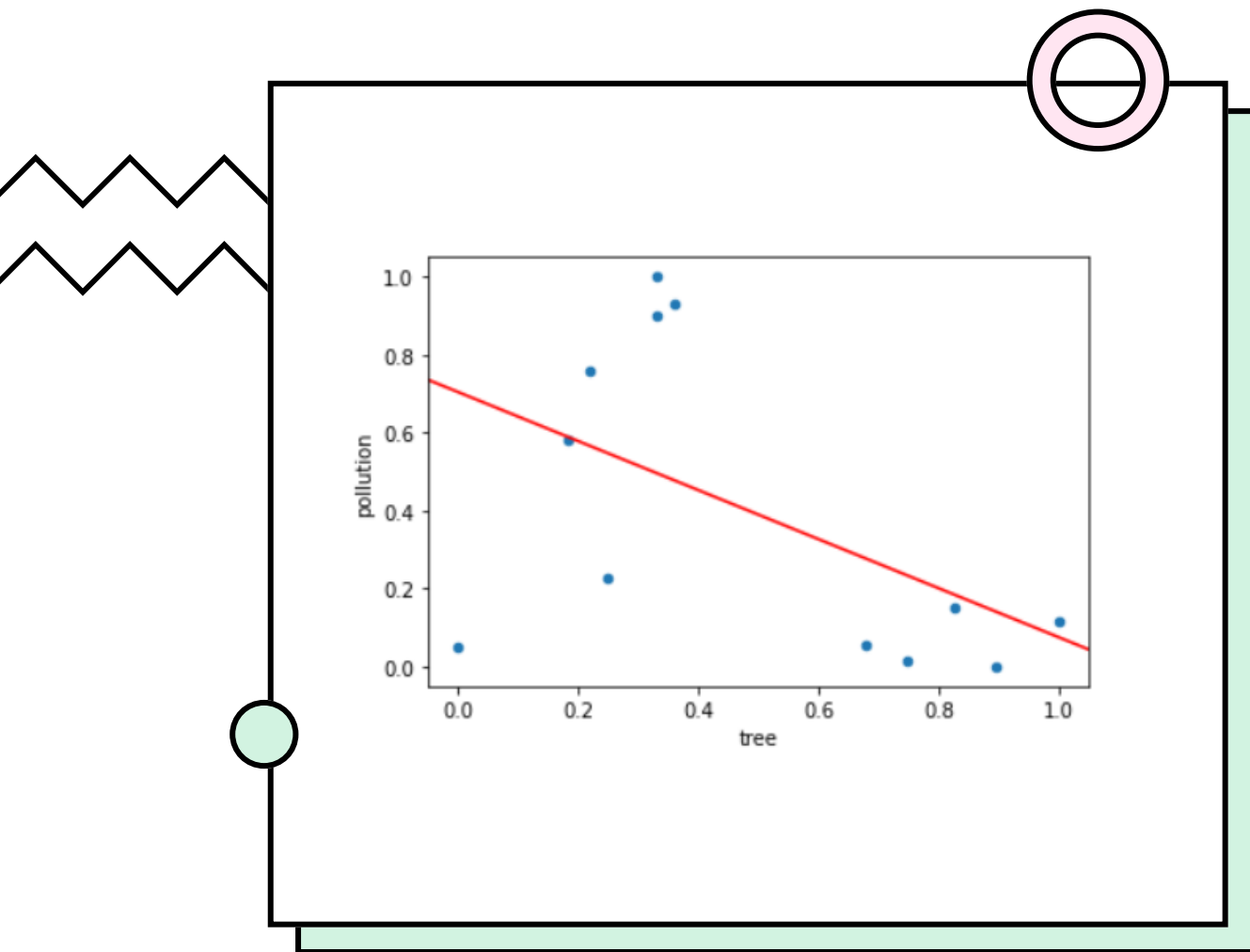


- Folder for each city with raw and predicted tiles
- Overall accuracy of 75%
- Percentage of tree coverage
- Secondary data from different cities with life satisfaction and environment indices

Data Analysis



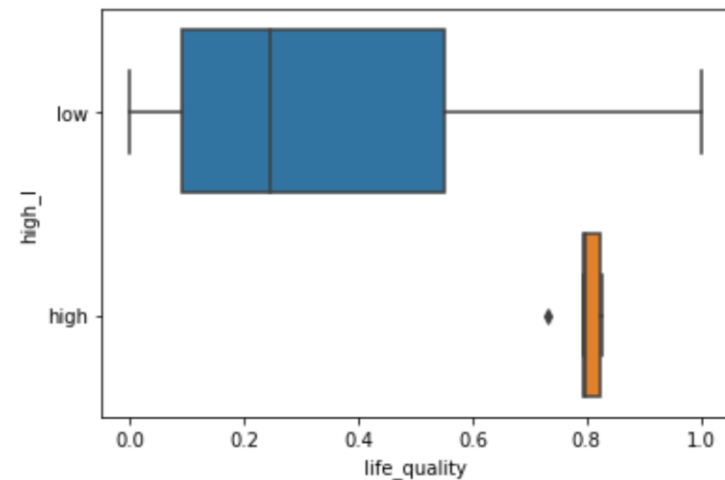
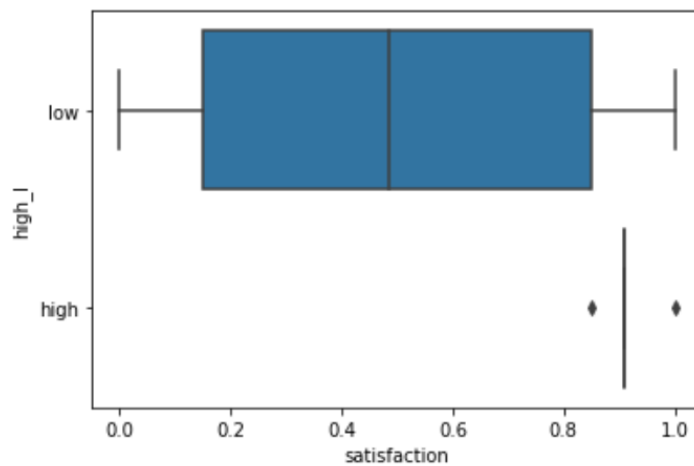
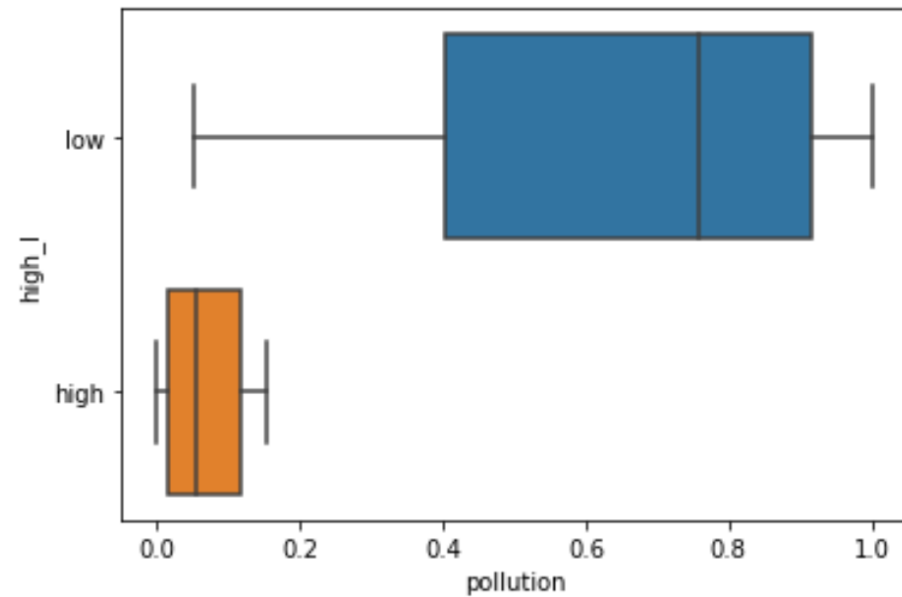
- Analysis 1 with detectree data (12 samples)
 - Boxplots
 - Linear Regression Modell
 - correlation matrix
-
- Analysis 2 with European environment agency data (78 samples)



DATA ANALYSIS 1



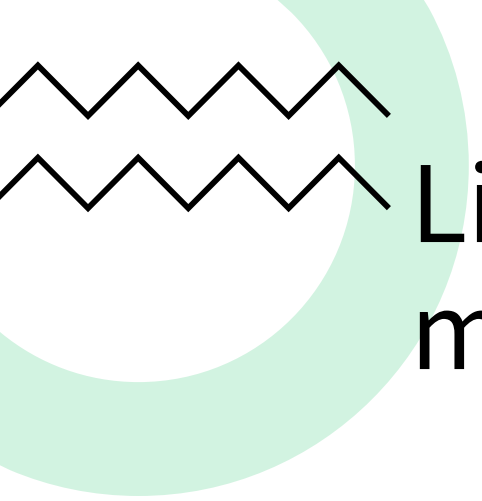
BOX PLOTS: HIGH VS. LOW TREE SHARE



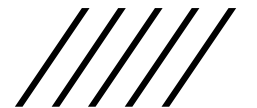
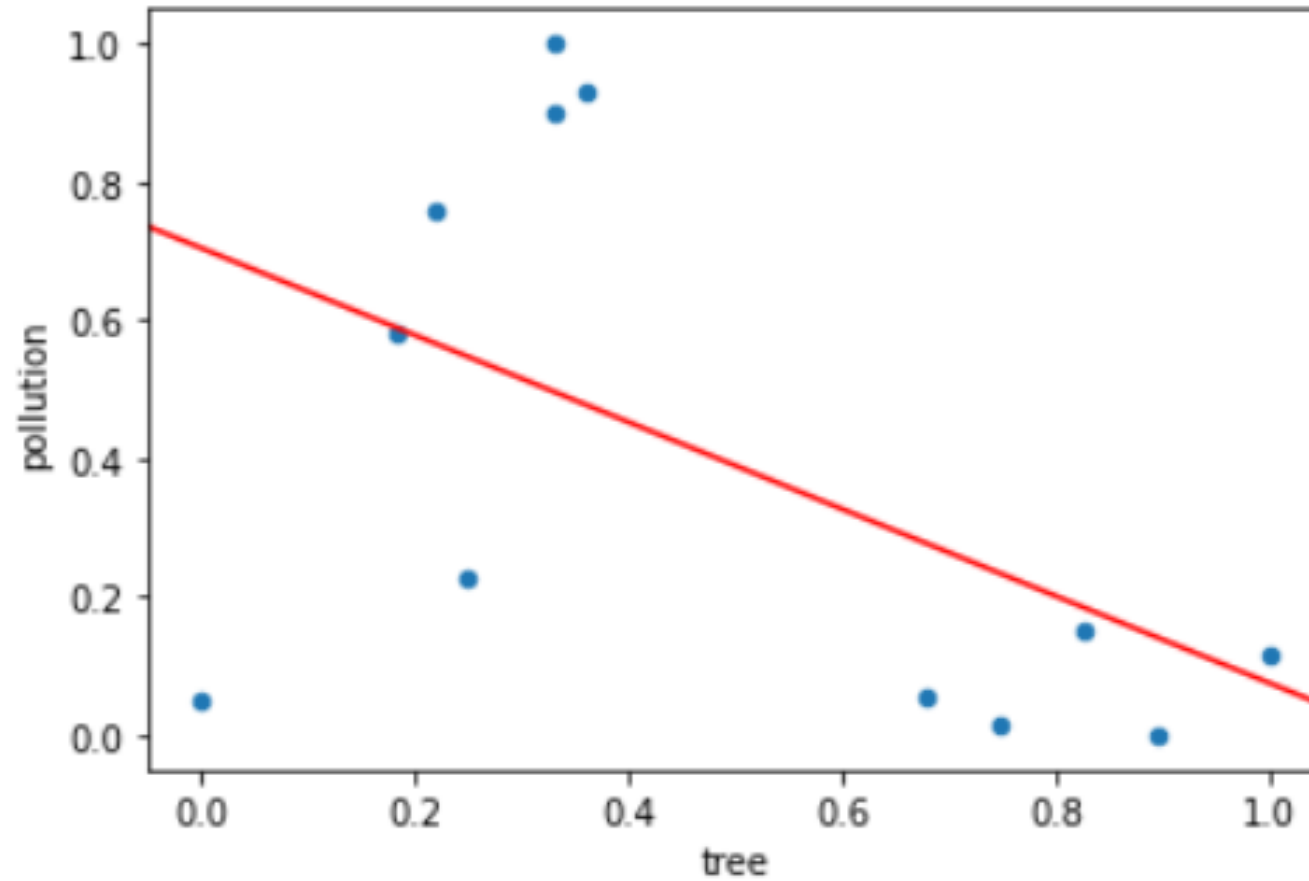


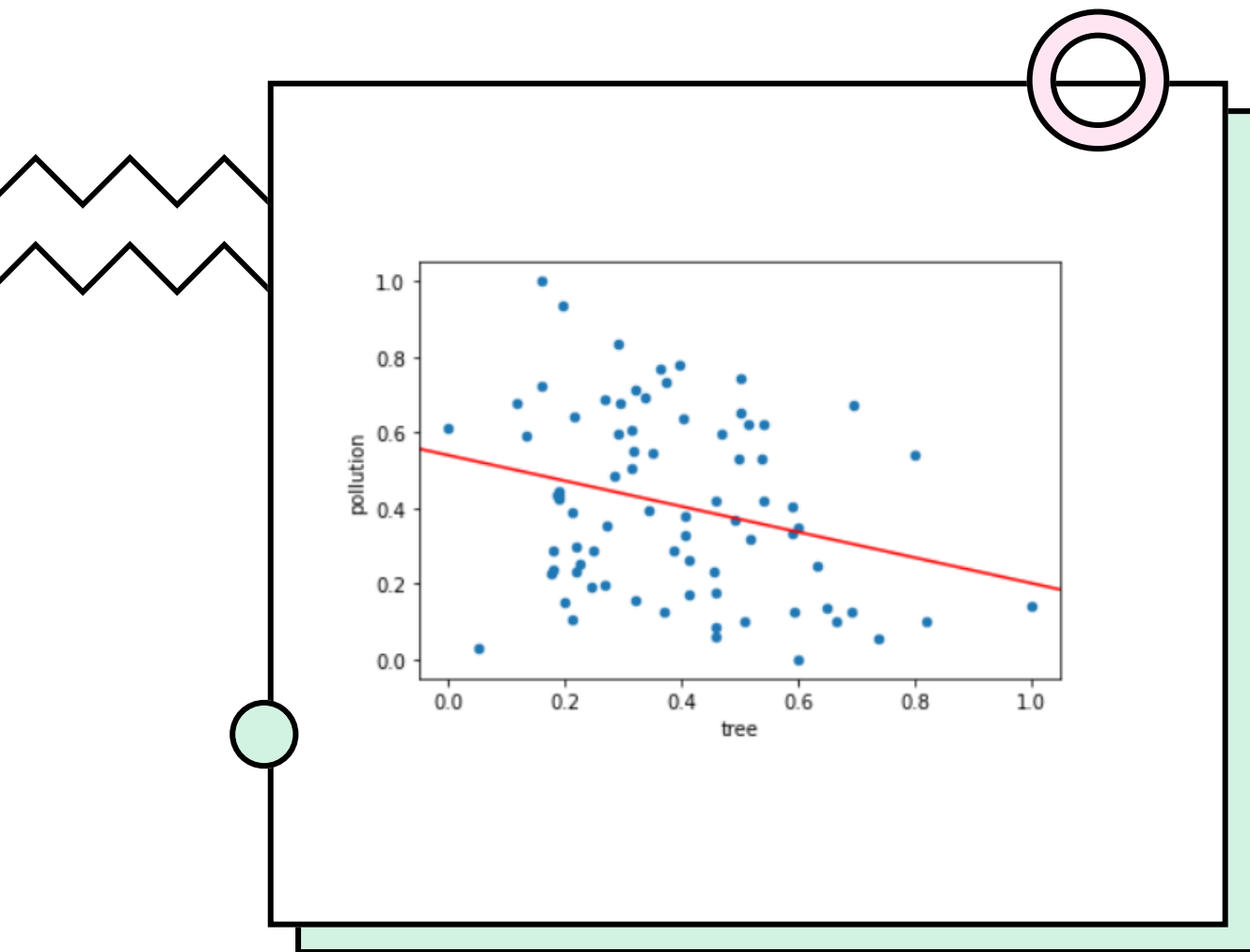
DATA ANALYSIS 1





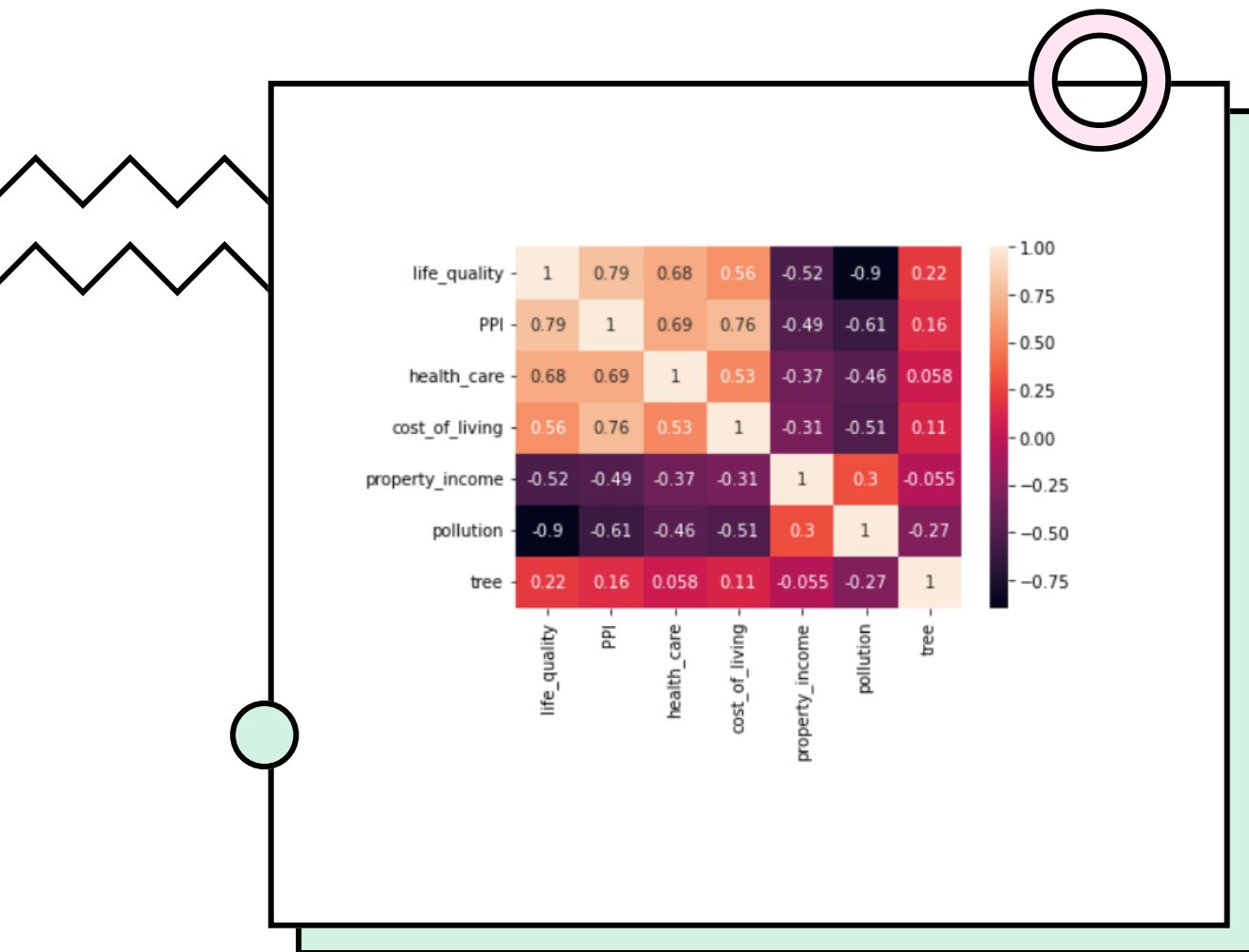
Linear Regression model





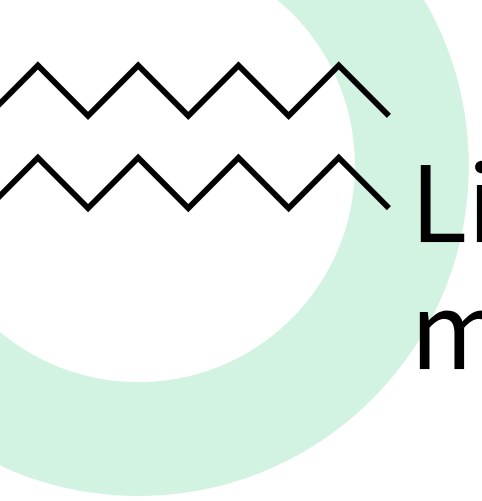
DATA ANALYSIS 2



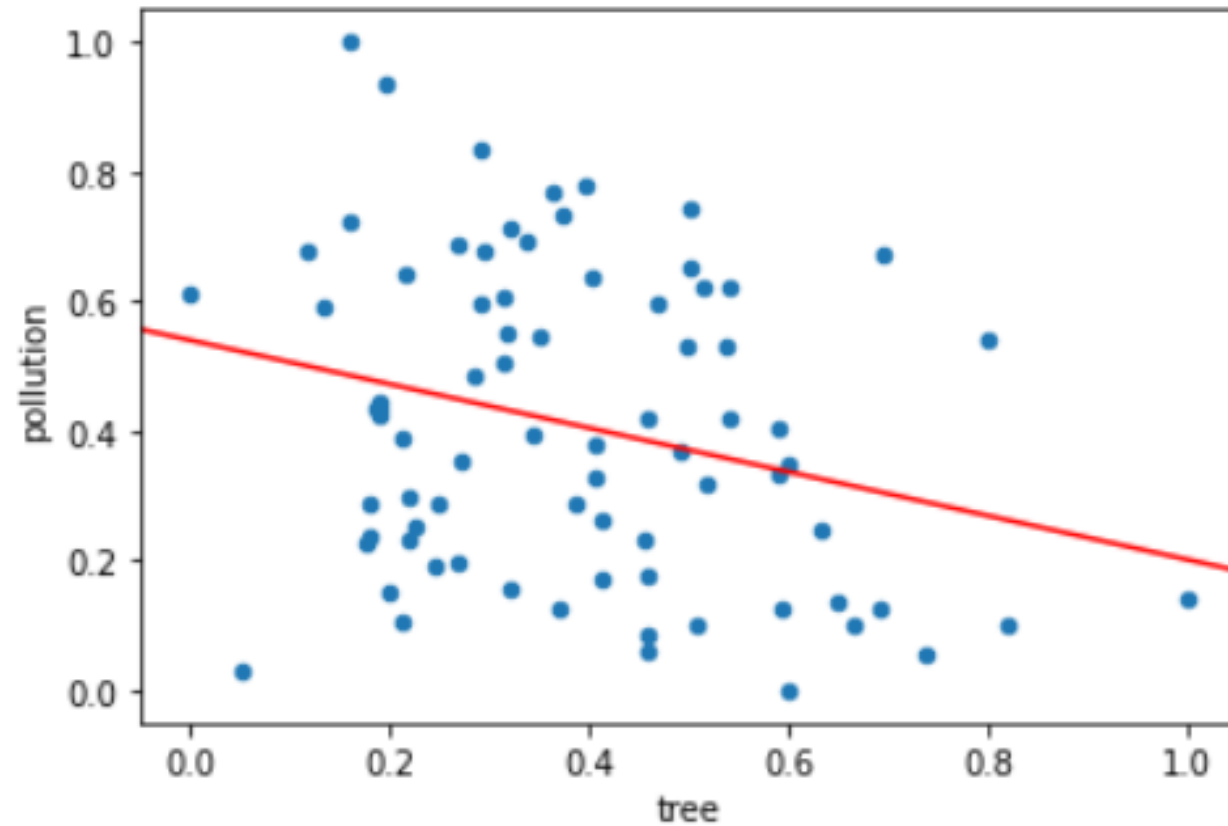


DATA ANALYSIS 2





Linear Regression model



Conclusion



- Positive social influence on various life quality factors
- Trees reduce air pollution
- Data-driven analysis of environmental and social effects will be necessary to guide the future market

**COME ON
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COMPANY!**

