

# Tugas Kecil AI 1

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## Anggota

Vincent Hendryanto Halim - 13515089 Mikhael Artur Darmakesuma - 13515099

## Catatan Penting

Dokumentasi Kelas : <http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html> (<http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html>)

## Inisialisasi Library

```
In [1]: ## Library Import and Initializations
        # Datasets Library
        import pandas as pd
        import graphviz
        from sklearn.datasets import load_iris

        # Algorithm Library
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
        from sklearn import tree
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier

        #
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

## Skema Full-Training

```
In [2]: # Read iris & play_tennis dataset
        iris_data = load_iris()
        tennis_data = pd.read_csv('dataset/tennis.csv')
```

## Naive Bayes

```
In [3]: gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(iris_data.data, iris_data.target).predict(iris_data.data)

# Mencetak peluang tiap kelas
gnb.class_prior_
```

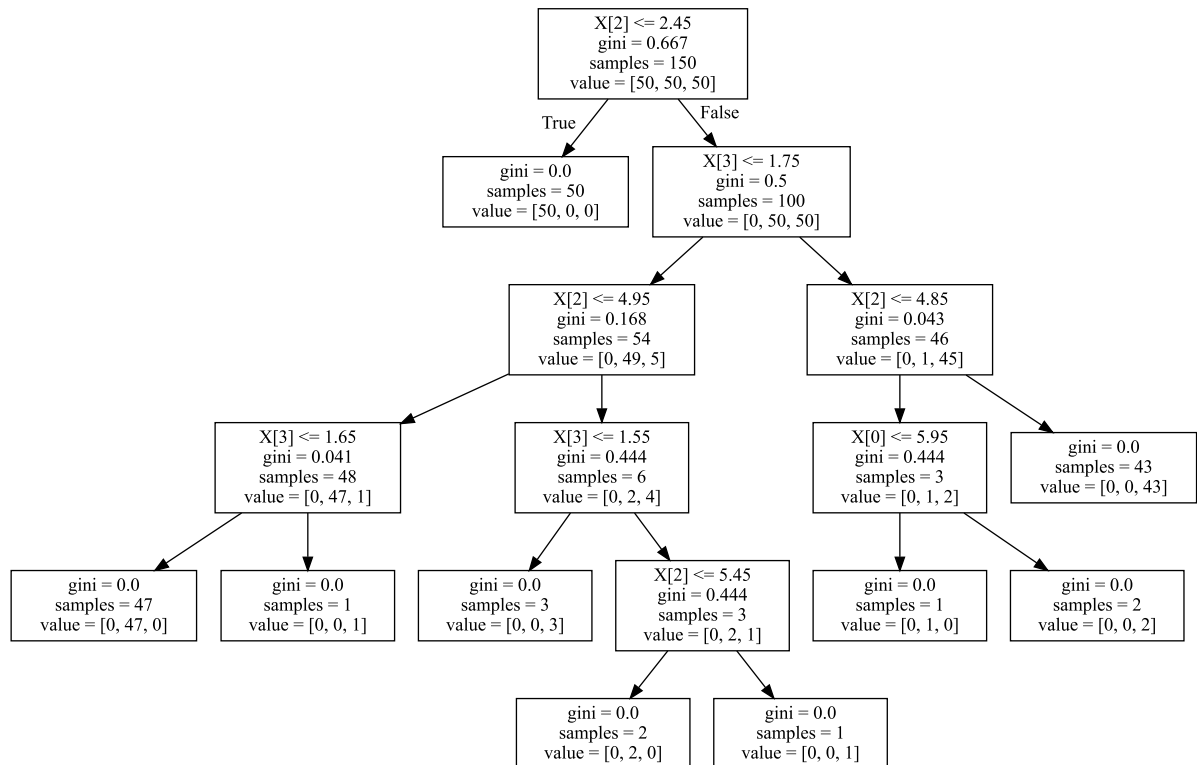
```
Out[3]: array([ 0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333])
```

## Decision Tree

```
In [4]: dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt.fit(iris_data.data, iris_data.target)

tree_data = tree.export_graphviz(dt, out_file=None)
graph = graphviz.Source(tree_data)
graph
```

```
Out[4]:
```



## KNN

KNN Tidak memiliki model

```
In [5]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
knn.fit(iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"])
```

```
Out[5]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=5, p=2,
weights='uniform')
```

## MLP

```
In [6]: mlp = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', alpha=1e-5, hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), ran
dom_state=1)
mlp.fit(iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"])
```

```
# Mencetak Weight pada tiap node
mlp.coefs_
```

```
Out[6]: [array([[ -0.13550239,  0.3597881 , -0.81630916, -0.3227893 , -0.57684476],
               [ -0.66570776, -0.51233452, -0.25219808, -0.16857787,  0.06338741],
               [ -0.1319547 ,  0.30246194, -0.48262707,  0.6174627 , -0.77177221],
               [  0.27837206, -0.13504058,  0.09584001, -0.5872452 , -0.49299781]]),
         array([[ 0.73066898, -0.76834821],
               [-0.85350401, -0.61135478],
               [ 0.7001833 , -0.74371656],
               [-0.14608018,  0.84784599],
               [ 0.06141013,  0.35528709]]),
         array([[ 0.73312753, -1.05537667,  0.5480383 ],
               [ 1.07104013,  0.54370328, -0.48102273]])]
```

## Skema Split Train 90-10

---

### Split Data

```
In [7]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(iris_data["data"], iris_da
ta["target"], test_size=0.1)
```

## Decision Tree

```
In [8]: dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[8]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None,
                               max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=None,
                               min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                               min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                               min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, presort=False, random_state=None,
                               splitter='best')
```

```
In [9]: dt_result = dt.predict(x_test)
dt_conf_matr = confusion_matrix(dt_result, y_test)
dt_conf_matr
```

```
Out[9]: array([[6, 0, 0],
               [0, 7, 0],
               [0, 0, 2]])
```

```
In [10]: dt_score = dt.score(x_test, y_test)
dt_score
```

```
Out[10]: 1.0
```

## Naive Bayes

```
In [11]: gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[11]: GaussianNB(priors=None)
```

```
In [12]: dt_result = dt.predict(x_test)
gnb_conf_matr = confusion_matrix(dt_result, y_test)
dt_conf_matr
```

```
Out[12]: array([[6, 0, 0],
               [0, 7, 0],
               [0, 0, 2]])
```

```
In [13]: gnb_score = gnb.score(x_test, y_test)
gnb_score
```

```
Out[13]: 1.0
```

## KNN

```
In [14]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
knn.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[14]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=5, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
```

```
In [15]: knn_result = knn.predict(x_test)
knn_conf_matr = confusion_matrix(knn_result, y_test)
knn_conf_matr
```

```
Out[15]: array([[6, 0, 0],
               [0, 7, 0],
               [0, 0, 2]])
```

```
In [16]: knn_score = knn.score(x_test, y_test)
knn_score
```

```
Out[16]: 1.0
```

## MLP

```
In [17]: mlp = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', alpha=1e-5, hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), ran
dom_state=1)
mlp.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[17]: MLPClassifier(activation='relu', alpha=1e-05, batch_size='auto', beta_1=0.9,
beta_2=0.999, early_stopping=False, epsilon=1e-08,
hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), learning_rate='constant',
learning_rate_init=0.001, max_iter=200, momentum=0.9,
nesterovs_momentum=True, power_t=0.5, random_state=1, shuffle=True,
solver='lbfgs', tol=0.0001, validation_fraction=0.1, verbose=False,
warm_start=False)
```

```
In [18]: mlp_result = mlp.predict(x_test)
mlp_conf_matr = confusion_matrix(knn_result, y_test)
mlp_conf_matr
```

```
Out[18]: array([[6, 0, 0],
[0, 7, 0],
[0, 0, 2]])
```

```
In [19]: mlp_score = mlp.score(x_test, y_test)
mlp_score
```

```
Out[19]: 0.13333333333333333
```

## Skema 10 Fold Cross Validation

---

### Naive Bayes

```
In [20]: gnb = GaussianNB()
cross_val_score(gnb, iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"], cv=10)
```

```
Out[20]: array([ 0.93333333,  0.93333333,  1.          ,  0.93333333,  0.93333333,
0.93333333,  0.86666667,  1.          ,  1.          ,  1.          ])
```

### KNN

```
In [21]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
cross_val_score(knn, iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"], cv=10)
```

```
Out[21]: array([ 1.          ,  0.93333333,  1.          ,  1.          ,  0.86666667,
                0.93333333,  0.93333333,  1.          ,  1.          ,  1.          ])
```

## Decision Tree

```
In [22]: dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
cross_val_score(dt, iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"], cv=10)
```

```
Out[22]: array([ 1.          ,  0.93333333,  1.          ,  0.93333333,  0.93333333,
                0.86666667,  0.93333333,  1.          ,  1.          ,  1.          ])
```

## MLP

```
In [23]: mlp = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', alpha=1e-5, hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), ran
dom_state=1)
cross_val_score(mlp, iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"], cv=10)
```

```
Out[23]: array([ 0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333,
                0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333,  0.33333333])
```

## External File

```
In [24]: import pickle
```

## Save To File

```
In [25]: pickle.dump(gnb,open("out.pkl", "wb+"))
pickle.dump(knn,open("out.pkl", "ab+"))
pickle.dump(dt,open("out.pkl", "ab+"))
pickle.dump(mlp,open("out.pkl", "ab+"))
```

## Open File

```
In [26]: pickle.load(open("out.pkl", "rb+"))
```

```
Out[26]: GaussianNB(priors=None)
```

## New Instance & Predict

---

### Membuat Instance Baru

Karena scikit menyimpan data dalam bentuk list, dibuat data dalam bentuk list

```
In [27]: iris_new = [[5.3, 3.1, 1.7, 0.9]]
```

### Prediksi

#### Inisialisasi Prediksi (Skema Full Training)

```
In [28]: gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(iris_data.data, iris_data.target).predict(iris_data.data)

dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt.fit(iris_data.data, iris_data.target)

knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
knn.fit(iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"])

mlp = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', alpha=1e-5, hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), random_state=1)
mlp.fit(iris_data["data"], iris_data["target"]);
```

### Naive Bayes

```
In [29]: gnb_prediction = gnb.predict(iris_new)
iris_data.target_names[gnb_prediction]
```

```
Out[29]: array(['versicolor'],
              dtype='<U10')
```

### Decision Tree

```
In [30]: dt_prediction = dt.predict(iris_new)
iris_data.target_names[dt_prediction]
```

```
Out[30]: array(['setosa'],
              dtype='<U10')
```

**KNN**

```
In [31]: knn_prediction = knn.predict(iris_new)
iris_data.target_names[knn_prediction]
```

```
Out[31]: array(['setosa'],
              dtype='<U10')
```

**MLP**

```
In [32]: mlp_prediction = mlp.predict(iris_new)
iris_data.target_names[mlp_prediction]
```

```
Out[32]: array(['virginica'],
              dtype='<U10')
```