

# Programming 1 Report

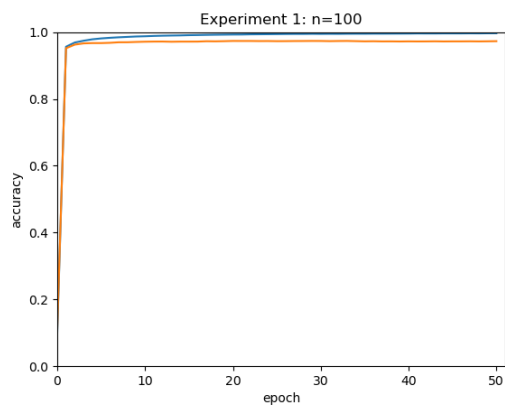
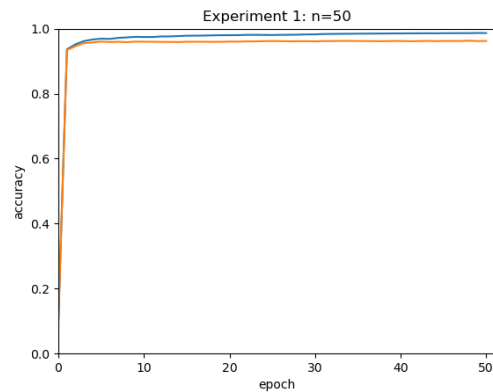
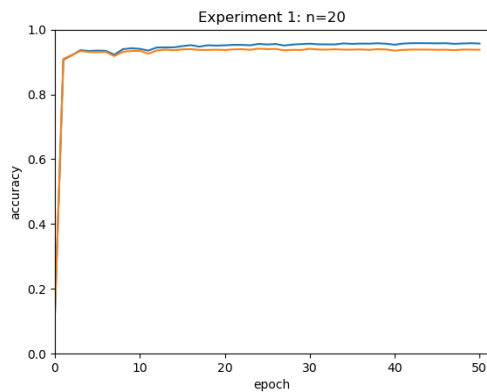
Josiah Vincent

## Experiment 1

For experiment 1 we are to modify the value of the number of hidden neurons in our hidden layer. We are asked to vary the number ( $n=20,50,100$ ). It is also important to note that our momentum value is constant at 0.9.

Accuracy Plots:

The blue line is the accuracy over the training set and the orange line is the accuracy over the test set.



## Confusion Matrices:

Each follow the same format given in homework1

0... ...10

0

...

10

**N=20**

[	[	337210	239350	46465	348	265	224	2717	942	5933	1557]	Previews		
[	[	311	392410	0	1518	1480	467	161	343	1971	1751	1315]	Josiah	
[	[	2210	6013	322980	1	4719	2729	66	4087	3076	8213	2397]	vids	
[	[	954	3677	43	3446	335439	229	3736	1204	2085	7262	6159]	fusion	
[	[	922	6058	42	1026	96	184	320490	38	3522	680	2055	13049]	State
[	[	2410	3110	6	1226	2	9410	1027	286773	5876	1040	6592	4499]	homework
[	[	2435	3855	61	920	91	174	869	2827	331516	523	6905	652]	Homework
[	[	1095	5291	71	3340	87	2357	1726	87	1130	340116	3638	13163]	Homework
[	[	1448	7722	83	993	86	5335	738	1390	2373	434	322708	4934]	drive
[	[	1522	6045	83	154	97	3267	3620	482	441	2297	3360	333670]]	drive

**N=50**

[[	340734	69	314	281	140	96	1085	171	2090	7073]
[	115	390135	843	647	331	83	498	275	1006	7794]
[	813	623	339683	1496	646	111	762	1107	3755	7494]
[	190	264	1678	348288	217	979	604	1276	2757	7938]
[	590	484	719	132	330495	28	1605	193	669	13109]
[	797	364	360	3010	157	305934	2242	482	1301	7316]
[	1221	619	85	63	373	1302	338891	2	1209	6911]
[	180	968	2194	1598	816	53	194	351383	1426	13131]
[	1494	1048	352	1047	456	737	1305	264	332472	8900]
[	1226	459	192	2654	1858	465	202	1060	1414	345328]]

**N=100**

[	343397	1036	1776	83	852	94	293	112	802	3608]
[	49	392549	601	384	5533	70	65	139	298	2039]
[	934	1307	345105	979	840	56	259	591	1242	5177]
[	384	997	1687	351737	2073	841	49	664	1323	4436]
[	2074	134530	553	4059	33863150	8	537	125	247	6145]
[	440	1323	560	1002	1465	311025	836	118	1006	4188]
[	1085	2098	1051	329	1210	643	340562	2	790	2906]
[	225	1443	1291	339	2416	2	54	359459	330	6384]
[	628	2016	1780	999	1614	313	364	326	335665	4370]
[	648	1753	611	716	1779	274	116	645	717	347599]]

## Discussion

- (1) How does the number of hidden units affect the final accuracy on the test data?

As you can see by the plots included above, the higher the number of hidden neurons the higher the accuracy. I also noticed less oscillation at the beginning with the number of neurons set higher. You can see that when the number of neurons is 20 there is quite a bit of oscillation at the beginning.

I also went a little further with this and set the number of hidden neurons to 2 and it confirmed my theory of oscillation. If the number of neurons is low than you see rather large oscillations in the data.

- (2) How does it affect the number of epochs needed for training to converge?

From the plots I deduce that if the number of hidden neurons is larger than it appears to converge faster. You can see for the value of  $N=100$  that it jumps up closer to its convergence much quicker than  $N=20$ . You can still see this in  $N=50$ , but it is a little harder to spot.

- (3) Is there evidence that any of your networks has overfit to the training data? If so, what is the evidence?

I am not seeing any overfitting here. You can tell because for each of the graphs if you look at the orange(test data) this is data that the machine has not been trained over and it more or less follows the same trend as the training data. There are no big differences so we can deduce the model is not overfitting.

- (4) How do your results compare to the results obtained by your perceptron in HW 1?

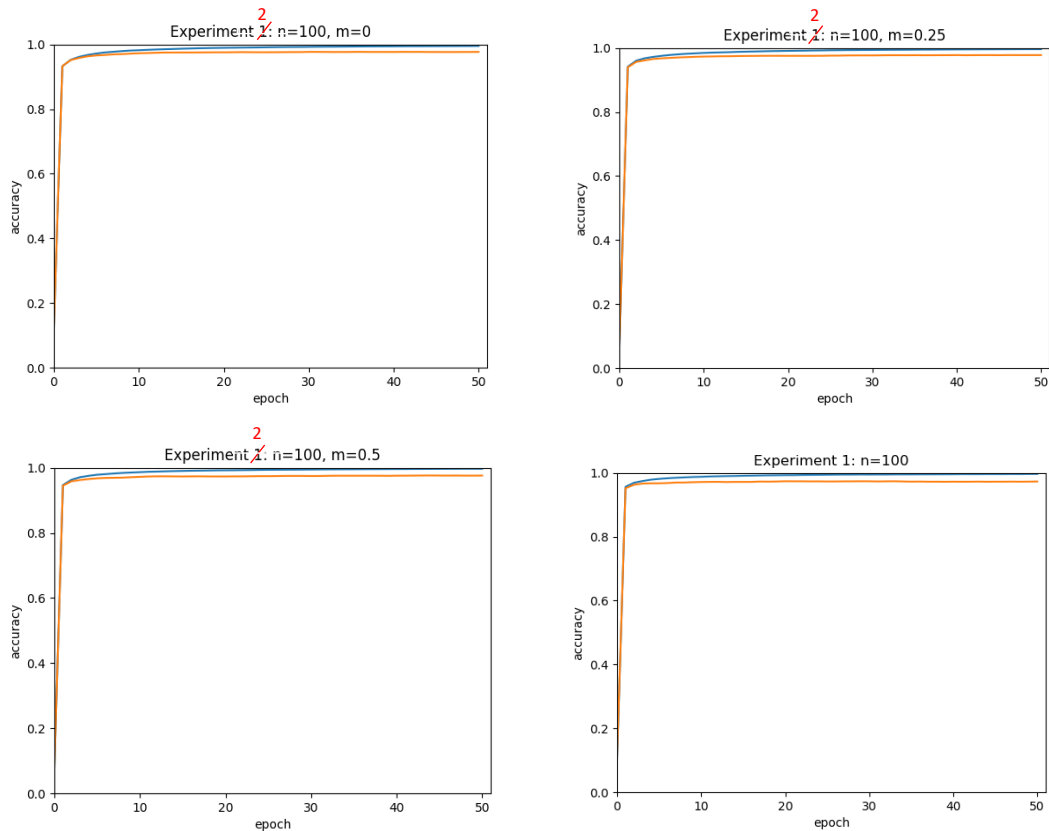
I will be honest and start by saying my homework 1 was rough to say the least. From what I understood about homework 1 the accuracy was much less. We can see that adding a hidden layer and particularly with ones with many hidden neurons it was much more accurate over the data.

## Experiment 2

For experiment 2 we were asked to fix the number of neurons in the hidden layer to 100 ( $n=100$ ) and vary the momentum value (previously 0.9 in experiment 1) to 0, 0.25, and 0.5. The graph from experiment 1 where the momentum value was 0.9 and the number of hidden neurons was 100 will also be included in the plots section (last plot in the section).

## Accuracy Plots

The **blue line** is the accuracy over the **training set** and the **orange line** is the accuracy over the **test set**.



## Confusion Matrices

Each follow the same format given in homework1

0...                    ...10

0

...

10

**Momentum value = 0**

```
[[344846  91  1014  134  1403  144  792  110  1489 2030]
 [ 1329 391151 2349  322 2603  71  159 1999  499 1245]
 [ 2197  456 344975 1041 2865  71  553 2063 1418  851]
 [ 1753  187  1745 350797 3106  811  228 1278 1745 2541]
 [ 2267  326  640  54 337405  7 1004 1850  402 4069]
 [ 3152  228  303  1548 2140 309420 1267  794 1300 1811]
 [ 1989  394 1044  108  955  730 340655 1649 1086 2066]
 [ 1565 1118 2696  511 3310  53 112 357601  463 4514]
 [ 2118 1100 1113  978 3312  558  839  662 335823 1572]
 [ 2802  346  267 1072 4121  260  161 1904  656 343269]]
```

### Momentum value = 0.25

```
[[343439 49 5036 126 1702 213 555 56 563 314]
 [ 2204 390972 6307 570 570 107 173 313 349 162]
 [ 3463 298 348755 826 683 22 353 803 860 427]
 [ 1065 181 6983 351194 334 1114 109 874 958 1379]
 [ 4266 329 2832 74 335161 0 861 200 297 4004]
 [ 1041 223 5637 790 407 310853 1147 98 646 1121]
 [ 2004 419 5723 29 372 813 340857 19 402 38]
 [ 5060 987 3449 784 592 92 80 358152 180 2567]
 [ 2778 961 4695 1286 396 544 744 308 335021 1342]
 [ 3977 332 3629 806 725 277 219 831 397 343665]]
```

### Momentum value = 0.5

```
[[343924 105 40 85 6031 87 557 272 740 212]
 [ 2437 391202 705 351 5442 114 211 734 353 178]
 [ 1844 397 344373 773 5826 248 442 1334 1034 219]
 [ 600 169 760 352551 5220 750 125 2134 971 911]
 [ 2195 207 200 28 340096 24 884 1899 142 2349]
 [ 1391 266 157 1099 4239 310224 983 1552 956 1096]
 [ 1067 379 5 10 6433 484 341653 234 403 8]
 [ 1024 1193 1322 320 5392 125 97 359690 382 2398]
 [ 1397 794 414 1318 5083 334 606 1323 335789 1017]
 [ 1764 398 46 833 5637 264 178 1878 653 343207]]
```

### Momentum value = 0.9

```
[[343397 1036 1776 83 852 94 293 112 802 3608]
 [ 49 392549 601 384 5533 70 65 139 298 2039]
 [ 934 1307 345105 979 840 56 259 591 1242 5177]
 [ 384 997 1687 351737 2073 841 49 664 1323 4436]
 [ 2074 1345 553 4059 338631 8 537 125 247 6145]
 [ 440 1323 560 1002 1465 311025 836 118 1006 4188]
 [ 1085 2098 1051 329 1210 643 340562 2 790 2906]
 [ 225 1443 1291 339 2416 2 54 359459 330 6384]
 [ 628 2016 1780 999 1614 313 364 326 335665 4370]
 [ 648 1753 611 716 1779 274 116 645 717 347599]]
```

## Discussion

- (1) How does the momentum value affect the final accuracy of the test data?

It is hard to see much of a difference from the momentum value that we picked, but when I look at the plots it appears that when you have a lower momentum value that on the test set specifically you get a higher accuracy. It is not by much, but you can see a small increase.

- (2) How does it affect the number of epochs needed for training to converge?

Again, it is really hard to tell by looking at the graphs, but it does look as though the higher the momentum value is that it converges slightly faster.

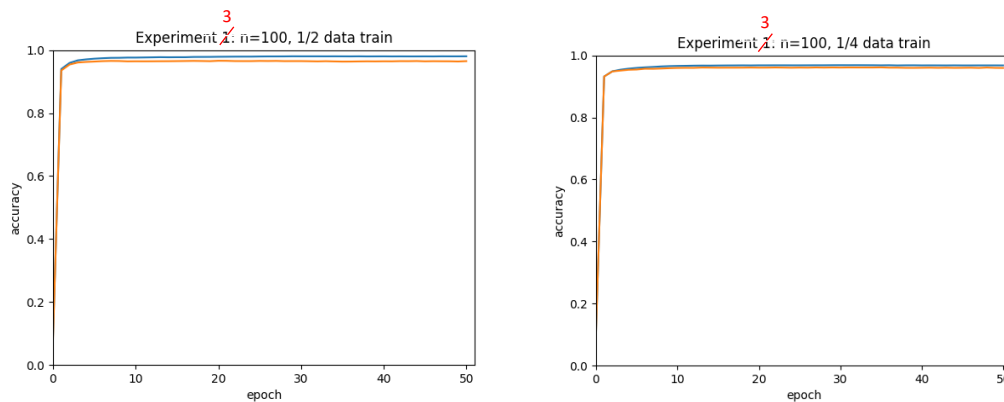
(3) Is there evidence that any of your networks has overfit to the training data? If so, what is that evidence?

No. Again, both the accuracy on the train and the test sets follow the same trend and are very close in accuracy. There are no major discrepancies in any of the plots and I am not seeing any overfitting to any of the graphs.

## Experiment 3

In experiment 3 we were asked to fix the number of hidden neurons to 100 and the momentum value to 0.9. We were also asked to train over half and then a quarter of the training set instead of going over the whole set.

### Accuracy Plots



### Confusion Matrices

Each follow the same format given in homework1

0...      ...10

0

...

10

### Half training set

```
[[341757 2610 291 3009 1499 230 702 502 1067 386]
 [ 123 389606 1148 4662 3314 256 188 660 1596 174]
 [ 1674 3559 340107 2660 2694 379 688 2560 1488 681]
 [ 652 337 1930 348835 3859 2507 134 1060 3020 1857]
 [ 539 826 206 1340 336609 698 772 2306 1183 3545]
 [ 1008 410 620 7293 1995 302232 2350 1238 2821 1996]
 [ 2396 1639 162 2046 1554 1692 337305 1292 2440 150]
 [ 438 1366 1601 3270 5291 388 34 354311 837 4407]
 [ 1624 1841 1150 4424 1349 1896 881 1113 331115 2682]
 [ 1153 548 101 2845 4456 2024 64 3768 1899 338000]]
```

### Quarter training set

```
[[341852 108 748 250 3153 655 1552 468 2819 448]
 [ 58 387697 1274 1347 8075 133 488 540 1670 445]
 [ 4364 485 336330 2151 4675 203 1462 2220 3647 953]
 [ 1567 308 3703 339470 6066 3342 550 1778 5614 1793]
 [ 3046 533 1664 216 329457 91 1946 473 1212 9386]
 [ 2122 488 637 5069 5891 298850 2703 618 3803 1782]
 [ 2823 369 252 73 6196 1325 337619 16 1920 83]
 [ 1864 1374 2619 1762 6842 255 107 352075 908 4137]
 [ 2660 1947 1290 1748 5353 1969 1376 574 328830 2328]
 [ 3402 460 307 2307 7716 1085 266 4122 3072 332121]]
```

### Discussion

- (1) How does the size of the training data affect the final accuracy of the test data?

This is not by much, but not surprisingly if you have more data to train on your accuracy is higher. Also because what we did was take  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the training set there is a possibility that there may have been more of a particular digit so you may see one be a little more accurate on a digit than the other.

- (2) How does it affect the number of epochs needed for training to converge?

Again, it is very difficult to see, but if you have less data to train over it looks like you will converge slightly faster.

- (3) Is there any evidence that any of your networks has overfit to the training data? If so, what is that evidence?

No neither have overfit. Something interesting to note is that for  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the training data it appears the accuracy was much more consistent. The accuracy was not higher, but you can see that the test accuracy and train accuracy lines are almost on top of each other. This is closer than any of the others in the whole assignment.

## Conclusion

This assignment explored using Multi Layered Perceptron to learn the MNIST dataset and try to determine what handwritten digit was in each image. We varied a some of the parameters of the backpropagation functions (e.g. number of hidden neurons and the momentum value). We also varied how much data we were training on.

What could I do better?

It took me a long time to do the training for each of the examples and I think if I would have utilized more linear algebra termed expression. Doing that would have sped up the training some.