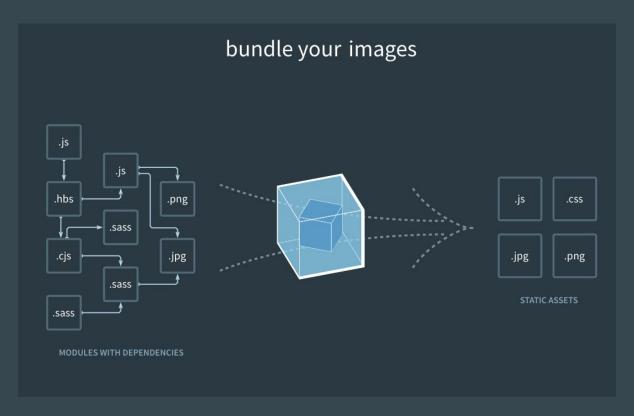
# WEBPACK & SYMFONY

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# Webpack



#### Webpack en quelques mots

"At its core, webpack is a static module bundler for modern JavaScript applications. When webpack processes your application, it internally builds a dependency graph which maps every module your project needs and generates one or more bundles."

#### Webpack

- Utiliser un serveur local
- Utiliser le Live Reload
- Compiler tous vos fichiers pour les regrouper en un seul.
- Disposer de toutes les ressources statiques (CSS, images, fontes) en tant que module,
- Intégrer et consommer des bibliothèques tierces très simplement en tant que module et proprement,
- Séparer votre build en plusieurs morceaux, chargés à la demande,
- Garder un chargement initial très rapide si besoin,
- Personnaliser la plupart des étapes du processus,

### Webpack Encore en quelques mots

"Webpack Encore is a simpler way to integrate Webpack into your application. It wraps Webpack, giving you a clean & powerful API for bundling JavaScript modules, pre-processing CSS & JS and compiling and minifying assets. Encore gives you professional asset system that's a delight to use."

# **Assetic VS Webpack Encore**

	Assetic	Encore
Language	Pure PHP, relies on other language tools for some tasks	Node.js
Combine assets?	Yes	Yes
Minify assets?	Yes (when configured)	Yes (out-of-the-box)
Process Sass/Less?	Yes	Yes
Loads JS Modules? <sup>[1]</sup>	No	Yes
Load CSS Deps in JS? [1]	No	Yes
React, Vue.js support?	No <sup>[2]</sup>	Yes
Support	Not actively maintained	Actively maintained

#### Installation

\$ composer require encore

\$ yarn install

#### Fichier webpack.config.js

```
var Encore = require('@symfony/webpack-encore');
Encore
   // directory where compiled assets will be stored
    .setOutputPath('public/build/')
   // public path used by the web server to access the output path
   .setPublicPath('/build')
   // only needed for CDN's or sub-directory deploy
   //.setManifestKeyPrefix('build/')
    * ENTRY CONFIG
    * Add 1 entry for each "page" of your app
     * (including one that's included on every page - e.g. "app")
    * Each entry will result in one JavaScript file (e.g. app.js)
     * and one CSS file (e.g. app.css) if you JavaScript imports CSS.
    .addEntry('app', './assets/js/app.js')
```

### **Exemple d'utilisation avec Yarn**

```
# compile assets once
$ yarn encore dev

# or, recompile assets automatically when files change
$ yarn encore dev --watch

# on deploy, create a production build
$ yarn encore production
```

## Inclure des fichiers compilés dans le html

```
Inclure du css :

{#<link href="{{ asset('assets/css/app.css') }}" rel="stylesheet" />#}
{{ encore_entry_link_tags('app') }}

Inclure du js :

{#<script src="{{ asset('assets/js/app.js') }}"></script>#}
{{ encore_entry_script_tags('app') }}
```

#### Autre exemple

```
const $ = require('jquery');
const RepLogApp = require('./Components/RepLogApp');

$(document).ready(function() {
    var $wrapper = $('.js-rep-log-table');
    var repLogApp = new RepLogApp($wrapper);
});
```

#### Résumé

- Symfony Encore est le nouvel outil qui remplace Assetic dans Symfony.
- Assetic n'est plus maintenu
- On peut utiliser toute la puissance du JavaScript moderne
- Et plein d'autres choses...

#### Sources

- https://github.com/symfony/webpack-encore
- https://symfony.com/doc/current/frontend/encore/versus-assetic.html
- https://symfony.com/doc/current/frontend.html
- https://iulyanp.github.io/symfony/2017/06/18/symfony-encore/