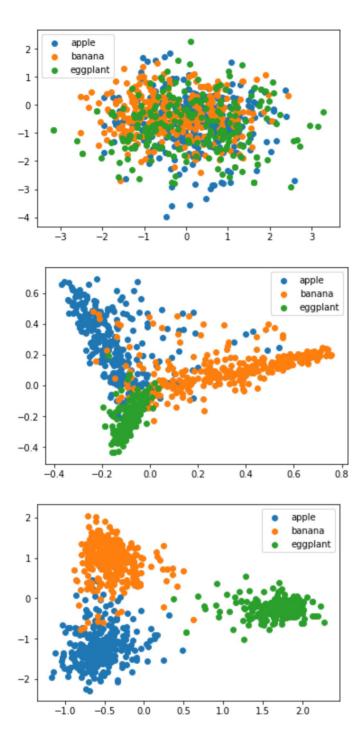
```
In [1]: # utils.py
        from numpy.random import uniform
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        def create one hot label(Y,N C):
                 , , , ,
                Input
                Y: list of class labels (int)
                N C: Number of Classes
                Returns
                List of one hot arrays with dimension N C
                 ,,,
                y_one_hot = []
                for y in Y:
                         one hot label = np.zeros(N C)
                         one hot label[y] = 1.0
                         y_one_hot.append(one_hot label)
                return y_one_hot
        def subtract_mean_from_data(X,Y):
                 Input
                X: List of data points
                Y: list of one hot class labels
                Returns
                X and Y with mean subtracted
                 ,,,
                ss_x = StandardScaler(with_std = False)
                ss_y = StandardScaler(with_std = False)
                ss x.fit(X)
                X = ss_x.transform(X)
                ss_y.fit(Y)
                Y = ss_y.transform(Y)
                return X, Y
        def compute covariance matrix(X,Y):
                ,,,,,
                Input
                X: List of data points
```

```
In [2]: # projection.py
        from numpy.random import uniform
        from numpy.random import randn
        import random
        import time
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from scipy.linalg import eig
        from scipy.linalg import sqrtm
        from numpy.linalg import inv
        from numpy.linalg import svd
        from utils import create_one_hot_label
        from utils import subtract_mean_from_data
        from utils import compute covariance matrix
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from numpy.linalg import svd
        class Project2D():
                 Class to draw projection on 2D scatter space
                def init (self,projection, clss labels):
                         self.proj = projection
                         self.clss labels = clss labels
                def project data(self, X, Y, white=None):
                         Takes list of state space and class labels
                         State space should be 2D
                        Labels shoud be int
                         pa = []
                        pb = []
                        p_c = []
                         # Project all Data
                        proj = np.matmul(self.proj, white)
                        X P = np.matmul(proj, np.array(X).T)
                         for i in range(len(Y)):
                                 if Y[i] == 0:
                                         p_a.append(X_P[:,i])
                                 elif Y[i] == 1:
                                         p_b.append(X_P[:,i])
                                 else:
                                         p_c.append(X_P[:,i])
```



```
In [3]: # Ridge Model
        from numpy.random import uniform
        import random
        import time
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from sklearn.linear model import Ridge
        from utils import create_one_hot_label
        class Ridge Model():
                def init (self, class labels):
                         ###RIDGE HYPERPARAMETER
                         self.lmda = 1.0
                         self.class labels = class labels
                         self.ridge model = Ridge(self.lmda)
                def train model(self, X, Y):
                         ,,,,
                         FILL IN CODE TO TRAIN MODEL
                        MAKE SURE TO ADD HYPERPARAMTER TO MODEL
                         ,,,
                        X = np.array(X)
                        y one hot = create one hot label(Y, len(self.class labels))
                         self.ridge_model.fit(X, y_one_hot)
                def eval(self,x):
                         1111
                         Fill in code to evaluate model and return a prediction
                         Prediction should be an integer specifying a class
                         ,,,
                        x = x.reshape(1, -1)
                        y = self.ridge model.predict(x)
                        return np.argmax(y)
```

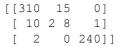
```
In [ ]: # LDA
        import random
        import time
        import glob
        import os
        import pickle
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from numpy.linalg import inv
        from numpy.linalg import det
        from sklearn.s m import inearS C
        from projection import Project2 , Projections
        from utils import subtract mean from data
        from utils import compute covariance matrix
        class LDA Model():
                def init (self, class labels):
                        ###SCALE AN IDENTITY MATRIX BY THIS TERM AND ADD TO COMPUTED COV
        ARIANCE MATRIX TO PREVENT IT BEING SINGULAR ###
                        self.reg cov = 0.001
                        self.N M C SS S = len(class labels)
                def train model(self, X, Y):
                        FILL IN CODE TO TRAIN MODEL
                        MAKE SURE TO ADD HYPERPARAMTER TO MODEL
                        ps = [ [] for j in range(self.N M_C SS S) ]
                        for i, y in enumerate(Y):
                                ps[y].append(X[i])
                        self.mean_list = []
                        for 1st in ps:
                                self.mean list.append( np.mean(np.array(lst), axis=0) )
                        Sigma XX = compute covariance matrix(X, X)
                        Sigma XX = self.reg cov np.identity(Sigma XX.shape[0])
                        self.Sigma inv = inv(Sigma XX)
                def eval(self,x):
                         1111
                        Fill in code to evaluate model and return a prediction
                        Prediction should be an integer specifying a class
                        x = x.reshape(1, -1)
                        for i in range(self.N M C SS S):
                                x demeaned = x - self.mean list[i]
                                 f = - x_demeaned.dot(self.Sigma_inv).dot(x_demeaned.T)
```

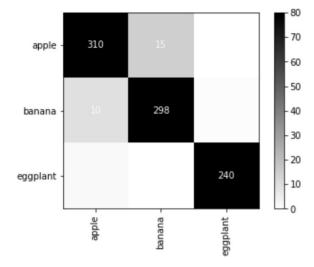
```
In [ ]: # QDA
        import random
        import time
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        from numpy.linalg import inv
        from numpy.linalg import det
        from projection import Project2 , Projections
        from utils import subtract_mean_from_data
        from utils import compute_covariance_matrix
        class DA Model():
                def init (self, class labels):
                         ###SCALE AN IDENTITY MATRIX BY THIS TERM AND ADD TO COMPUTED COV
        ARIANCE MATRIX TO PREVENT IT BEING SINGULAR ###
                        self.reg cov = 0.01
                         self.N M C SS S = len(class labels)
                def train model(self, X, Y):
                         , , , , ,
                         FILL IN CODE TO TRAIN MODEL
                        MAKE SURE TO ADD HYPERPARAMTER TO MODEL
                        ps = [ [] for j in range(self.N M_C SS S) ]
                        for i, y in enumerate(Y):
                                ps[y].append(X[i])
                         self.mean list = []
                         self.Sigma_inv_list = []
                        for 1st in ps:
                                 self.mean list.append( np.mean(np.array(lst), axis=0) )
                                 Sigma XX = compute covariance matrix(lst, lst)
                                 Sigma_XX = self.reg_cov np.identity(Sigma_XX.shape[0]
        )
                                 self.Sigma inv list.append(inv(Sigma XX))
                def eval(self,x):
                         ,,,,
                        Fill in code to evaluate model and return a prediction
                         Prediction should be an integer specifying a class
                        x = x.reshape(1, -1)
                        y =
                         for i in range(self.N M_C SS S):
                                 x demeaned = x - self.mean list[i]
                                 f = - x_demeaned.dot(self.Sigma_inv_list[i]).dot(x_demea
        ned.T)
                                 y[i] = f.flatten()[0]
                        return max(y, ey=lambda x: y[x])
```

```
In [ ]: # SVM
        from numpy.random import uniform
        import random
        import time
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from sklearn.s m import inearS C
        from projection import Project2 , Projections
        from utils import create one hot label
                M Model():
        class
                def __init__ (self,class_labels,projection=None):
                         ###SLACK HYPERPARAMETER
                        self.C = 1.0
                        self.class labels = class labels
                         self.svc_model = inearS C(C=self.C)
                def train_model(self,X,Y):
                         ,,,,
                        FILL IN CODE TO TRAIN MODEL
                        MAKE SURE TO ADD HYPERPARAMTER TO MODEL
                        X = np.array(X)
                        self.svc_model.fit(X, Y)
                def eval(self,x):
                        Fill in code to evaluate model and return a prediction
                        Prediction should be an integer specifying a class
                        x = x.reshape(1, -1)
                        y = self.svc_model.predict(x)
                        return y[0]
```

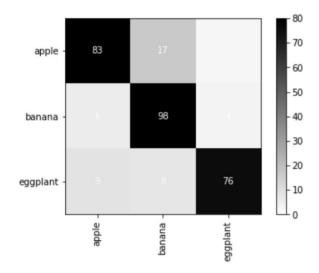
```
In [17]: # confusion mat.py
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import random
         import IPython
         def main():
             11 11 11
             Plot RANDOM confusion matrix (true labels vs. predicted labels)
             true labels = [random.randint(1, 10) for i in range(100)]
             predicted labels = [random.randint(1, 10) for i in range(100)]
             # Plot confusion matrix (true labels vs. predicted labels)
             plot = getConfusionMatrixPlot(true labels, predicted labels)
             plot.show()
         def getConfusionMatrix(true labels, predicted labels):
             Input
             true labels: actual labels
             predicted labels: model's predicted labels
             Output
             cm: confusion matrix (true labels vs. predicted labels)
             # Generate confusion matrix using sklearn.metrics
             cm = confusion matrix(true labels, predicted labels)
             return cm
         def plotConfusionMatrix(cm, alphabet):
             11 11 11
             Input
             cm: confusion matrix (true labels vs. predicted labels)
             alphabet: names of class labels
             Plot confusion matrix (true labels vs. predicted labels)
             fig = plt.figure()
                                              # Clear plot
             plt.clf()
                                             # Add 1x1 grid, first subplot
             ax = fig.add subplot(111)
             ax.set aspect(1)
             res = ax.imshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.binary,
                             interpolation='nearest', vmin=0, vmax=80)
             plt.colorbar(res)
                                              # Add color bar
             width = len(cm)
                                              # Width of confusion matrix
             height = len(cm[0])
                                              # Height of confusion matrix
             # Annotate confusion entry with numeric value
             for x in range(width):
                 for y in range(height):
                     ax.annotate(str(cm[x][y]), xy=(y, x), horizontalalignment='center',
                                  verticalalignment='center', color=getFontColor(cm[x][y])
```

```
In [7]: # linear classification.py
        from numpy.random import uniform
        import random
        import time
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from projection import Project2D, Projections
        from confusion_mat import getConfusionMatrixPlot
        from ridge model import Ridge Model
        from da model import DA Model
        from 1da model import LDA Model
        from svm model import SVM Model
        CLASS LA ELS = ['apple', 'banana', 'eggplant']
        class Model():
                """ Generic wrapper for specific model instance. """
                def __init__(self, model):
                        """ Store specific pre-initialized model instance. """
                        self.model = model
                def train model(self, X, Y):
                        """ Train using specific model's training function. """
                        self.model.train model(X,Y)
                def test model(self, X, Y):
                        """ Test using specific model's eval function. """
                                                                                  # List o
                        labels = []
        f actual labels
                                                                          # List of model'
                        p_labels = []
        s predictions
                                                                                 # Number
                        success = 0
        of correct predictions
                        total count = 0
                                                                          # Number of imag
        es
                        for i in range(len(X)):
                                                                                  # Test i
                                x = X[i]
        nput
                                y = Y[i]
                                                                                  # Actual
        label
                                y = self.model.eval(x) # Model's prediction
                                labels.append(y)
                                p labels.append(y )
```

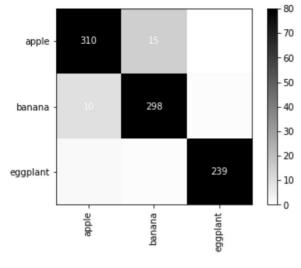




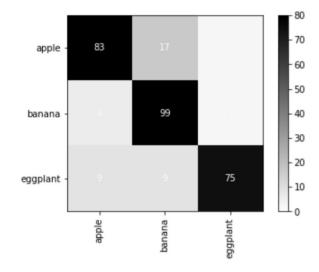
[[83 17 3] [6 8 4] [8 76]]



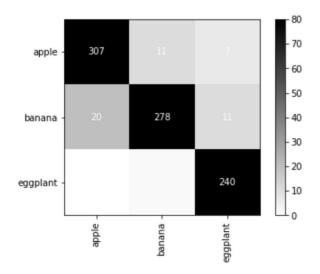
[[310 15 0] [10 2 8 1] [2 1 23]]



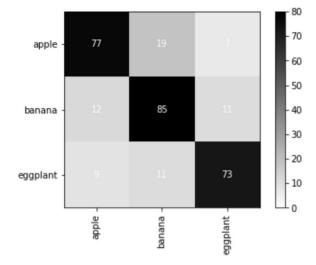
[[83 17 3] [6 3] [75]]



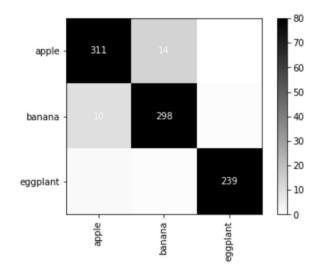
[[307 11 7] [20 278 11] [0 2 240]]



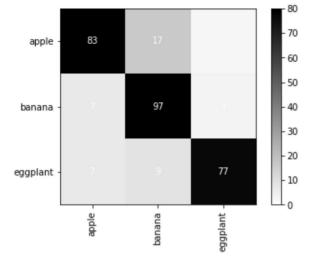
```
[[77 1 7]
[12 85 11]
[ 11 73]]
```



```
[[311 14 0]
[ 10 2 8 1]
[ 2 1 23 ]]
```



[[83 17 3] [7 7 4] [7 77]]



```
In [8]: # hyper search.py
        import IPython
        from numpy.random import uniform
        import random
        import time
        import glob
        import os
        import pickle
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import numpy.linalg as LA
        import sys
        from projection import Project2D, Projections
        from confusion mat import getConfusionMatrix
        from confusion mat import plotConfusionMatrix
        from ridge model import Ridge Model
        from qda model import QDA Model
        from lda model import LDA Model
        from svm model import SVM Model
        CLASS LABELS = ['apple', 'banana', 'nectarine', 'plum', 'peach', 'watermelon', 'pear',
        'mango', 'grape', 'orange', 'strawberry', 'pineapple',
                 'radish', 'carrot', 'potato', 'tomato', 'bellpepper', 'broccoli', 'cabbage', 'c
        auliflower','celery','eggplant','garlic','spinach','ginger']
        def eval model(X,Y,k,model key,proj):
                 # PROJECT DATA
                cca proj, white cov = proj.cca projection(X,Y,k=k)
                X_p = proj.project(cca_proj, white_cov, X)
                X val p = proj.project(cca proj, white cov, X val)
                 # TRAIN MODEL
                model = models[model key]
                model.train model(X p,Y)
                acc,cm = model.test model(X val p,Y val)
                return acc, cm
        class Model():
                 """ Generic wrapper for specific model instance. """
                 def __init__(self, model):
                         """ Store specific pre-initialized model instance. """
                         self.model = model
                def train model(self, X, Y):
```

