1 Fun with Lagrange Multipliers

(a) Minimize the function

$$f(x,y) = x + 2y$$

such that

$$x^2 + y^2 = 3$$
.

(b) Minimize the function

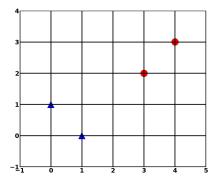
$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 - y^2$$

such that

$$x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 1.$$

2 Support Vector Machines

- (a) We typically frame an SVM problem as trying to *maximize* the margin. Explain intuitively why a bigger margin will result in a model that will generalize better, or perform better in practice.
- (b) Will moving points which are not support vectors further away from the decision boundary effect the SVM's hinge loss?
- (c) Show that the width of an SVM slab with linearly separable data is $\frac{2}{\|w\|}$.
- (d) You are presented with the following set of data (triangle = +1, circle = -1):



Find the equation (by hand) of the hyperplane $\vec{w}^T x + b = 0$ that would be used by an SVM classifier. Which points are support vectors?

3 Simple SGD updates

Let us consider a simple least squares problem, where we are interested in optimizing the function

$$F(w) = \frac{1}{2n} ||Aw - y||_2^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2} (a_i^\top w - y_i)^2.$$

- (a) What is the closed form OLS solution? What is the time complexity of computing this solution in terms of flops?
- (b) Write down the gradient descent update. What is the time complexity of computing an ε optimal solution?
- (c) Write down the stochastic gradient descent update. What is the time complexity of computing an ε optimal solution? You may want to quickly go through a derivation here. What happens when $Aw^* = y$?

Discuss why you would use any of these methods for your problem.

(d) Write down the SGD update for logistic regression on two classes

$$F(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \log \frac{1}{\sigma(w^{\top} x_i)} + (1 - y_i) \log \frac{1}{1 - \sigma(w^{\top} x_i)}.$$

Discuss why this is equivalent to minimizing a "cross-entropy" loss.