

# Tutorial 8

## STAT 150

### Exercise 1 :

Let  $S_n = X_1 + \dots + X_n$  where the  $X_i$  are independent with  $\mathbb{E}[X_i] = 0$  and  $\text{Var}(X_i) = \sigma^2$ .

(a) Show that  $S_n^2 - n\sigma^2$  is a martingale.

(b) Let  $\tau = \min\{n : |S_n| > a\}$ . Show that  $\mathbb{E}[\tau] \geq \frac{a^2}{\sigma^2}$ . (Hint: use Fatou's Lemma: for any sequence of positive r.v.'s  $X_n$  we have  $\mathbb{E}[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} X_n] \leq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}[X_n]$ )

### Exercise 2 :

Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  a sequence of i.i.d random variables such that  $\mathbb{P}[Y_i = 0] = 1 - p$  and  $\mathbb{P}[Y_i = 1] = p$ . We define  $M_n = \frac{1}{p^n} \prod_{i=1}^n Y_i$

(a) Prove that  $M_n$  is a martingale with respect to  $Y_n$ .

(b) Show that  $M_n$  converges to a limit  $M_\infty$  and prove that this limit is almost surely equal to 0.

### Exercise 3 :

Consider a Markov chain  $(X_n)_n$  with state space  $S$ . Let  $A \subset S$  and suppose that  $C = S - A$  is a finite set. Let  $V_A = \min\{n \geq 0 : X_n \in A\}$  be the time of the first visit to  $A$ . Suppose that  $g(x) = 0$  for  $x \in A$ , while for  $x \in C$  we have  $g(x) = 1 + \sum_y p(x, y)g(y)$

(a) Show that  $g(X_{V_A \wedge n}) + (V_A \wedge n)$  is a martingale.

(b) Prove that for all  $x \in C$  we have  $g(x) = \mathbb{E}_x[V_A]$ .

### Exercise 4 :

Let  $\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots$  be independent with  $\mathbb{P}(\xi_i = 1) = p$  and  $\mathbb{P}(\xi_i = -1) = q = 1 - p$  where  $p < \frac{1}{2}$ .

Let  $S_n = S_0 + \xi_1 + \dots + \xi_n$  and  $V_0 = \min\{n \geq 0 : S_n = 0\}$ .

(a) Let  $\phi$  be the Laplace transform of  $\xi_1$  (i.e :  $\phi(\theta) = \mathbb{E}[e^{\theta \xi_1}]$ ). Show that  $\frac{e^{\theta S_n}}{\phi(\theta)^n}$  is a martingale.

(b) Using the optimal stopping theorem show that if  $\theta \leq 0$  and  $x > 0$  then  $e^{\theta x} = \mathbb{E}_x[\phi(\theta)^{-V_0}]$ .

(c) Let  $0 < s < 1$ . Solve the equation  $\phi(\theta) = \frac{1}{s}$ , then use the previous question to conclude that the generating function of  $V_0$  has the following form :

$$\mathbb{E}_x[s^{V_0}] = \left( \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4pqs^2}}{2ps} \right)^x$$