

Tutorial 6

STAT 150

Exercise 1 (*Question 4 of the midterm*)

Let (X_n) be a branching process with $X_0 = 1$ and offspring distribution ξ such that $\mu = \mathbb{E}[\xi] < \infty$ and $\mathbb{P}[\xi = 1] \neq 1$.

(a) Find $\mathbb{E}[X_n]$ and then use it to calculate the mean of the total population $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} X_n$.

(b) Let $p \in (0, 1)$, and denote $q = 1 - p$. Consider the Markov chain $(Y_n : n \geq 0)$ on state space $S = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ with transition probabilities

$$p_{i,j} = \begin{cases} qp^j & \text{if } i = 0, j \geq 0 \\ qp^{j-i+1} & \text{if } i \geq 1, j \geq i - 1 \end{cases}$$

and all other $p_{i,j} = 0$. Using a "slowed down" version of a branching process, determine the values of p for which (Y_n) is transient, null recurrent or positive recurrent.

(c) For p such that (Y_n) is positive recurrent, find the long run proportion of time spent in state 1.

Exercise 2

Customers arrive at a store according to a Poisson process with rate λ . Each customer remains in the store for an amount of time that is distributed as an exponential random variable with rate μ , independently of all other customers. Let $t = 0$ be the time when the store opens (at which point there are not yet any customers in the store). Let N_t be the number of customers that have arrived by time t and S_t the number of customers in the store at time t .

(a) Given that the first customer arrives at time $t = 1$, find the expected number of customers which arrive by $t = 2$.

(b) Find $\mathbb{E}[S_t | N_t]$ and then use this to compute $\mathbb{E}[S_t]$, the expected number of customers in the store at time t .

Exercise 3

Let $X(t)$ be a Poisson process of rate λ , and W_n the time of the n th event.

Find the joint distribution of W_1 and W_2 .