

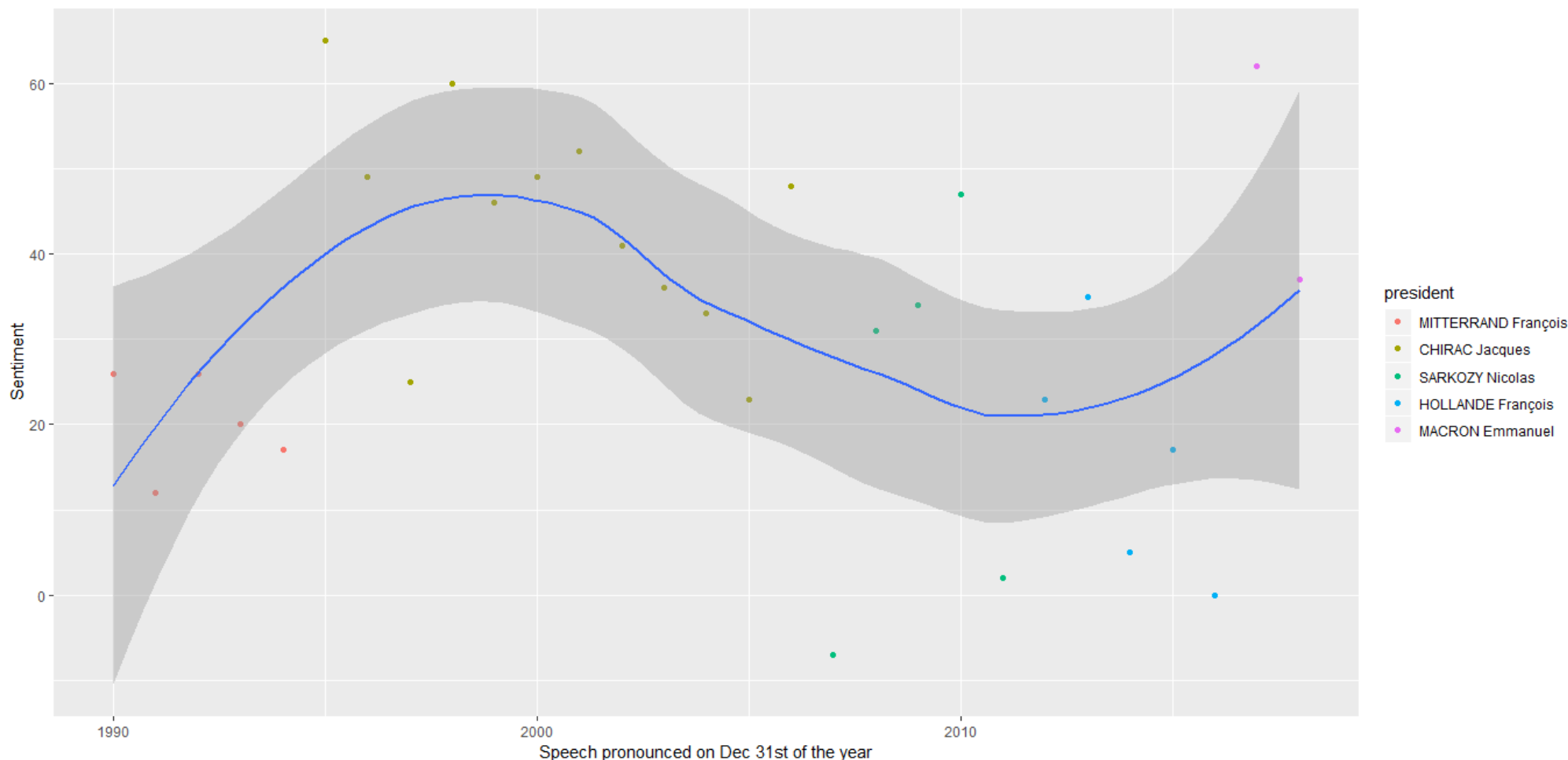
Sentiment Analysis of President of France's speeches (1990-2018)

This document presents the results of the sentiment analysis conducted on 29 speeches pronounced on 31st december of the years 1990 to 2018 following the tradition of President's New Year's speech

Techniques used:

- Webscraping
- Natural language processing
- R programming

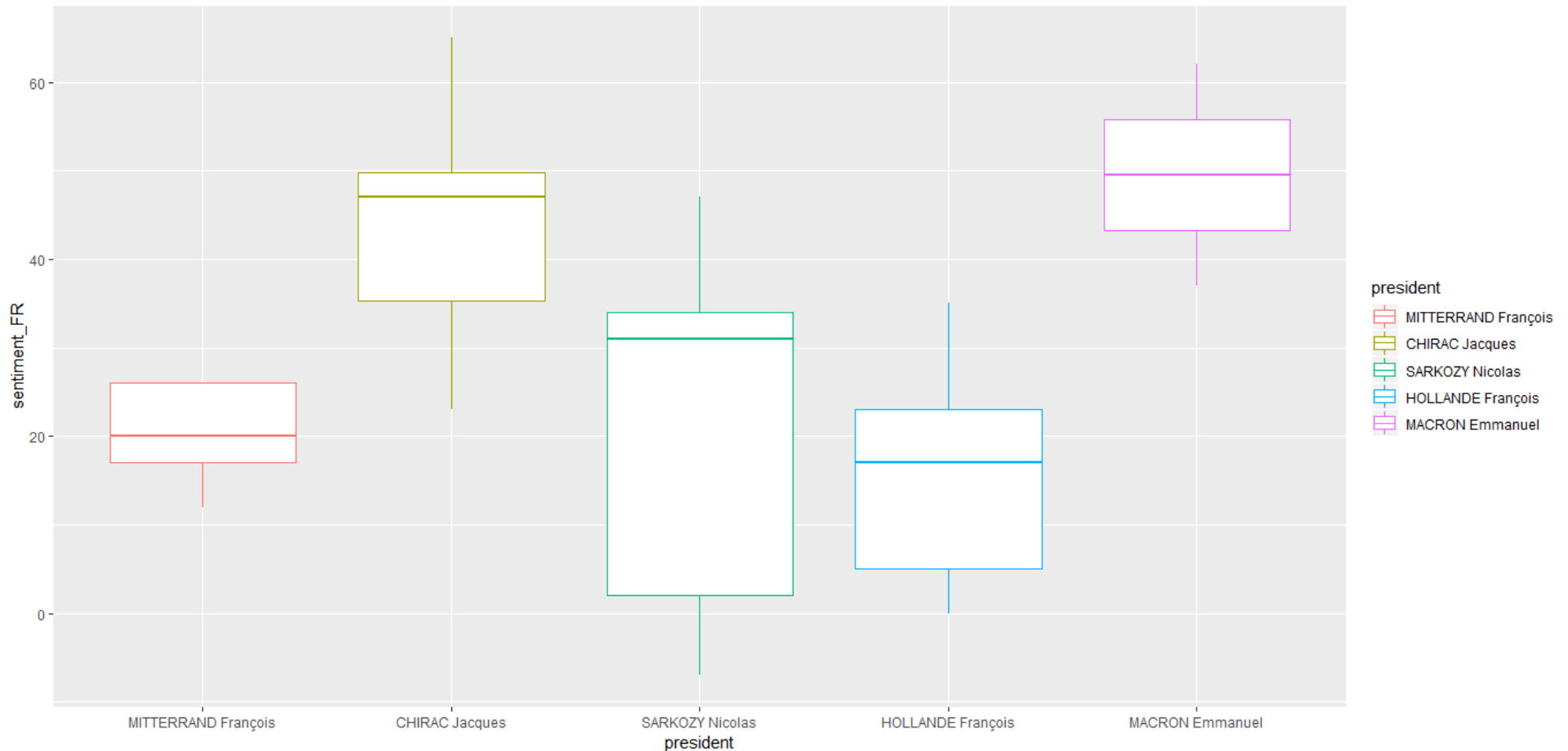
Speech sentiment change over time



The vast majority of speeches have an overall positive sentiment which makes sense because the speech is precisely about greeting the New Year and give positive views about the coming year and tell the French people to be confident in the President's political decisions. The highest points for the curve were during the 1995-2000 under Jacques Chirac's first presidency.

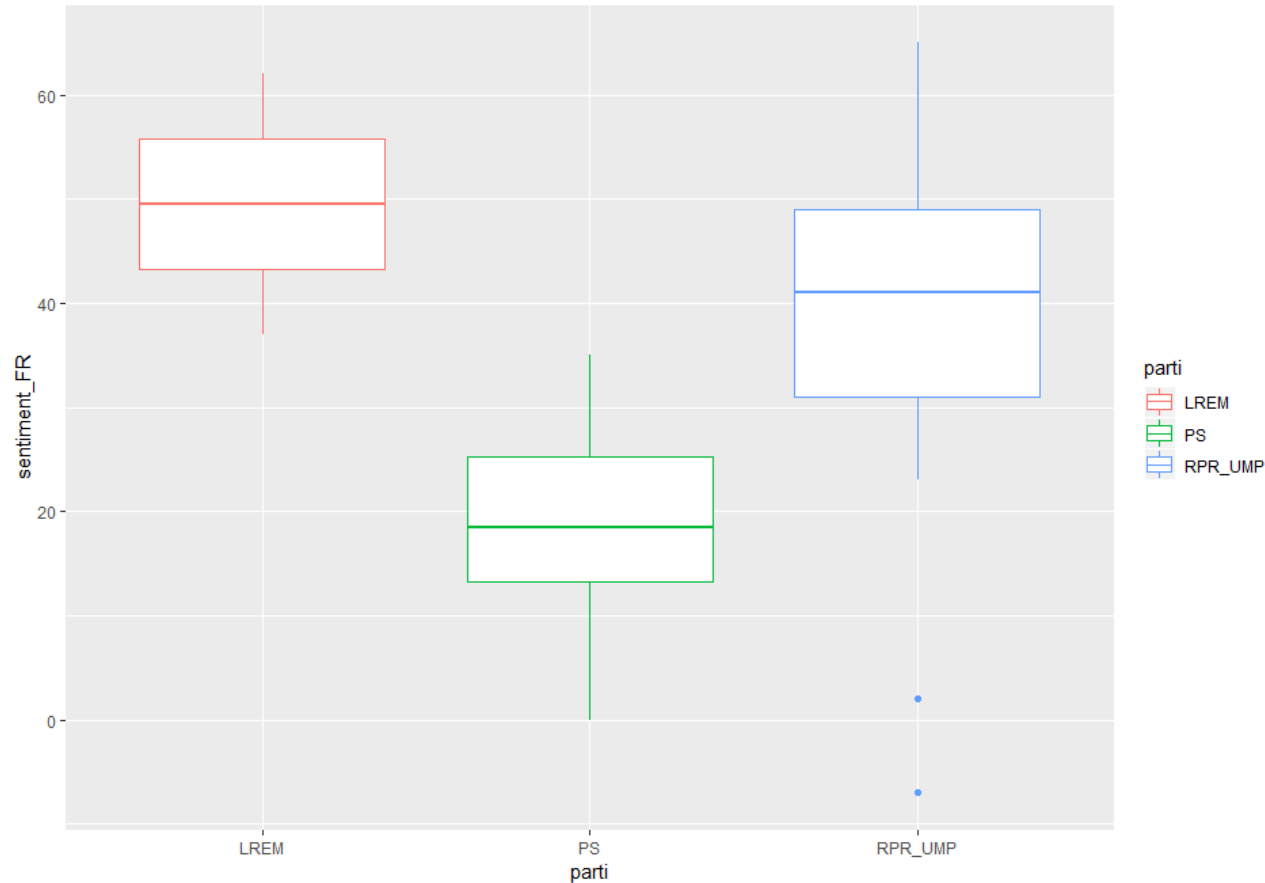
However, the overall sentiment was negative once in 2007 under Nicolas Sarkozy's presidency and was "neutral" (overall sentiment of 0) just before the last year of François Hollande's presidency in 2016.

Speech sentiment by President



The story is a little different when we look at speech sentiment by President. The highest median speech sentiment is achieved by current President Emmanuel Macron while the lowest median speech sentiment is comes from François Hollande's speeches. The biggest span in speech sentiment was during Nicolas Sarkozy's presidency. It is noticeable that, despite 12 years as a President, Jacques Chirac's speeches span is quite small, showing that a similar amount of positive words were used in all his speeches.

Speech sentiment by party



When we aggregate data by party, we find La République en Marche (President Emmanuel Macron's party) scoring the highest while Socialist Party (PS, regrouping F. Mitterand and F. Hollande) scores the lowest. The RPR-UMP, now called "Les Républicains" (The Republicans, somewhat the centre-right, conservative party in France) is in between. It is interesting to note that 2007 and 2011 sentiment speeches, under Nicolas Sarkozy's Presidency, are considered outliers.

Word clouds by year under Mitterrand's Presidency

sécurité paix
plus droit
bon peur rien
tout bien
grâce

1990

droit
reste plus
trop sur paix
mieux

1991

plus
comme
sur
tout

1992

tout
plus
comme paix
sans

1993

premier
tout
sur
plus

1994

Word clouds by year under Chirac's Presidency



possible
faire bien
crise comme
plus
sans
confiance
contre nouvelle

1995



sans réforme
comme
sur capable
plus
faire forte
reculer respect

1996



nouvelle
temps
plus
dire trop
bien

1997



courage
ambition
bien
nouvelles
solidarité
plus
tout
comme

1998



sécurité
part
peu
progrès
comme
plus
faire bien
solidarité
toujours

1999



comme
faire bonne
terre solidarité
plus
progrès sur utile
tout

2000



plus
charge
solidarité
bien
faire
cohésion

2001



responsabilité
solidarité
faire
justice
plus
tout
réformes
confiance sur
respect

2002



nouveaux
sur
droit
plus
grâce tout
sans

2003



temps poursuivre
tout sur
nouvelle
plus
faire
contre réforme
permettre

2004



respect
sur contre
plus
tout faire
atout

2005



travail
sécurité
dire
faire
bien
paix
plus
sur
respect

2006

Word clouds by year under Sarkozy's Presidency



2007



2008



2009



2010



2011

Word clouds by year under Hollande's Presidency



2012



2013



2014



2015



2016

Word clouds by year under Macron's Presidency



2017



2018

About the limits of this analysis:

Much of this sentiment results (if not all) come from the sentiment lexicon in French that is available in the Github repository. One can argue a word should be considered negative instead of positive depending on context (or at least neutral). Also, this single word sentiment analysis doesn't take into account negation words that could be placed around the sentiment word, and thus twisting the meaning.

This analysis was conducted as an experiment out of curiosity, and it was as well a way to show skills. It needs to be said that considering the potential flaws of the analysis, the author doesn't draw any conclusion about it.

Possible improvements:

- Tuning the sentiment lexicon to show the "intensity" of the sentiment on a scale -5/+5 for instance.
- Consider multiple words expression instead of single word for sentiment analysis.

*This analysis was inspired by Rachel Tatman's tutorial on Sentiment analysis in R on Kaggle
www.kaggle.com/rtatman/tutorial-sentiment-analysis-in-r*