

result-22-05-2024

May 22, 2024

```
[ ]: import sys
import os

sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(os.path.join('..')))

[ ]: import src.data.organize_data as od

features_list = ['t0', 't1', 't2', 'a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'b0', 'b1', 'b2', 'c0',
↳ 'c1', 'c2', 'dicnotch', 'winSys', 'maxAmpl', 'sysTime', 'duration', 'Es',
↳ 'As', 'Ed', 'Ad', 'td', 'fd', 'R2_of_fit']
feature_data_path = r"C:
↳ \Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\data\interim\feature_extracted"

feature_df = od.organize_data2(feature_data_path, features_list)
```

1 Data Pre-Processing

1.1 Split Dataset

```
[ ]: import src.data.organize_data as od

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = od.split_train_test(feature_df, 'Group', 0.2)
```

Group

1.2 Data selection (outliers and p-value)

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_selection as ds

X_train, y_train = ds.filter_outliers_by_group(X_train, y_train,
↳ features_to_ignore=['PatientID', 'SignalID', 'R2_of_fit', 'pulse_index'])

X_train, y_train = ds.filter_fit_value(X_train, y_train, 0.9, 'R2_of_fit')
```

```
INFO:root:Removed 695 rows for label covid_Empoli_60
INFO:root:Removed 987 rows for label healthyControl_Empoli_60
INFO:root:Removed 6257 rows for label mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125
INFO:root:Removed 4779 rows for label sepsis_MIMIC_125
```

1.3 Data Trasformation

1.3.1 Patient median

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_preprocessing as dp

X_train, y_train = dp.calculate_patient_median(X_train, y_train, 'SignalID',
↪features_list)
X_test, y_test = dp.calculate_patient_median(X_test, y_test, 'SignalID',
↪features_list)

X_train.drop(columns=['SignalID', 'R2_of_fit'], inplace=True)
X_test.drop(columns=['SignalID', 'R2_of_fit'], inplace=True)
```

1.3.2 SMOTE+EEN

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_preprocessing as dp
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

#vis.plot_class_distribution(y_train, title="Distribution before SMOTEEN")

#X_train, y_train = dp.balance_dataset(X_train, y_train)

#vis.plot_class_distribution(y_train, title="Distribution after SMOTEEN")
```

1.3.3 Scaling

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_preprocessing as dp
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

X_train = dp.scale_numeric_features(X_train)
X_test = dp.scale_numeric_features(X_test)

df = X_train.copy()
df['Group'] = y_train
```

2 Statistical tests

2.1 Shapiro-Wilk test

```
[ ]: import src.statistics.tests_normality as nt
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

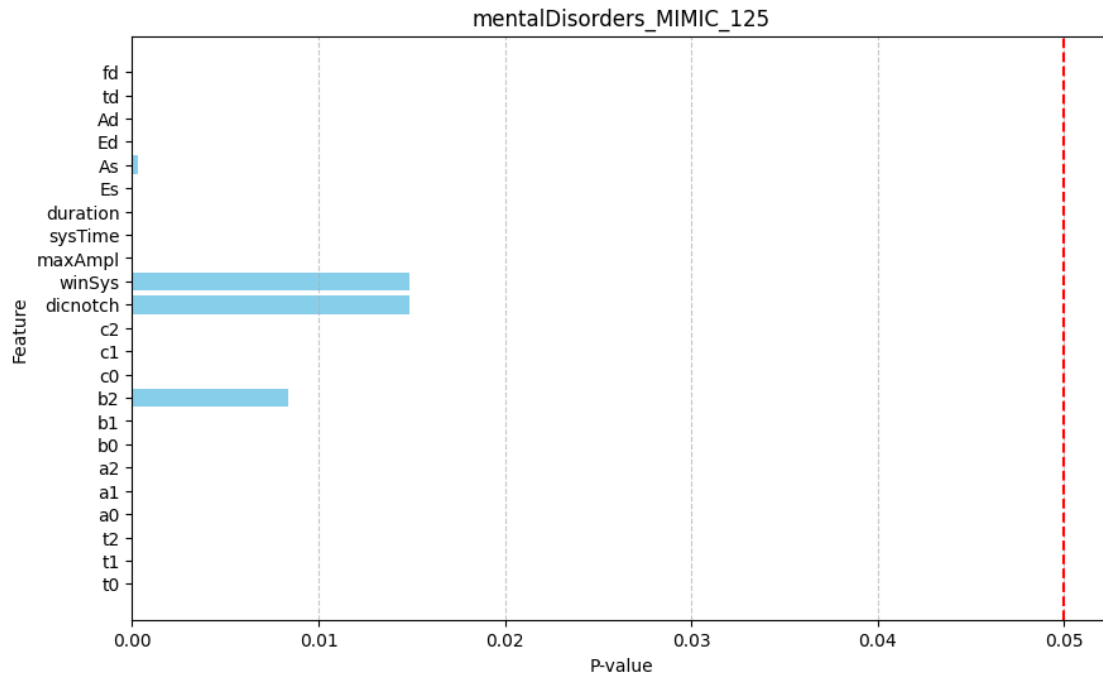
normality_test = nt.shapiro_test(X_train, y_train)

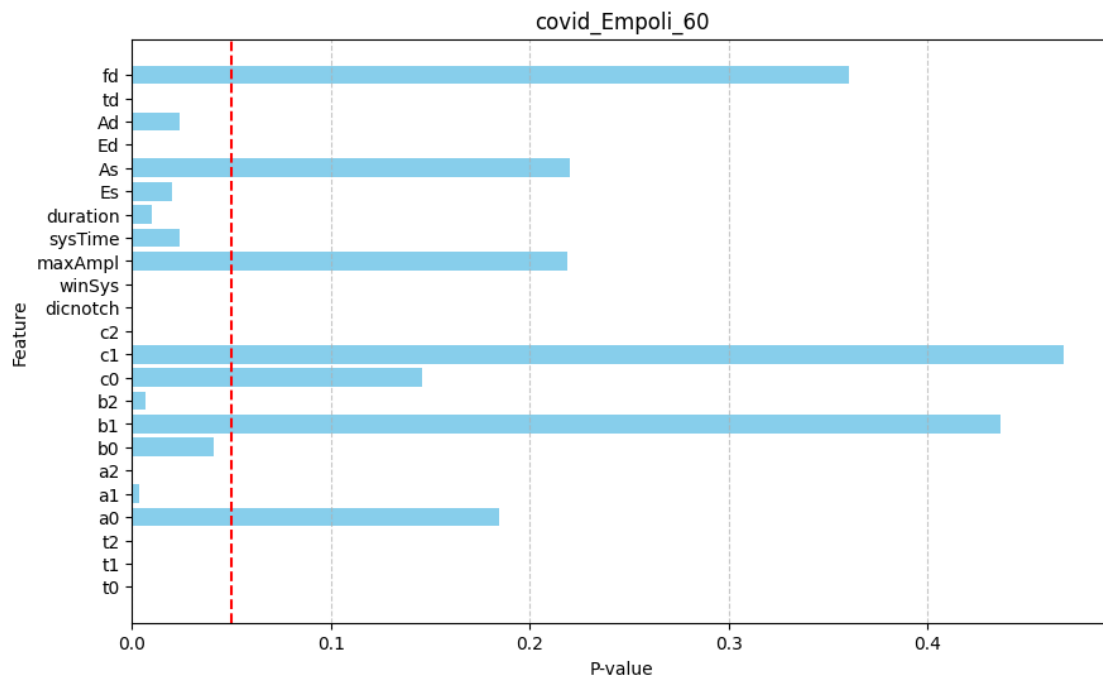
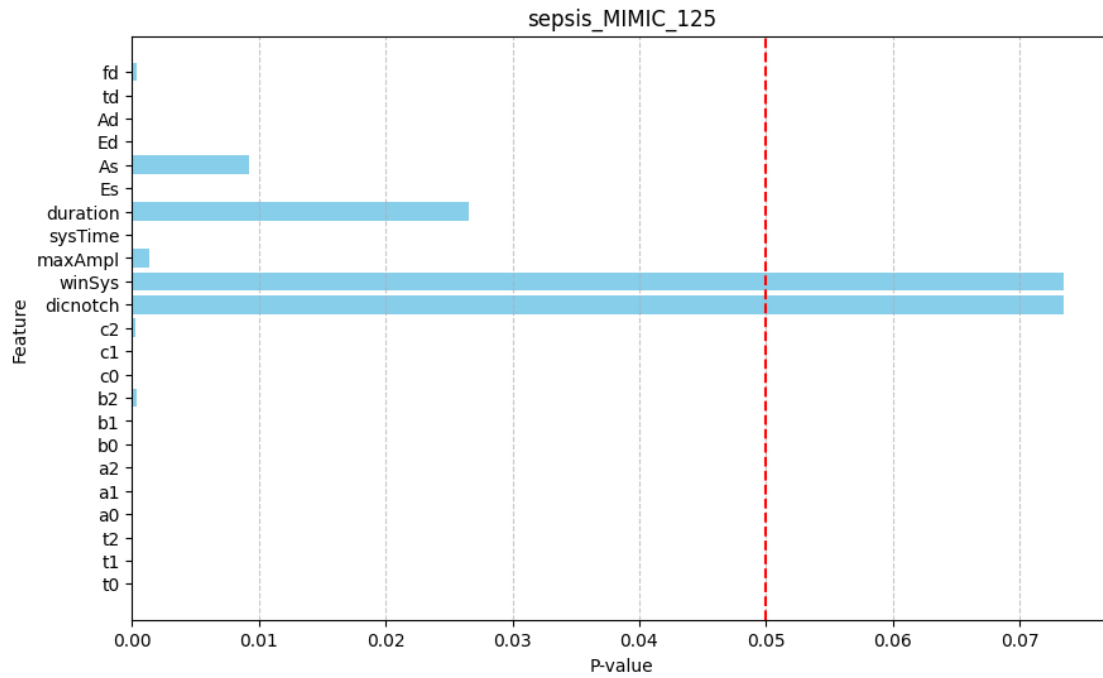
for group in normality_test['Group'].unique():
    sub_df = normality_test[normality_test['Group'] == group]
```

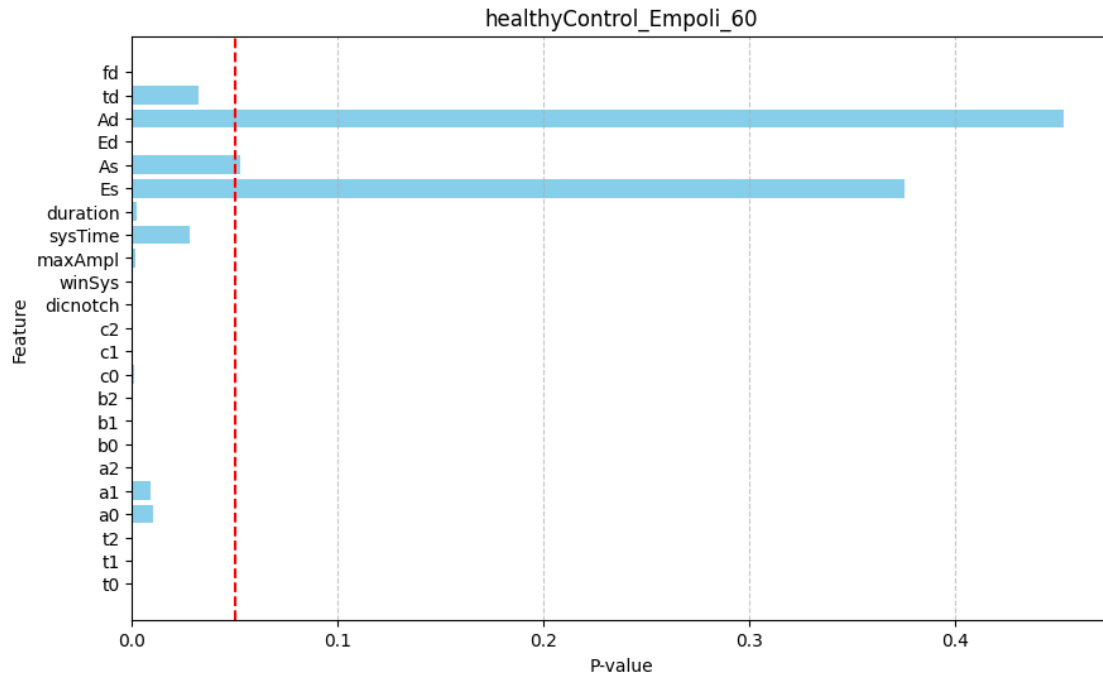
```
vis.plot_pvalues(sub_df, group)
```

c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\src\statistics\tests_normality.py:14: FutureWarning: The behavior of DataFrame concatenation with empty or all-NA entries is deprecated. In a future version, this will no longer exclude empty or all-NA columns when determining the result dtypes. To retain the old behavior, exclude the relevant entries before the concat operation.

```
result_df = pd.concat([result_df, pd.DataFrame([{'Feature': feature, 'Group': group, 'Statistic': stat, 'P-value': p_value}])], ignore_index=True)
```







2.2 Friedman test

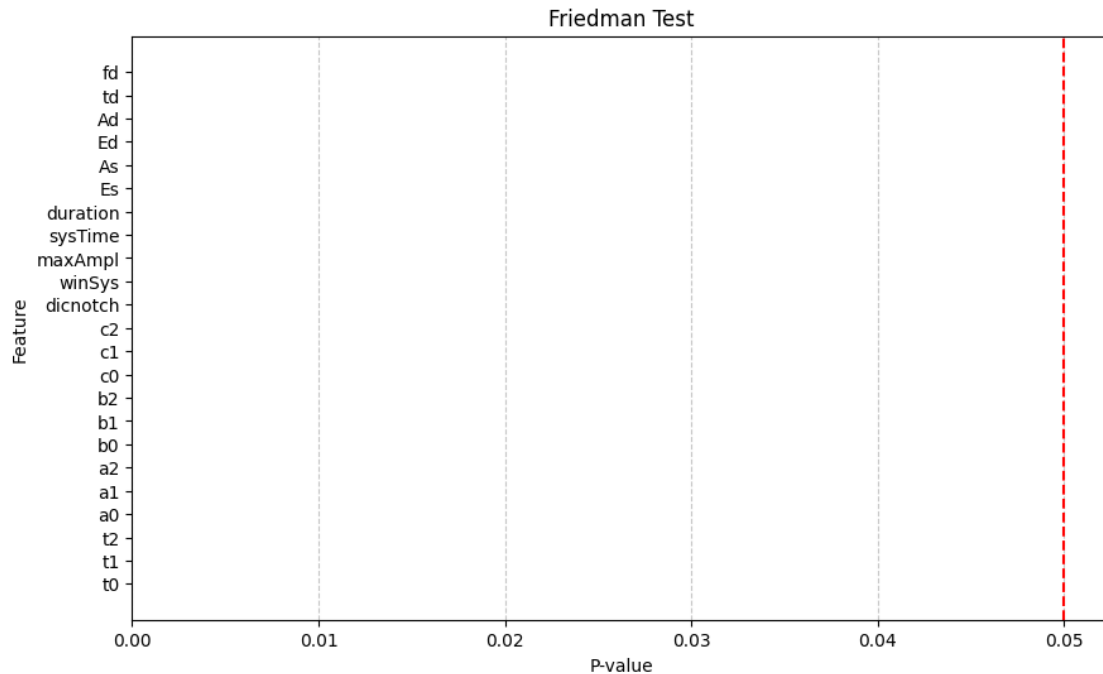
```
[ ]: import src.statistics.tests_difference as td
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

friedman_test = td.friedman_test(X_train, y_train)

vis.plot_pvalues(friedman_test, 'Friedman Test')
```

c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\src\statistics\tests_difference.py:25: FutureWarning: The behavior of DataFrame concatenation with empty or all-NA entries is deprecated. In a future version, this will no longer exclude empty or all-NA columns when determining the result dtypes. To retain the old behavior, exclude the relevant entries before the concat operation.

```
result_df = pd.concat([result_df, pd.DataFrame([{'Feature': feature, 'Group':
group, 'Statistic': f_statistic, 'P-value': p_value}])], ignore_index=True)
```



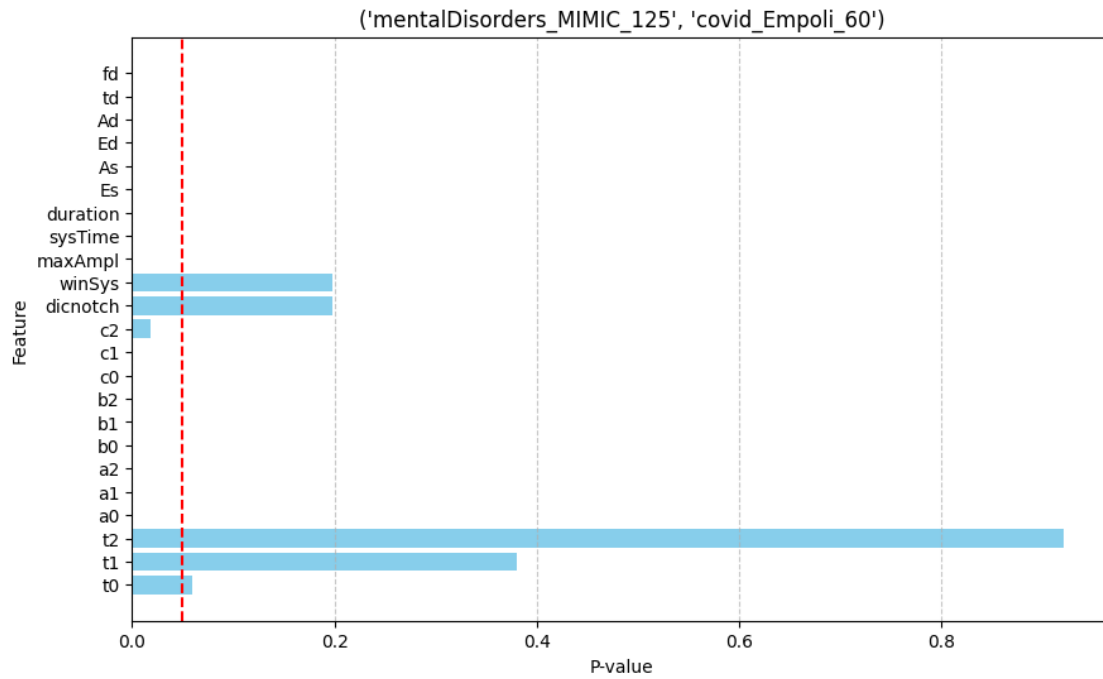
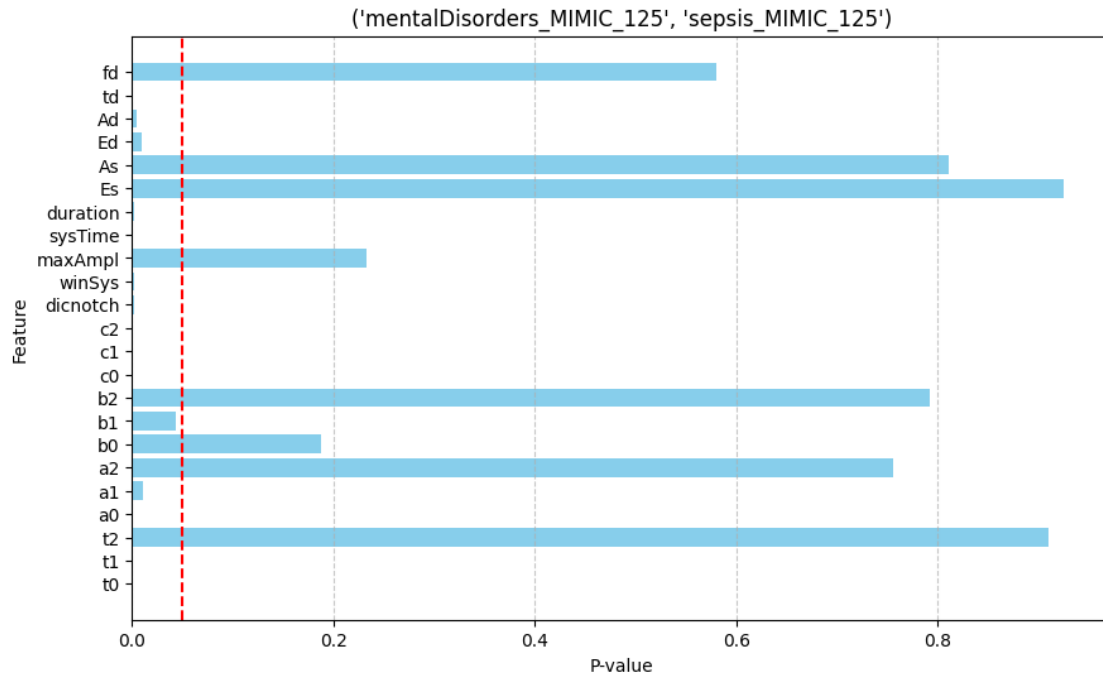
2.3 Post-hoc Mann-Whitney U

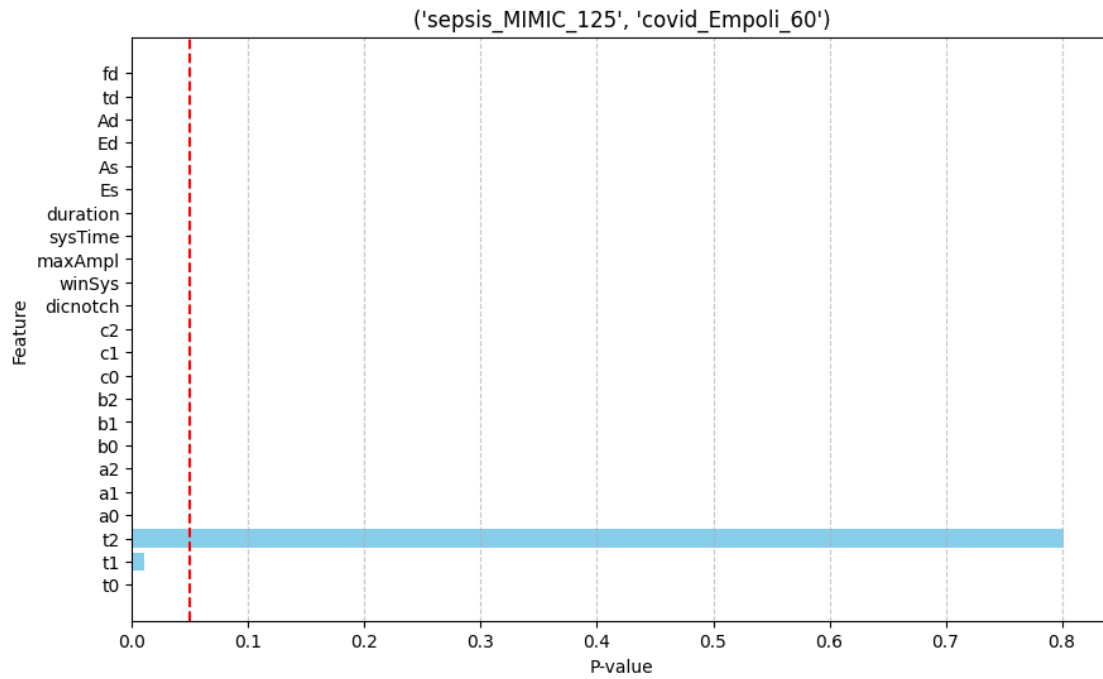
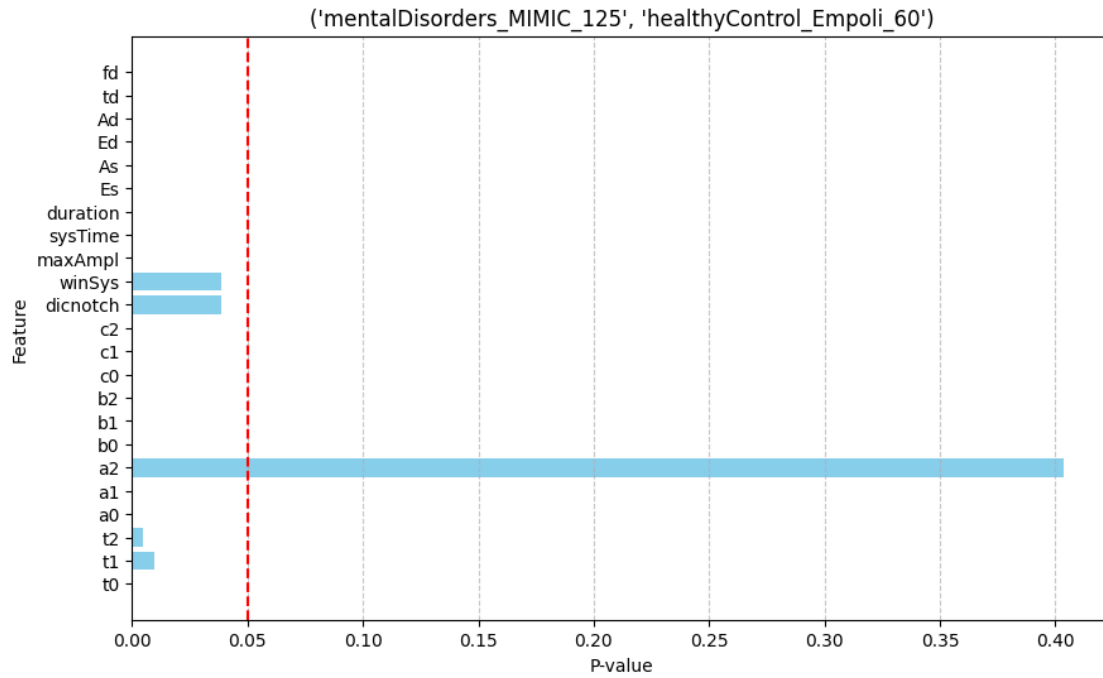
```
[ ]: import src.statistics.tests_difference as td

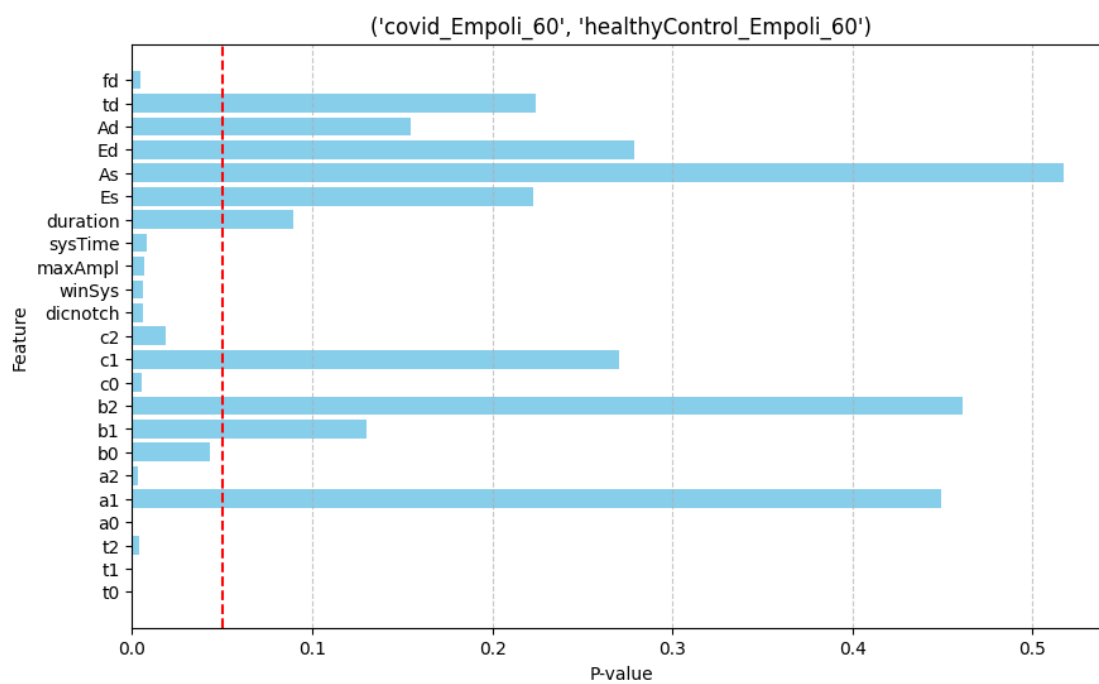
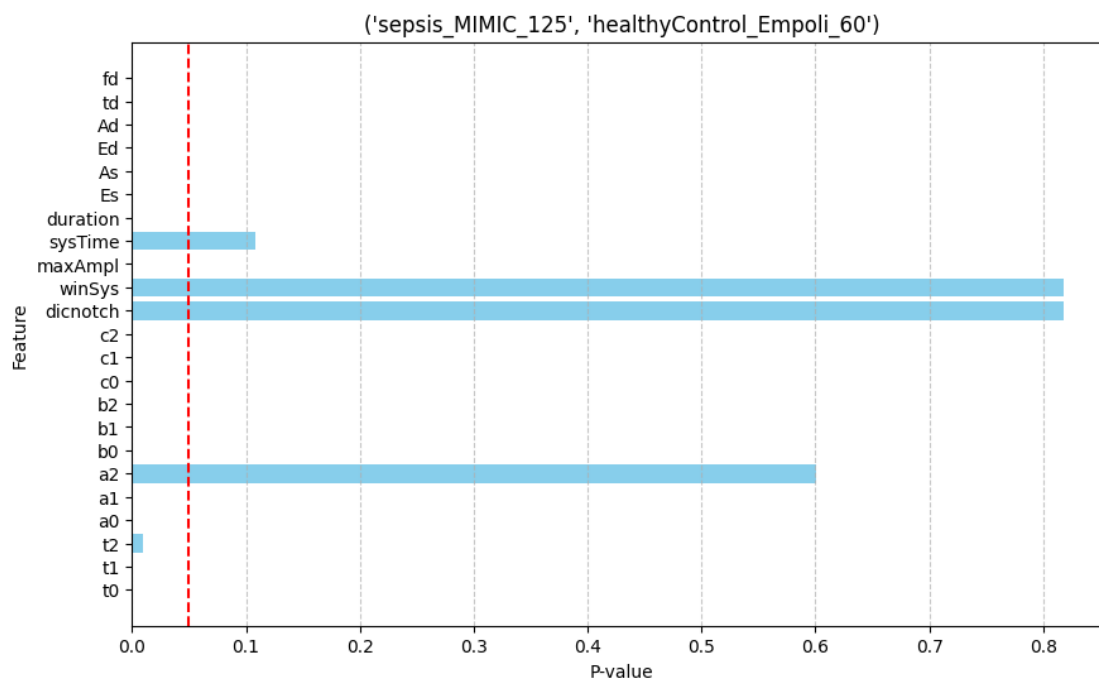
# valuto differenze tra gruppi per le features significative del test di
# Friedman
significant_features = friedman_test[friedman_test['P-value'] < 0.
# 05]['Feature'].tolist()
significant_features_dict = td.pairwise_mann_whitney_test(X_train, y_train,
# significant_features=significant_features)
```

```
[ ]: import src.visualization.visualize as vis

for group_pair, result in significant_features_dict.items():
    vis.plot_pvalues(result, group_pair)
```







2.4 Unified dataset

Si cercano differenze tra il gruppo di sani (health e soggetti con disturbi mentali) e il gruppo di malati (sepsi e covid)

```
[ ]: import src.statistics.tests_difference as td
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

y_train_unified = y_train.copy()

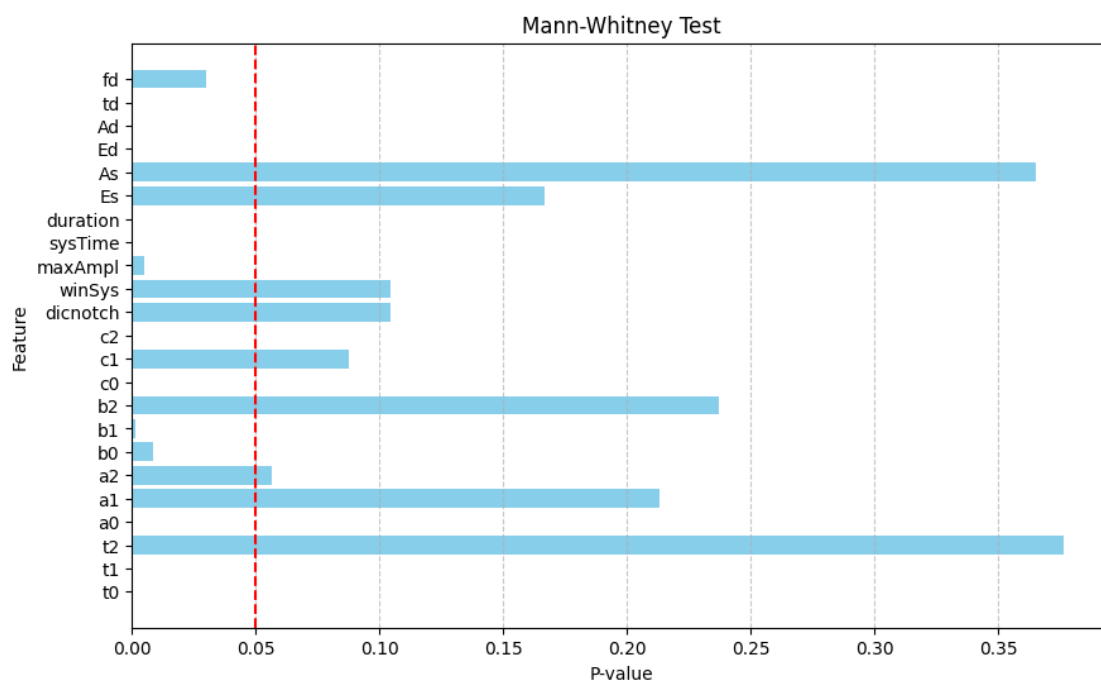
# Mappa i valori della colonna 'Group' come richiesto
mapping = {'covid_Empoli_60': "sick", 'sepsis_MIMIC_125': "sick",
           'healthyControl_Empoli_60': "healthy", 'mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125': "healthy"}
y_train_unified = y_train_unified.replace(mapping)

unified_result = td.mann_whitney_test(X_train, y_train_unified)

vis.plot_pvalues(unified_result, 'Mann-Whitney Test')
```

c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\src\statistics\tests_difference.py:62: FutureWarning: The behavior of DataFrame concatenation with empty or all-NA entries is deprecated. In a future version, this will no longer exclude empty or all-NA columns when determining the result dtypes. To retain the old behavior, exclude the relevant entries before the concat operation.

```
results_df = pd.concat([results_df, pd.DataFrame([{'Feature': feature,
'Group': group, 'Statistic': u_statistic, 'P-value': p_value}])],
ignore_index=True)
```



3 Training Model

3.1 Primo test (Health vs Ill)

Nel primo test si cerca di addestrare un modello che permetta di identificare tra gruppo di sani (health and mental disorders) e patologici (covid o sepsi). A questo scopo vengono utilizzate le features con un valore di p-value al di sotto della soglia impostata del test di mann-Whitney per il dataset unificato.

```
[ ]: features_test_1 = unified_result[unified_result['P-value'] < 0.05]['Feature'].
    ↪tolist()

X_train_t1 = X_train[features_test_1]
X_test_t1 = X_test[features_test_1]

y_train_t1 = y_train.map({'covid_Empoli_60': 'ill', 'sepsis_MIMIC_125': 'ill',
    ↪'healthyControl_Empoli_60': 'health',
    ↪'mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125': 'health'})

y_test_t1 = y_test.map({'covid_Empoli_60': 'ill', 'sepsis_MIMIC_125': 'ill',
    ↪'healthyControl_Empoli_60': 'health',
    ↪'mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125': 'health'})
```

3.1.1 Dimensionality reduction

```
[ ]: import src.features.dimensionality_reduction as dr

X_train_t1_reduced, X_test_t1_reduced = dr.reduce_dimensionality(X_train_t1,
    ↪X_test_t1, 'PCA', n_components=2)
```

3.1.2 Cross validation

Si effettua una cross validazione con StratifiedKFold (cv=5) e si valutano le performance dei modelli per f1_macro e il coeff. di correlazione di Matthews. I tre modelli che presentano le prestazioni migliori verranno poi migliorati con un'ottimizzazione degli iperparametri.

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as models
import src.models.evaluation as ev

models = models.define_models()
metric_results = ev.evaluate_models(X_train_t1_reduced, y_train_t1, models)

ev.summarize_results(metric_results)
```

```
Models Evaluation with f1_macro: 100%|          | 9/9 [00:07<00:00, 1.22it/s]
Models Evaluation with make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef,
response_method='predict'): 100%|          | 9/9 [00:03<00:00, 2.80it/s]
```

```
Metric: f1_macro
Rank=1, Name=catboost, Score=0.580 (+/- 0.017)
Rank=2, Name=svm, Score=0.579 (+/- 0.050)
Rank=3, Name=adaboost, Score=0.578 (+/- 0.011)
Rank=4, Name=nb, Score=0.575 (+/- 0.046)
Rank=5, Name=nc, Score=0.568 (+/- 0.031)
Rank=6, Name=rf, Score=0.564 (+/- 0.023)
Rank=7, Name=gbm, Score=0.564 (+/- 0.035)
Rank=8, Name=mlp, Score=0.561 (+/- 0.027)
Rank=9, Name=dt, Score=0.543 (+/- 0.046)
```

```
Metric: make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef, response_method='predict')
Rank=1, Name=svm, Score=0.271 (+/- 0.113)
Rank=2, Name=catboost, Score=0.216 (+/- 0.048)
Rank=3, Name=adaboost, Score=0.213 (+/- 0.023)
Rank=4, Name=mlp, Score=0.211 (+/- 0.082)
Rank=5, Name=nb, Score=0.211 (+/- 0.103)
Rank=6, Name=gbm, Score=0.173 (+/- 0.095)
Rank=7, Name=rf, Score=0.151 (+/- 0.040)
Rank=8, Name=nc, Score=0.139 (+/- 0.059)
Rank=9, Name=dt, Score=0.078 (+/- 0.097)
```

```
[ ]: import src.models.evaluation as ev

optimal_parameters_t1 = ev.evaluate_optimized_models(X_train_t1_reduced,
↳ y_train_t1, metric_results, metric='f1_macro')
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model catboost: {'iterations': 200, 'learning_rate':
0.2}
```

```
Model catboost - Score=0.541 (+/- 0.033)
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model svm: {'C': 1, 'gamma': 0.1, 'kernel': 'rbf',
'probability': True}
```

```
Model svm - Score=0.580 (+/- 0.050)
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The SAMME.R
algorithm (the default) is deprecated and will be removed in 1.6. Use the SAMME
algorithm to circumvent this warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The SAMME.R
```

algorithm (the default) is deprecated and will be removed in 1.6. Use the SAMME algorithm to circumvent this warning.

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model adaboost: {'learning_rate': 0.5, 'n_estimators': 200}
```

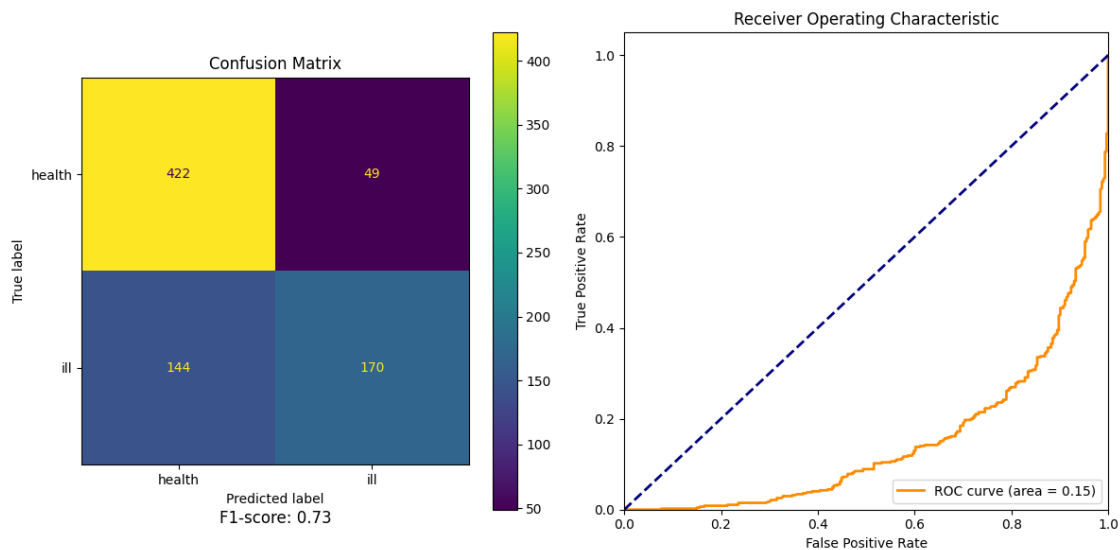
```
Model adaboost - Score=0.570 (+/- 0.011)
```

3.1.3 Training and test fine tuned model

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as md
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

trained_model_t1 = md.train_model_with_optimal_params('svm',
    ↪ optimal_parameters_t1, X_train_t1_reduced, y_train_t1)

vis.plot_model_performance(trained_model_t1, X_test_t1_reduced, y_test_t1,
    ↪ 'f1-score')
```



3.2 Secondo test (ill)

In questo caso viene addestrato un modello che deve riconoscere i pazienti affetti da covid da quelli affetti da sepsi

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_selection as ds

try:
```

```

        result_statistical_ill = significant_features_dict[('covid_Empoli_60',
↪ 'sepsis_MIMIC_125')]
except KeyError:
    result_statistical_ill = significant_features_dict[('sepsis_MIMIC_125',
↪ 'covid_Empoli_60')]

features_test_2 = result_statistical_ill[result_statistical_ill['P-value'] < 0.
↪ 05]['Feature'].tolist()

#features_test_2 = list(set(unified_result[unified_result['P-value'] > 0.
↪ 05]['Feature'].tolist()).intersection(features_test_2))

X_train_t2 = X_train[features_test_2]
X_test_t2 = X_test[features_test_2]

# si rimuovono le righe relative ai gruppi 'healthyControl_Empoli_60' e
↪ 'mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125'
target_values = ['covid_Empoli_60', 'sepsis_MIMIC_125']
X_train_t2, y_train_t2 = ds.filter_rows_by_values(X_train_t2, y_train,
↪ target_values)
X_test_t2, y_test_t2 = ds.filter_rows_by_values(X_test_t2, y_test,
↪ target_values)

```

3.2.1 Dimensionality Reduction

```

[ ]: import src.features.dimensionality_reduction as dr

X_train_t2_reduced, X_test_t2_reduced = dr.reduce_dimensionality(X_train_t2,
↪ X_test_t2, 'PCA', n_components=2)

```

3.2.2 Cross-validation

```

[ ]: import src.models.model as models
import src.models.evaluation as ev

models = models.define_models()
metric_results = ev.evaluate_models(X_train_t2_reduced, y_train_t2, models)

ev.summarize_results(metric_results)

```

Models Evaluation with f1_macro: 100% | 9/9 [00:02<00:00, 4.20it/s]
Models Evaluation with make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef,
response_method='predict'): 100% | 9/9 [00:02<00:00, 4.28it/s]

Metric: f1_macro
Rank=1, Name=mlp, Score=0.878 (+/- 0.044)
Rank=2, Name=rf, Score=0.875 (+/- 0.073)

```
Rank=3, Name=adaboost, Score=0.871 (+/- 0.097)
Rank=4, Name=catboost, Score=0.860 (+/- 0.073)
Rank=5, Name=svm, Score=0.856 (+/- 0.078)
Rank=6, Name=nb, Score=0.856 (+/- 0.075)
Rank=7, Name=gbm, Score=0.829 (+/- 0.103)
Rank=8, Name=dt, Score=0.828 (+/- 0.084)
Rank=9, Name=nc, Score=0.808 (+/- 0.054)
```

```
Metric: make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef, response_method='predict')
Rank=1, Name=adaboost, Score=0.755 (+/- 0.181)
Rank=2, Name=mlp, Score=0.753 (+/- 0.102)
Rank=3, Name=rf, Score=0.752 (+/- 0.149)
Rank=4, Name=catboost, Score=0.734 (+/- 0.137)
Rank=5, Name=svm, Score=0.731 (+/- 0.145)
Rank=6, Name=nb, Score=0.729 (+/- 0.139)
Rank=7, Name=gbm, Score=0.674 (+/- 0.191)
Rank=8, Name=dt, Score=0.664 (+/- 0.169)
Rank=9, Name=nc, Score=0.632 (+/- 0.108)
```

```
[ ]: import src.models.evaluation as ev
```

```
optimal_parameters_t2 = ev.evaluate_optimized_models(X_train_t2_reduced,
↳ y_train_t2, metric_results, metric='f1_macro', cv=5)
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neural_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neural_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model mlp: {'alpha': 0.001, 'hidden_layer_sizes':
(50,)}
```

```
Model mlp - Score=0.877 (+/- 0.044)
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model rf: {'max_depth': 10, 'min_samples_leaf': 2,
'min_samples_split': 5, 'n_estimators': 100}
```

```
Model rf - Score=0.861 (+/- 0.088)
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The SAMME.R
algorithm (the default) is deprecated and will be removed in 1.6. Use the SAMME
algorithm to circumvent this warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(

Best hyperparameters for model adaboost: {'learning_rate': 0.5, 'n_estimators':
50}
Model adaboost - Score=0.871 (+/- 0.084)
-----

c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The SAMME.R
algorithm (the default) is deprecated and will be removed in 1.6. Use the SAMME
algorithm to circumvent this warning.
warnings.warn(
```

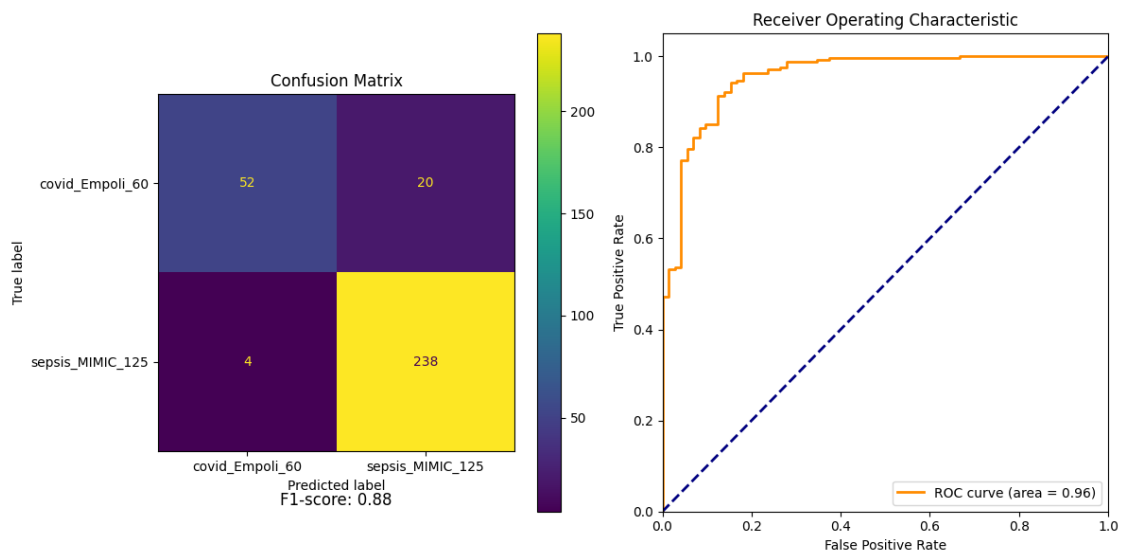
3.2.3 Training and test fine tuned model

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as md
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

trained_model = md.train_model_with_optimal_params('mlp',
↳optimal_parameters_t2, X_train_t2_reduced, y_train_t2)

vis.plot_model_performance(trained_model, X_test_t2_reduced, y_test_t2,
↳'f1-score')
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neural_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
warnings.warn(
```



3.3 Test 3 (Health)

Viene addestrato un modello con lo scopo di identificare i pazienti sani da quelli con disturbi mentali

```
[ ]: import src.data.data_selection as ds

result_statistical_health =
    ↪significant_features_dict[('mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125',
    ↪'healthyControl_Empoli_60')]
features_test_3 =
    ↪result_statistical_health[result_statistical_health['P-value'] < 0.
    ↪05]['Feature'].tolist()

#features_test_3 = list(set(unified_result[unified_result['P-value'] > 0.
    ↪05]['Feature'].tolist()).intersection(features_test_3))

X_train_t3 = X_train[features_test_3]
X_test_t3 = X_test[features_test_3]

# si rimuovono le righe relative ai gruppi 'covid_Empoli_60' e
    ↪'sepsis_MIMIC_125'
target_values = ['mentalDisorders_MIMIC_125', 'healthyControl_Empoli_60']
X_train_t3, y_train_t3 = ds.filter_rows_by_values(X_train_t3, y_train,
    ↪target_values)
X_test_t3, y_test_t3 = ds.filter_rows_by_values(X_test_t3, y_test,
    ↪target_values)
```

3.3.1 Dimensionality reduction

```
[ ]: import src.features.dimensionality_reduction as dr

X_train_t3_reduced, X_test_t3_reduced = dr.reduce_dimensionality(X_train_t3,
    ↪X_test_t3, 'PCA', n_components=2)
```

3.3.2 Cross-validation

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as models
import src.models.evaluation as ev

models = models.define_models()
metric_results = ev.evaluate_models(X_train_t3_reduced, y_train_t3, models)

ev.summarize_results(metric_results)
```

```
Models Evaluation with f1_macro: 100%|      | 9/9 [00:02<00:00, 4.10it/s]
Models Evaluation with make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef,
response_method='predict'): 100%|      | 9/9 [00:02<00:00, 4.24it/s]
```

```

Metric: f1_macro
Rank=1, Name=svm, Score=0.932 (+/- 0.022)
Rank=2, Name=mlp, Score=0.913 (+/- 0.025)
Rank=3, Name=catboost, Score=0.911 (+/- 0.028)
Rank=4, Name=gbm, Score=0.906 (+/- 0.032)
Rank=5, Name=rf, Score=0.892 (+/- 0.039)
Rank=6, Name=dt, Score=0.878 (+/- 0.030)
Rank=7, Name=nc, Score=0.875 (+/- 0.044)
Rank=8, Name=adaboost, Score=0.870 (+/- 0.062)
Rank=9, Name=nb, Score=0.835 (+/- 0.021)

```

```

Metric: make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef, response_method='predict')
Rank=1, Name=svm, Score=0.868 (+/- 0.044)
Rank=2, Name=mlp, Score=0.844 (+/- 0.055)
Rank=3, Name=catboost, Score=0.828 (+/- 0.058)
Rank=4, Name=gbm, Score=0.816 (+/- 0.063)
Rank=5, Name=dt, Score=0.796 (+/- 0.032)
Rank=6, Name=rf, Score=0.783 (+/- 0.063)
Rank=7, Name=nc, Score=0.762 (+/- 0.087)
Rank=8, Name=adaboost, Score=0.746 (+/- 0.124)
Rank=9, Name=nb, Score=0.679 (+/- 0.049)

```

```

[ ]: import src.models.evaluation as ev

optimal_parameters_t3 = ev.evaluate_optimized_models(X_train_t3_reduced,
↳ y_train_t3, metric_results, metric='f1_macro', cv=5)

```

```

Best hyperparameters for model svm: {'C': 1, 'gamma': 0.1, 'kernel': 'rbf',
'probability': True}
Model svm - Score=0.932 (+/- 0.022)

```

```

-----
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neural_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
  warnings.warn(
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\neural_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
  warnings.warn(

```

```

Best hyperparameters for model mlp: {'alpha': 0.0001, 'hidden_layer_sizes':
(50,)}
Model mlp - Score=0.921 (+/- 0.027)
-----

```

Best hyperparameters for model catboost: {'iterations': 100, 'learning_rate': 0.01}

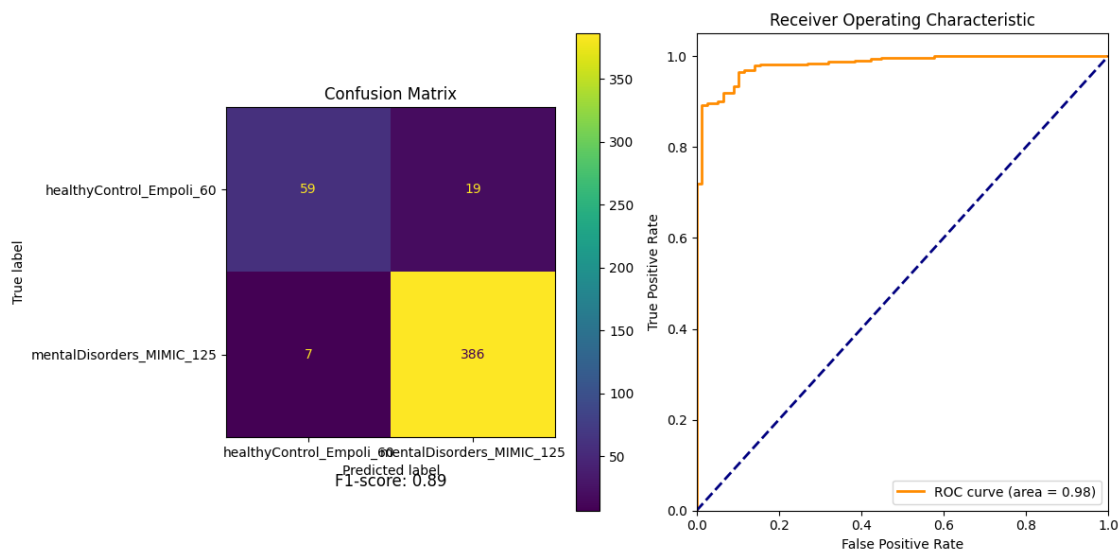
Model catboost - Score=0.913 (+/- 0.020)

3.3.3 Training e test fine tuned model

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as md
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

trained_model = md.train_model_with_optimal_params('svm',
    ↪ optimal_parameters_t3, X_train_t3_reduced, y_train_t3)

vis.plot_model_performance(trained_model, X_test_t3_reduced, y_test_t3,
    ↪ 'f1-score')
```



3.4 Test 4 (All)

```
[ ]: features_test_4 = friedman_test[friedman_test['P-value'] < 0.05]['Feature'].
    ↪ tolist()

X_train_t4 = X_train[features_test_4]
X_test_t4 = X_test[features_test_4]

y_train_t4 = y_train.copy()
y_test_t4 = y_test.copy()
```

3.4.1 Dimensionality Reduction

```
[ ]: import src.features.dimensionality_reduction as dr

X_train_t4_reduced, X_test_t4_reduced = dr.reduce_dimensionality(X_train_t4, X_test_t4, 'PCA', n_components=2)
```

3.4.2 Cross-validation

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as models
import src.models.evaluation as ev

models = models.define_models()
metric_results = ev.evaluate_models(X_train_t4_reduced, y_train_t4, models)

ev.summarize_results(metric_results)
```

```
Models Evaluation with f1_macro: 100%|          | 9/9 [00:03<00:00, 2.30it/s]
Models Evaluation with make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef,
response_method='predict'): 100%|          | 9/9 [00:03<00:00, 2.32it/s]
```

```
Metric: f1_macro
Rank=1, Name=mlp, Score=0.461 (+/- 0.057)
Rank=2, Name=catboost, Score=0.448 (+/- 0.047)
Rank=3, Name=nc, Score=0.439 (+/- 0.073)
Rank=4, Name=nb, Score=0.427 (+/- 0.040)
Rank=5, Name=rf, Score=0.426 (+/- 0.036)
Rank=6, Name=svm, Score=0.425 (+/- 0.030)
Rank=7, Name=adaboost, Score=0.424 (+/- 0.014)
Rank=8, Name=gbm, Score=0.401 (+/- 0.025)
Rank=9, Name=dt, Score=0.399 (+/- 0.030)
```

```
Metric: make_scorer(matthews_corrcoef, response_method='predict')
Rank=1, Name=mlp, Score=0.350 (+/- 0.029)
Rank=2, Name=svm, Score=0.327 (+/- 0.034)
Rank=3, Name=nb, Score=0.269 (+/- 0.044)
Rank=4, Name=catboost, Score=0.239 (+/- 0.038)
Rank=5, Name=rf, Score=0.235 (+/- 0.014)
Rank=6, Name=adaboost, Score=0.215 (+/- 0.055)
Rank=7, Name=gbm, Score=0.200 (+/- 0.050)
Rank=8, Name=nc, Score=0.190 (+/- 0.086)
Rank=9, Name=dt, Score=0.172 (+/- 0.058)
```

```
[ ]: import src.models.evaluation as ev
```

```
optimal_parameters_t4 = ev.evaluate_optimized_models(X_train_t4_reduced,
↳ y_train_t4, metric_results, metric='f1_macro', cv=5)
```

```
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\normal_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
```

```
warnings.warn(
c:\Users\cical\Documents\GitHub\Repositories\tesina\venv\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\normal_network\_multilayer_perceptron.py:691:
ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (200) reached and
the optimization hasn't converged yet.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model mlp: {'alpha': 0.001, 'hidden_layer_sizes':
(100,)}
```

```
Model mlp - Score=0.467 (+/- 0.066)
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model catboost: {'iterations': 100, 'learning_rate':
0.2}
```

```
Model catboost - Score=0.475 (+/- 0.044)
```

```
Model nc does not have hyperparameters for fine tuning
```

```
Model nc - Score=0.439 (+/- 0.073)
```

```
Best hyperparameters for model svm: {'C': 1, 'gamma': 0.1, 'kernel': 'rbf',
'probability': True}
```

```
Model svm - Score=0.432 (+/- 0.026)
```

```
Model nb does not have hyperparameters for fine tuning
```

```
Model nb - Score=0.427 (+/- 0.040)
```

3.4.3 Training and test fine tuned model

```
[ ]: import src.models.model as md
import src.visualization.visualize as vis

trained_model = md.train_model_with_optimal_params('catboost',
↳ optimal_parameters_t4, X_train_t4_reduced, y_train_t4)

vis.plot_model_performance(trained_model, X_test_t4_reduced, y_test_t4,
↳ 'f1-score')
```

