Using Query Namespaces

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Contents

1	Purpose	1
2	Basic usage	1
3	Adding replacement variables at runtime	2

1 Purpose

The QueryNamespace class is designed to be a convenient way to write (and re-write) SQL queries for packages with defined result model specifications. The convenience is that only passed parameters must be set in the query - any table names or other pre-defined variables can be set once in a result spec and reused if table prefixes are applied to the tables. The intention is to save time and limit bugs. This also builds on the SqlRender/DatabaseConnector principle of "Write sql once, use anywhere" principle across ohdsi packages. This is not intended to replace usage of dbplyr style operations which are expressive and allow use of sql. However, many find that writing SQL strings is often more convenient and portable to other programming language than dplyr calls allow.

2 Basic usage

The most basic usage is to create a specification with a single table that conforms to a valid data model specification

```
library(ResultModelManager)

tableSpecification <- data.frame(
  tableName = "cohort_definition",
  columnName = c("cohort_definition_id", "cohort_name", "json", "sql"),
  primaryKey = c("yes", "no", "no", "no"),
  dataType = c("bigint", "varchar", "varchar", "varchar")
)</pre>
```

Note, that generally we would save these tables to a csv file that can be loaded.

We then load a QueryNamespace instance with this table:

Connecting using SQLite driver

```
# Create our schema within the namespace
sql <- generateSqlSchema(schemaDefinition = tableSpecification)
# note - the table prefix and schema parameters are not neeeded
qns$executeSql(sql)</pre>
```

```
##
```

Executing SQL took 0.00442 secs

We can then query the table with sql that automatically replaces the table names:

Note that the underlying query is already handling our tablePrefix for us, so we don't need to add it:

3 Adding replacement variables at runtime

Variables can naturally be added at runtime, for example, in a query:

Note that replacing the same variable will result in an error

qns\$addReplacementVariable("database_id", "my_cdm")

```
qns$addReplacementVariable("database_id", "my_cdm")
```

We can also add to the table specification

```
tableSpecification2 <- data.frame(
  tableName = "database_info",
  columnName = c("database_id", "database_name"),
  primaryKey = c("yes", "no"),
  dataType = c("varchar", "varchar")
)
qns$addTableSpecification(tableSpecification2)</pre>
```