Question 1

Vincent Reinshagen^a

^aStellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa

Abstract

I will analyze baby naming trends from 1910 to 2014, exploring influences like popular culture and societal trends, assessing trend longevity, and using Spearman rank correlation to examine if popular name persistence has slowed since the 1990s, leveraging US population data for additional insights.

1. Introduction

A toy design agency has approached me to analyze baby naming trends in the US spanning from 1910 to 2014. They are particularly interested in understanding the influences behind naming trends, such as popular culture phenomena like movie characters, celebrities, and political figures. Additionally, they want insights into the longevity of these trends, distinguishing between enduring names and passing fads. Using Spearman rank correlation, I will assess whether popular names from the 1990s onwards have exhibited slower persistence compared to earlier decades. The analysis will be supplemented with US population data to provide contextual insights at the state level.

To find out if the characteristics of the top names given to new borns is the same for Males and Females, I conducted a regression which shows the correlation between the counts of the top names for each year between Male and Female. This will be done for the 25 most popular names for Males and Females in each year.

```
##
## Spearman's rank correlation rho
##
## data: splitted_gender$M$Count and splitted_gender$F$Count
## S = 158991761, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

Email address: vreinshagen@outlook.de (Vincent Reinshagen)

Contributions:

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^{*}Corresponding author: Vincent Reinshagen*

```
## alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
## rho
## 0.9472603
```

To design a new toy is expensive. It is common to calculate with three years of armortization until the new design pays itself. We know, that in the 1920s, this was no issue and the time until new names lost their relevance was well above three years. The word got around that the top name list got way more dynamic since the 1990s. To test this, a spearman correlation test will be setup which investigates this and provides a time series plot.

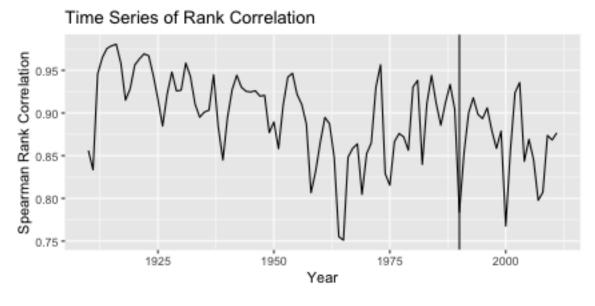


Figure 1.1: Caption Here

The plot shows that there is a declining trend of the persistence of popular names, which means that top names are usually shorter on the top names list. Nonetheless the persistence still appears high enough that we should not worry about the for now.

2. Influence of other variables

We know that pop culture can have an influence on names for new borns. To be able to be the first to sell new nme personalized toys in the future we will investigate if the actors who will play in popular movies will have a strong influence on the names given to new borns.

We will start to invetigate the effect of movies on the names given to newborns

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = change_in_count ~ in_movie, data = Popular_Names_with_following_year)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
              1Q Median
                            ЗQ
                                  Max
## -11017
                    -44
                           492 46928
           -842
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 -53.99
                            239.95 -0.225
                                              0.822
## in_movie
                  97.98
                            241.40
                                     0.406
                                              0.685
##
## Residual standard error: 2064 on 6195 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 2.659e-05, Adjusted R-squared: -0.0001348
## F-statistic: 0.1647 on 1 and 6195 DF, p-value: 0.6848
```

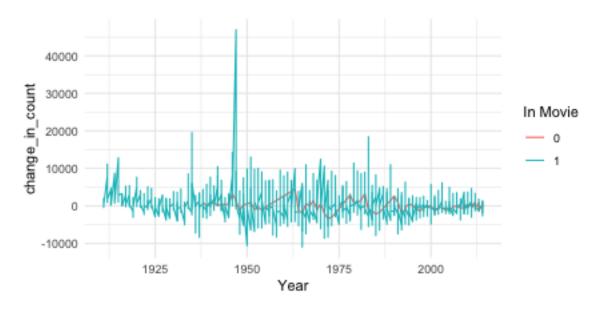


Figure 2.1: Caption Here

References

Appendix

 $Appendix\ A$

Some appendix information here

 $Appendix\ B$