Bash Handout

Is-I∼#list files in home directory	shuf-n 10 /var/log/syslog-o r.txt**` #create file with shuffled lines
mkdir dir src-dir dest-dir #make directories	passwd <user> #update password</user>
rm -ir dir/ #remove dir interactively & recursively	source ~/.bashrc #update the configs in the current bash process
cp -ir src-dir/ dest-dir/ #copy recursively	for i in {110}; do echo The number is \$i; done #simple for loop
mv -i src-dir/ dest-dir/ #move/rename	if [-f ~/.bashrc]; then echo File exists; fi #simple if condition
alias rm='rm -i' #make shortcut	while :;do echo Infinite loop [hit CTRL+c];done #simple while loop
man man #print manual, press q to exit	mutt -a <file-to-be-attached> -s <subject> <email> #wait for content</email></subject></file-to-be-attached>
apropos copy #search the term 'copy' in all man pages	cat <email content=""> mutt -a <file> -s _{<email> #non interactive</email>}</file></email>
cat/etc/lsb-release/etc/bash.bashrc #print file content on stdout	mogrify -resize 50% -format jpg images/*.png #convert all png to jpg
less/etc/bash.bashrc #browse through file, 'q' to quit	echo "hi" 1>so1; s -z 1>so2 #redirect STDOUT stream to files
head -n1 /etc/bash.bashrc #print first line and exit	echo "hi" 2>se1; ls -z 2>se2 #redirect STDERR stream to files
tail-n1/etc/bash.bashrc #print last line and exit	mount column -t #show all mounted drives
find ~/Downloads -iname *.pdf -size +4M #find files larger than 4MB	sudo mount /dev/sd <partition> /mnt #mount partition to any directory</partition>
<pre>grep 'nobody' /etc/passwd #search line(s) with 'nobody'</pre>	sudo umount /mnt un-mount the partition from directory
grep -ri 'printf' /usr/include/ #search recursive in dir & ignore case	tar -cvzf archive.tgz *.txt #create compressed archive
<pre>grep '\<stct\>' /usr/include/stdio.h #match pattern in all lines</stct\></pre>	tar -xvzf archive.tgz #extract to pwd(present working directory)
grep '^stct' /usr/include/stdio.h #match pattern in beginning of lines	zip allfiles.zip *.txt #create a zip file
chmod -R o+w dest-dir/ #change permission to write for others	unzip allfiles.zip #unzip to pwd, may overwrite
chmod -R a=rx dest-dir/ #enlarge permission to write for others	unrar -x file.rar #unrar to pwd
chmod -R 775 dest-dir/ #change permission to rwxrwxr-x	In -s images/ ~/Desktop #create shortcut to Desktop
sudo chown -R root.root dest-dir/ #change ownership to root(admin)	unlink -/Desktop/images #remove shortcut
whoami #will return present user	touch 1.txt #create a file of zero size
Is- grep'rw' #pipe/send the STDOUT of ls -1 to grep	which is #return path of *ls* command
for i in {19}; do echo \$i,\$RANDOM cut -c -5 >> 1.csv;done	find /tmp/ -depth -name "* *" -execdir rename 's/ /_/g' "{}" ;
#generated csv file, this one liner will be explained later	#remove all white space from dirs & files recursively
sort 1.csv #sort according to first column	kill -15 `pgrep firefox` #kill firefox
sort-t','-r1.csv #pipe output of 1st command to 'sort' command	rm -i `find ~/Downloads -iname *.pdf -size +16M` #rm results of *find*
sort-t','-k21.csv > 2.csv #sort based on 2nd col & redirect to 2.csv	top #will show system monitor
cat 2.csv cut -d',' -f 1,2 paste -d';' 1.csv -> 1_2.csv	last #show listing of last logged in users
cat 1.csv awk {'print \$1 + \$2'} paste -d ',' 1.csv -> sum.csv #sum first two column and create a third one, write to sum.csv	ping-c5127.0.0.1 #check networking connectivity
wget -c http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/wget/wget-1.14.tar.xz #download file	free -m #show memory(RAM) usage
<pre>wget -nd -P images/ -r -A.png http://matplotlib.org/gallery.html # Download png files to *images* directory recursively</pre>	file /bin/ls #show file type
<pre>ifconfig -a #will list all the network interfaces and their status</pre>	w #show logged in users and their activity
export PATH=\$PATH:/tmp/bin #add custom executable path	jhead -purejpg Photo/*.jpg #removes EXIF data from jpg files
export PS1="[\d \t \u@\h:\w]\$" #add custom bash prompt	cat 1.txt tr a-z A-Z #convert to uppercase
export http_proxy="http://user:passwd@host:port/" #https_proxy,ftp_proxy	nmcli dev wifi connect <name> password <password> #connect to wifi</password></name>
export no_proxy=10.0.0.0/8,localhost,*.iitb.ac.in,127.0.0.1 #ignore list	<pre>sudo apt-cache search <package> #search packages(debian,ubuntu,mint)</package></pre>
ssh-X root@localhost #login to remote shell, '-X' enables X11	sudo apt-get install <package> #install package</package>
scp -r /etc/udev root@localhost:/tmp #copy to remote machine recursively	sudo apt-get remove <package> #uninstall package</package>
df-h #will list all filesystem disk space usage	sudo dpkg-i <package.deb> #install local deb file</package.deb>
du-sh~#estimate file space usage	dpkg -S /bin/ls #search which package the command belongs to
wc-lwm/etc/passwd #print number of lines, word, and char of file	<pre>yum search <package> #search packages(fedora,centOS,redhat)</package></pre>
diff-y 1.txt 2.txt #show difference of two files	sudo yum install <pre></pre>
cmp 1.txt 2.txt #compare two files byte by byte	sudo yum remove <package> #uninstall package</package>
mkdir sed; cd sed; for i in {11000}; do shuf -n 10 /var/log/dmesg -o \$i.txt; done #create text files with shuffled data, to practice 'sed' command	yum provides /bin/ls #search which package the command belongs to
sed's/[//g' 1.txt #replace '[' with empty string	pdftk A=in.pdf cat A8-12 output new.pdf #extract page 8 to 12
sed 's/[//g' -i.orig {11000}.txt	pdftk 1.pdf 2.pdf cat output 1_plus_2.pdf #add two pdf files
#replace '[' with empty string in place, repeat for 1000 files sed 's\^*[0-9]*[0-9]*\]//g' -i {11000}.txt #eq:' 10.405270]'> \ *[0-9]*\.[0-9]*\]	
sed '1i He was here & HERE on top of every page' -i {11000}.txt Add text following '1i', '1' is the line number	nohup <any-command> & #continue running after logout</any-command>
sed 's/\chere\s/***/gi' -i \{11000\}.txt Replace 'here' & 'HERE' with '****', 'gi' is global & ignore case	mencoder in.ogv -subpos 85 -sub 1.srt -o out.ogv -oac copy -ovc lavc -lavcopts vbitrate=1200 -subfont-text-scale 3 #add subtitles
sed -n '/was//ugly UGLY/p' 1.txt >pat.txt #Print lines between pattern	
	ffmpeg -f alsa -ac 1 -i pulse -acodec pcm_s16le -f x11grab -r 2 -s 1366x768 -i :0.0 -vcodec libtheora -b 800k 2.ogv #record A/V
<pre>sed = sed/10.txt sed 'N;s/n// #Add line number to file</pre>	

Latest/Issues: http://git.io/kOVtRw