### **CAPSTONE PROJECT**

# POWER SYSTEM FAULT DETECTION AND CLASSIFICATION

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### **OUTLINE**

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



# PROBLEM STATEMENT

Design a machine learning model to detect and classify different types of faults in a power distribution system. Using electrical measurement data (e.g., voltage and current phasors), the model should be able to distinguish between normal operating conditions and various fault conditions (such as line-to-ground, line-to-line, or three-phase faults). The objective is to enable rapid and accurate fault identification, which is crucial for maintaining power grid stability and reliability.



# PROPOSED SOLUTION

#### Data Acquisition & Understanding

Utilize the Kaggle dataset containing electrical parameters (Voltage, Current, etc.) under normal and various fault conditions.

#### Data Preprocessing

- Handle missing or inconsistent values
- Normalize/standardize voltage & current readings
- Encode fault types for classification
- Perform feature selection to focus on key electrical signatures

#### Model Design

- Implement supervised machine learning algorithms (e.g., Random Forest, SVM, or Neural Networks)
- Train models to classify:
  - Line-to-Ground Fault
  - Line-to-Line Fault
  - Three-Phase Fault
  - No Fault (Normal)

#### Cloud Integration – IBM Cloud Lite

- Use IBM Watson Studio for model development and training
- Deploy trained model as a REST API using IBM Cloud Functions or IBM Cloud Foundry
- Monitor performance and enable online predictions

#### Evaluation & Optimization

- Assess using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score
- Use confusion matrix for detailed fault classification analysis
- Fine-tune hyperparameters for optimal results

#### Outcome

A reliable ML system that can automatically detect and classify faults, enabling faster fault response and power grid stability.



# SYSTEM APPROACH

The "System Approach" section outlines the overall strategy and methodology for developing and implementing the Power System Fault Detection and Classification model. Here's a suggested structure for this section:

- System requirements Windows 10 OS, 8GB RAM, Python 3.x
- Resources required on IBM Cloud platform to run AutoAl experiment Watson Studio, Cloud
   Object Storage, Watson Machine Learning



# **ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT**

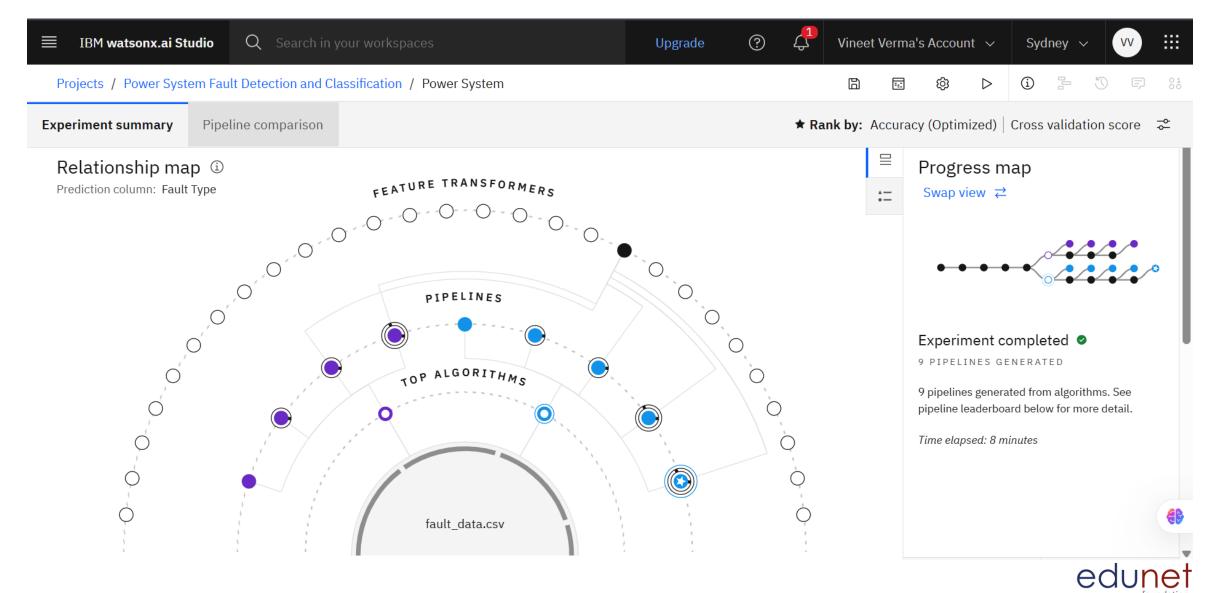
- Step 1 Allocate Cloud Object Storage and Watson Studio in IBM Cloud
- Step 2 Create a new project and enter project name, then click on create
- Step 3 Associate Watson Machine Learning service
- Step 4 Select AutoAl to automatically build models
- Step 5 Enter a name and create the AutoAl experiment
- Step 6 Upload the power system faults dataset from Kaggle to IBM Cloud and select it in AutoAl
- Step 7 Select the target column (Fault Type) to classify fault types based on voltage and current readings
- Step 8 Click on "Run Experiment"
- Step 9 Algorithm Selection:

AutoAl will automate model selection, hyperparameter tuning, and recommend the best classification model for power system faults

- Step 10 Save the model with the highest accuracy
- Step 11 Click "Promote to Deployment Space" to deploy the model
- Step 12 Evaluation and testing using new voltage/current data for fault prediction



# RESULT

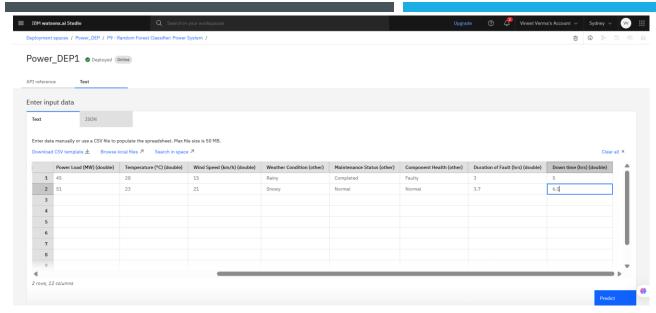


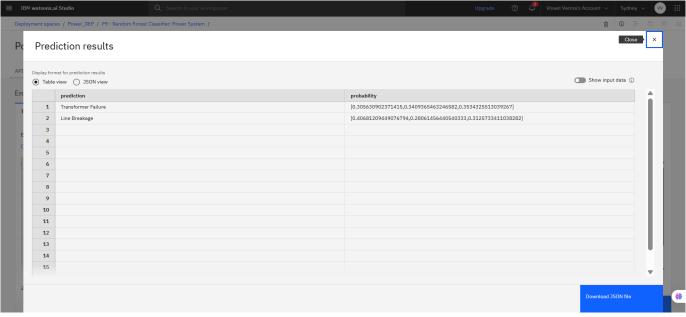


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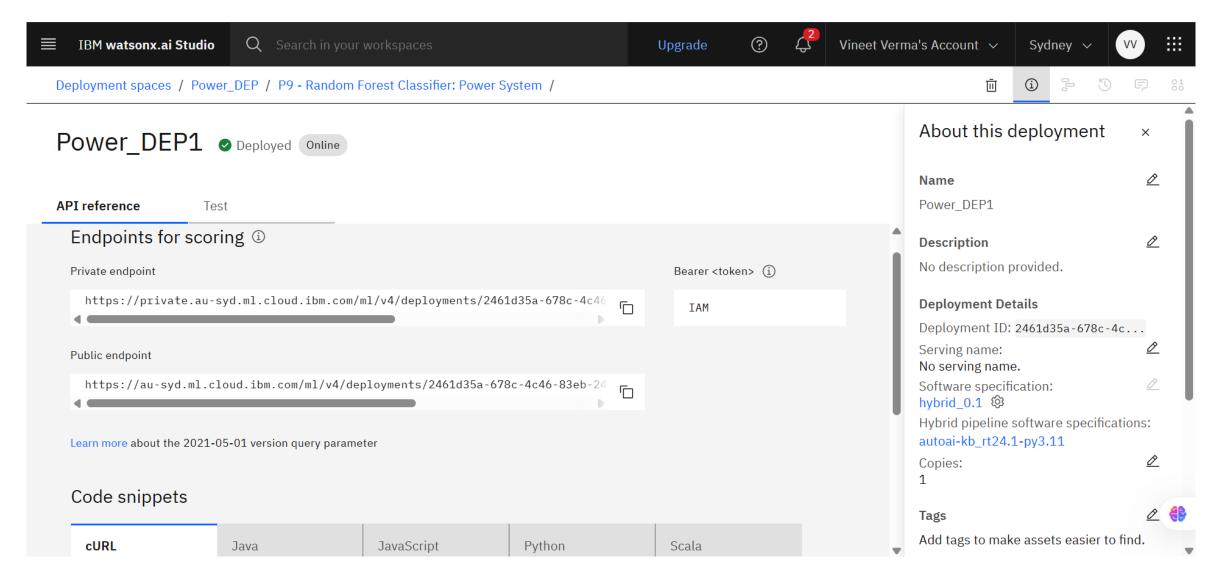
	Rank ↑	Name	Algorithm	Accuracy (Optimized) Cross Validation	Enhancements	Build time
*	1	Pipeline 9	<ul> <li>Batched Tree Ensemble Classifier (Random Forest Classifier)</li> </ul>	0.409	HPO-1 FE HPO-2 BATCH	00:01:41
	2	Pipeline 8	• Random Forest Classifier	0.409	HPO-1 FE HPO-2	00:01:38
	3	Pipeline 4	<ul> <li>Snap Logistic Regression</li> </ul>	0.393	HPO-1 FE HPO-2	00:00:26
	4	Pipeline 3	<ul> <li>Snap Logistic Regression</li> </ul>	0.393	HPO-1 FE	00:00:23













# CONCLUSION

- The system successfully detects and classifies different types of power system faults using machine learning techniques, ensuring rapid and accurate fault identification.
- This approach enables electrical utilities to respond faster to faults, reduce downtime, and maintain grid stability and reliability.
- The results highlight the significance of integrating machine learning into power systems for realtime monitoring and intelligent fault management. By leveraging such data-driven solutions, power distribution networks can become more efficient, resilient, and future-ready.



### **FUTURE SCOPE**

- Real-Time Integration: Connect with SCADA/smart meters for live fault detection.
- Fault Location Estimation: Extend model to pinpoint fault locations on the grid.
- Edge Deployment: Deploy lightweight models on substations for on-site analysis.
- Renewable Support: Adapt system for dynamic behavior from solar and wind sources.
- Scalability: Scale to large power grids using cloud-native and distributed systems.
- Automated Alerts: Use IBM Cloud to trigger real-time alerts and maintenance actions.



# REFERENCES

- ChatGPT
- IBM cloud platform
- Research Paper "Power System Fault Detection and Classification Using Machine Learning" – <u>Link to paper</u>
- Project Link –

https://dataplatform.cloud.ibm.com/projects/846904b4-ea60-4dee-b506-01ca07e1daa7?context=cpdaas



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According to the Adobe Learning Manager system of record

Completion date: 25 Jul 2025 (GMT)

Learning hours: 20 mins



# **THANK YOU**

