# 1233E Operating Systems

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

RAZVAN BEURAN

### About the Course

#### **Topic**

Operating System (OS) concepts

#### Goals

- Understand typical problems in OSs
- Master essential mechanisms in OSs
- Become familiar with resource management

#### What it is NOT!

- How to use X or Y operating system
- Crash course in hacking

### Course Overview

#### Concurrency

- Processes & threads
- Scheduling
- Resource sharing & synchronization

#### **Memory management**

Main memory & virtual memory

#### **Storage**

- Mass storage & I/O
- File system

#### Other topics

- Security & protection
- Virtual machines

### Contact / Resources

#### Instructor

BEURAN Razvan (Information Science Bldg. 2, 7F, Room I-74b)

#### **Teaching assistants**

NGUYEN Huynh Phuong Thanh & TAN Zheyu (tutorial hours)

#### **Email**

i233e@ml.jaist.ac.jp

#### **Online resources: JAIST-LMS**

- Log in and select the course "I233E 2024 Operating Systems"
  - https://dlc-lms.jaist.ac.jp/moodle/course/view.php?id=3159
- View lecture slides, assignments, lecture recordings, discussions, etc.
- Materials on how to prepare the programming environment

### Evaluation

#### Midterm exam

- Date: Tuesday, November 12, 13:30-15:10
- Topics: Concurrency (Lectures #1 #6)

#### Final exam

Date: Tuesday, December 3, 9:00-10:40

Topics: All lectures

### **Assignments**

Every 1-2 weeks

### **Participation**

E.g., discussions, debate

60%	30%	Midterm exam
	30%	Final exam
40%	30%	Assignments
	10%	Participation

### **Policies**

#### Tutorial hours: Tuesdays, 13:30 – 15:10

- Mandatory presence (part of the course)
- Interactive teaching & practical exercises

#### **Absence**

- With valid reason (job hunting, sickness, etc.)
- Must notify us in advance
- Presence at exams is compulsory

#### At exams

- All paper material is authorized (slides, books, your hand notes, etc.)
- PC/tablet OK only for looking at the lecture slides
  - No Internet browsing, no running your programs, no smartphone!

### Policies (2)

#### **Assignments**

- Individual work (no collaboration with your colleagues)
- Use of generative AI is NOT allowed for any purpose

### Plagiarism/Cheating

- No plagiarism of assignments is allowed
- All cheating will be dealt with harshly
  - Reduction of assignment score
  - Canceling of course grade
  - Other disciplinary measures

## Lecture 1 Introduction

1233E OPERATING SYSTEMS

RAZVAN BEURAN

### Today's Topics

### **Operating systems**

- What they are
- Why they exist
- How they work

#### **OS** structure

- Process tree
- File system
- System calls
- Services

### Questions

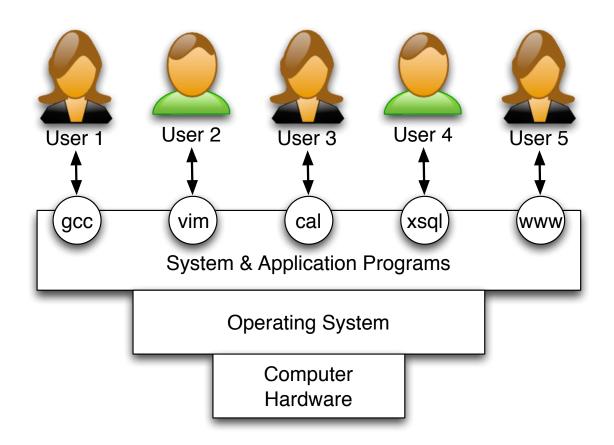
What operating systems do you know?

What is your favorite operating system (and why)?

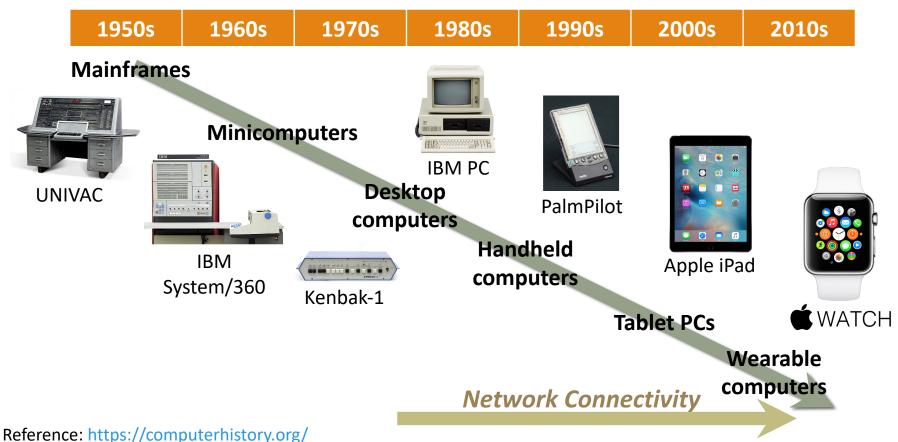
What is an operating system?

What do operating systems do?

### Computer Components

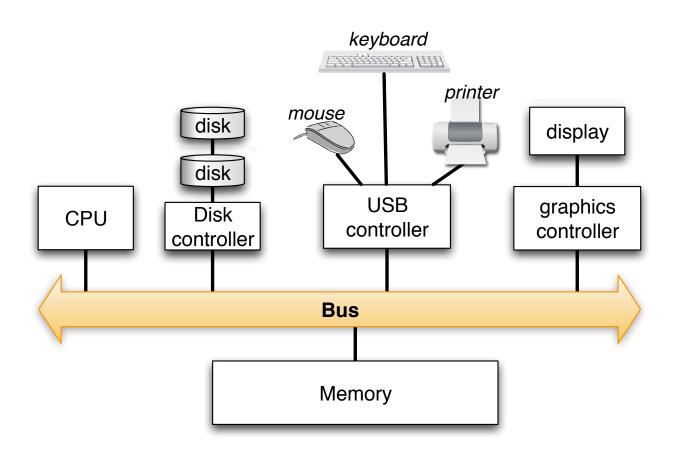


### Feature Migration

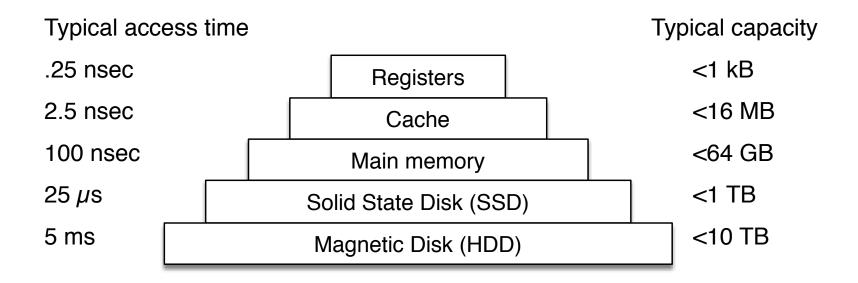


Reference. https://computernistory.org/

### Computer System



### Memory Hierarchy



### Computer Operation

Step 1. Bootstrap

**Step 2. Initialize devices** 

Step 3. Load OS

Step 4. Start "init" process

**Step 5. Run-level programs** 

Step 6. Wait for events

### Computer Events

### **Events are called interrupts**

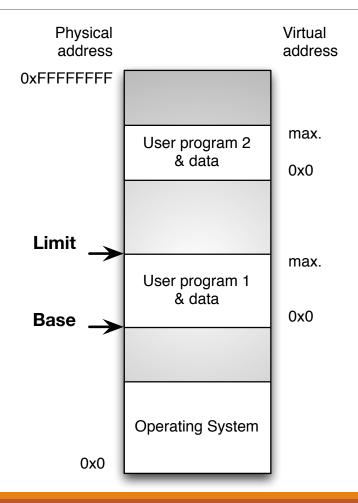
#### **Hardware interrupts**

Events triggered by devices

### **Software interrupts**

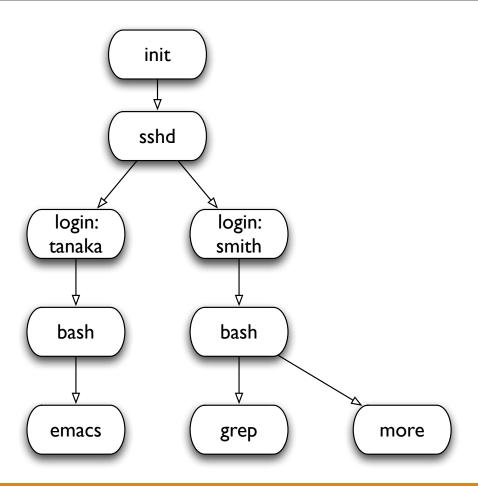
- CPU error
- Unauthorized operation
- System call

### Memory Mapping

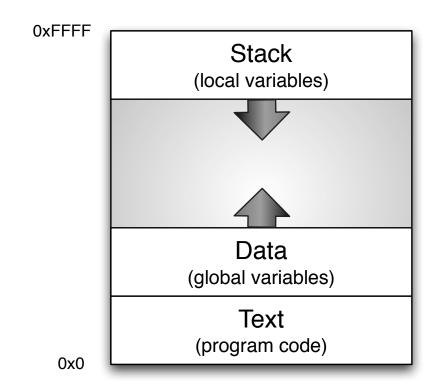


# Operating System Structure

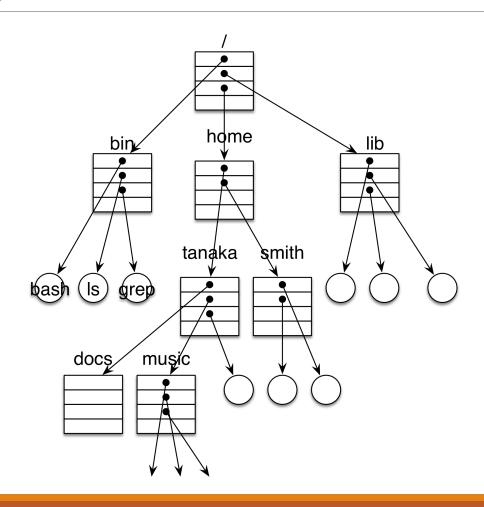
### Process Tree



### Process Memory Structure

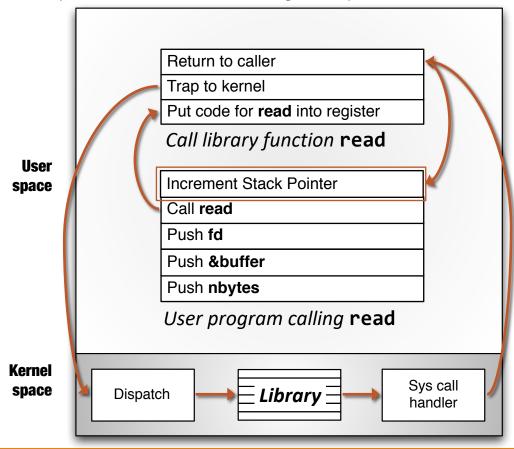


### File System

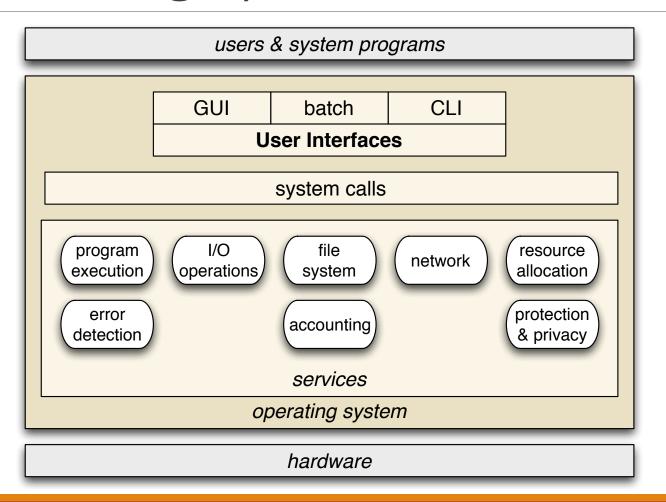


### System Call

count = read(fd, &buffer, nbytes)



### Operating Systems Services



### Summary

#### **Operating systems**

- Needed to manage computers so that they can "serve" users
- Manage various components, such as CPU, memory, peripherals, etc.

#### **OS** structure

- Process tree to handle processes
- File system to handle files
- System calls serve as interface for user programs
- Services provide the desired functionality to user programs

### **Next Time**

**Processes** 

**Operations on processes** 

Inter-process communication