

Project 13: Using Kernel Debugging Commands with WinDbg (15 pts.)

What You Need

- A Windows 10 machine with Livekd working, as prepared in the previous project. This project should work on Win 7 or any later version, but I only tested it on Windows 10.

Purpose

Practice using simple WinDbg commands.

Starting Configuration

You should have Livekd running, which launched WinDbg, as you did at the end of the previous project.

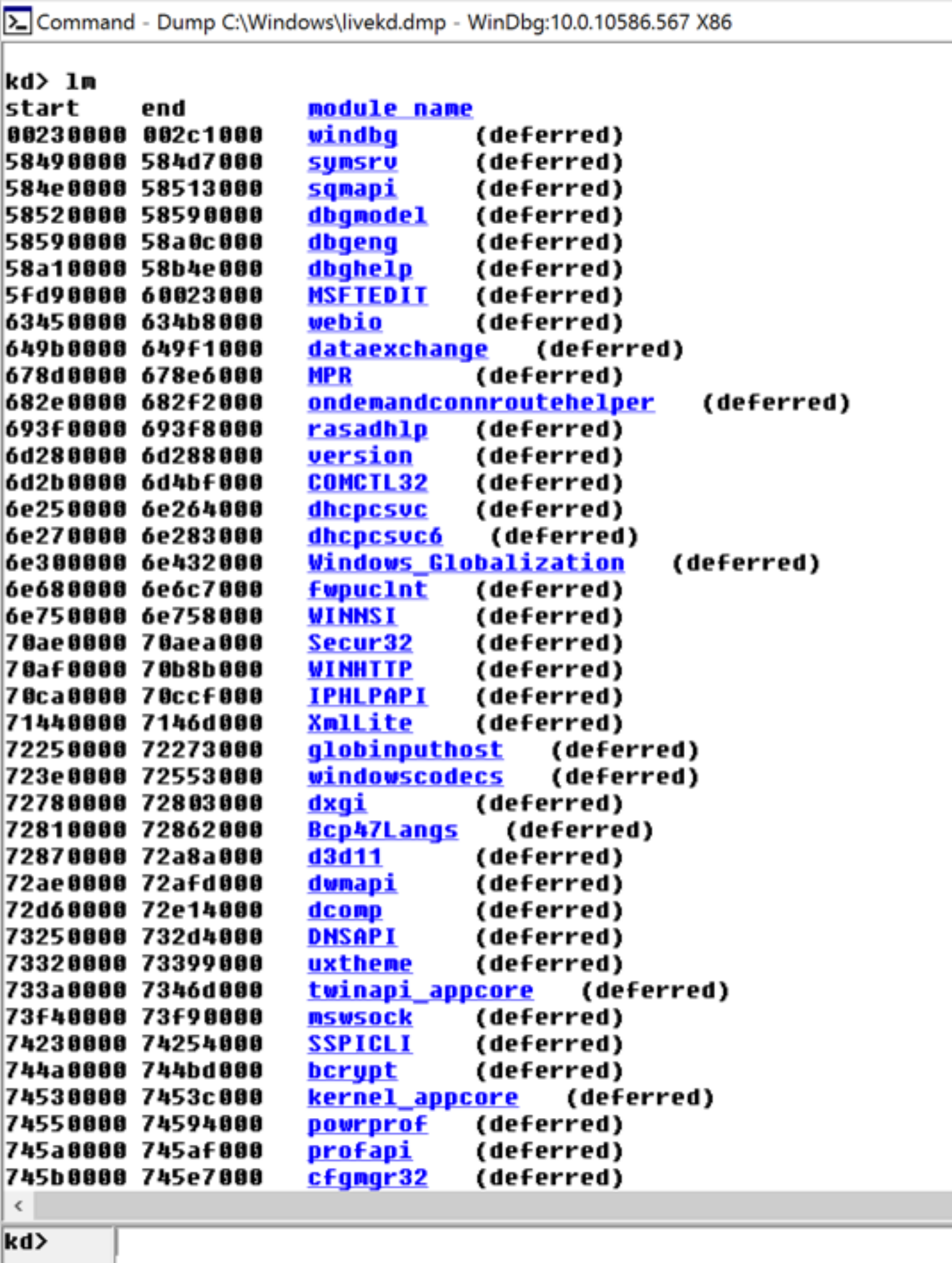
Listing Modules with lm

At the bottom of the Command window, in the command bar, execute this command:

lm

A long list of loaded modules scrolls by.

Scroll back to see the **lm** command you entered, and the first few loaded kernel modules, as shown below.



Scroll down to find the module named **nt**, as shown below. It's easy to spot because it'e one of the few modules that shows a Symbols path.

This is Ntoskrnl, the main kernel module.

Command - Dump C:\Windows\livekd.dmp - WinDbg:10.0.10586.567 X86

761a0000	762bF000	MSCIE	(deferred)	
762c0000	776be000	SHELL32	(deferred)	
776c0000	77704000	sechost	(deferred)	
77710000	7779d000	shcore	(deferred)	
777c0000	7793b000	ntdll	(pdb symbols)	c:\symbols\ntdll.pdb\1D800FA4B5D64C84B7E9AA03C5E8A7121\ntdll.pdb
80a00000	80a4a000	CLFS	(deferred)	
80a50000	80a6b000	tm	(deferred)	
80a70000	80a83000	PSHED	(deferred)	
80a90000	80a9a000	BOOTVID	(deferred)	
80aa0000	80aaa000	cmimcext	(deferred)	
80ab0000	80ab9000	ntosex	(deferred)	
80ac0000	80b4b000	CI	(deferred)	
80b50000	80bdd000	mcupdate_GenuineIntel	(deferred)	
80be0000	80bec000	werkernel	(deferred)	
810ee000	810f6000	kd	(deferred)	
81c00000	81c18000	wfplwfs	(deferred)	
81c20000	81df2000	tcpip	(deferred)	
82002000	825f5000	nt	(pdb symbols)	c:\symbols\ntkrpamp.pdb\F87A1D466E474BEB96AE200E68D9671E1\ntkrpamp.pdb
825f5000	82654000	nai	(deferred)	
82800000	8286b000	spaceport	(deferred)	
82870000	82883000	volmgr	(deferred)	

Viewing Memory

In WinDbg, execute this command:

dd nt

You see the first several bytes of Ntoskrnl.exe, as shown below.

This may be more familiar in ASCII.

In WinDbg, execute this command:

da nt


You see the characters "MZ" --they are at the start of every EXE file.

```
kd> dd nt
804d7000  00905a4d  00000003  00000004  0000ffff
804d7010  000000b8  00000000  00000040  00000000
804d7020  00000000  00000000  00000000  00000000
804d7030  00000000  00000000  00000000  000000e0
804d7040  0eba1f0e  cd09b400  4c01b821  685421cd
804d7050  70207369  72676f72  63206d61  6f6e6e61
804d7060  65622074  6e757220  206e6920  20534f44
804d7070  65646f6d  0a0d0d2e  00000024  00000000
kd> da nt
804d7000  "MZ."
```

In WinDbg, execute this command:

da nt+4c

You see the message "This program cannot be run in DOS mode", as shown below:



```
kd> dd nt
82002000  00905a4d  00000003  00000004  0000ffff
82002010  000000b8  00000000  00000040  00000000
82002020  00000000  00000000  00000000  00000000
82002030  00000000  00000000  00000000  00000280
82002040  0eba1f0e  cd09b400  4c01b821  685421cd
82002050  70207369  72676f72  63206d61  6f6e6e61
82002060  65622074  6e757220  206e6920  20534f44
82002070  65646f6d  0a0d0d2e  00000024  00000000
kd> da nt
82002000  "MZ."
kd> da nt+4c
8200204c  "..!This program cannot be run in "
8200206c  "DOS mode....$"
kd>
```

Saving a Screen Image

Make sure you can see the message "This program cannot be run in DOS mode", as shown above.

On your keyboard, press the PrntScrn key.

Open Paint and paste the image in.

YOU MUST SUBMIT WHOLE-DESKTOP IMAGES TO GET FULL CREDIT.

Save the image with a filename of "Proj 13a from YOUR NAME".

Searching for Functions

In WinDbg, execute this command:

x nt!*

This finds all the functions in Ntoskrnl.

There are a lot of them, as shown below:

```
kd> x nt!*
8203f570      nt!KiQuantumEnd (<no parameter info>)
8249a555      nt!SmcCacheAdd (<no parameter info>)
82003268      nt!GUID_CONSOLE_LOCKED = <no type information>
8225c556      nt!CmpInitializeHive (<no parameter info>)
8222b644      nt!PopDripsWatchdogAction = <no type information>
820e7cda      nt!FsRtlpOplockKeysEqual (<no parameter info>)
823359da      nt!ObReleaseDuplicateInfo (<no parameter info>)
821af20a      nt!MiInsertClone (<no parameter info>)
82506f46      nt!UfZwOpenEnlistment (<no parameter info>)
821a54df      nt!MiQueuePageFileExtension (<no parameter info>)
8212efea      nt! ?? ::FNODOBFM::`string' (<no parameter info>)
82545d94      nt!pXdvDriverStartIo = <no type information>
8221d3d9      nt!CmpLockTablePresent = <no type information>
821b783e      nt!PoAddThermalTriageData (<no parameter info>)
8236b290      nt!PopValidateExistingHiberFile (<no parameter info>)
824f16b1      nt!UiGenericVerifyIrpStackUpward (<no parameter info>)
82228390      nt!_imp__WerLiveKernelCancelReport = <no type information>
8239f79a      nt! ?? ::NNGAKEGL::`string' (<no parameter info>)
821da46e      nt!ExSaFree (<no parameter info>)
820e4f8c      nt!SepMatchCapability (<no parameter info>)
82331366      nt!CmpGetIndexElementSize (<no parameter info>)
821d6f7a      nt!ExAllocatePoolWithQuota (<no parameter info>)
<
kd>
```

In WinDbg, execute this command:

x nt!*Create*

This finds all the functions in Ntoskrnl that contain the word "Create".

There are a lot of them, too.

In WinDbg, execute this command:

x nt!*CreateFile*

This finds all the functions in Ntoskrnl that contain the word "CreateFile".

There are only about ten of those, including "nt!NtCreateFile", as shown below:

```
kd> x nt!*CreateFile*
822cb2f0      nt!IopCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
8253e6e8      nt!pXdvIoCreateFile = <no type information>
8253eaf4      nt!pXdvZwCreateFile = <no type information>
822cb1da      nt!IoCreateFileEx (<no parameter info>)
825068a8      nt!UfZwCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
824ca86b      nt!BiCreateFileDeviceElement (<no parameter info>)
8253ebe0      nt!pXdvNtCreateFile = <no type information>
8233808e      nt!IoCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
82505df6      nt!VerifierNtCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
82344560      nt!IoCreateFileSpecifyDeviceObjectHint (<no parameter info>)
821198b0      nt!ZwCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
822cb2b0      nt!NtCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
824f8665      nt!VerifierIoCreateFile (<no parameter info>)
<
kd>
```

Unassembling a Function

In WinDbg, execute this command:

u nt!NtCreateFile

This shows the first few bytes of the function, disassembled, as shown below:

```
kd> u nt!NtCreateFile
nt!NtCreateFile:
822cb2b0 8bff      mov     edi,edi
822cb2b2 55        push   ebp
822cb2b3 8bec      mov     ebp,esp
822cb2b5 51        push   ecx
822cb2b6 6a00      push   0
822cb2b8 6a20      push   20h
822cb2ba 6a00      push   0
822cb2bc 6a00      push   0
<
kd>
```

To see more of this function, it helps to use the WinDbg Disassembly window.

If the Command window is maximized, make it smaller.

From the WinDbg menu bar, click **View, Disassembly**.

In the Offset bar at the top, enter

nt!NtCreateFile

This shows the assembly code before and after the start of the NtCreateFile function, as shown below:

Disassembly - Dump C:\Windows\livekd.dmp - WinDbg:10.0.10586.567 X86

Offset: **nt!NtCreateFile**

Previous


Next

822cb289	ff751c	push	dword ptr [ebp+1Ch]
822cb28c	6a01	push	1
822cb28e	ff7518	push	dword ptr [ebp+18h]
822cb291	6a00	push	0
822cb293	6a00	push	0
822cb295	ff7514	push	dword ptr [ebp+14h]
822cb298	ff7510	push	dword ptr [ebp+10h]
822cb29b	e850000000	call	nt!IopCreateFile (822cb2f0)
822cb2a0	5d	pop	ebp
822cb2a1	c21800	ret	18h
822cb2a4	cc	int	3
822cb2a5	cc	int	3
822cb2a6	cc	int	3
822cb2a7	cc	int	3
822cb2a8	cc	int	3
822cb2a9	cc	int	3
822cb2aa	cc	int	3
822cb2ab	cc	int	3
822cb2ac	cc	int	3
822cb2ad	cc	int	3
822cb2ae	cc	int	3
822cb2af	cc	int	3
nt!NtCreateFile:			
822cb2b0	8bff	mov	edi,edi
822cb2b2	55	push	ebp
822cb2b3	8bec	mov	ebp,esp
822cb2b5	51	push	ecx
822cb2b6	6a00	push	0
822cb2b8	6a20	push	20h
822cb2ba	6a00	push	0
822cb2bc	6a00	push	0
822cb2be	6a00	push	0
822cb2c0	ff7530	push	dword ptr [ebp+30h]
822cb2c3	8b550c	mov	edx,dword ptr [ebp+0Ch]
822cb2c6	ff752c	push	dword ptr [ebp+2Ch]
822cb2c9	8b4d08	mov	ecx,dword ptr [ebp+8]
822cb2cc	ff7528	push	dword ptr [ebp+28h]
822cb2cf	ff7524	push	dword ptr [ebp+24h]
822cb2d2	ff7520	push	dword ptr [ebp+20h]
822cb2d5	ff751c	push	dword ptr [ebp+1Ch]
822cb2d8	ff7518	push	dword ptr [ebp+18h]
822cb2db	ff7514	push	dword ptr [ebp+14h]
822cb2de	ff7510	push	dword ptr [ebp+10h]
822cb2e1	e80a000000	call	nt!IopCreateFile (822cb2f0)

In the Offset bar at the top, enter

nt!NtCreateFile+16

Resize this window to make the entire function visible. Drag the mouse through it to highlight the entire function, as shown below.



Disassembly - Dump C:\Windows\livekd.dmp - WinDbg:10.0.10586.567 X86

Offset: **nt!NtCreateFile+16**

822cb2a6	cc	int	3
822cb2a7	cc	int	3
822cb2a8	cc	int	3
822cb2a9	cc	int	3
822cb2aa	cc	int	3
822cb2ab	cc	int	3
822cb2ac	cc	int	3
822cb2ad	cc	int	3
822cb2ae	cc	int	3
822cb2af	cc	int	3
nt!NtCreateFile:			
822cb2b0	8bff	mov	edi,edi
822cb2b2	55	push	ebp
822cb2b3	8bec	mov	ebp,esp
822cb2b5	51	push	ecx
822cb2b6	6a00	push	0
822cb2b8	6a20	push	20h
822cb2ba	6a00	push	0
822cb2bc	6a00	push	0
822cb2be	6a00	push	0
822cb2c0	ff7530	push	dword ptr [ebp+30h]
822cb2c3	8b550c	mov	edx,dword ptr [ebp+0Ch]
822cb2c6	ff752c	push	dword ptr [ebp+2Ch]
822cb2c9	8b4d08	mov	ecx,dword ptr [ebp+8]
822cb2cc	ff7528	push	dword ptr [ebp+28h]
822cb2cf	ff7524	push	dword ptr [ebp+24h]
822cb2d2	ff7520	push	dword ptr [ebp+20h]
822cb2d5	ff751c	push	dword ptr [ebp+1Ch]
822cb2d8	ff7518	push	dword ptr [ebp+18h]
822cb2db	ff7514	push	dword ptr [ebp+14h]
822cb2de	ff7510	push	dword ptr [ebp+10h]
822cb2e1	e80a000000	call	nt!IopCreateFile (822cb2f0)
822cb2e6	59	pop	ecx
822cb2e7	5d	pop	ebp
822cb2e8	c22c00	ret	2Ch
822cb2eb	cc	int	3
822cb2ec	cc	int	3
822cb2ed	cc	int	3

Saving a Screen Image

Make sure you have highlighted the entire function, as shown above.

On your keyboard, press the PrntScrn key.

Open Paint and paste the image in.

YOU MUST SUBMIT WHOLE-DESKTOP IMAGES TO GET FULL CREDIT.

Save the image with a filename of "**Proj 13b from YOUR NAME**".

Online Help

Close the Disassembly window.

In WinDbg, execute this command:

?

You see the first page of the online help, as shown below:

```
kd> ?
Open debugger.chm for complete debugger documentation

B[C|D|E][<bps>] - clear/disable/enable breakpoint(s)
BL - list breakpoints
BA <access> <size> <addr> - set processor breakpoint
BP <address> - set soft breakpoint
D[type][<range>] - dump memory
DT [-n|y] [[mod!]name] [[-n|y]fields]
    [address] [-l list] [-a[]|c|i|o|r[#]|v] - dump using type information
DV [<name>] - dump local variables
DX [-r[#]] <expr> - display C++ expression using extension model (e.g.: NatVis)
E[type] <address> [<values>] - enter memory values
G[H|N] [=<address> [<address>...]] - go
K <count> - stacktrace
KP <count> - stacktrace with source arguments
LM[k|l|u|v] - list modules
LN <expr> - list nearest symbols
P [=<addr>] [<value>] - step over
Q - quit
R [[<reg> [= <expr>]]] - view or set registers
S[<opts>] <range> <values> - search memory
SX [{e|d|i|n} [-c "Cmd1"] [-c2 "Cmd2"] [-h] {Exception|Event|*}] - event filter
T [=<address>] [<expr>] - trace into
U [<range>] - unassemble
version - show debuggee and debugger version
X [<*>|module>?]<*>|symbol> - view symbols
? <expr> - display expression
?? <expr> - display C++ expression
$< <filename> - take input from a command file

Hit Enter...
```


Press Enter to see the other page.

Viewing Type Information for a Structure

In WinDbg, execute this command:

dt nt!_DRIVER_OBJECT

This shows the first few lines of a driver object structure, which stores information about a kernel driver, as shown below. Notice the **DriverStart** pointer--this contains the location of the driver in memory.



```
kd> dt nt!_DRIVER_OBJECT
+0x000 Type           : Int2B
+0x002 Size           : Int2B
+0x004 DeviceObject   : Ptr32 _DEVICE_OBJECT
+0x008 Flags          : Uint4B
+0x00c DriverStart    : Ptr32 Void
+0x010 DriverSize     : Uint4B
+0x014 DriverSection  : Ptr32 Void
+0x018 DriverExtension: Ptr32 _DRIVER_EXTENSION
+0x01c DriverName     : _UNICODE_STRING
+0x024 HardwareDatabase: Ptr32 _UNICODE_STRING
+0x028 FastIoDispatch : Ptr32 _FAST_IO_DISPATCH
+0x02c DriverInit      : Ptr32 long
+0x030 DriverStartIo  : Ptr32 void
+0x034 DriverUnload   : Ptr32 void
+0x038 MajorFunction  : [28] Ptr32 long
```

Saving a Screen Image

Make sure the **DriverStart** pointer is visible, as shown above.

On your keyboard, press the PrntScrn key.

Open Paint and paste the image in.

YOU MUST SUBMIT WHOLE-DESKTOP IMAGES TO GET FULL CREDIT.

Save the image with a filename of "Proj 13c from YOUR NAME".

Turning in Your Project

Email the images to: **cnit.126sam@gmail.com** with a subject line of **Proj 13 From Your Name**, replacing Your Name with your own first and last name. Send a Cc to yourself.

Posted 4-4-16 by Sam Bowne