

# VINICIUS GOMES DE LIMA

✉ [vinicius.gomes.lima@alumni.usp.br](mailto:vinicius.gomes.lima@alumni.usp.br) | [vinic-lima.github.io](https://github.com/vinic-lima)

## FORMAÇÃO

<b>Escola de Economia de São Paulo, FGV</b> <i>Doutorado em Economia</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Tese: Essays in Applied Microeconomics</li><li>Orientador: Vladimir Ponczek</li></ul>	2017-2021
<b>Escola de Economia de São Paulo, FGV</b> <i>Mestrado em Economia</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Dissertação: Peer Effects in Active Learning</li><li>Orientador: Vladimir Ponczek</li></ul>	2015-2017
<b>Universidade de São Paulo, FEA/USP</b> <i>Graduação em Economia</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Monografia: Determinantes da Eficiência na Educação Municipal</li><li>Orientador: André Luis Squarize Chagas</li></ul>	2009-2013

## EXPERIÊNCIA PROFISSIONAL

<b>Instituto de Ensino e Pesquisa, Insper</b> <i>Pesquisador de pós-doutorado</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Desenvolvo o projeto <i>Efeitos do combate à violência doméstica sobre o mercado de trabalho</i>, financiado pela FAPESP (Processo 22/13078-7) e com supervisão do professor Rodrigo Soares.</li></ul>	2023-atual
<b>Escola de Economia de São Paulo, FGV</b> <i>Professor</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Professor da graduação em Economia entre 2019 e 2022 nas disciplinas <i>Introdução à Economia, Teoria Microeconômica I, Organização Industrial, Matemática I e II, Álgebra Linear, Probabilidade, Estatística, Econometria I e Projetos II</i>.</li><li>Monitor do mestrado profissional em Economia entre 2018 e 2020 nas disciplinas <i>Estatística e Econometria</i>.</li><li>Monitor da graduação em Economia entre 2016 e 2018 nas disciplinas <i>Teoria Microeconômica I, Econometria I (cross-section) e Econometria II (dados em painel)</i>.</li></ul>	2016-2022
<b>Institute for Fiscal Studies</b> <i>Assistente de pesquisa na área de Finanças Públicas</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>O trabalho consistia em organizar bases de dados de saúde do Reino Unido e desenvolver um programa em <i>Stata</i> para estimação de um modelo de fatores latentes.</li><li>Como parte do projeto, realizei o <i>Safe Researcher Training</i> do <i>Office for National Statistics (ONS)</i> do Reino Unido. O objetivo do treinamento é capacitar pesquisadores para a manipulação e análise de dados pessoais e sensíveis. Como resultado, recebi do ONS uma identificação de <i>accredited researcher</i> que pode ser encontrada <a href="#">aqui</a>.</li></ul>	2022
<b>FGV LEARN</b> <i>Assistente de pesquisa no Lab for Evaluation Analysis and Research in Learning</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Trabalhei no desenvolvimento de avaliações de impacto em projetos de educação com os professores Vladimir Ponczek e Cristine Pinto.</li></ul>	2018-2020
<b>FGV Clear</b> <i>Assistente de pesquisa no Center for Learning on Evaluation and Results for Brazil and Lusophone Africa</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Trabalhei no desenvolvimento de avaliações de impacto em projetos de diferentes áreas com os professores Lycia Lima e André Portela.</li></ul>	2016-2018

**Capítulo de livro**

2019

- LIMA, V. G.; PONCZECK, V. ; ULYSSEA, G. . Enforcement of Labour Regulation and the Labour Market Effects of Trade: Evidence from Brazil. In: Marc Bacchetta, Emmanuel Milet e José-Antonio Monteiro. (Org.). *Making Globalization More Inclusive: Lessons from experience with adjustment policies*. 1ed. Genebra: WTO Publications, 2019, v. , p. 71-85.

APRESENTAÇÕES

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**Encontro Brasileiro de Econometria (SBE)**

- Lima, V. (2023). *Domestic Violence Law Enforcement and Women's Labor Market Participation*. 45º EBE.
- Lima, V.; Ponczek, V.; Tavares, P. (2022) *Peer Effects in Active Learning*. 44º EBE.

**Encontro Nacional de Economia (ANPEC)**

- Lima, V.; Ponczek, V.; Tavares, P. (2018) *Efeitos de Pares em Active Learning*. 46ª ANPEC.
- Instrutor em sessão especial sobre Métodos de Avaliação de Impacto realizada pelo FGV Clear. 44ª ANPEC (2016).

**Seminários Acadêmicos**

- FEA-RP/USP, Junho/2024.
- PIMES/UFPE, Setembro/2024.

PARECERES EM PERIÓDICOS

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Brazilian Review of Econometrics  
Revista EconomiA  
Revista Análise Econômica

TRABALHOS EM PROGRESSO

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**Domestic Violence Law Enforcement and Women's Labor Market Participation**

- Abstract: This paper uses Brazilian data to investigate the effects of a law aimed at tackling domestic violence on women's labor market participation in a difference-in-differences framework. The law increased the probability of punishment of DV perpetrators, and the paper's main hypothesis is that it improved women's negotiating position within households, leading to a redistribution of bargaining power in favor of them. The identification strategy leverages spatial heterogeneity in the access to police stations, the first step into the justice system. The paper's main finding shows that after the policy, married women living at an average distance of 2.7 km from a police station (the 90th percentile) would have experienced a 2.9% increase in their labor market participation rate had they lived at an average of 1.1 km (the 10th percentile). I show supporting evidence of reduced women's hospitalization due to violence and that reporting of crimes related to domestic violence responded consistently. These findings shed light on the interplay between law enforcement, household dynamics, and labor market outcomes.

**Peer Effects in Active Learning** (com Vladimir Ponczkek e Priscilla Tavares)

- Abstract: This paper studies peer effects in an active learning environment, where peer interaction is a meaningful learning mechanism. Identification of peer effects relies on the random assignment of students to different disciplines in a higher education institution. We leverage random variation in the peers' ability distribution across groups and in the frequency at which peers meet for group work and show that social proximity among peers is increasing in the number of groups the students share and in how close they are in terms of their predetermined ability. Our main results show that replacing a socially distant peer with a closer one increases the average score of low-ability students in written exams by 2.8%. Also, the probability that low-ability students receive an evaluation corresponding to outstanding performance in group work increases by 30%, which demonstrates that social proximity makes them exert more effort. There are no detectable effects on the high-ability students' grades. This highlights the importance of peer interaction in positive peer effects on the academic performance of low-skilled individuals.

**Group size, member selection, and performance: Evidence from legislative elections in Brazil**

- Abstract: This paper provides empirical evidence on the causal effects of group size on member selection and performance. Using data from local legislative elections in Brazil in a difference-in-differences framework, I explore an electoral reform that reduced the maximum number of candidates allowed in coalitions disputing legislative seats. The reform did not change the number of candidates and parties in the election, which was possible because in municipalities affected by the new cap parties reorganized into 21% more coalitions than would be expected without the reform. I discuss how the heterogeneity of the candidates combined with the characteristics of the coalitions' production functions led to the recruitment of candidates who were 1% wealthier and the election of city councilors who were 17% wealthier, on average. The reform achieved the goal of reducing campaign costs, which fell by 9%. However, the election of wealthier politicians is an unintended consequence that is in the opposite direction of reducing the power of money in politics.

**Tit-for-Tat between Legislative and Executive** *(com Eduardo Ferraz e Lucas Finamor)*

- Neste projeto, propomos uma definição de *close election* para eleições proporcionais e, usando dados de eleições e emprego do Brasil entre 2003 e 2018, analisamos o impacto de maior apoio legislativo sobre o padrão de contratações de apoiadores políticos para cargos no poder executivo (*patronage*). Resultados preliminares mostram que o apoio de um vereador a mais (11% do total de vereadores, em média) reduz em 10% a probabilidade de contratação de doadores de campanha ou candidatos a vereador não eleitos.