

# Tarea Basica - Factorial numero natural

01

$$a) 4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 24$$

$$b) 5! - 6! = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \\ = 120 - 720 = -600$$

$$c) \frac{9!}{6!} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{720} = \frac{362,880}{720} = 504$$

$$d) \frac{98}{100} = \frac{98!}{(100, 99, 98!) \cdot 100 \cdot 99} = \frac{1}{9900}$$

02 (MACK)

$$\frac{L}{n!} - \frac{n}{(n+L)!} = \frac{1}{n!} - \frac{n}{(n+1)!(n+1)}$$

$$[n(n-1) + (-n)]/(n+1)!$$

$$1/(n+L)$$

03 - (UNISA)

$$\frac{(n!)^2 - (n-1)! \cdot n!}{(n-1)! \cdot n!} = \frac{[(n!)^2 - (n-1)! \cdot n!]}{(n-1) \cdot n!}$$

$$\frac{n! \cdot n! - (n-1)! \cdot n!}{(n-1)! \cdot n!}$$

$$\frac{n! - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!}$$

$$= \frac{n \cdot (n-1)! - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)! \cdot (n-1)}{(n-1)!} = \textcircled{(n-1)!}$$

$$n - (n-1) = 0$$

06 (Pc CSP)

$$(n+1)![(n+1)! - n!]$$

$$\frac{(n+1) + [(n+1)! - n!]}{(n-1)![(n+1)! - n!(n-1)!]} =$$

$$\frac{(n+1)![(n-1)![(n+1).n - n!]}{(n-1)![n(n-1)(n+1-1)]} =$$
$$\frac{(n-1)![n(n-1)!]}{(n-1)![n(n-1)!]} =$$

$$\frac{[n(n-1)!]}{[n(n-1)!]} =$$

$$\frac{(n!)^2}{D}$$

07  $\frac{n! + (n-1)!}{(n+1)! - n!} = \frac{6}{25}$

$$\frac{n(n-1)! + (n-1)!}{(n+1)! - n!} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)![(n+1)! - 1]}{n![(n+1)! - 1]} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$\frac{(n+1)![(n+1)! - 1]}{n(n-1)![n(n+1)! - 1]} = \frac{6}{25}$$

continua →

$$\frac{n+1}{n^2} \times \frac{6}{25}$$

$$6n^2 = 25(n+1)$$

$$6n^2 = 25n + 25$$

$$6n^2 - 25n - 25 = 0$$

$$\Delta = (-25)^2 - 4 \cdot 6 \cdot (-25)$$

$$\Delta = 1225$$

(c)

$$n = \frac{-25 \pm \sqrt{1225}}{2 \cdot 6}$$

$$n = \frac{-25 \pm 35}{12}$$

$$n_1 = \frac{-60}{12} = 5$$

$$n = \frac{-60}{12} = 5$$