

ECE355 - Homework VI

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3.28

Determine the Fourier series coefficients of the following signals. In addition, plot the magnitude and phase of each set of coefficients a_k .

(a.a)

$$x[n] := \begin{cases} \mathcal{U}[n] & , -2 \leq n \leq 5 \\ x[n+7] & \end{cases}$$

We have that:

$$\begin{aligned} a_k &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_0^{N-1} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{7} \sum_0^6 x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{7} \sum_0^5 \mathcal{U}[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \\ \Rightarrow a_k &= \frac{1}{7} \sum_0^4 e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \end{aligned}$$

For $k = 0$, we have $a_0 = \frac{5}{7}$.

Otherwise, let us take a Geometric Series with first term a_0 , a ratio q , and n' elements, its sum S may be calculated by:

$$S = \frac{a_0 - a_0 q^{n'}}{1 - q} \quad (1)$$

Using (1), we have:

$$a_k = \frac{1}{7} \frac{1 - e^{-5jk\omega_0}}{1 - e^{-jk\omega_0}} = \frac{1}{7} \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2}jk\omega_0} (e^{\frac{5}{2}jk\omega_0} - e^{-\frac{5}{2}jk\omega_0})}{e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} (e^{\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0})}$$

However, from the Euler's formula:

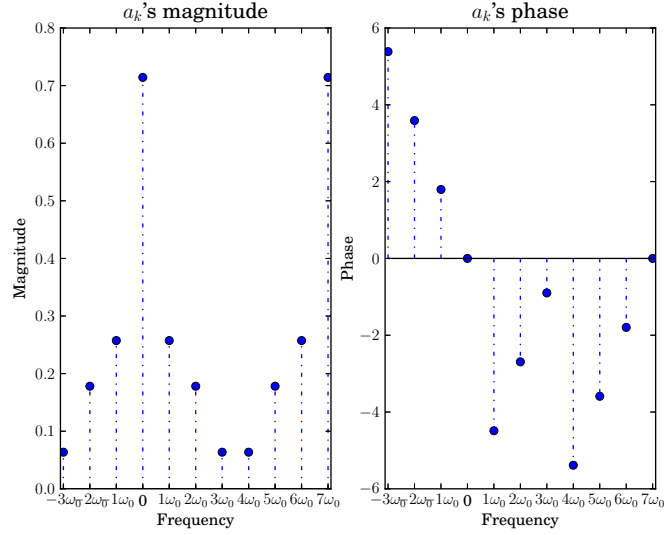
$$\begin{aligned} e^{jz} &= \cos(z) + j\sin(z) \\ e^{-jz} &= \cos(z) - j\sin(z) \\ \hline e^{jz} - e^{-jz} &= 2j\sin(z) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Using (2), we have:

$$a_k = \frac{1}{7} \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2}jk\omega_0} [2j\sin(\frac{5}{2}k\omega_0)]}{e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} [2j\sin(\frac{1}{2}k\omega_0)]} = \frac{e^{-2jk\omega_0} \sin(\frac{5}{2}k\omega_0)}{\sin(\frac{1}{2}k\omega_0)}$$

But we have that $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N}$, so:

$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{7} & , \text{ for } k = 0 \\ \frac{e^{-\frac{5\pi}{7}jk} \sin(\frac{5\pi}{7}k)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{7}k)} & , \text{ for } k \neq 0 \end{cases}$$



(a.b)

$$x[n] := \begin{cases} \mathcal{U}[n] & , -2 \leq n \leq 4 \\ x[n+6] & \end{cases}$$

We have that:

$$\begin{aligned} a_k &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_0^{N-1} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^5 x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^3 \mathcal{U}[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \\ \Rightarrow a_k &= \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^3 e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \end{aligned}$$

For $k = 0$, we have $a_0 = \frac{2}{3}$.

Otherwise, using (1), we have:

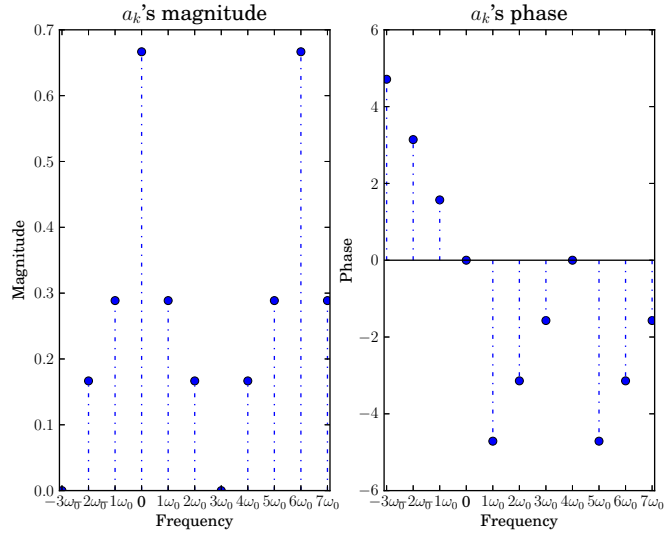
$$a_k = \frac{1}{6} \frac{1 - e^{-4jk\omega_0}}{1 - e^{-jk\omega_0}} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{e^{-2jk\omega_0} (e^{2jk\omega_0} - e^{-2jk\omega_0})}{e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} (e^{\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0})}$$

Using (2), we have:

$$a_k = \frac{1}{6} \frac{e^{-2jk\omega_0} [2j \sin(2k\omega_0)]}{e^{-\frac{1}{2}jk\omega_0} [2j \sin(\frac{1}{2}k\omega_0)]} = \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2}jk\omega_0}}{6} \frac{\sin(2k\omega_0)}{\sin(\frac{1}{2}k\omega_0)}$$

But we have that $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N}$, so:

$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{3} & , \text{ for } k = 0 \\ \frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}jk} \sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}k)}{6 \sin(\frac{\pi}{6}k)} & , \text{ for } k \neq 0 \end{cases} ,$$



(a.c)

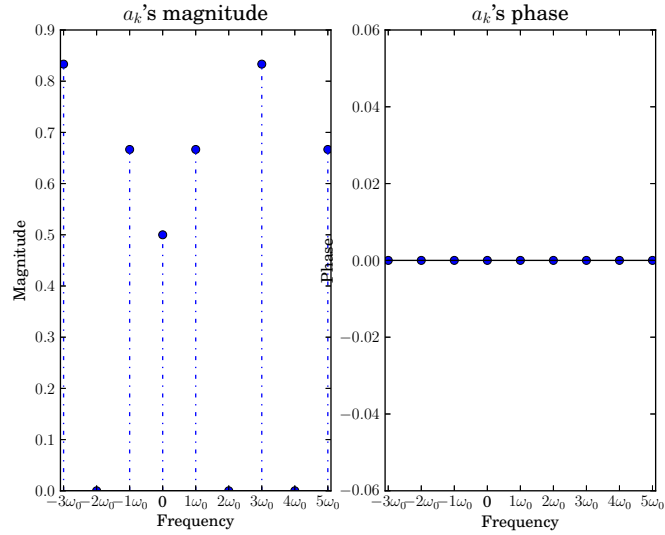
$$x[n] := \begin{cases} 1 & , n = 0 \\ 2 & , n = 1 \text{ or } n = 5 \\ -1 & , n = 2 \text{ or } n = 4 \\ 0 & , n = 3 \\ x[-n] & \\ x[n+6] & \end{cases}$$

We have that:

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_0^{N-1} x[n]e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^5 x[n]e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^5 x[n] [\cos(k\omega_0 n) - j\sin(k\omega_0 n)]$$

Since $x[n]$ is even, it will not have any sine component, so:

$$\begin{aligned} a_k &= \frac{1}{6} \sum_0^5 x[n]\cos(k\omega_0 n) \\ \Rightarrow a_k &= \frac{1}{6} \left\{ 1 + 2 \left[\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{5k\pi}{3}\right) \right] - 1 \left[\cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{4k\pi}{3}\right) \right] \right\} \\ \Rightarrow a_k &= \frac{1}{6} \left\{ 1 + 2 \left[\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{3}\right) \right] - 1 \left[\cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{3}\right) \right] \right\} \\ \Rightarrow a_k &= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{3}\right) - \frac{1}{3}\cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{3}\right) \end{aligned}$$



3.29

Given the Fourier series coefficients of the following discrete-time signals, which are periodic with period 4, determine the signal $x[n]$.

(a)

$$x[n] \begin{cases} 4(\delta[n-1] + \delta[n-7]) + 4j(\delta[n-3] - \delta[n-5]) & , 0 < n < 7 \\ x[n+8] \end{cases}$$

(c)

$$x[n] \begin{cases} 1 + (-1)^n + 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) + 2\cos\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right) & , 0 < n < 7 \\ x[n+8] \end{cases}$$

(d)

$$x[n] \begin{cases} 2 + 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\cos\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right) & , 0 < n < 7 \\ x[n+8] \end{cases}$$