Revisão trigonometria

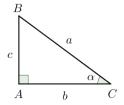
Prof. Dr. Vinícius Wasques

Universidade Paulista - Unip, Campus Swift Campinas

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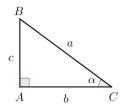
Revisão de trigonometria



- O lado a representa a hipotenusa do triângulo
- Os lados b e c são os catetos do triângulo
- Teorema de Pitágoras: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2$



Revisão de trigonometria

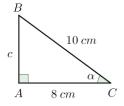


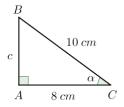
•
$$sen(\alpha) = \frac{cateto\ oposto}{hipotenusa} = \frac{c}{a}$$

•
$$cos(\alpha) = \frac{cateto \ adjacente}{hipotenusa} = \frac{b}{a}$$

•
$$tg(\alpha) = \frac{sen(\alpha)}{cos(\alpha)} = \frac{cateto oposto}{cateto adjacente} = \frac{c}{b}$$



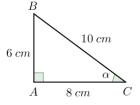


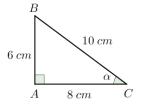


Primeiro determinemos o valor do cateto oposto c.

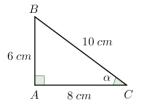
$$10^2 = 8^2 + c^2 \Rightarrow c^2 = 100 - 64 \Rightarrow c^2 = 36 \Rightarrow c = 6$$





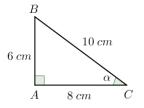


$$sen(\alpha) = \frac{6}{10} = 0,6$$



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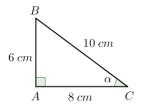
$$\cos(\alpha) = \frac{8}{10} = 0,8$$



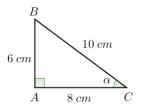
$$sen(\alpha) = \frac{6}{10} = 0,6$$

$$\cos(\alpha) = \frac{8}{10} = 0.8$$

$$tg(\alpha) = \frac{6}{8} = 0,75$$



Note que:
$$sen^2(\alpha) + cos^2(\alpha) = (0,6)^2 + (0,8)^2 = 0,36+0,64=1$$



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$$sen^2(\alpha) + cos^2(\alpha) = (0,6)^2 + (0,8)^2 = 0,36+0,64=1$$

Isso sempre ocorre, isto é, a seguinte propriedade é válida

$$sen^2(\alpha) + cos^2(\alpha) = 1$$

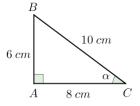


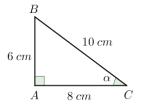
Outras relações importantes

•
$$sec(\alpha) = \frac{1}{cos(\alpha)}$$

•
$$cossec(\alpha) = \frac{1}{sen(\alpha)}$$

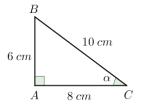
•
$$cotg(\alpha) = \frac{cos(\alpha)}{sen(\alpha)}$$





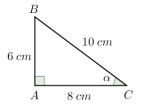
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$$cossec(\alpha) = \frac{1}{0.6} \approx 1,67$$



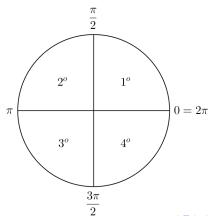
$$sec(\alpha) = \frac{1}{0.8} = 1,25$$

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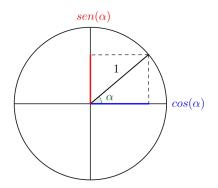
$$cotg(\alpha) = \frac{0.8}{0.6} \approx 1.34$$

Ciclo Trigonométrico

O ciclo trigonométrico é uma circunferência de raio igual a 1 e comprimento 2π .



Ciclo Trigonométrico



Os ângulos podem ser dados em graus ou radianos. Sendo que, π radianos = 180 graus.

Obrigado pela atenção!

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