# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 28258

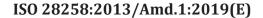
First edition 2013-10-01 **AMENDMENT 1** 2019-09

## Soil quality — Digital exchange of soil-related data

## **AMENDMENT 1**

Qualité du sol — Échange numérique de données relatives au sol AMENDEMENT 1







#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190, Soil quality.

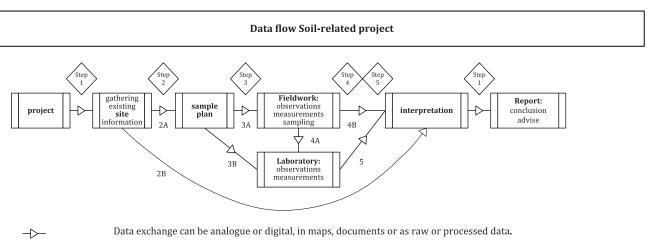
Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Soil quality — Digital exchange of soil-related data

#### AMENDMENT 1

Introduction

Replace Figure 1 with the following one:



The boxes represent soil quality-related activities.

The arrows represent data exchange steps between the activities.

The figure shows that in a typical soil quality project there might easily be 9 main stages where data is exchanged or recorded.

Figure 1 — Common data exchanges in soil quality

#### Clause 1

Add the following paragraph at the end of the second paragraph:

"(Meta-)Data about the quality of soil information can be included according to ISO 19157."

#### Clause 3

At the end of definition 3.1, add the following note:

"Note 2 to entry: ISO 19156:2011 uses the term specimen for what is called a sample in soil science."

In Note 1 of 3.20, replace the term "profile information" by "soil profile information" as follows:

"Note 1 to entry: All types of plots only provide locality, but not soil information itself. For example, a borehole is the location where you gather the information to abstract a soil profile information from."

In 3.33, replace the term "profile" by "soil profile" in the definition, as follows:

"excavation prepared to carry out soil profile descriptions, sampling, and/or field tests"

#### 4.1

In the first paragraph, replace the term "soil quality data" by "soil-related data" as follows:

"This International Standard is specifically made for the exchange of soil-related data. It does not deal with the nevertheless very common use and exchange data from other disciplines, like geotechnics, geo-information, or groundwater investigation and management."

In the fourth paragraph, replace the term "soil quality data" by "soil-related data" as follows:

"If soil-related data defined according to this International Standard are combined with other kinds of data, the soil-related part shall be performed, using the XML namespace "ISO 28258"."

In the last paragraph but one, replace the term "soil quality data" by "soil-related data" and the term "soil quality information" by "soil-related information" as follows:

"Clause 5 provides the information model for the exchange of soil-related data used in this International Standard. All soil-related information shall (eventually) refer to a specific place (point, location, mapping unit) in or under the surface of the earth. For all geographical information, the ISO 19100 family of International Standards is used."

#### 4.2

Replace the title "Requirements worked out" by "Provisions for flexible adaptation".

Replace the first paragraph with the following:

"This International Standard requires that the exchange of soil-related data uses an information model based on ISO 19156. The general model of ISO 19156 is adapted to soil-related data; maintaining flexibility as regards the attribute parameters."

*5.1* Replace Figure 2 with the following one:

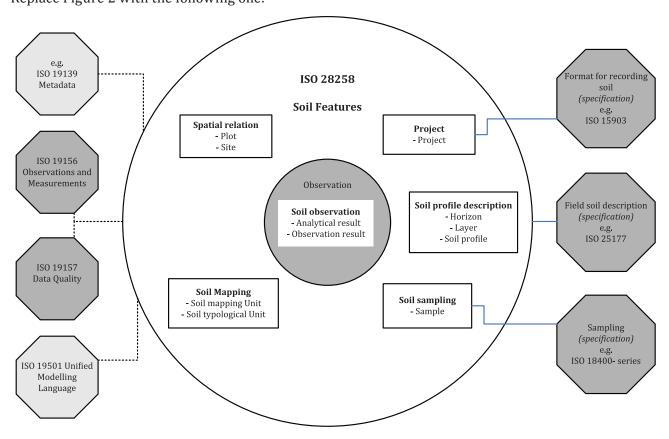


Figure 2 — Inner structure of soil information and its setting within other standards

#### 5.2.1 d), e) and f)

Replace the term "SF\_Process" by "OM\_Process" and the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile" as follows:

- "d) The OM\_Process is restricted to PreparationProcess."
- "e) FeatureType of Observation:featureOfInterest is restricted to *Site*, *Plot*, *SoilProfile*, *ProfileElement*, and *SoilSpecimen* including all their subclasses. It means that only properties of these feature types may be observed."
- "f) FeatureType of SF\_SamplingFeature: *sampledFeature* is restricted to *Site*, *Plot*, *SoilProfile*, and *ProfileElement* including all their subtypes."

#### 5.2.3

In Tables 1 and 2, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile".

Replace the last paragraph with the following:

"An observation may be done only on observable properties of any feature of interest; however, features of interest are restricted to Site, Plot, SoilProfile, ProfileElement (i. e. Layer and Horizon), and SoilSpecimen, including all their subtypes. General observable properties introduced by this model are listed in Table 2. Additional observable properties may be introduced by a data provider.

Any other properties introduced by this model except for those listed in Table 2 are considered to be exact."

5.3Replace Figure 3 with the following one:

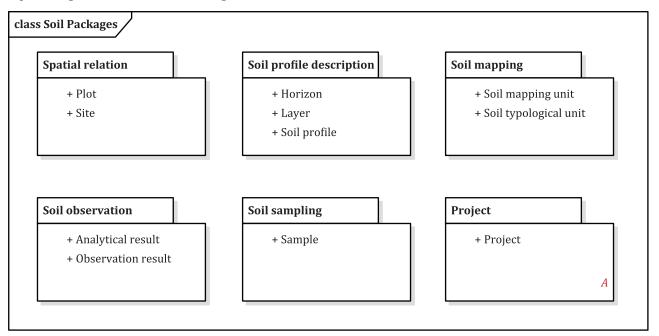


Figure 3 — General SoilQuality packages

5.4 Replace Figure 4 with the following one:

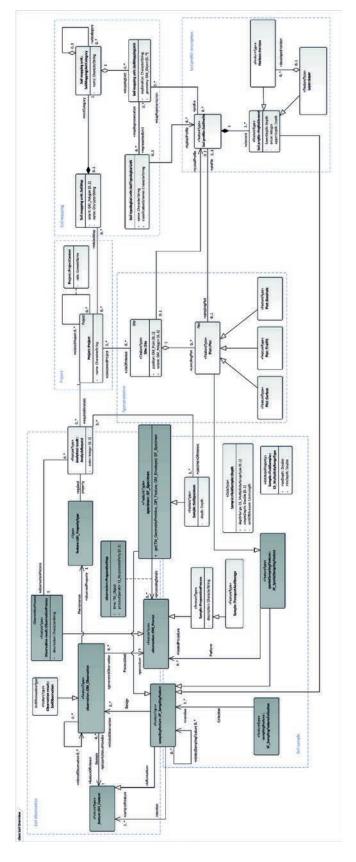


Figure 4 — Overview of sub-models (see Figures 5 to 10 for details)

Replace Figure 5 with the figure one:

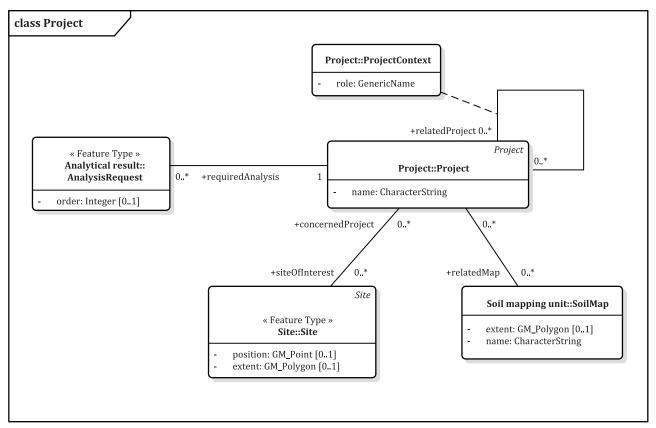


Figure 5 — Details — Project

6.2

Replace Figure 6 with the following one:

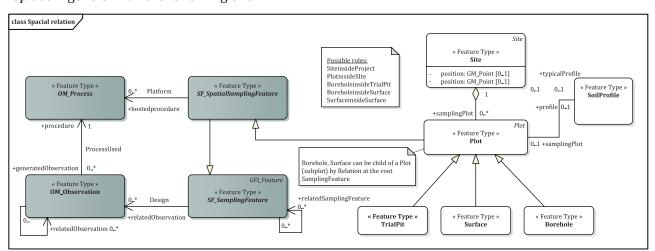


Figure 6 — Details — Spatial relation

Add the following Note at the end of the last paragraph:

"NOTE The attribute *extent* of the feature SoilMap describes the spatial (geographic) extent of the complete soil map. ISO 19107 refers to this as *envelope*."

In Table 5, add the following new row:

SoilMappingUnit	geometry	attribute	GM_Object	0*
after this existing ro	ow:			
SoilMappingUnit	explanation	attribute	CharacterString	1

#### Replace Figure 7 with the following one:

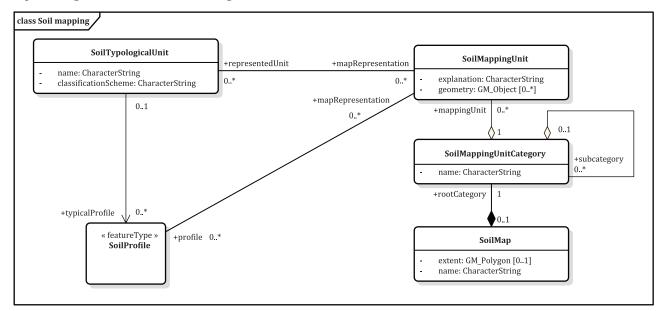


Figure 7 — Details — Soil mapping

### Replace Figure 8 with the following one:

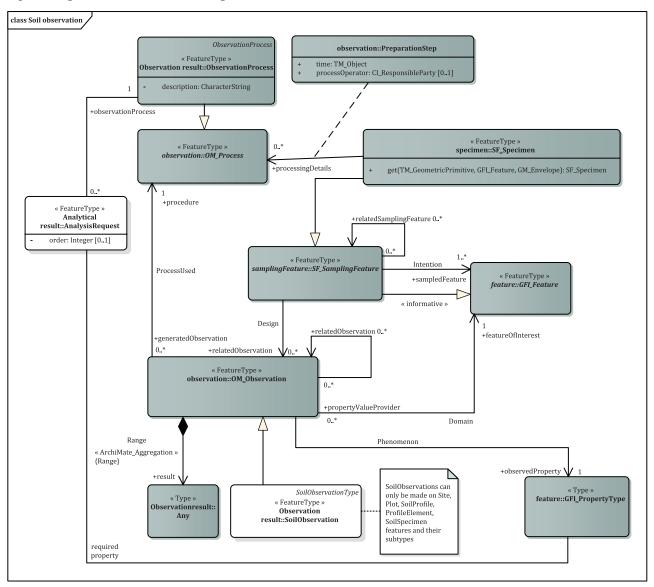


Figure 8 — Details — Soil observation

Replace Figure 9 with the following one:

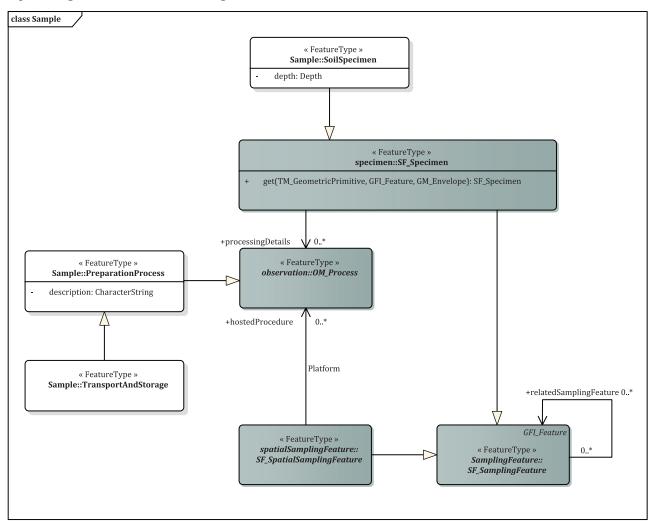


Figure 9 — Details — Sample

6.8

Replace the title "Profile description" by "Soil profile description".

In the first paragraph, replace the term "profile" by "soil profile" as follows:

"The submodel soil profile description contains and relates the typical soil scientific concepts of soil profile, layer and soil horizon. The soil profile is an abstract, ordered set of soil horizons and/or layers. Horizons develop in layers which in turn have been developed through geogenesis or anthropogenic action. Furthermore, layers can be used to describe common characteristics of a set of adjoining horizons. Horizons may be associated with the layer in which they have been developed through pedogenesis. Because layers and horizons share the same basic properties (i.e. both have upper and lower depth information and have a position in the order within the soil profile), both are subclasses of the feature type ProfileElement. See Table 8."

In Table 8, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile".

Replace Figure 10 with the following one: class Soil profile description GFI\_Feature « FeatureType » +relatedSamplingFeature  $SF\_Spatial Sampling Feature$ « FeatureType » SF\_SamplingFeature Only soil sampling features such as boreholes Plot « FeatureType » Plot +profile +samplingPlot « FeatureType » SoilProfile +samplingPlot 0..\* +typicalProfile 0..1 Site 0..1 « FeatureType » The soil profile could Site +element have a name, soil type position: GM\_Point [0..1] description or soil type code extent: GM\_Polygon [0..1] « FeatureType » ProfileElement lowerDepth: Depth order: Integer upperDepth: Depth « FeatureType » « FeatureType » The layer is the result of +developedHorizon Layer non-pedogenic processes or a grouping of 0..1 pedogenic horizons

Figure 10 — Details — Soil profile

#### Clause 8

Replace the title "Validation software (control tools)" by "Validation software (check tools)".

#### Annex A

In the column "Feature type":

Replace "Soilobservation" by "SoilObservation".

The horizon could have a horizon symbol (or notation), and further properties described, eg. carbonate content or cation exchange capacity. Horizons can directly be linked to profiles, or via the (geogenic) layer, in which they have formed.

Replace "Profile" by "SoilProfile".

Replace "Profileelement" by "ProfileElement".

#### C.1.1

Replace the fourth paragraph with the following:

"This International Standard expects that every data provider or anyone who needs an exchange format for soil-related data extends SoilML classes with properties which are suitable for his or her data model, or simply fill the attributes for which (s)he has data. This extension of the SoilML UML model shall also appear in the XSD. Therefore, the data provider (or the one who defines the exchange format) has to create two different kinds of files:"

#### C.1.2

Replace "Profile" by "SoilProfile" in the 8<sup>th</sup> list item.

#### C.2

Replace the last example with the following:

"EXAMPLE 2 See the xlink:href = "#plot1" listing that enables linking the plot1 from the project1."

#### C.3.2

Replace the last but second paragraph and the example with the following:

"Both ways of expression incorporate definition of units of measure, i.e. the *uom* concept similarly to other International Standards (e.g. ISO 19115-1 and ISO/TS 19139). In other words, each depth element presented above contains the mandatory *uom* attribute.

EXAMPLE Minimum depth 23,7 cm and maximum depth 56,2 cm would be encoded in the following way:

```
<sq:maxDepth uom="cm">56.2</sq:maxDepth>
<sq:minDepth uom="cm">23.7</sq:minDepth>"
```

#### C.5.2.1 a

Replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile" as follows:

"a) Property SoilObservation.**featureOfInterest** is restricted to Site, Plot, SoilProfile, ProfileElement, and SoilSpecimen including all their subtypes."

#### C.5.2.1

In the sentence before EXAMPLE, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile" as follows:

"However, the set of observable properties can and should be extended with provider-specific properties related to Site, Plot, SoilProfile, ProfileElement and/or SoilSpecimen, including their subtypes."

In the sentence after EXAMPLE, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile" as follows:

"Observed property can be a simple attribute as well as an association role, so it is possible to observe Plot.elevation as well as Plot.profile. Observation of a Plot.profile can be considered as related not only to SoilProfile itself, but also to its property values (elements, meaning Layers and Horizons, their order, depths, etc.)."

In Table C.3, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile".

#### C.5.3.2

In the last sentence before EXAMPLE 3, replace the term "Profile" by "SoilProfile" as follows:

"In the case of object types (e.g. sq:SoilProfile, sq:ProfileElement), the duplicity should be avoided using the by-reference mode."

#### *C.*6

Replace the text with the following:

This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of the Web references named.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="windows-1252"?>
<schema
    xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
    xmlns:sq="http://www.iso28258.org"
    xmlns:om="http://www.opengis.net/om/2.0"
    xmlns:sam="http://www.opengis.net/sampling/2.0"
    xmlns:sams="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpatial/2.0"
    xmlns:spec="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpecimen/2.0"
    elementFormDefault="qualified"
    targetNamespace="http://www.isotc190.org/SoilML.xsd"
    version="2.0">
  <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" schemaLocation="http://schemas.</pre>
opengis.net/gml/3.2.1/gml.xsd"/>
  <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/om/2.0" schemaLocation="http://schemas.</pre>
opengis.net/om/2.0/observation.xsd"/>
  <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/sampling/2.0" <import namespace="http://</pre>
schemas.opengis.net/iso/19139/20070417/gss/geometry.xsd"/> schemaLocation="http://schemas.
opengis.net/sampling/2.0/samplingFeature.xsd"/>
  <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpatial/2.0" schemaLocation="http://</pre>
schemas.opengis.net/samplingSpatial/2.0/spatialSamplingFeature.xsd"/>
  <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpecimen/2.0" schemaLocation="http://</pre>
schemas.opengis.net/samplingSpecimen/2.0/specimen.xsd"/>
  <element name="PreparationProcess" type="sq:PreparationProcessType" substitutionGroup="g</pre>
```

```
ml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>PreparationProcess
Preparation process is a subtype of OM_Process (also known as SF_Process). It is a process
used to prepare the specimen. It has one subtype TransportAndStorage.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="PreparationProcessType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="description" type="string"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="PreparationProcessPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:PreparationProcess"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Project" type="sq:ProjectType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>project
The project holds the background information for soil studies. A project does not describe
the soil as such. It is of importance to exchange project data along with other soil
quality data in order to know the aim and circumstances of data collection. The project
provides the context of the data collection as a prerequisite for the proper use or reuse
of these data.
The project information also may be the starting point to retrieve further information
that cannot be exchanged using soil quality. For example, the name of an author or the
project number may be the key for finding a report or decision document.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="ProjectType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="name" type="string"/>
          <element name="siteOfInterest" type="sq:SitePropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
gml/3.2">sq:concernedProject</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
          <element name="relatedMap" type="sq:SoilMapPropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          <element name="relatedProject" type="sq:ProjectContextPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          <element name="requiredAnalysis" type="sq:AnalysisRequestPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="ProjectPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Project"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="qml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="ProjectContextPropertyType">
```

<sequence>

```
<element ref="sq:ProjectContext"/>
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
  <element name="ProjectContext" type="sq:ProjectContextType"/>
  <complexType name="ProjectContextType">
      <element name="role" type="gml:ReferenceType"/>
      <element name="relatedProject" type="gml:ReferenceType">
        <annotation>
          <appinfo>
            <gml:targetElement>sq:Project/gml:targetElement>
          </appinfo>
        </annotation>
      </element>
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Depth" type="sq:DepthType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractObject">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>
Depth is a datatype which can both simple depth (e.g. 60cm) or depth extent (e.g.
Depth is implemented as a choice of GML Quantity or GML QuantityExtent.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="DepthType">
    <choice>
      <element name="extent" type="gml:QuantityExtentType"/>
      <element name="simple" nillable="true">
        <complexType>
          <simpleContent>
            <extension base="gml:MeasureType">
              <attribute name="nilReason" type="gml:NilReasonType"/>
          </simpleContent>
        </complexType>
      </element>
    </choice>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="DepthPropertyType">
    <sequence>
      <element ref="sq:Depth"/>
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilSpecimen" type="sq:SoilSpecimenType" substitutionGroup="spec:SF_</pre>
Specimen">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>soil specimen
Soil specimen is a subtype of SF_Specimen. Soil specimen may be taken in the Site, Plot,
SoilProfile, or ProfileElement including their subtypes.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="SoilSpecimenType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="spec:SF_SpecimenType">
          <element name="depth" id="SoilSpecimen_depth" type="sq:DepthPropertyType"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SoilSpecimenPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilSpecimen"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilObservation" type="sq:SoilObservationType" substitutionGroup="om:OM_</pre>
```

An observation is an act associated with a discrete time instant or period through which a number, term or other symbol is assigned to a phenomenon. It involves application of a specified procedure, such as a sensor, instrument, algorithm or process chain. The procedure may be applied in situ, remotely, or ex situ with respect to the sampling location. The result of an observation is an estimate of the value of a property of some feature. Use of a common model allows observation data using different procedures to be combined unambiguously.

```
</annotation>
</element>
<complexType name="SoilObservationType">
  <complexContent>
    <extension base="om:OM_ObservationType">
      <sequence/>
    </extension>
  </complexContent>
</complexType>
<complexType name="SoilObservationPropertyType">
  <sequence minOccurs="0">
    <element ref="sq:SoilObservation"/>
  </sequence>
  <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
  <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
</complexType>
<element name="Site" type="sq:SiteType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature">
  <annotation>
    <documentation>site
```

defined area which is subject to a soil quality investigation

A site is a defined, spatially extended area and provides the real world object to which soil data are related. It represents the spatial link between point, linear and areal soil observations on the one hand and its environment (e.g. the landscape or larger spatial objects) on the other. As such, it provides the possibility to connect data on spatially extended phenomena, e.g. vegetation, with point, linear and areal sampling features (plots). It also allows for the possibility to combine the results of (quasi-)synchronous repetitions of observations of the same kind. The site is furthermore the time link between repeated soil observations, e.g. in the framework of a soil monitoring. Generally, within one single project, a site is spatially invariant, but contains all plots for single or repeated observations and samplings, both related to one point in time or several points in time. Very often, the data obtained on a site are considered to originate from one single point in further data processing and evaluation.

In terms of OM, each site is a sampled feature of its plots which are spatial sampling features. Site serves also as a typical feature of interest of soil observations.</d>

```
<element name="extent" id="Site_extent">
              <complexType>
                <complexContent>
                  <extension base="gml:AbstractMemberType">
                    <sequence minOccurs="0">
                      <element ref="gml:Polygon"/>
                    </sequence>
                    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
                  </extension>
                </complexContent>
              </complexType>
            </element>
            <element name="position" id="Site_position" type="gml:PointPropertyType"/>
          </choice>
          <element name="typicalProfile" id="Site_typicalProfile"</pre>
type="sq:ProfilePropertyType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <element name="samplingPlot" type="sq:PlotPropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SitePropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Site"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="TrialPit" type="sq:TrialPitType" substitutionGroup="sq:Plot">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>trial pit, test pit, trench
excavation prepared to carry out profile descriptions, sampling, and/or field tests
Trial pit is a subtype of a plot with point shape. A trial pits may have an associated
soil profile. TrialPit represents the location of a dug soil opening made to observe the
soil.
[ISO 11074]
For the purposes of this International Standard, the term trial pit is used.</
documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="TrialPitType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:PlotType">
        <sequence/>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="TrialPitPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:TrialPit"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Layer" type="sq:LayerType" substitutionGroup="sq:ProfileElement">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>layer
domain of a soil with a certain vertical extension developed through non-pedogenic
processes, displaying an unconformity to possibly over- or underlying adjacent domains
Note 1: In the framework of soils deeply modified by human activity, artificial layers may
be due to different kinds of deposits (concrete, bricks, etc.).
Note 2: Layers may be part of a horizon.</documentation>
    </annotation>
```

```
</element>
  <complexType name="LayerType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:ProfileElementType">
        <sequence>
          <element name="developedHorizon" id="Layer_developedHorizon"</pre>
type="sq:HorizonPropertyType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="LayerPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Layer"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="TransportAndStorage" type="sq:TransportAndStorageType" substitutionGroup=</pre>
"sq:PreparationProcess">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>TransportAndStorage
TransportAndStorage is a subtype of preparation process. It represents transportation and
storage of soil specimen.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="TransportAndStorageType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:PreparationProcessType">
        <sequence/>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="TransportAndStoragePropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:TransportAndStorage"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="AnalysisRequest" type="sq:AnalysisRequestType" substitutionGroup="gml:Abs</pre>
tractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>analysis requeset
AnalysisRequest is a description of an analysis which should be carried out on soil
specimens.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="AnalysisRequestType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="order" type="integer" minOccurs="0"/>
          <element name="requiredProperty" type="gml:ReferenceType" nillable="true">
              <appinfo>
                <gml:targetElement>xs:anyType
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
          <element name="observationProcess" type="sq:ObservationProcessPropertyType"/>
          <element name="specimenOfInterest" type="sq:SoilSpecimenPropertyType"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
```

```
<complexType name="AnalysisRequestPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:AnalysisRequest"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilMappingUnit" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitType" substitutionGroup="gml:Abs</pre>
tractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>SoilMappingUnit (SMU)
Soil mapping unit is a map legend category with unique map symbol within the soil map.
Each mapping unit is related exactly to one map (through category tree). Mapping unit may
represent one or more soil typological units, whereas soil typological unit may occur
within one or more mapping units.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="SoilMappingUnitType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="representedUnit" type="sq:SoilTypologicalUnitPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
gml/3.2">sq:mapRepresentation</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
          <element name="delineation" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <complexType>
              <complexContent>
                 <extension base="gml:AbstractMemberType">
                  <sequence minOccurs="0">
                     <element ref="gml:Polygon"/>
                  </sequence>
                  <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
                </extension>
              </complexContent>
            </complexType>
          <element name="explanation" type="string"/>
          <element name="profile" type="sq:ProfilePropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
gml/3.2">sq:mapRepresentation</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SoilMappingUnitPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilMappingUnit"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="ProfileElement" type="sq:ProfileElementType" abstract="true" substitution</pre>
Group="qml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>profile element
Profile element is an abstract feature type grouping layers and horizons. Profile element
```

```
may be considered as a horizontal feature that is parallel to the earth surface and that
is part of the profile.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="ProfileElementType" abstract="true">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
        <sequence>
          <element name="order" id="ProfileElement_order" type="integer"/>
          <element name="upperDepth" id="ProfileElement_upperDepth"</pre>
type="sq:DepthPropertyType"/>
          <element name="lowerDepth" id="ProfileElement_lowerDepth"</pre>
type="sq:DepthPropertyType"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="ProfileElementPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:ProfileElement"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilTypologicalUnit" type="sq:SoilTypologicalUnitType" substitutionGroup=</pre>
"gml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>SoilTypologicalUnit (STU)
Soil typological unit is a non-spatial unit of systematically similar soils. Each soil
typological unit is related exactly to one map (see constraint).</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="SoilTypologicalUnitType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
        <sequence>
          <element name="name" type="string"/>
          <element name="classificationScheme" type="string"/>
          <element name="typicalProfile" type="sq:ProfilePropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          <element name="mapRepresentation" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
gml/3.2">sq:representedUnit</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SoilTypologicalUnitPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilTypologicalUnit"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilMap" type="sq:SoilMapType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>SoilMap
SoilMap is a soil map or soil map series with unified classification of soil mapping units
and soil typological units.</documentation>
```

</annotation>

```
</element>
  <complexType name="SoilMapType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
        <sequence>
          <element name="name" type="string"/>
          <element name="extent" minOccurs="0">
            <complexType>
              <complexContent>
                <extension base="gml:AbstractMemberType">
                  <sequence minOccurs="0">
                    <element ref="qml:Polygon"/>
                  </sequence>
                  <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
                </extension>
              </complexContent>
            </complexType>
          </element>
          <element name="rootCategory" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitCategoryPropertyType"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SoilMapPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilMap"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Surface" type="sq:SurfaceType" substitutionGroup="sq:Plot">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>surface
Surface is a subtype of a plot with surface shape. Surfaces may be located within other
surfaces.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="SurfaceType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:PlotType">
        <sequence/>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SurfacePropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Surface"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="SoilMappingUnitCategory" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitCategoryType" substituti</pre>
onGroup="gml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>SoilMappingUnitCategory
Soil mapping unit category is a map legend category used for grouping soil mapping units
or another categories. Each category is either root category of a map or subcategory of
another category. Concerning this, each category is related exactly to one map through
root category of the tree structure (see subcategory).</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="SoilMappingUnitCategoryType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
        <sequence>
          <element name="name" type="string"/>
          <element name="subcategory" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitCategoryPropertyType"</pre>
```

```
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          <element name="mappingUnit" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitPropertyType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="SoilMappingUnitCategoryPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilMappingUnitCategory"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Profile" type="sq:ProfileType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>SoilProfile is the describable representation of the soil that is
characterised by a vertical succession of horizons or one or several (e.g. parent
material) layers.
A soil profile is an ordered set of soil horizons and/or layers. These are subtypes of the
abstract feature type ProfileElement. SoilProfile is also a typical feature of interest of
soil observations.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="ProfileType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="samplingPlot" type="sq:PlotPropertyType" minOccurs="0">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
qml/3.2">sq:SoilProfile</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
          <element name="element" id="Profile_element" type="sq:ProfileElementPropertyT</pre>
vpe" max0ccurs="unbounded"/>
          <element name="mapRepresentation" type="sq:SoilMappingUnitPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
gml/3.2">sq:SoilProfile</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="ProfilePropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:SoilProfile"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Plot" type="sq:PlotType" substitutionGroup="sams:SF_</pre>
SpatialSamplingFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>plot elementary area where individual observations are made and/or
samples are taken
Plot is a subtype of SF_SpatialSamplingFeature. The plot provides the connection between
the discrete location of a sampling or an observation and the site. Plot is also a typical
feature of interest of soil observations. Plot has three subtypes: Surface, TrialPit and
Borehole.</documentation>
```

```
</annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="PlotType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sams:SF_SpatialSamplingFeatureType">
          <element name="profile" id="Plot_profile" type="sq:ProfilePropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="0">
            <annotation>
              <appinfo>
                <reversePropertyName xmlns="http://www.opengis.net/</pre>
qml/3.2">sq:samplingPlot</reversePropertyName>
              </appinfo>
            </annotation>
          </element>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="PlotPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Plot"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="ObservationProcess" type="sq:ObservationProcessType" substitutionGroup="g</pre>
ml:AbstractFeature">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>observation process Observation process is a subtype of OM_Process.
It is a process used to generate the result of the observation.
Implementation note: OM_Process is modelled as FeatureType, but within OGC XML schema
(version 2.0.0) it is only anyXML. ObservationProcess should be implemented as
FeatureType.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="ObservationProcessType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
          <element name="description" type="string"/>
        </sequence>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="ObservationProcessPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:ObservationProcess"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Borehole" type="sq:BoreholeType" substitutionGroup="sq:Plot">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>borehole
Penetration into the subsurface with removal of soil/rock material by using e.g. a hollow
tube-shaped tool. Synonyms: Boring and bore.
Borehole is a subtype of a plot with point shape. A boreholes may have an associated soil
profile.
[ISO 11074]
Note 1: Generally, it is a vertical penetration.
Note 2: For the purpose of this International Standard, the term borehole is used.</
documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
```

```
<complexType name="BoreholeType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:PlotType">
        <sequence/>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="BoreholePropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Borehole"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
  <element name="Horizon" type="sq:HorizonType" substitutionGroup="sq:ProfileElement">
    <annotation>
      <documentation>horizon
domain of a soil with a certain vertical extension, which is more or less parallel to the
surface and is homogeneous for most morphological and analytical characteristics,
developed in a parent material through pedogenic processes or made up of in-situ
sedimented organic residues of up-growing plants (peat)
NOTE Horizons may be part of a layer.</documentation>
    </annotation>
  </element>
  <complexType name="HorizonType">
    <complexContent>
      <extension base="sq:ProfileElementType">
        <sequence/>
      </extension>
    </complexContent>
  </complexType>
  <complexType name="HorizonPropertyType">
    <sequence minOccurs="0">
      <element ref="sq:Horizon"/>
    </sequence>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:AssociationAttributeGroup"/>
    <attributeGroup ref="gml:OwnershipAttributeGroup"/>
  </complexType>
</schema>
```

#### *C.7*

Replace the text with the following:

This is an example of an extended SoilML XML schema. The Plot is extended with elevation property becoming XYPlot, whereas the Horizon is extended with humusContent and colour properties becoming XYHorizon. The example is described in detail in C.3.

```
<xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation>Extension of a Plot type.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="PlotType">
        <xsd:sequence>
          <xsd:element id="XYPlot_elevation" name="elevation" type="gml:MeasureType"</pre>
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
  </xsd:complexType>
  <xsd:element name="XYHorizon" substitutionGroup="Horizon" type="XYHorizonType" />
  <xsd:complexType name="XYHorizonType">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation>Extension of a Horizon type./xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:complexContent>
      <xsd:extension base="HorizonType">
        <xsd:sequence>
          <xsd:element id="XYHorizon_humusContent" name="humusContent" type="HumusContentE</pre>
numerationType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
          <xsd:element id="XYHorizon_colour" name="colour" type="ColourPropertyType"</pre>
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        </xsd:sequence>
      </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:complexContent>
  </xsd:complexType>
  <xsd:simpleType name="HumusContentEnumerationType" id="HumusContentEnumeration">
    <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
      <xsd:enumeration value="h0">
        <xsd:annotation>
          <xsd:appinfo>
            <qml:description>No humus at all.
          </xsd:appinfo>
        </xsd:annotation>
      </xsd:enumeration>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h1"/>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h2"/>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h3"/>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h4"/>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h5"/>
      <xsd:enumeration value="h6"/>
    </xsd:restriction>
  </xsd:simpleType>
  <xsd:element name="Colour" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractObject" type="ColourType" />
  <xsd:complexType name="ColourType" id="Colour">
    <xsd:annotation>
      <xsd:documentation>Colour is a datatype which is defined by three integers, each for
one RGB band.</xsd:documentation>
    </xsd:annotation>
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element name="red">
        <xsd:simpleType>
          <xsd:restriction base="xsd:integer">
            <xsd:minInclusive value="0"/>
            <xsd:maxExclusive value="255"/>
          </xsd:restriction>
        </xsd:simpleType>
      </xsd:element>
      <xsd:element name="green">
        <xsd:simpleType>
          <xsd:restriction base="xsd:integer">
            <xsd:minInclusive value="0"/>
            <xsd:maxExclusive value="255"/>
          </xsd:restriction>
        </xsd:simpleType>
```

```
</xsd:element>
      <xsd:element name="blue">
        <xsd:simpleType>
          <xsd:restriction base="xsd:integer">
            <xsd:minInclusive value="0"/>
            <xsd:maxExclusive value="255"/>
          </xsd:restriction>
        </xsd:simpleType>
      </xsd:element>
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
  <xsd:complexType name="ColourPropertyType">
    <xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:element ref="sq:Colour"/>
    </xsd:sequence>
  </xsd:complexType>
</xsd:schema>
After creating the extended SoilML XML schema, it is possible to create also the data file
according to the extended schema. Compare the following example with data file encoded
according to basic SoilML XML schema.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<gml:FeatureCollection gml:id="coll1"</pre>
    xmlns="http://www.iso28258.org"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
    xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
    xmlns:om="http://www.opengis.net/om/2.0"
    xmlns:sam="http://www.opengis.net/sampling/2.0"
    xmlns:sams="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpatial/2.0"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.iso28258.org soilmlXY.xsd">
  <gml:description>Collection of Soil Features/gml:description>
  <gml:name>Soil Collection
  <qml:featureMember>
    <Project gml:id="project1">
      <name>Sulingen</name>
      <siteOfInterest xlink:href="#site1" />
    </Project>
  </gml:featureMember>
  <gml:featureMember>
    <Site gml:id="site1">
      <concernedProject xlink:href="#project1" />
      <position>
        <qml:Point qml:id="point1" srsName="urn:x-oqc:def:crs:EPSG::4326">
          <gml:pos>17.45820 58.45656/gml:pos>
        </gml:Point>
      </position>
      <samplingPlot xlink:href="#plot1" />
      <samplingPlot>
        <Borehole gml:id="plot2">
          <sam:type xlink:href="http://www.opengis.net/def/samplingFeatureType/OGC.OM/2.0/</pre>
SF_SamplingPoint" />
          <sam:sampledFeature xlink:href="#site1" />
          <sams:shape xlink:href="#point1" />
        </Borehole>
      </samplingPlot>
    </Site>
  </gml:featureMember>
  <gml:featureMember>
    <XYPlot gml:id="plot1">
      <sam:sampledFeature xlink:href="#site1" />
      <sams:shape>
        <gml:Point gml:id="point2" srsName="urn:x-ogc:def:crs:EPSG::4326">
          <gml:pos>17.05835 59.54635/gml:pos>
        </gml:Point>
      </sams:shape>
      <elevation uom="m">107</elevation>
    </XYPlot>
```

```
</gml:featureMember>
  <aml:featureMember>
    <SoilProfile gml:id="profile1">
      <samplingPlot xlink:href="#plot1" />
      <element xlink:href="#horizon1" />
    </SoilProfile>
  </gml:featureMember>
  <gml:featureMember>
    <XYHorizon gml:id="horizon1">
      <order>1</order>
      <upperDepth>
        <Depth>
          <simple uom="cm">0</simple>
        </Depth>
      </upperDepth>
      <lowerDepth>
        <Depth>
          <simple uom="cm">10</simple>
        </Depth>
      </le>
      <humusContent>h3</humusContent>
      <colour>
        <Colour>
          <red>23</red>
          <green>68</green>
          <blue>50</blue>
        </Colour>
      </colour>
    </XYHorizon>
  </gml:featureMember>
</gml:FeatureCollection>
Furthermore, it is possible to encode the extended data file containing SoilObservation
objects, as it is shown in the following example:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<gml:FeatureCollection gml:id="coll1"</pre>
    xmlns="http://www.iso28258.org"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
    xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
   xmlns:om="http://www.opengis.net/om/2.0"
    xmlns:sam="http://www.opengis.net/sampling/2.0"
    xmlns:sams="http://www.opengis.net/samplingSpatial/2.0"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.iso28258.org soilmlXY.xsd">
  <gml:description>Collection of Soil Features/gml:description>
  <gml:name>Soil Collection
  <gml:featureMember>
    <Project gml:id="project1">
      <name>Sulingen</name>
      <siteOfInterest xlink:href="#site1" />
    </Project>
  </gml:featureMember>
  <qml:featureMember>
    <Site gml:id="site1">
      <concernedProject xlink:href="#project1" />
        <gml:Point gml:id="point1" srsName="urn:x-ogc:def:crs:EPSG::4326">
          <gml:pos>17.45820 58.45656/gml:pos>
        </qml:Point>
      </position>
      <samplingPlot xlink:href="#plot1" />
      <samplingPlot>
        <Borehole gml:id="plot2">
          <sam:type xlink:href="http://www.opengis.net/def/samplingFeatureType/OGC.OM/2.0/</pre>
SF_SamplingPoint" />
          <sam:sampledFeature xlink:href="#site1" />
```

```
<sams:shape xlink:href="#point1" />
      </Borehole>
    </samplingPlot>
  </Site>
</gml:featureMember>
<gml:featureMember>
  <XYPlot gml:id="plot1">
    <sam:sampledFeature xlink:href="#site1" />
    <sams:shape>
      <gml:Point gml:id="point2" srsName="urn:x-ogc:def:crs:EPSG::4326">
        <gml:pos>17.05835 59.54635/gml:pos>
      </gml:Point>
    </sams:shape>
    <elevation uom="m">107</elevation>
  </XYPlot>
</gml:featureMember>
<gml:featureMember>
  <SoilProfile gml:id="profile1">
    <samplingPlot xlink:href="#plot1" />
    <element xlink:href="#horizon1" />
  </SoilProfile>
</gml:featureMember>
<qml:featureMember>
  <XYHorizon gml:id="horizon1">
    <order>1</order>
    <upperDepth>
      <Depth>
        <simple uom="cm">0</simple>
      </Depth>
    </upperDepth>
    <le><lowerDepth>
      <Depth>
        <simple uom="cm">10</simple>
      </Depth>
    </le>
    <humusContent>h3</humusContent>
    <colour>
      <Colour>
        <red>23</red>
        <green>68</green>
        <blue>50</blue>
      </Colour>
    </colour>
  </XYHorizon>
</gml:featureMember>
<qml:featureMember>
  <SoilObservation gml:id="obs1">
    <om:phenomenonTime>
       <gml:TimeInstant gml:id="ot1">
          <gml:timePosition>2005-01-11timePosition>
       </gml:TimeInstant>
    </om:phenomenonTime>
    <om:resultTime xlink:href="#ot1"/>
    <om:procedure>
      <ObservationProcedure gml:id="obsproc1">
        <description>GPS eTrex Legend</description>
      </ObservationProcedure>
    </om:procedure>
    <om:observedProperty xlink:href="soilmlXY.xsd#XYPlot_elevation"/>
    <om:featureOfInterest xlink:href="#plot1"/>
    <om:result xsi:type="gml:MeasureType" uom="m">107</om:result>
  </SoilObservation>
</gml:featureMember>
<qml:featureMember>
  <SoilObservation gml:id="obs2">
    <om:phenomenonTime xlink:href="#ot1" />
```

#### **Bibliography**

In [15], replace "ISO 19115, Geographic information — Metadata" by "ISO 19115-1, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 1: Fundamentals"

Insert the following International Standard:

ISO 19157, Geographic information — Data quality

