

MODELING MANIPULATIVE LANGUAGE USE

VINICIUS MACUCH SILVA¹ MICHAEL FRANKE¹ CHRIS CUMMINS²

¹UNIVERSITY OF OSNABRÜCK ²UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH

GRICEAN PRAGMATIC THEORY AND ARGUMENTATIVITY IN LANGUAGE USE

- (1) A: How did your students do in the exam?
B: Some of them passed.
- (2) Some people loved your poem.
- (3) Some people hated your poem.

- (4) A: How did your students do in the exam?
B: Most of them got some of the questions right.
- vs.**
- B: Some of them got some of the questions right.

Lisanne	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Alex	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Pablo	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Theresa	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Johann	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

LINGUISTIC EXPRESSIONS OF QUANTITY

USAGE

MANIPULATIVE
+
TRUTHFUL

TRADE-OFF

ARGUMENTATIVITY
↔
INFORMATIVITY

MODELING MANIPULATIVE LANGUAGE USE

STANDARD RSA

$$\text{Util}(s, u) = \log(P_{LL}(s \mid u)) - \text{cost}(u)$$
$$P_S(u \mid s) \propto \exp(\alpha * \text{Util}(s, u))$$

$$\text{Util}(s, u) = \underbrace{\log([s \in [[u]]])}_{\text{truth}} + \underbrace{\log(|[[u]]|^{-1})}_{\text{informativity}} - \underbrace{\text{cost}(u)}_{\text{cost}}$$

ARGUMENTATIVITY

$$\text{Util}(s, u) = \underbrace{\log([s \in [[u]]])}_{\text{truth}} + \underbrace{\beta \log(|[[u]]|^{-1})}_{\text{informativity}}$$
$$+ (1 - \beta) \underbrace{\text{arg_str}(u)}_{\text{argumentativity}} - \underbrace{\text{cost}(u)}_{\text{cost}}$$

$$\text{arg_str}(u) = \log \frac{P([u] \mid H_0)}{P([u] \mid H_1)}$$

EXPERIMENT

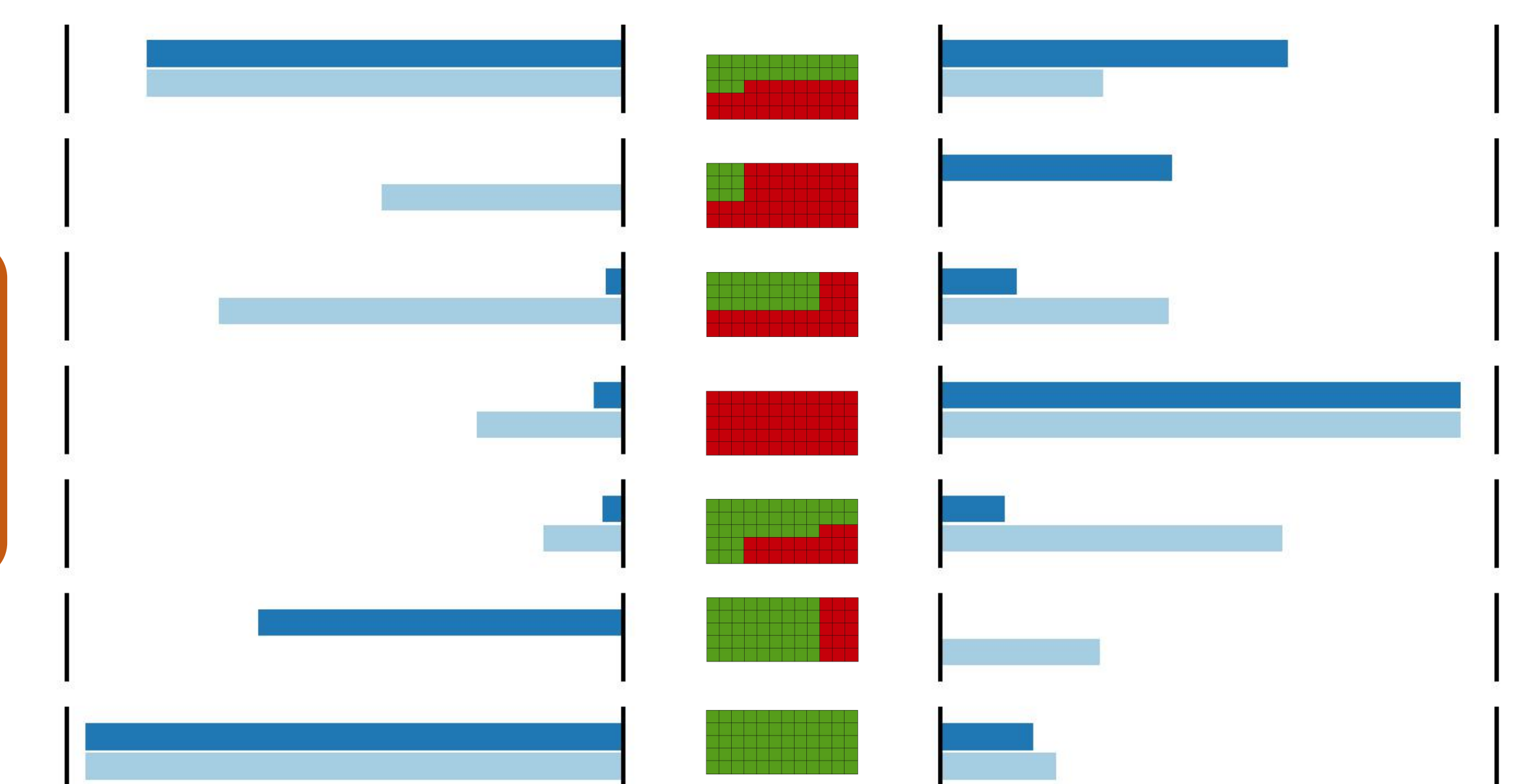
In this exam **QUANT**_{1,2} of the students got **QUANT**₂ of the questions **ADJ**.

QUANT_{1,2}: <NONE, SOME, MOST, ALL>
ADJ: <RIGHT, WRONG>

CONDITION

HIGH ↑
LOW ↓

MODEL FIT TO EMPIRICAL DATA



ARGUMENTATIVITY INFORMATIVITY

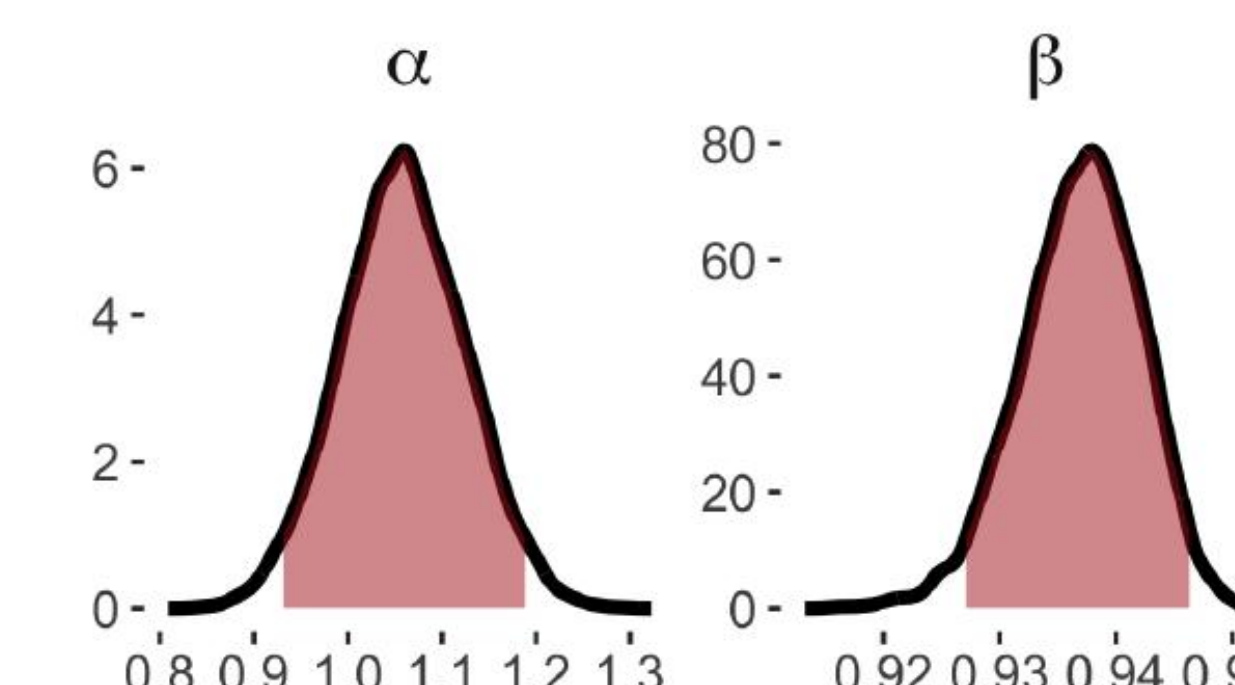
EXPLORATION

INFORMATIVITY ~ FRAMING

← FRAMING COMPATABILITY → +

+ Semantically informative description

+ Argumentatively strong description



NEXT

FREE PRODUCTION EXP

Coding

- Quantifier properties
- Predicate properties