

Lista Teórica - AC2

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1- São válidos: FACA, BED, CAFE, DAD, DACADA, CADA e FADA.

2- a) $1984_{10} \xrightarrow{\text{dividindo por 2}} 00000011111 \xrightarrow{\text{ao contrário}} 11111000000_2 //$

b) $1A0_{16} \rightarrow [0001][1010][0000] = 000110100000_2 //$

c) $703_8 \rightarrow [111][000][011] \rightarrow [0001][1100][0011] = 1C3_{16} //$

d) $1008_{16} \rightarrow [0001][0000][0000][1000]_2 //$

e) $200_{10} \rightarrow 11001000_2 = C8_{16} //$

3- Letra 'e': "1028 está na base 8", pois na base 8 os dígitos válidos são de 0 a 7.

4- a)
$$\begin{array}{r} 1010_2 \\ + 0111_2 \\ \hline 10001_2 = 17_{10} // \end{array}$$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r} 1101110_2 \\ + 0101001_2 \\ \hline 10010111_2 = 151_{10} // \end{array}$$

5- a)
$$\begin{array}{r} 4A3_{16} \\ + D13_{16} \\ \hline 11B6_{16} // \end{array}$$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r} ABCD_{16} \\ + EF01_{16} \\ \hline 19ACE_{16} // \end{array}$$

c)
$$\begin{array}{r} 109A_{16} \\ + 2D10_{16} \\ \hline 3DAA_{16} // \end{array}$$

d)
$$\begin{array}{r} 1011_2 \\ + 101_2 \\ \hline 10000_2 // \end{array}$$

e)
$$\begin{array}{r} 116_8 \\ + 107_8 \\ \hline 225_8 // \end{array}$$

f)
$$\begin{array}{r} 214_8 \\ + 101_8 \\ \hline 315_8 // \end{array}$$

g)
$$\begin{array}{r} 763_8 \\ + 367_8 \\ \hline 1352_8 // \end{array}$$

h)
$$\begin{array}{r} 2376_8 \\ - 277_8 \\ \hline 077_8 // \end{array}$$

i)
$$\begin{array}{r} 2133_8 \\ + 1574_8 \\ \hline 3727_8 // \end{array}$$

j)
$$\begin{array}{r} A17_{16} \\ - 2B6_{16} \\ \hline 7AC_{16} // \end{array}$$

k)
$$\begin{array}{r} FADE_{16} \\ + 2C3F_{16} \\ \hline 1271D_{16} // \end{array}$$

l)
$$\begin{array}{r} AB_{16} \\ - 100_8 \\ \hline \downarrow \\ AB_{16} \\ - 40_{16} \\ \hline 6B_{16} // \end{array}$$

$$6- a) 11011, 101 \rightarrow 8+2+2+2, 2+2 = 24, 025_{10} //$$

$$b) 34, 18_{10} \rightarrow 100010, 0010_{10} // \quad \begin{array}{l} 0,18 \cdot 2 = 0,36 \rightarrow 0 \\ 0,36 \cdot 2 = 0,72 \rightarrow 0 \\ 0,72 \cdot 2 = 1,44 \rightarrow 1 \\ 0,44 \cdot 2 = 0,88 \rightarrow 0 \\ \vdots \end{array}$$

7- 20 dedos \rightarrow 10 dedos e 10 das mãos, $2^{20} = 1.048.576$. Portanto, é possível contar até 1.048.576. //

$$8- \$\#& = 110 \text{ objetos} \quad | \quad 6 \text{ símbolos} \quad | \quad \begin{array}{r} 110 \ 16 \\ \underline{18} \ 6 \\ 0 \ 3 \ 6 \\ \underline{3} \ 0 \end{array} \quad | \quad 110_{10} = 302_6$$

$@\$& = X \text{ objetos} \quad | \quad \text{base 6}$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1\%2\$ \quad 1\%23 \quad 123 \\ ?@\$ \rightarrow ?@0 \rightarrow ?@0 \rightarrow @ = 5 \\ \% \# \% \$ \quad \%0 \% 3 \quad 1013 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} @ = 5 \\ ? = 4 \end{array} \rightarrow @\$& = 532_6 \rightarrow 6^2 \cdot 5 + 6^1 \cdot 3 + 6^0 \cdot 2 = 200 \text{ objetos} //$$

$$9- a) \begin{array}{r} \text{FACA} \\ + \text{BABA} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 1111 \ 1010 \ 1100 \ 1010 \\ 1011 \ 1010 \ 1011 \ 1010 \end{array} \rightarrow \text{Haverá vai-um}$$

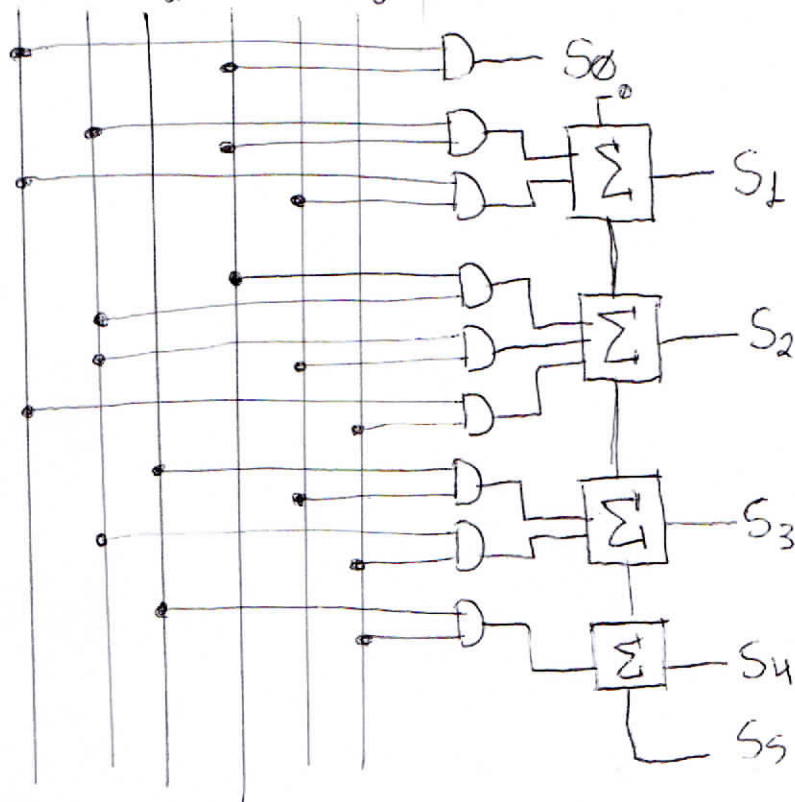
$$b) \begin{array}{r} 3AF1 \\ + 45EA \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 0011 \ 1010 \ 1111 \ 0001 \\ 0100 \ 0101 \ 1110 \ 1010 \end{array} \rightarrow \text{Não haverá vai-um}$$

10- É um algoritmo que permite ~~muit~~ multiplicar dois números inteiros binários com sinal em complemento de 2. As etapas são: 1- Converter os multiplicando M e o multiplicador Q para binários; 2- Criar um contador com a quantidade de bits de Q; 3- Realizar o comparativo o último bit de Q e Q-1; 4- Após o comparativo realizar o (dele) deslocamento aritmético e o decremento do (d) contador.

$$11- \begin{array}{r} A_2 \ A_1 \ A_0 \\ * B_2 \ B_1 \ B_0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A_2B_0 \ A_1B_0 \ A_0B_0 \\ + A_2B_1 \ A_1B_1 \ A_0B_1 \\ A_2B_2 \ A_1B_2 \ A_0B_2 \\ \hline S_4 \ S_3 \ S_2 \ S_1 \ S_0 // \end{array}$$

11- A0 A1 A2 B0 B1 B2



$$12- \text{Sup} = \frac{1}{(1-F_m) + F_m/\text{Sup}_{F_m}} = \frac{1}{(1-0,9) + 0,9/5} = \frac{1}{0,28} \approx 3,5714$$

$$13- a) \frac{1}{(1-0,5) + 0,5/5} = \frac{1}{0,6} \approx 1,6667$$

$$b) 2 = \frac{1}{(1-F_m) + F_m/5} \rightarrow 2((1-F_m) + \frac{F_m}{5}) = 1 \rightarrow 2 - 2F_m + \frac{2F_m}{5} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{10 - 10F_m + 2F_m}{5} = 1 \rightarrow 10 - 8F_m = 5 \rightarrow -8F_m = -5 \rightarrow F_m = \frac{-5}{-8} = 0,625$$

$$= 62,5\%$$

$$c) 2,5 = \frac{1}{(1-0,5) + 0,5/x} \rightarrow 2,5 \left(0,5 + \frac{0,5}{x} \right) = 1 \rightarrow 1,25 + \frac{1,25}{x} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1,25x + 1,25}{x} = 1 \rightarrow 1,25x + 1,25 = x \rightarrow 1,25 = x - 1,25x \rightarrow 1,25 = -0,25x$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{1,25}{-0,25} = -5$$

$$14- \text{Sup} = \frac{1}{(1-0,5) + 0,5/5} \approx 1,6667 \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \cdot 5 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7}{3} \approx 2,3333$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\text{Custo}}{\text{Benefício}} = \frac{1,67}{2,33} \approx 0,7143$$

A alteração não é viável já que o ganho não compensa o custo.

15. $20\% \mid \cdot 50\%$
 $\times 10 \mid \times 2 \rightarrow \text{Sup}_1 = \frac{1}{(1-0,2)+0,2/10} = \frac{1}{0,82} \approx 1,2195$
 $\text{Sup}_2 = \frac{1}{(1-0,5)+0,5/2} = \frac{1}{0,75} \approx 1,3333$ É melhor!

16-a) Antes: $\overbrace{10t}^{\text{---}} \mid t$
 Depois: $\overbrace{t}^{\text{---}} \mid t$ $\rightarrow \text{Sup} = \frac{11}{2} = 5,5$

b) 10 dos 11 foram convertidos, Logo: $\text{Sup} = \frac{10}{11} \approx 0,9090 \approx 90,9\%$

17. A $\rightarrow \text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}} = 10\text{s}; f = 400 \cdot 10^6 \text{Hz} \mid \text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}} = \frac{\text{Qtd. Ciclos}}{f}$
 B $\rightarrow \text{Sup} = 1,5; C_B = 1,2 \cdot C_A; f = ?$

$10 = \frac{\text{Qtd. Ciclos}}{400 \cdot 10^6} \rightarrow \text{Qtd Ciclos}_A = 4000 \cdot 10^6 \mid C_B = 1,2 \cdot 4000 \cdot 10^6 = 4800 \cdot 10^6$

$1,5 = \frac{10}{t_{\text{cl/m}}} \rightarrow t_{\text{cl/m}} = \frac{10}{1,5} \approx 6,6667\text{s} \mid 6,667 = \frac{4800 \cdot 10^6}{f} \rightarrow f = \frac{4800 \cdot 10^6}{6,6667} \approx 719,9964 \cdot 10^6$

18. $C = 1 \cdot 10000 = 10000; f = 100 \cdot 10^6 \text{Hz}; \text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}} = ?$

$\text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}} = \frac{10000}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 10 \cdot 10^{-6} = 10 \mu\text{s}$

19. $P1 \rightarrow 2000\text{I} \mid \text{CPI} = 5; f = 100 \cdot 10^6; \text{Sup} = ? \mid \text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}} = \frac{\text{IC} \cdot \text{CPI}}{f}$
 $P2 \rightarrow 3000\text{I}$

$\text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}}_{P1} = \frac{2000 \cdot 5}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 100 \cdot 10^{-6} \mid \text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}}_{P2} = \frac{3000 \cdot 5}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 150 \cdot 10^{-6}$

$\text{Sup} = \frac{150 \cdot 10^{-6}}{100 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 1,5$

20. $\text{CPI}_{\text{MED}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \text{CPI}_i \cdot \text{IC}_i}{\sum \text{IC}} \rightarrow \text{CPI}_{\text{MED}} = \frac{10000 \cdot 0,6 \cdot 4 + 10000 \cdot 0,4 \cdot 5}{10000}$

$\rightarrow \text{CPI}_{\text{MED}} = \frac{20000 + 20000}{10000} = \frac{40000}{10000} = 4,4$

$\text{CPI}_{\text{MED}} = \frac{10000 \cdot 0,6 \cdot 3 + 10000 \cdot 0,4 \cdot 5}{10000} = \frac{30000 + 20000}{10000} = 5,0$

$\text{Sup} = \frac{\text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}}_1}{\text{CPU}_{\text{TIME}}_2} = \frac{10000 \cdot 4,4 \cdot 1/100 \cdot 10^6}{10000 \cdot 5,0 \cdot 1/1000 \cdot 10^6} \rightarrow \text{Sup} = \frac{4,4}{5,0} \approx 1,1578$

21-B1) a) $CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,4 + 3 \cdot 0,3 + 5 \cdot 0,2 + 6 \cdot 0,1 = \underline{4,1}$

b) Overclock $\rightarrow 12\% \Rightarrow Aumento = 100 \text{ MHz} \times 0,12 = 12 \text{ MHz}$
 $f = 100 \text{ MHz} + 12 \text{ MHz} = 112 \text{ MHz}$
 $Sup = \frac{112}{100} = \underline{1,12}$

c) $CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,4 + 3 \cdot 0,3 + 6 \cdot 0,2 + 6 \cdot 0,1 = 3,5$
 $Sup = \frac{IC \cdot CPI_0 \cdot 1/f}{IC \cdot CPI \cdot 1/f} \Rightarrow Sup = \frac{4,1}{3,5} \approx \underline{1,1714}$

d) 50% de 40% = 20% $\Rightarrow 100\% - 20\% = 80\%$
 $20/80 = 25\%$
 $30/80 = 37,5\%$
 $20/80 = 25\%$
 $10/80 = 12,5\%$
 $CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,375 + 5 \cdot 0,25 + 6 \cdot 0,125 = 4,125$
 $Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,1}{80 \cdot 4,125} \approx \underline{1,2424}$

e) $CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,375 + 6 \cdot 0,25 + 6 \cdot 0,125 = 3,875$
 $Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,1 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^6}{80 \cdot 3,875 \cdot 112 \cdot 10^6} = \frac{41000}{34.720} = \underline{1,1808}$

f) $CPU_{time_a} = \frac{100000 \cdot 4,1}{10^6} = 410 \mu s$ | $CPU_{time_c} = \frac{100000 \times 3,5}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 350 \mu s$
 $CPU_{time_b} = \frac{100000 \cdot 4,1}{112 \cdot 10^6} = 366 \mu s$ | $CPU_{time_d} = \frac{410 \cdot 10^{-6}}{1,2424} = 330 \mu s$
 $CPU_{time_e} = \frac{410 \mu s}{1,1808} = \underline{347 \mu s}$

B2) a) $CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,2 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 5 \cdot 0,45 + 6 \cdot 0,10 = 4,4$

b) $Aumento = 100 \text{ MHz} \cdot 0,12 = 12 \text{ MHz}$ | $f = 100 + 12 = 112 \text{ Hz}$
 $Sup = \frac{112}{100} = \underline{1,12}$

c) $CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,2 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 6 \cdot 0,45 + 6 \cdot 0,10 = 4,45$
 $Sup = \frac{4,4}{4,45} = \underline{0,9887}$

d) 50% de 20% = 10% $\rightarrow 100 - 10 = 90\%$
 $10/90 = 0,1111$
 $25/90 = 0,2777$
 $45/90 = 0,5000$
 $10/90 = 0,1111$
 $CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,1111 + 3 \cdot 0,2777 + 5 \cdot 0,5 + 6 \cdot 0,1111$
 $CPI_{med} = 4,4441$
 $Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,4}{90 \cdot 4,4441} = \underline{1,1}$

$$21-B2) e) CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,1111 + 3 \cdot 0,2777 + 6 \cdot 0,5 + 6 \cdot 0,1111 = 4,7219$$

$$Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,4 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^6}{90 \cdot 4,7219 \cdot 112 \cdot 10^6} = \frac{44000}{47596,752} \approx 0,9244 \text{ } \underline{\underline{\text{piorou!}}}$$

$$f) CPU_{TIME_A} = \frac{10000 \cdot 4,4}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 440 \mu s \quad \left| \quad CPU_{TIME_D} = \frac{440}{1,2} \approx 400 \mu s$$

$$CPU_{TIME_B} = \frac{440}{1,12} \approx 392,8571 \mu s \quad \left| \quad CPU_{TIME_E} = \frac{440}{0,9244} \approx 475,9844 \mu s$$

$$CPU_{TIME_C} = \frac{440}{0,9887} \approx 445,0288 \mu s$$

$$B3) a) CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,5 + 5 \cdot 0,15 + 6 \cdot 0,10 = 3,85$$

$$b) Aumento = 100 \cdot 0,12 = 12 \text{ MHz} \quad | \quad f = 100 + 12 = 112 \text{ MHz}$$

$$Sup = \frac{112}{100} = 1,12$$

$$c) CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,5 + 6 \cdot 0,15 + 6 \cdot 0,10 = 3,5$$

$$Sup = \frac{3,85}{3,5} = 1,1$$

$$d) 50\% \text{ de } 25\% = 12,5 \rightarrow 100 - 12,5 = 87,5$$

$$12,5 / 87,5 = 0,1428 \quad \left| \quad CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,1428 + 3 \cdot 0,5714 + 5 \cdot 0,1714 + 6 \cdot 0,1142$$

$$50 / 87,5 = 0,5714 \quad \left| \quad CPI_{med} = 3,8276$$

$$15 / 87,5 = 0,1714$$

$$10 / 87,5 = 0,1142$$

$$Sup = \frac{100 - 3,85}{87,5 \cdot 3,8276} = 1,1495$$

$$e) CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,1428 + 3 \cdot 0,5714 + 6 \cdot 0,1714 + 6 \cdot 0,1142 = 3,7134$$

$$Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 3,85 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^6}{87,5 \cdot 3,7134 \cdot 112 \cdot 10^6} = \frac{38500 \cdot 10^6}{36391,32 \cdot 10^6} \approx 1,0579$$

$$f) CPU_{TIME_A} = \frac{10000 \cdot 3,85}{100 \cdot 10^6} = 385 \mu s \quad \left| \quad CPU_{TIME_D} = \frac{385}{1,1495} \approx 334,9282 \mu s$$

$$CPU_{TIME_B} = \frac{385}{1,12} = 343,75 \mu s$$

$$CPU_{TIME_E} = \frac{385}{1,0579} \approx 363,9285 \mu s$$

$$CPU_{TIME_C} = \frac{385}{1,1} = 350 \mu s$$

2.1 - B4) a) $CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,3 + 3 \cdot 0,3 + 5 \cdot 0,3 + 6 \cdot 0,1 = \underline{4,2}$

b) $A_{amento} = 100 \text{ MHz} \cdot 0,12 = 12 \text{ MHz} \mid f = 100 + 12 = 112 \text{ MHz}$

$Sup = \frac{112}{100} = \underline{1,12}$

c) $CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,3 + 3 \cdot 0,3 + 6 \cdot 0,3 + 6 \cdot 0,1 = 3,9$

$Sup = \frac{4,2}{3,9} \approx \underline{1,0769}$

d) 50% do 30 = 15 $\rightarrow 100 - 15 = 85\%$

$15/85 = 0,1764 \mid CPI_{med} = 4 \cdot 0,1764 + 3 \cdot 0,3529 + 5 \cdot 0,3529 + 6 \cdot 0,1176$

$30/85 = 0,3529 \mid CPI_{med} = 4,2344$

$30/85 = 0,3529$

$10/85 = 0,1176$

$Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,2}{85 \cdot 4,2344} = \underline{1,1669}$

e) $CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,1764 + 3 \cdot 0,3529 + 6 \cdot 0,3529 + 6 \cdot 0,1176 = 4,2345$

$Sup = \frac{100 \cdot 4,2 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^6}{85 \cdot 4,2345 \cdot 112 \cdot 10^6} = \frac{42000 \cdot 10^6}{40.312,44 \cdot 10^6} \approx \underline{1,0418}$

f) $CPU_{time_A} = \frac{100000 \cdot 4,2}{100 \cdot 10^6} = \underline{420 \mu s}$

$CPU_{time_D} = \frac{420}{1,1669} \approx \underline{359,9280 \mu s}$

$CPU_{time_B} = \frac{420}{1,12} = \underline{375 \mu s}$

$CPU_{time_E} = \frac{420}{1,0418} \approx \underline{403,1483 \mu s}$

$CPU_{time_C} = \frac{420}{1,0769} \approx \underline{390,0083 \mu s}$

2.1 - P1 $\rightarrow Sup = \frac{10}{5} = 2 \rightarrow M2$ é duas vezes mais rápido que $M1$.

P2 $\rightarrow Sup = \frac{4}{3} = 1,3333 \rightarrow M1$ é 1,3333 vezes mais rápido que $M2$.

2.2 - $CPU_{time} = \frac{CI \cdot CPI}{f} \rightarrow f = \frac{CI \cdot CPI}{CPU_{time}} \rightarrow f_{M1} = \frac{2000 \cdot 10^6}{10} = \underline{20 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Hz} = 20 \text{ MHz}}$

$f_{M2} = \frac{160 \cdot 10^6}{5} = \underline{32 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Hz} = 32 \text{ MHz}}$

2.3 - $CPI = \frac{CPU_{time} \cdot f}{CI} \rightarrow \left. \begin{matrix} f_{M1} = 200 \text{ MHz} \\ f_{M2} = 300 \text{ MHz} \end{matrix} \right\} CPI_{M1} = \frac{10 \cdot 200 \cdot 10^6}{200 \cdot 10^6} = \underline{10}$

$CPI_{M2} = \frac{5 \cdot 300 \cdot 10^6}{160 \cdot 10^6} = \underline{9,375}$

$$2.4 - CPI_{P2} = CPI_{P1} \left| IC = \frac{CPU_{TIME} \cdot f}{CPI} \rightarrow IC_{M1} = \frac{3.200 \cdot 10^6}{10} = 60 \cdot 10^6 \right.$$

$$CPI_{P2} = ? \quad IC_{M2} = \frac{4.1300 \cdot 10^6}{9,375} = 128 \cdot 10^6$$

$$2.14 - \text{Tempo de Execução} = \text{Número de Instruções} \cdot CPI \cdot \frac{1}{\text{frequência}}$$

$$\text{Tempo de Execução} = \frac{\text{Número de Instruções}}{MIPS}$$

$$\text{Tempo de Execução} = \frac{\text{Número de ciclos do programa}}{\text{frequência do clock}}$$

$$2.18 - a) CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,4 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 5 \cdot 0,10 = 2,8$$

$$CPU_{TIME} = IC \cdot 2,8 \cdot 1 / 500 \cdot 10^6 = \frac{10000 \cdot 2,8}{500 \cdot 10^6} \approx 56s$$

$$b) CPI_{med} = 2 \cdot 0,4 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 4 \cdot 0,10 = 2,45$$

$$CPU_{TIME} = IC \cdot 2,45 \cdot 1 / 600 \cdot 10^6 = \frac{10000 \cdot 2,45}{600 \cdot 10^6} \approx 40,8333$$

2.19 -

$$MIPS_{BASE} = \frac{10000}{56 \cdot 10^6} = 178,57 \mu s$$

$$MIPS_{NOPT} = \frac{10000}{40,8333 \cdot 10^6} = 244,9 \mu s$$

2.20 -

$$Sup = \frac{IC \cdot 2,8 \cdot 1 / 500 \cdot 10^6}{IC \cdot 2,45 \cdot 1 / 600 \cdot 10^6} \rightarrow Sup = \frac{2,8}{2,45} \cdot \frac{600 \cdot 10^6}{500 \cdot 10^6} = 1,37$$

$$2.21 - CPI_{med_{MCOMP}} = 2 \cdot 0,4 \cdot 0,9 + 3 \cdot 0,25 \cdot 0,90 + 3 \cdot 0,25 \cdot 0,88 + 5 \cdot 0,10 \cdot 0,95$$

$$CPI_{med_{MCOMP}} = 2,5075$$

$$2.22 - Sup = \frac{2,8}{2,5075} \approx 1,1166$$

$$2.23 - CPI_{med_{MBOOTH}} = 0,4 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,24 + 4 \cdot 0,11 = 2,46$$

$$Sup = \frac{2,8}{2,46} = 1,1382$$

FIM