



$$r < r_{\min}:$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$F_{\min} = m(0) + b$$

$$b = + F_{\min}$$

$$0 = m(r_{\min}) + F_{\min}$$

$$m = -\frac{F_{\min}}{r_{\min}}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(r) = -\frac{F_{\min}}{r_{\min}} \cdot r + F_{\min}$$

$$\text{Region II: } y = mx + b$$

$$0 = m \cdot r_{\min} + b$$

$$= F_{\max} = m \cdot \left( \frac{r_{\max} + r_{\min}}{2} \right) + b$$

$$-F_{\max} = m \left( \frac{r_{\min} - r_{\max}}{2} \right)$$

$$m = \frac{2F_{\max}}{r_{\max} - r_{\min}}$$

$$b = -\frac{2F_{\max}r_{\min}}{r_{\max} - r_{\min}}$$

$$\text{II } y = \frac{2F_{\max}}{r_{\max} - r_{\min}} \left[ r - r_{\min} \right]$$

$$\text{III: } y = \frac{2F_{\max}}{r_{\max} - r_{\min}} \left[ r_{\max} - r \right]$$