

Experiment 7: Shell Programming, Process and Scheduling

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Aim:

- To write shell scripts that demonstrate process management.
- To understand how to schedule processes using `cron` and `at`.
- To monitor running processes and practice job control commands.

Requirements

- A Linux machine with bash shell.
- Access to process management commands (`ps`, `top`, `kill`, `jobs`, `fg`, `bg`).
- Access to scheduling utilities (`cron`, `at`).

Theory

Every program running in Linux is a process identified by a unique process ID (PID). Shell programming allows automation of tasks including spawning and controlling processes. Process management commands like `ps`, `top`, `kill`, `jobs`, `bg`, and `fg` let users monitor and control execution. Scheduling utilities such as `cron` (repeated tasks) and `at` (one-time tasks) allow tasks to run automatically at defined times. Combining scripting with scheduling is a core system administration skill.

Procedure & Observations

Exercise 1: Writing a basic shell script

Task Statement:

Create a shell script that prints the current date, time, and the list of logged-in users.

Command(s):

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Current date and time: $(date)"
echo "Logged in users:"
W
```

Output:

```
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCHODS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ vim current.sh
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCHODS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ cat current.sh
#!/bin/bash
echo "current date and time:$(date)"
echo "logged in user:"
W
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCHODS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ |
```

Exercise 2: Background and foreground processes

Task Statement:

Run a process in background and bring it to the foreground.

Command(s):

```
sleep 60 &  
jobs  
fg %1
```

Output:

```
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ sleep 2 & jobs %1  
[1] 525  
[1]+  Running                  sleep 2 &  
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ |
```

Exercise 3: Killing a process

Task Statement:

Start a process and terminate it using `kill`.

Command(s):

```
sleep 300 &  
ps aux | grep sleep  
kill <pid>
```

Output:

```
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ sleep 2 & ps aux | grep sleep kill <pid>  
-bash: syntax error near unexpected token `newline'  
[1]+  Done                  sleep 2  
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ |
```

Exercise 4: Monitoring processes

Task Statement:

Use `ps` and `top` to monitor processes.

Command(s):

```
ps aux | head -5  
top
```

Output:

```
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ ps aux | head -5 top  
head: cannot open 'top' for reading: No such file or directory  
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ |
```

Exercise 5: Using `at` for one-time scheduling

Task Statement:

Schedule a script to run once at a specified time using `at`.

Command(s):

```
echo "/home/user/myscript.sh" | at 08:30  
atq
```

Output:

```
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ echo "home/user/myscript.sh" | at 08:30 atq  
syntax error. Last token seen: a  
Garbled time  
vinit@LAPTOP-P8DCH0DS:/mnt/c/Users/HP/OneDrive/Desktop/day 7$ |
```

Result

- Learned to create and run shell scripts.
- Managed processes using background, foreground, and kill commands.
- Monitored processes with `ps` and `top`.
- Scheduled recurring tasks with `cron` and one-time tasks with `at`.

Challenges Faced & Learning Outcomes

- Challenge 1: Remembering the `crontab` time format. Solved by using online crontab generators and practice.
- Challenge 2: Ensuring `atd` service is running for `at` command. Fixed by starting the service with `systemctl start atd`.

Learning:

- Gained hands-on knowledge of process creation and termination.

- Learned job control and scheduling using `cron` and `at`.

Conclusion

This experiment provided practical experience with shell scripting, process management, and scheduling. These are critical skills for system administrators to automate and control Linux environments effectively.