Building a Better Understanding of Credit Sesame's Customer Base

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Context, Motivation and Approach

- Credit Sesame: What it does and how it profits
- ▶ Our Approach: Investigate user engagement by platform provide suggestions for increasing revenue
- ▶ API Prototype: An innovative way to assist decision making

Dataset

Our project utilizes three datasets provided by Credit Sesame. We merged all the datasets by user_id.

- User_Profile: User demomographics and credit profile information for people who registered in July 2018
- First_Session: Summary of user engagement during their first session, including key variables such as platform, time spent on website, and "click-actions"
- 30_Day_User_Engagement: Same as First_Session, but detailing user engagement for each user's first 30 days after registering with CS. Each entry summarizes a single session by a unique user.

Exploring the Dataset

Our EDA focused on understanding Credit Sesame's userbase and determining the best way to segment our analysis.

- Credit score distribution
- Percentage of homeowners
- Demographics by login platform

Age

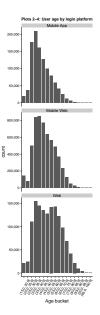


Figure 1: User age by platform

Credit Score Distribution

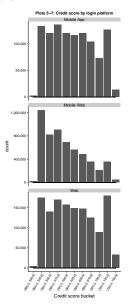


Figure 2: Users' Credit Score Distribution

Homeowner or not?

Percentage of Credit Sesame users who are homeowners

is_homeowner	percentage
FALSE	74.54
TRUE	25.46

Figure 3: Homeowner Ratio

User Engagement

- Analyzed longitudinal engagement patterns
- Developed "user funnel chart" and calculated relevant statistics
- Used logistic regression to predit "click-apply" events

Session time

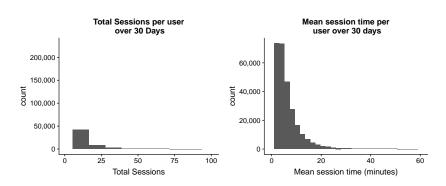


Figure 4: Sessions per user and mean session time

Engagement by Platform

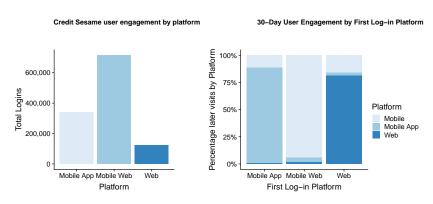


Figure 5: User Engagement by Platform

User Funnel Chart and Investigation

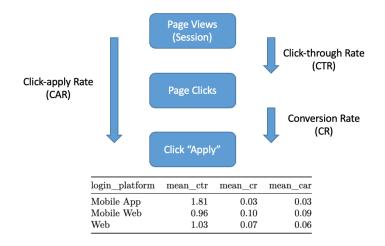


Figure 6: Funnel Chart and Statistics

Logistic Model

Then we tried to predict click-apply events with the following variables

- Whether someone is a homeowner
- Credit card utilization ratio
- ▶ Total tradeline accounts opened in last 6 months
- ▶ Total inquiries in the past 6 months

Diagnostics

It didn't go too well.

Summary of Logistic Regression Model

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = apply binary ~ is homeowner + avg cc utilization ratio +
      count tradelines cc opened 24 months + count inquiries 6 months,
      data = eng_user_join)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                10 Median
## -0.6034 -0.1379 -0.1211 -0.1010 0.9153
##
## Coefficients:
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                       9.528e-02 8.786e-04 108.449
## is_homeownerTRUE
                                     -1.013e-02 8.616e-04 -11.761
                                      4.408e-02 1.071e-03 41.174
## avg cc utilization ratio
## count_tradelines_cc_opened_24_months -9.469e-05 2.605e-04 -0.363
## count_inquiries_6_months
                                      5.777e-03 1.428e-04 40.449
##
                                      Pr(>|t|)
                                      <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## is homeownerTRUE
                                       <2e-16 ***
## avg_cc_utilization_ratio
                                        <2e-16 ***
## count tradelines cc opened 24 months 0.716
## count inquiries 6 months
                                         <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 0.1103198)
      Null deviance: 77719 on 700806 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 77312 on 700802 degrees of freedom
     (476401 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 443972
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
```

Takeaways

- ▶ Mobile web users seem to earn Credit Sesame the most revenue
- ► They are also the users with the worst credit scores, and probably need the most services
- To increase revenue, Credit Sesame should delve more into the demographics of their mobile web users as they are the most money-earning userbase
- External knowledge of housing/auto/insurance policies by state would better contextualize users' need for services

Analytics Dashboard

To streamline this process, we made an analytic dashboard.

- ► Using Vue for the frontend and R plumber for the backend, streamlined data visualization
- Snapshot of user engagement across platforms, which can influence product management, marketing, and more
- ► Easy to add new key findings to API, code is reproducible

API Prototype Screenshot

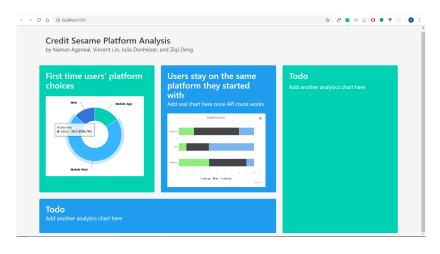


Figure 8: API

Our Conclusion and Advice for Credit Sesame

- Credit Sesame should capitalize on mobile web users, who currently earn them the most revenue
- Determine ways to increase revenue from users who have a low need for outside services