Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 2_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ravi is developing a student registration system for a college. To efficiently store and manage the student IDs, he decides to implement a doubly linked list where each node represents a student's ID.

In this system, each student's ID is stored sequentially, and the system needs to display all registered student IDs in the order they were entered.

Implement a program that creates a doubly linked list, inserts student IDs, and displays them in the same order.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer N the number of student IDs.

The second line contains N space-separated integers representing the student IDs.

Output Format

The output should display the single line containing N space-separated integers representing the student IDs stored in the doubly linked list.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 5
   10 20 30 40 50
Output: 10 20 30 40 50
   Answer
    // You are using GCC
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
   // Structure for a node in the doubly linked list
    struct Node {
      int id;
      struct Node* prev;
      struct Node* next;
   // Function to insert a new node at the end of the list
   struct Node* insertEnd(struct Node* head, int student_id) {
      struct Node* new_node = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
      if (new_node == NULL) {
        printf("Memory allocation failed\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
      new_node->id = student_id;
      new_node->next = NULL;
      if (head == NULL) {
        new_node->prev = NULL
        return new_node;
```

```
struct Node* current = head;
  while (current->next != NULL) {
    current = current->next;
  }
  current->next = new_node;
  new_node->prev = current;
  return head;
}
// Function to display the linked list
void displayList(struct Node* head) {
  struct Node* current = head;
while (current != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", current->id);
    current = current->next;
  printf("\n");
}
// Function to free the memory allocated for the linked list
void freeList(struct Node* head) {
  struct Node* current = head;
  struct Node* next;
  while (current != NULL) {
   next = current->next;
    free(current);
    current = next:
int main() {
  int n, student_id;
  struct Node* head = NULL;
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &student_id);
   head = insertEnd(head, student_id);
```

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24/50/245 24,150,1245 displayList(head); freeList(head); return 0; Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct