LDAP injection prevention

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Summary

- LDAP
- LDAP Injection
- OWASP recommendation
- Coding demo

What is LDAP?

Introduction to LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol)

- LDAP stands for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
- used to access and manage directory information over a network.
- Think of it like a digital phone book ——but much more versatile and scalable.

What is LDAP Used For?
LDAP is commonly used in IT environments for:

- d Authentication
- \(\begin{aligned} \text{Authorization} \end{aligned} \)
- Centralized User Management

For example, when you log into a corporate network

How Does LDAP Work?
Imagine LDAP as a tree :

- Y The roots (e.g., dc=example, dc=com).
- Eleaves are entries like users, printers, or shared resources.

■ LDAP organizes data hierarchically, making it easy to query and retrieve specific information efficiently.

Why is LDAP Important?

LDAP simplifies user management

• LDAP provides one source of truth.

What is LDAP Injection?

LDAP Injection

- Is a type of injection using user input.
- If the input is not properly validated, attackers can access unauthorized data ••

How Does LDAP Injection Work? 🤔

- You input a filter habitually like this cn=readers
- If the input is cn=*, you get access to all the data ••

How to Prevent LDAP Injection?

Sanitize User Input

• Escape special LDAP characters <u>J</u> like *, (,), and \.

OWASP recommendation

https://wiki.owasp.org/index.php/Preventing_LDAP_Injection_in_Java

• Both the distinguished name (DN) and the search filter have their own sets of meta-characters.

• Escape them

Coding Demo



Sprint init



Add of escaping method	ods and demo of the	eir actions.	

Starting the LDAP

docker run --detach --rm --name openldap5 -p 1389:1389 --env LDAP_ADMIN_USERNAME=admin --env LDAP_ADMIN_PASSWORD=adminpassword --env LDAP_USERS=customuser --env LDAP_PASSWORDS=custompassword --env LDAP_ROOT=dc=example,dc=org --env LDAP_ADMIN_DN=cn=admin,dc=example,dc=org bitnami/openldap:latest

Testing the LDAP

♣ Navigate to the database files folder to view the various database files: cd /bitnami/openldap/slapd.d/cn\=config/

View the OpenLDAP database: cat /bitnami/openldap/slapd.d/cn=config/olcDatabase= $\{2\}$ mdb.ldif

Verify entries:

ldapsearch -x -H ldap://localhost:1389 -D "cn=admin,dc=example,dc=org"
-W -b "dc=example,dc=org" -s sub "(objectclass=*)"
adminpassword

Thanks for watching!