FOREWORD

This repair manual has been prepared to provide essential information on body panel repair methods (including cutting and welding operations, but excluding painting) for the TOYOTA 4RUNNER.

Applicable models: TRN280, 285 series GRN280, 285 series

This manual consists of body repair methods, exploded diagrams and illustrations of the body components and other information relating to body panel replacement such as handling precautions, etc. However, it should be noted that the front fenders of this TOYOTA model are bolted on and require no welding.

When repairing, do not cut and join areas that are not shown in this manual. Only work on the specified contents to maintain body strength.

Body construction will sometimes differ depending on specifications and country of destination. Therefore, please keep in mind that the information contained herein is based on vehicles for general destinations.

For the repair procedures and specifications other than collisiondamaged body components of the TOYOTA 4RUNNER refer to the repair manuals.

If you require the above manuals, please contact your TOYOTA dealer.

All information contained in this manual is the most up-to-date at the time of publication. However, specifications and procedures are subject to change without prior notice.

TOYOTA MOTOR CORPORATION

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Scope of the repair work explanation

• This text explains the welding panel replacement instructions from the vehicle's white body condition. We have abbreviated the explanations of the removal and reinstallation of the equipment parts up to the white body condition and of the installation, inspection, adjustment and final inspection of equipment parts after replacing the weld panel.

Section categories

This manual has been divided as shown below.

Section Title	Contents	Examples	
INTRODUCTION	Explanation of general body repair. Views of welded panel replacement instructions.	Cautionary items. Views of weld panel replacement instructions	
BODY PANEL REPLACEMENT	Instructions for replacing the weld panels from the white body condition, from which bolted parts have been removed, with individual supply parts.	Front side member replacement. Quarter panel replacement.	
BODY DIMENSIONS	Body aligning measurements.	Dimension diagrams.	
PAINT • COATING	Scope and type of anti-rust treatment, etc. together with weld panel replacement.	Under coating. Body sealer.	

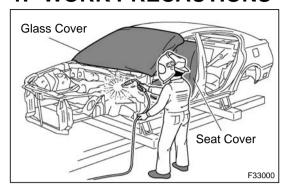
Contents omitted from this manual.

- Make sure to perform the following essential procedures, although they are omitted in this manual.
 - (1) Clean and wash removed parts, if necessary.
 - (2) Visual inspection.

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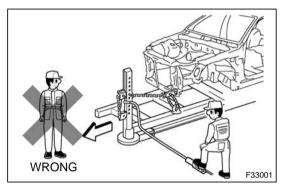
PRECAUTION

1. WORK PRECAUTIONS



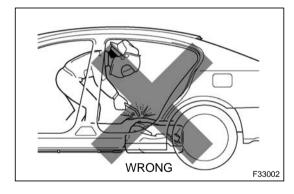
(a) VEHICLE PROTECTION

(1) When welding, cover glass, seats, carpets, etc. with heat resistant fireproof covers to protect them.

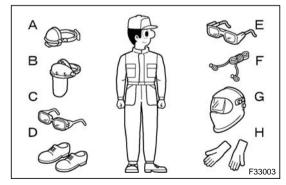


(b) SAFETY

(1) Never stand in the path of the chain when using a puller on the body or frame, and be sure to attach a safety cable.



(2) If it is necessary to use a frame in the area of the fuel tank, first remove the tank and plug the fuel line.

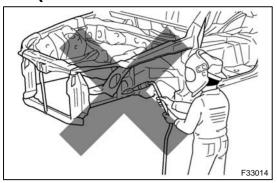


(c) SAFETY WORK CLOTHES

(1) In addition to the usual mechanic's wear, cap and safety shoes, the appropriate gloves, head protector, welder's glasses, ear plugs, face protector, dust mask, etc. should be worn as the situation demands.

Code	Name
А	Dust mask
В	Face protector
С	Safety glasses
D	Safety shoes
E	Welder's glasses
F	Ear plugs
G	Head protector
Н	Welder's gloves

2. PRECAUTIONS WHEN REPAIRING BODY FRAME PARTS (INCLUDING CRUSH BOX)

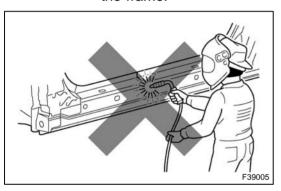


(a) PROHIBITION OF HEAT REPAIR FOR BODY FRAME PARTS

(1) Rustproof high strength steel sheets are used for the body frame. Therefore, if these parts are heat repaired using an acetylene torch or equivalent, the crystalline structure changes, causing the strength of the steel sheets to decrease. Also, the zinc coating which is used to protect the body from rust will be damaged. This causes the surface of the steel sheets to become oxidized, which reduces their ability to resist rust.

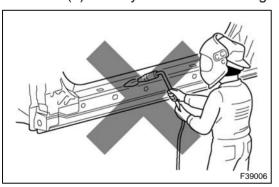
(b) NOTES ON ULTRA HIGH STRENGTH STEEL PANEL REPAIR

(1) Make sure that the frame aligning machine does not affect undamaged areas when aligning the frame.

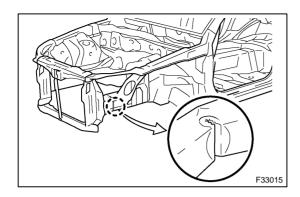


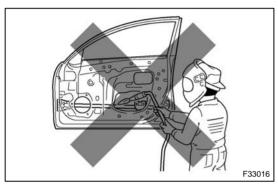
(2) Do not butt weld because the heat decreases the strength of the steel.

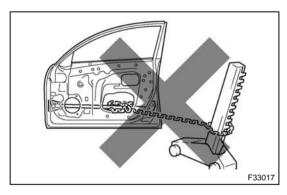
- (3) Use a spot cutter suitable for high strength steel when removing spot welds. The cutter should be able to cut welding nuggets smoothly.
- (4) Always follow the welding instructions when welding. (See the IN-4)

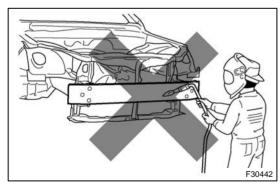


(5) Do not heat the panel when repairing.









(c) WHEN TO REPLACE FRAME PARTS

NOTICE:

Replace the sections of the frame where kinks have occurred.

HINT:

What is kink?

A deformation on a steel sheet that cannot be returned to its original shape by pulling or hammering due to the deformation angle being sharp.

(d) REPAIR OF DOOR SIDE IMPACT BEAM IS PROHIBITED

(1) The impact beam is designed so that it performs at 100% in its original shape.

However, if the impact beam is repaired, its performance may not be the same as before the accident.

PARTS WHICH ARE PROHIBITED TO BE RE-PAIRED:

Door side impact beam

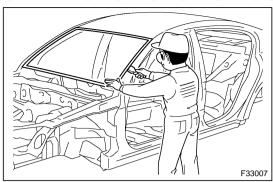
(e) REPAIR OF BUMPER REINFORCEMENT IS PROHIBITED

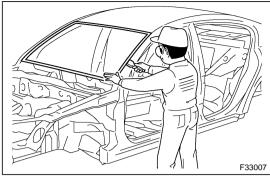
(1) The bumper reinforcement is designed so that it performs at 100% in its original shape. However, if the bumper reinforcement is repaired, its performance may not be the same as before the accident.

PARTS WHICH ARE PROHIBITED TO BE RE-PAIRED:

Bumper reinforcement

3. PRECAUTIONS FOR CORRECT REPAIR



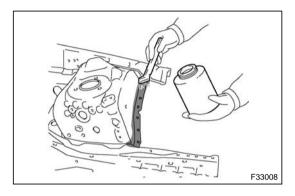


(a) REMOVAL OF ADJACENT **COMPONENTS**

(1) To prevent damage to the body and parts, apply protective tape to the body and tools before removing the parts.

NOTICE:

If the paint film is damaged, make sure to refinish the paint.



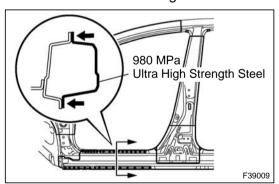
(b) ANTI-RUST TREATMENT BEFORE WELDING

(1) Apply welding primer to the contact surfaces of the welding areas to protect them from rust.

Do not apply welding primer outside of the contact surfaces.

(c) WELDING WORK

(1) Follow the welding conditions below when welding ultra high strength steel to assure sufficient weld strength.

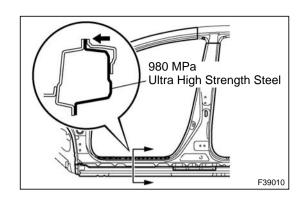


When welding 2 panels together including 980 MPa ultra high strength steel.

Spot weld	Pressure	2940 N (300 kgf, 661 lbf)	
	Weld current	10000 A	
	Weld time	18 Cyc. (0.30 Sec.)	
Plug weld	Plug diameter	10 mm (0.39 in.)	
	Wire type	AWS A5.18 ER70S-3	
	Shield gas	Metal active gas	

NOTICE:

Be sure to use Metal active gas (Ar 80% + CO₂ 20%) as the shield gas when plug welding. Sufficient weld strength cannot be assured when using 100% CO2 shield gas.



When welding more than 3 panels together including 980 MPa ultra high strength steel. (When plug welding a panel to the welded panels with the weld condition above.)

Plug weld	Plug diameter	Same as the standard method (See the introduction)
	Wire type	AWS A5.18 ER70S-3
	Shield gas	Metal active gas

NOTICE:

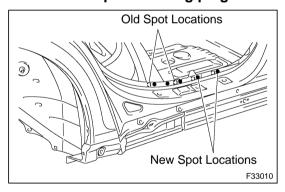
Be sure to use Metal active gas (Ar $80\% + CO_2$ 20%) as the shield gas when plug welding. Sufficient weld strength cannot be assured when using 100% CO_2 shield gas.

(2) Standard Number of Welds

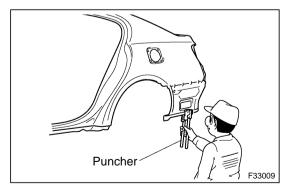
980 MPa ultra high strength steel	Number of spot welds	More than the number of welds made by the manufacturer
	Number of plug welds	More than the number of welds made by the manufacturer
Normal steel or high strength steel	Number of spot welds	More than 1.3x the number of welds made by the manufacturer
	Number of plug welds	More than the number of welds made by the manufacturer

NOTICE:

Inspect the welds after spot welding. For points with insufficient weld strength join the panels using plug welds.



(3) Spot weld locations
Avoid welding over previously welded areas.



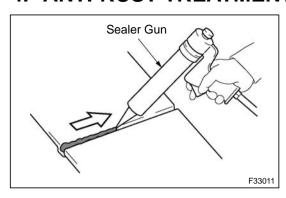
(d) MAKING HOLES FOR PLUG WELDING

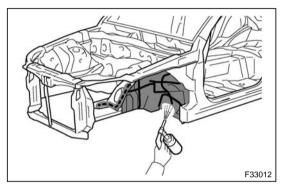
 For areas where a spot welder cannot be used, use a puncher or drill to make holes for plug welding.

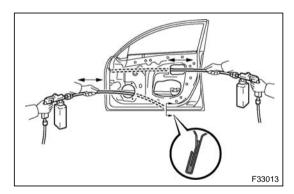
Thickness of welded portion	Diameter of plug hole
Under 1.0 mm (0.04 in.)	Over 5.0 mm (0.20 in.)
1.0 to 1.6 mm (0.04 to 0.06 in.)	Over 6.5 mm (0.26 in.)
1.7 to 2.3 mm (0.07 to 0.09 in.)	Over 8.0 mm (0.31 in.)
Over 2.4 mm (0.09 in.)	Over 10 mm (0.39 in.)

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4. ANTI-RUST TREATMENT AFTER INSTALLATION







(a) BODY SEALER APPLICATION

PURPOSE:

For water-proofing and anti-rust measures, always apply the body sealer to the body panel seams and hems of the doors, hood, etc.

NOTICE:

Apply body sealer neatly to parts that require a high quality appearance.

(b) UNDERCOAT APPLICATION

PURPOSE:

To prevent corrosion and protect the body from gravel, always apply a sufficient undercoating to the areas indicated.

(c) VEHICLE BODY ANTI-RUST AGENT APPLICATION

PURPOSE:

The purpose is to protect areas from rust which are difficult to paint such as the backside of the box-shaped cross section frame parts.

METHOD:

Apply anti-rust agent through the service holes and/or installation holes of the parts.

6. PROCEDURES NECESSARY WHEN ECU OR OTHER PARTS ARE REPLACED

(a) THE WORK LIST: USA, Canada

(1) Each inspection procedure refers to the TOYOTA Repair Manual.

Replacement Part	Necessary Procedure	Effect or Inoperative Function when Necessary Procedure is not Performed	
ECM (for 1GR-FE)	Register VIN.	DTC P0630 is output	
ECM (for 1GR-FE) Throttle body with motor assembly	Learning values save Learning values write	Engine starting	
 Automatic transmission assembly (for A750F) Valve body assembly (for A750F) Any of the shift solenoid valve (for A750F) 	Reset memory	Large shift shock	
 Automatic transmission assembly (for A750E) Valve body assembly (for A750E) Any of the shift solenoid valve (for A750E) 	Reset memory	Large shift shock	
Tire pressure warning ECU Tire pressure warning valve and transmitter	Code registration	Tire pressure warning system	
 Master cylinder solenoid Yaw rate and acceleration sensor Spiral cable sub-assembly (steering angle sensor) 	Calibration	Vehicle stability control system	
Garage door opener transmitter	Registration	Garage door opener system	
DCM (Telematics Transceiver)	DCM Activation	Safety connect system does not operative	
Steering lock actuator assembly Certification ECU ID code box Key	Code registration	Engine immobiliser system (w/ Smart Key System) Engine start Steering lock and unlock	
Transponder key ECUECMKey	Code registration	Engine immobiliser system (w/o Smart Key System) Engine start	
Door control receiver assembly Key	Code registration Wireless door lock control sy (w/o Smart Key System)		
Front power window regulator motor LH Front power window regulator motor RH Rear power window regulator motor LH Rear power window regulator motor RH Back door power window regulator motor	Motor initialization	Power window control system	
Sliding roof ECU (sliding roof drive gear sub-assembly) Sliding roof glass Sliding roof housing	Sliding roof system initialization Auto operation		

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(b) THE WORK LIST: Except USA, Canada

(1) Each inspection procedure refers to the TOYOTA Repair Manual.

Replacement Part	Necessary Procedure	Effect or Inoperative Function when Necessary Procedure is not Performed
Throttle body with motor assembly	Clear crank time compensation data	crank
 Automatic transmission assembly (for A750F) Valve body assembly (for A750F) Any of the shift solenoid valve (for A750F) 	Reset memory	Large shift shock
 Automatic transmission assembly (for A750E) Valve body assembly (for A750E) Any of the shift solenoid valve (for A750E) 	Reset memory	Large shift shock
 Master cylinder solenoid Yaw rate and acceleration sensor Front Wheel Alignment Adjustment 	Calibration	Vehicle stability control system
Transponder key ECUecmKey	Code registration	Engine immobiliser system
Door control receiver assemblyKey	Code registration	Wireless door lock control system
 Front power window regulator motor LH Front power window regulator motor RH Rear power window regulator motor LH Rear power window regulator motor RH Back power window regulator motor 	Motor initialization	Power window control system
 Sliding roof ECU (sliding roof drive gear sub-assembly) Sliding roof glass Sliding roof housing 	Sliding roof system initialization	Auto operation

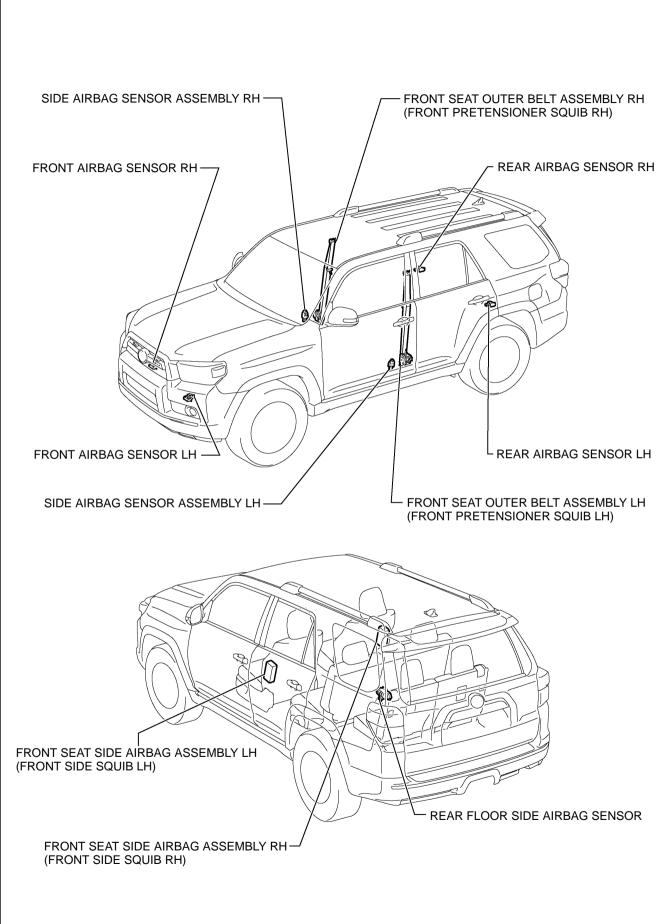
7. PRECAUTIONS FOR SRS AIRBAG SYSTEM

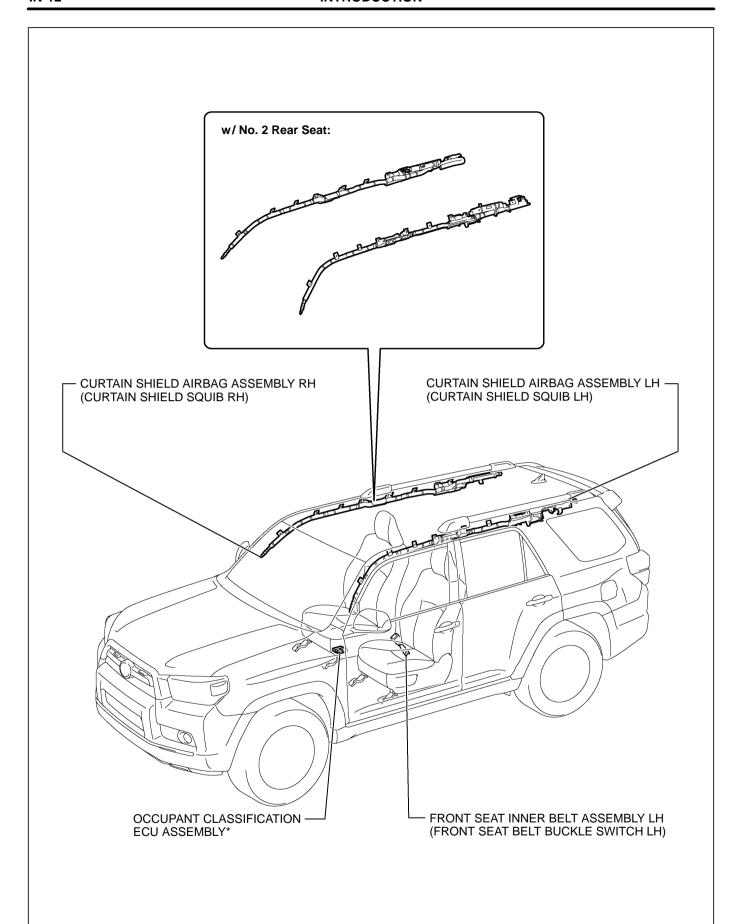
(a) HANDLING OF A VEHICLE THAT HAS BEEN DAMAGED IN A COLLISION

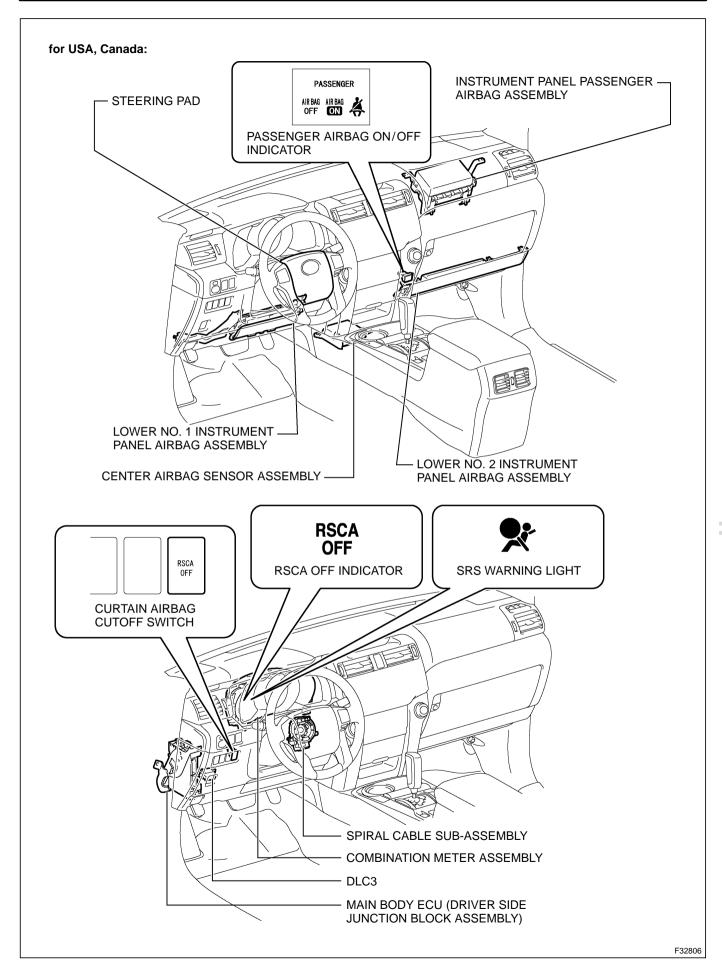
- (1) Refer to the TOYOTA Repair Manual for the SRS airbag system inspection procedures.
- (2) If impacts are likely to occur to the front airbag sensors, side airbag sensors, rear airbag sensors, rear floor side airbag sensors or center airbag sensor remove each sensor as necessary beforehand.
- (3) Do not allow the front airbag sensors, side airbag sensors, rear airbag sensors, rear floor side airbag sensors or center airbag sensor to become heated to high temperatures.
- (4) Check the wire harnesses and connectors for damage and/or melting, as some areas of the airbags and seat belt pretensioners may heat up to several hundred degrees when they operate.

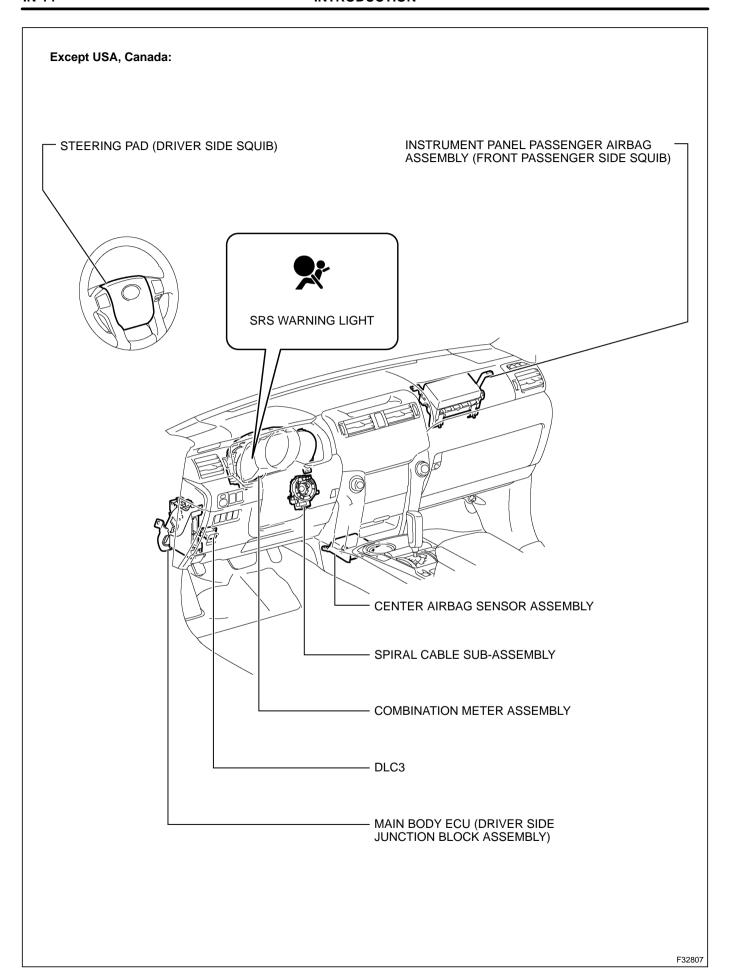
(b) PRECAUTIONS FOR USING AN ELECTRIC WELDER

- (1) Check the Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs).
 - If one or more DTCs are displayed;
 - Disconnect the negative (–) terminal cable from the battery.
 - Disconnect all the malfunctioning circuit connectors.
 - Disconnect the center airbag sensor assembly connector.
 - 2. If DTCs are NOT displayed;
 - Inspect for damage to the electric wiring harnesses and connectors.
 - Disconnect the negative (–) terminal cable from the battery.
 - Disconnect the center airbag sensor assembly connector.









8. PRECAUTIONS FOR RESIN PARTS

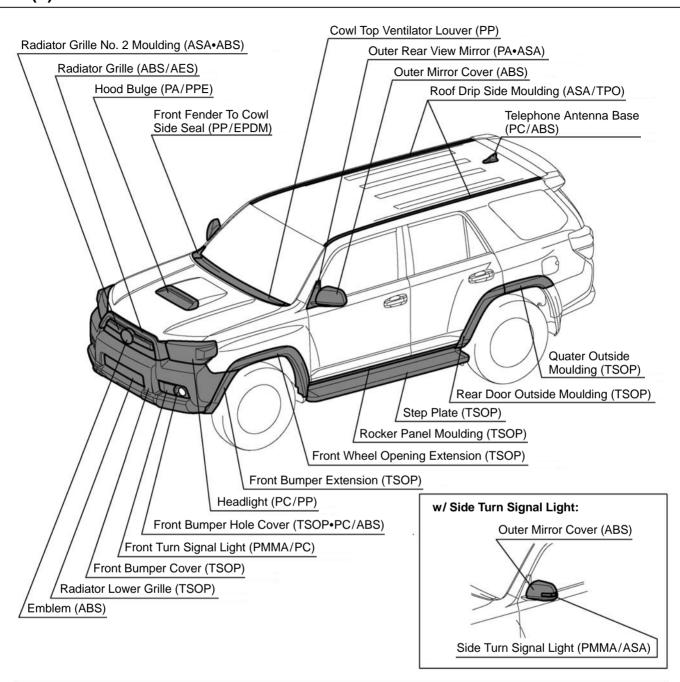
(a) PLASTIC PROPERTIES CHART

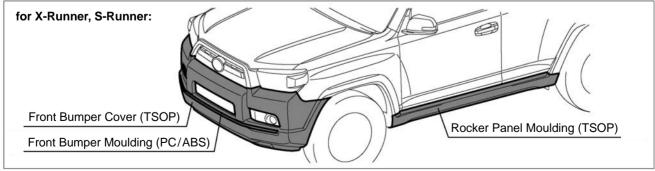
(1) When repairing, some parts may be deformed by the heat. Therefore, confirm the properties of the plastic parts, and remove parts beforehand as necessary.

Code	Material name	Heat resistant temperature limit* °C (°F)	Resistance to alcohol or gasoline	Notes
ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts (e.g., quick wiping to remove grease).	Avoid gasoline and organic or aromatic solvents.
AES	Acrylonitrile Ethylene Styrene	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts (e.g., quick wiping to remove grease).	Avoid gasoline and organic or aromatic solvents.
ASA	Acrylonitrile Styrene Acrylate	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts (e.g., quick wiping to remove grease).	Avoid gasoline and organic or aromatic solvents.
EPDM	Ethylene Propylene	100 (212)	Alcohol is harmless. Gasoline is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts.	Most solvent are harmless but avoid dipping in gasoline, solvents, etc.
PA	Polyamide (Nylon)	80 (176)	Alcohol and gasoline are harmless.	Avoid battery acid.
PBT	Polybutylene Terephthalate	160 (320)	Alcohol and gasoline are harmless.	Most solvents are harmless.
PC	Polycarbonate	120 (248)	Alcohol is harmless.	Avoid gasoline, brake fluid, wax, wax removers and organic solvents. Avoid alkali.
PMMA	Polymethyl Methacrylate	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts.	Avoid dipping or immersing in alcohol, gasoline, solvents, etc.
PP	Polypropylene	80 (176)	Alcohol and gasoline are harmless.	Most solvents are harmless.
PPE	Polyphenylene Ether	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts (e.g., quick wiping to remove grease).	Avoid dipping or immersing in alcohol, gasoline, solvents, etc.
TPO	Thermoplastic Olefine	80 (176)	Alcohol is harmless. Gasoline is harmless if applied only for short time in small amounts.	Most solvents are harmless but avoid dipping in gasoline, solvents, etc.
TSOP	TOYOTA Super Olefine Polymer	80 (176)	Alcohol and gasoline are harmless.	Most solvents are harmless.

^{*} The heat resistant temperature means a temperature that may cause heat deformation during a procedure.

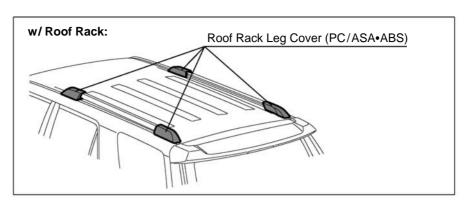
(b) THE PLASTIC BODY PARTS MATERIAL LIST

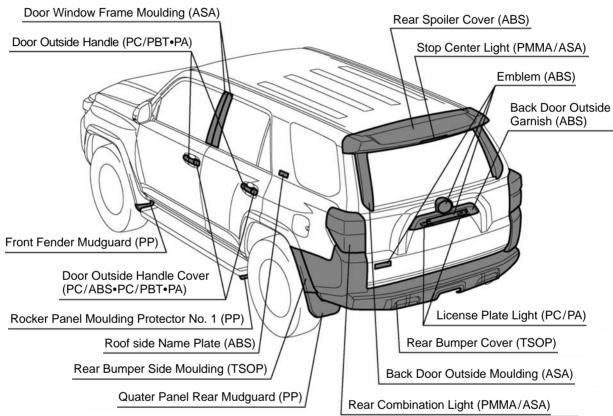


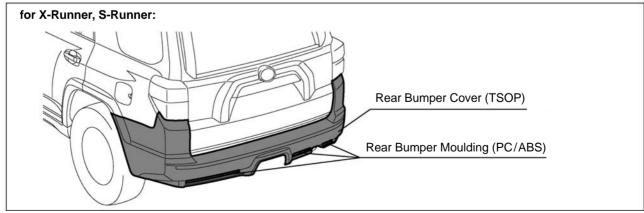


HINT:

- Resin material differs with model.
- / Made up of 2 or more kinds materials.





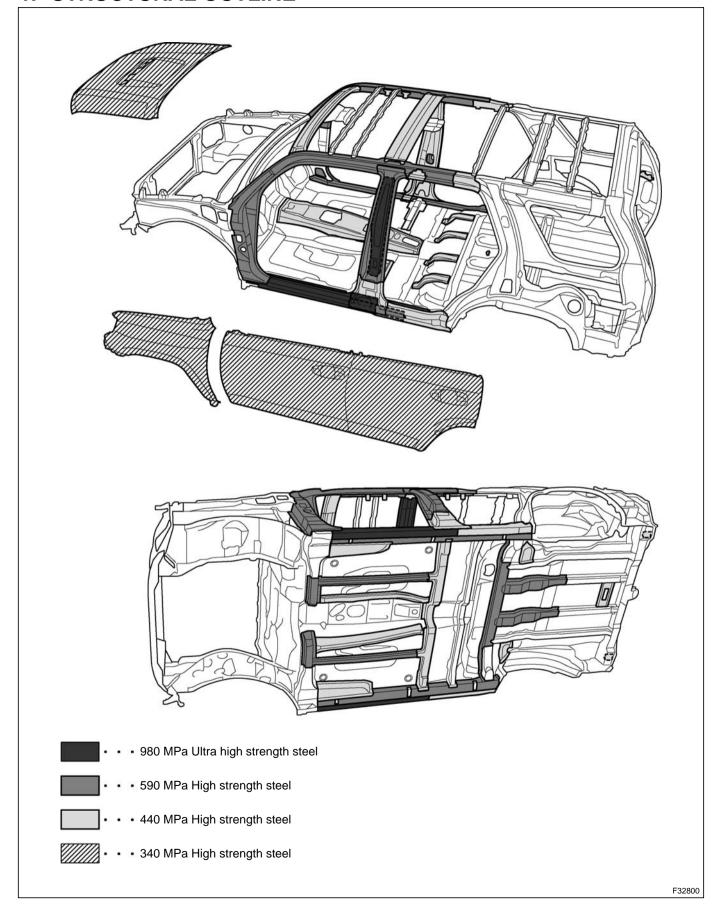


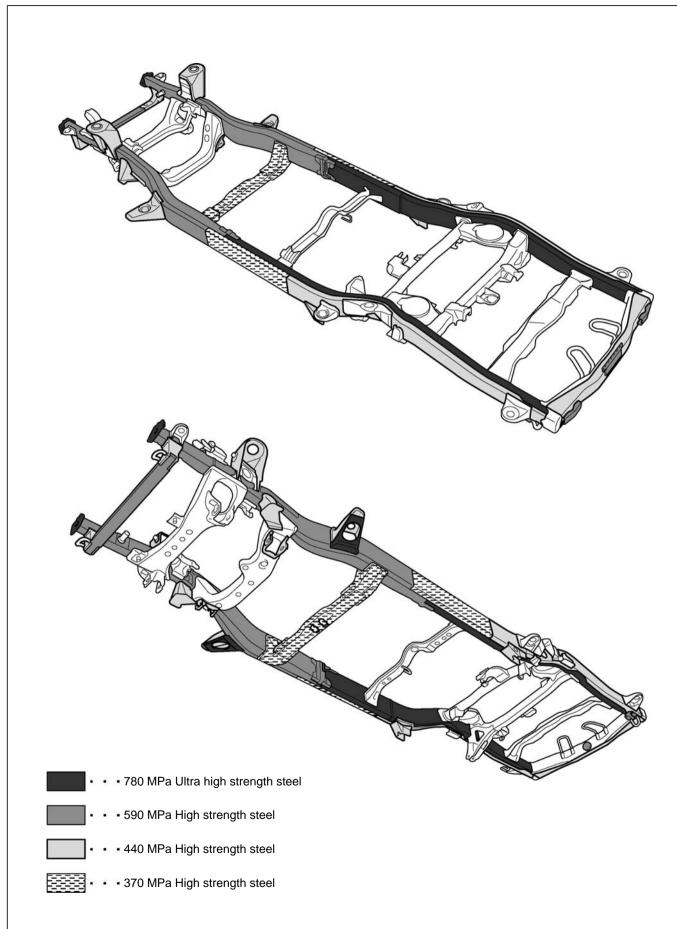
HINT:

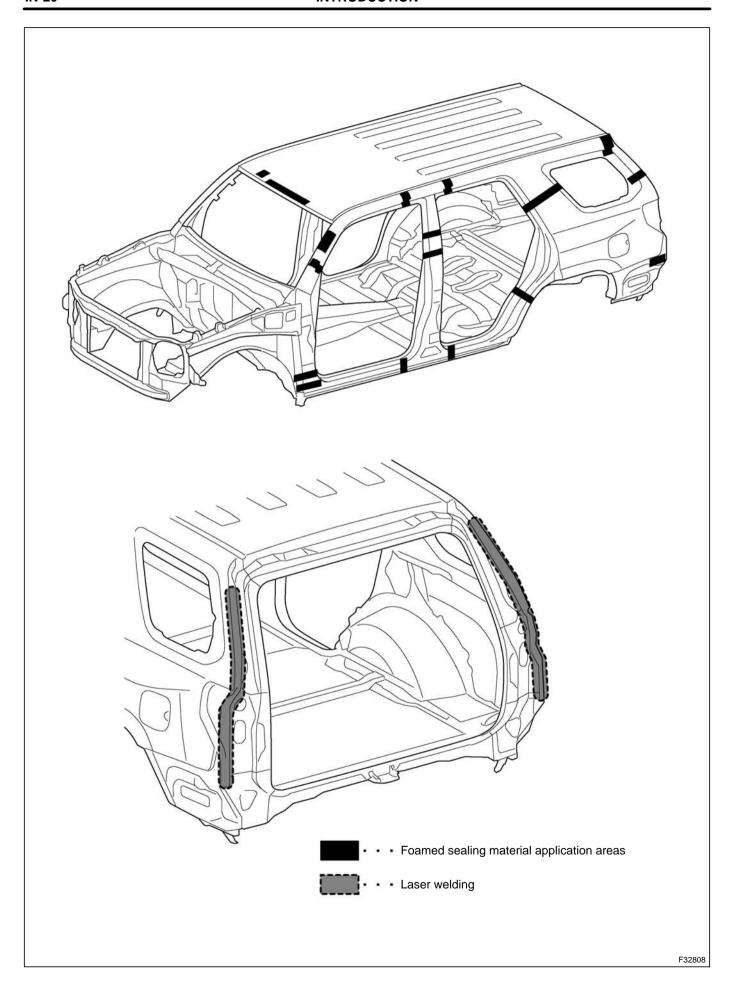
- Resin material differs with model.
- / Made up of 2 or more kinds materials.

ABOUT THIS VEHICLE

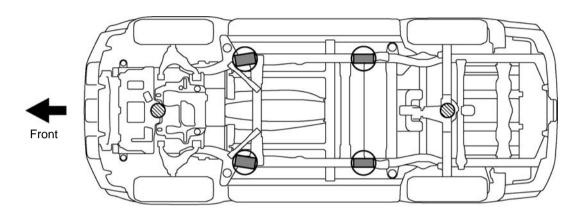
1. STRUCTURAL OUTLINE







2. NOTICE ABOUT VEHICLE CONDITION WHEN JACKING UP VEHICLE



: JACK POSITION

Front: Center of crossmember

Rear: Protruding part of rear suspension

member CAUTION:

When jacking up the vehicle, make sure the vehicle is not carrying any

extra weight.

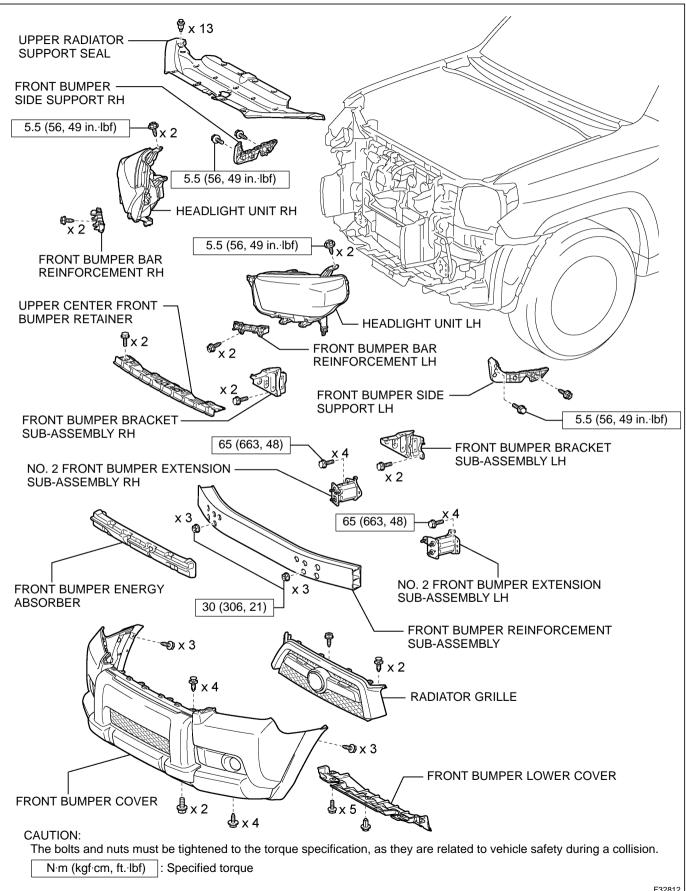


: SUPPORT POSITION

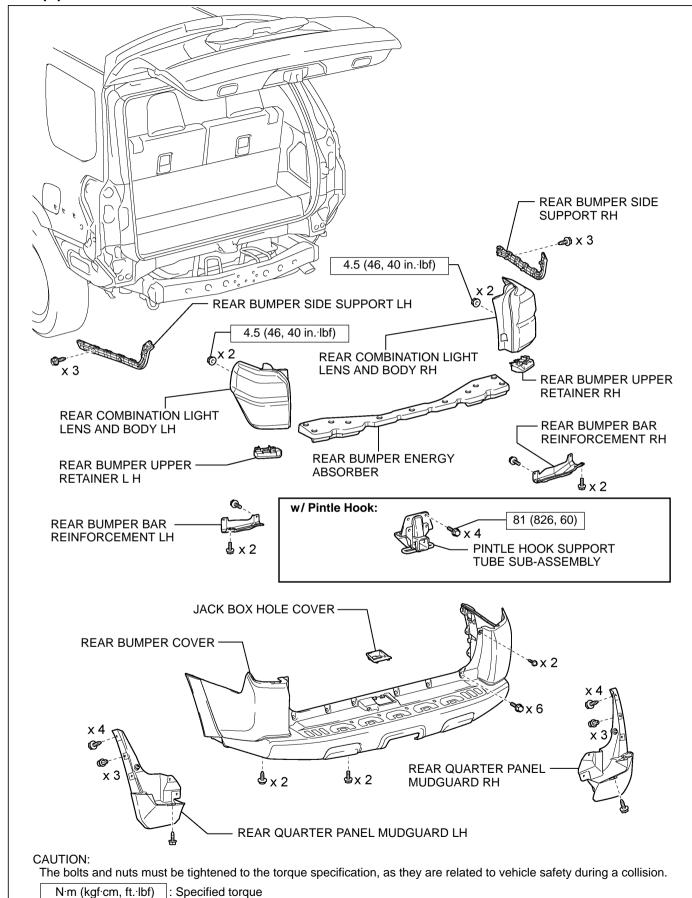
Swing arm type lift, Safety stand

3. COMPONENTS

(a) FRONT BUMPER

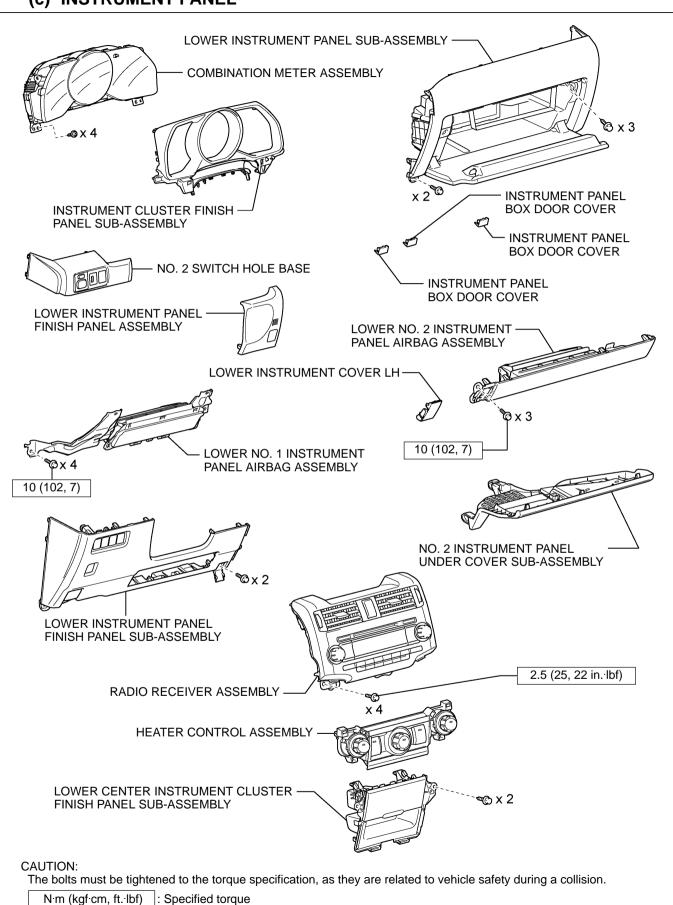


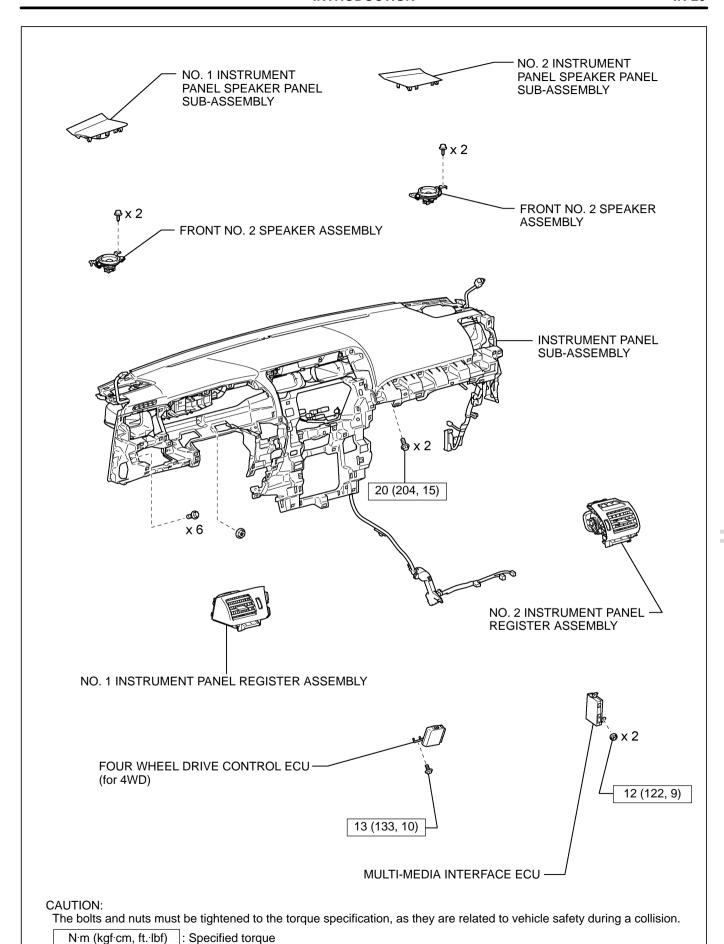
(b) REAR BUMPER



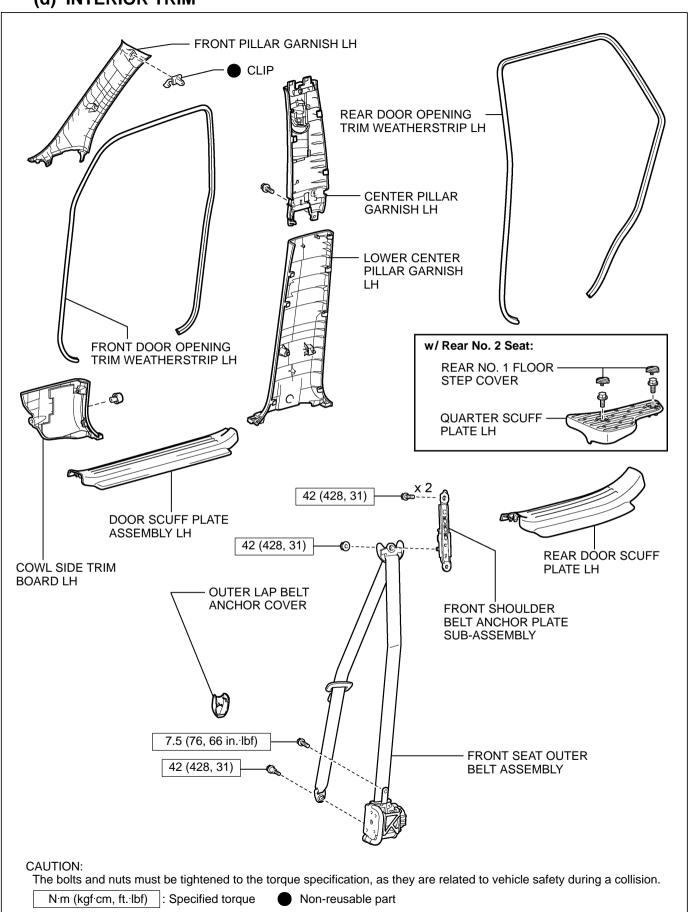
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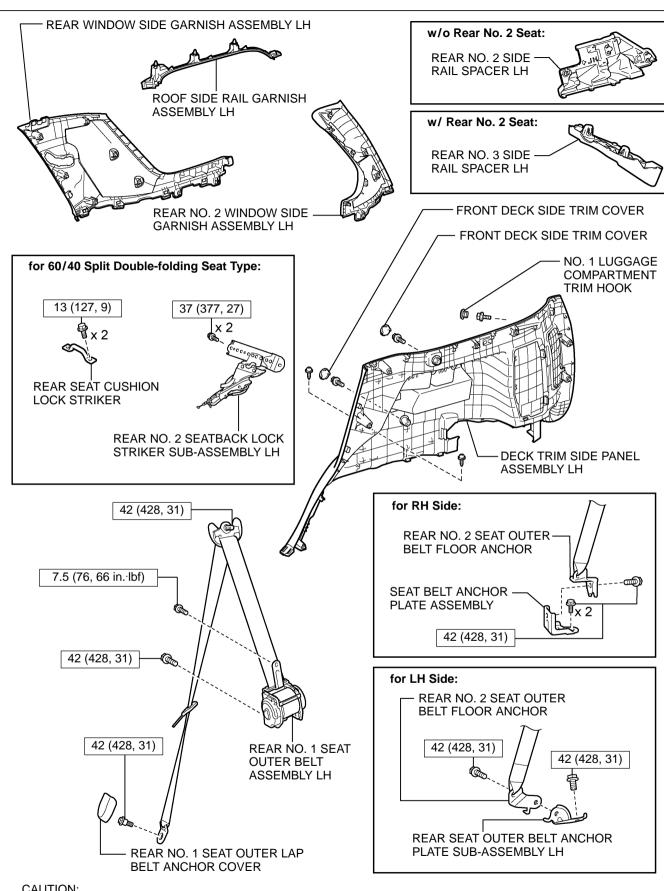
(c) INSTRUMENT PANEL





(d) INTERIOR TRIM

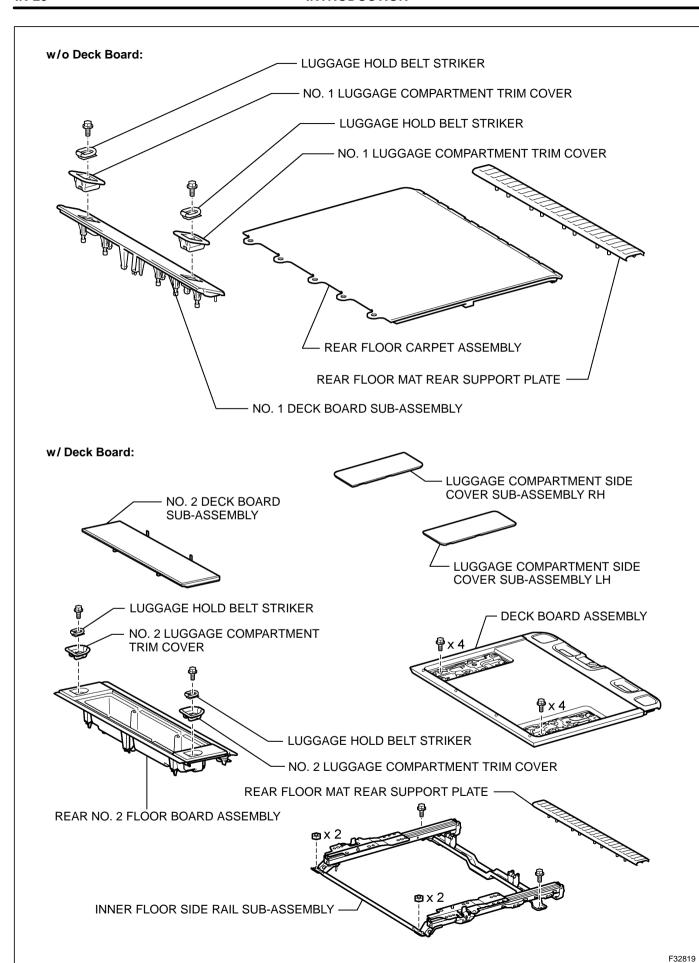


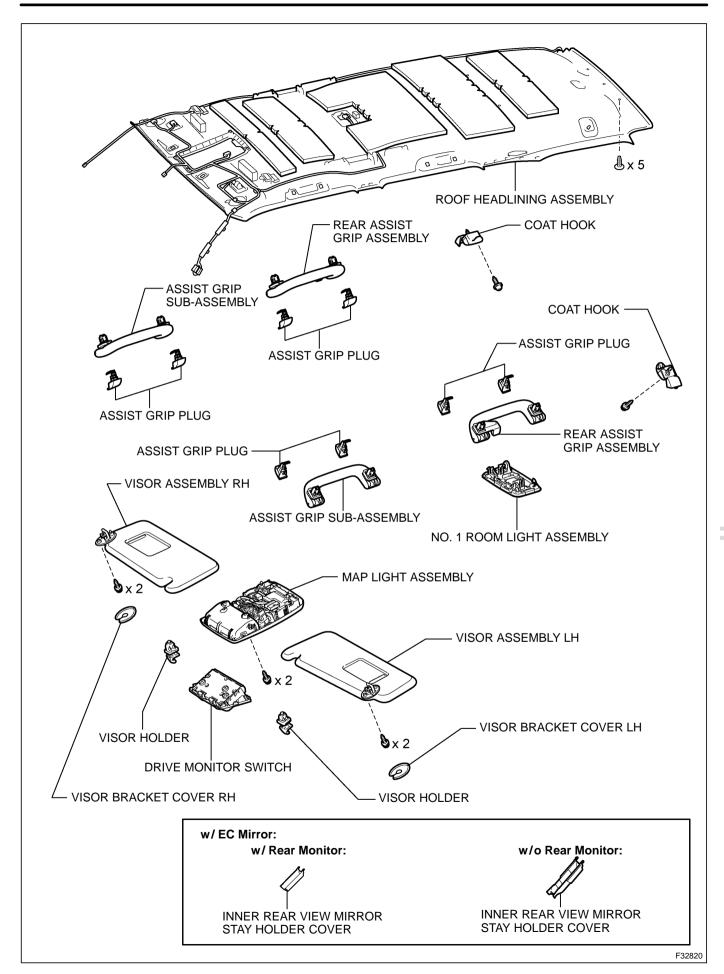


CAUTION:

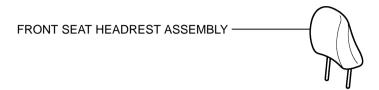
The bolts and nuts must be tightened to the torque specification, as they are related to vehicle safety during a collision.

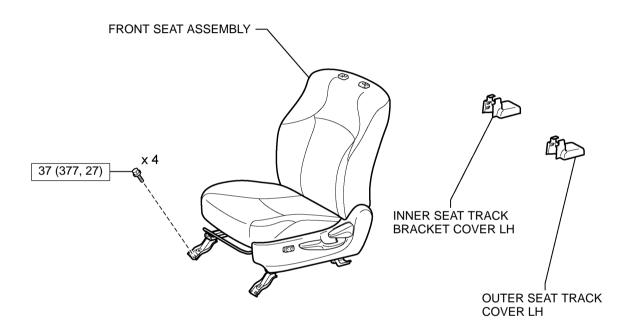
N·m (kgf·cm, ft.·lbf) : Specified torque

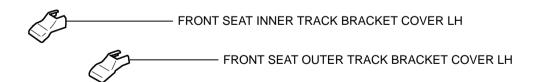




(e) FRONT SEAT





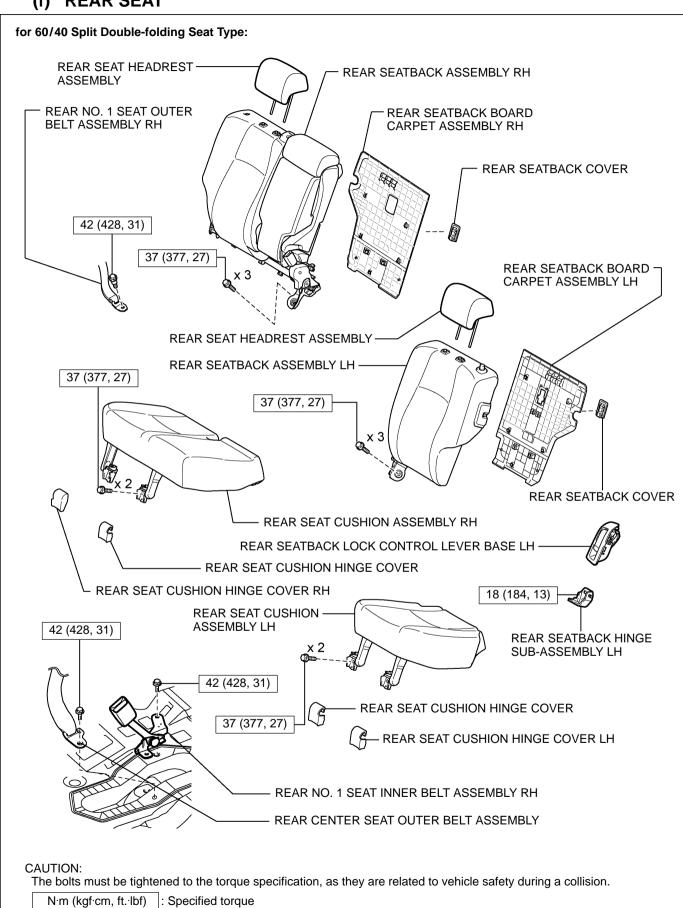


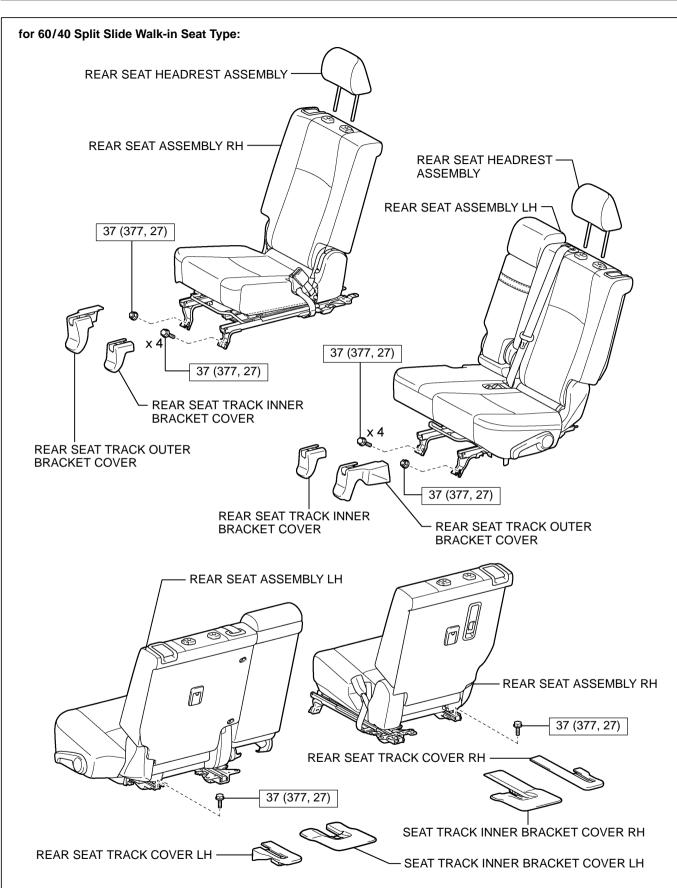
CAUTION:

The bolts must be tightened to the torque specification, as they are related to vehicle safety during a collision.

N·m (kgf·cm, ft. lbf) : Specified torque

(f) REAR SEAT



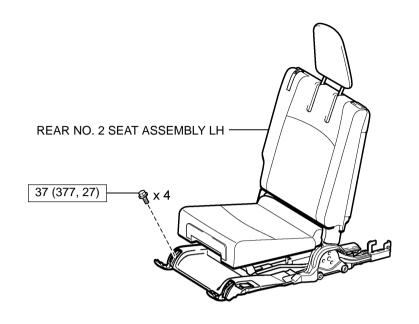


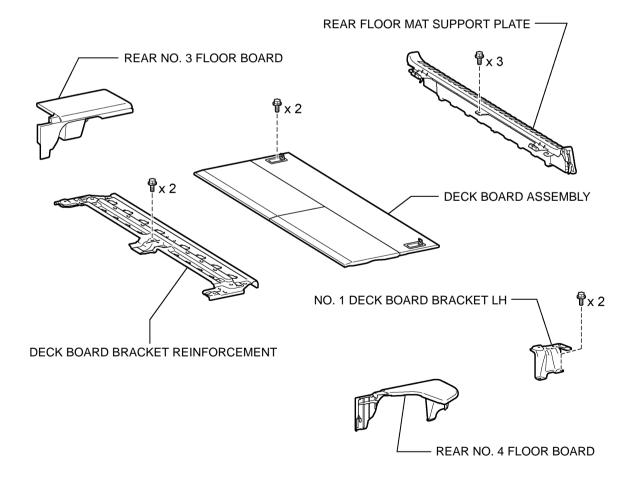
CAUTION:

The bolts and nuts must be tightened to the torque specification, as they are related to vehicle safety during a collision.

N·m (kgf·cm, ft. lbf) : Specified torque







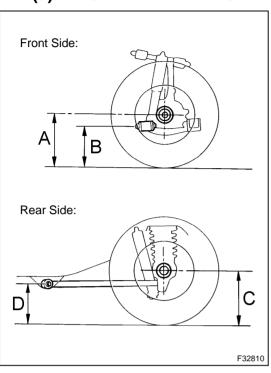
CAUTION:

The bolts must be tightened to the torque specification, as they are related to vehicle safety during a collision.

N·m (kgf·cm, ft. lbf) : Specified torque

4. WHEEL ALIGNMENT STANDARD

(a) FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT: USA, Canada



(1) Standard Vehicle Height (Unloaded Vehicle):

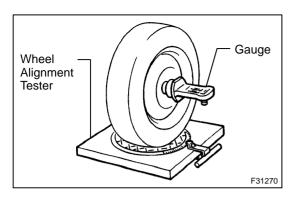
NOTICE:

Before inspecting the wheel alignment, adjust the vehicle height to the specification.

Measuring points:

- A: Ground clearance of the front wheel center
- B: Ground clearance of the front adjusting cam bolt center
- C: Ground clearance of the rear wheel center
- D: Ground clearance of the rear lower control arm front side center

Vehicle Model	Grade	Front A – B	Rear C – D
iviodei	SR5	115.6 mm (4.55 in.)	79.8 mm (3.14 in.)
ODNIGOGI	SNS	113.0 11111 (4.33 111.)	79.0 11111 (3.14 111.)
GRN280L- GKAGKA	S-Runner	116.4 mm (4.58 in.)	80.5 mm (3.17 in.)
	X-Runner	116.7 mm (4.59 in.)	85.2 mm (3.35 in.)
	SR5	93.9 mm (3.70 in.)	68.1 mm (2.68 in.)
	S-Runner	94.6 mm (3.72 in.)	68.8 mm (2.71 in.)
GRN285L-	Trail Edition	95.7 mm (3.77 in.)	69.8 mm (2.75 in.)
GKAGKA	Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	98.3 mm (3.87 in.)	72.1 mm (2.84 in.)
	X-Runner	97.5 mm (3.84 in.)	72.4 mm (2.85 in.)
	SR5	115.6 mm (4.55 in.)	79.2 mm (3.12 in.)
TRN280L- GKPGKA	DeContent	115.6 mm (4.55 in.)	79.2 mm (3.12 in.)
	S-Runner	116.4 mm (4.58 in.)	79.9 mm (3.15 in.)
	SR5	96.0 mm (3.78 in.)	67.9 mm (2.67 in.)
TRN285L- GKPGKA	DeContent	96.0 mm (3.78 in.)	67.9 mm (2.67 in.)
5.1. 5101	S-Runner	96.7 mm (3.81 in.)	68.6 mm (2.70 in.)



(2) Standard Camber Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

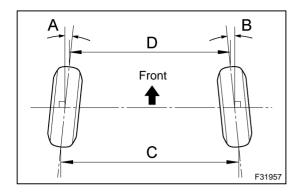
Vehicle Model	Grade	Camber Inclination	Right-left Difference
	SR5	-0°35' +/-45' (-0.58° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN280L- GKAGKA	S-Runner	-0°37' +/-45' (-0.62° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	X-Runner	-0°38' +/-45' (-0.63° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	SR5	0°0'+/-45' (0.00°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	-0°1'+/-45' (-0.02°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN285L- GKAGKA	Trail Edition	-0°3' +/-45' (-0.05° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	-0°7' +/-45' (-0.12° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	X-Runner	-0°6' +/-45' (-0.10° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	SR5	-0°34'+/-45' (0.57° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
TRN280L- GKPGKA	DeContent	-0°34'+/-45' (0.57° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	-0°36' +/-45' (0.60° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
TRN285L- GKPGKA	SR5	-0°3' +/-45' (0.50° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	DeContent	-0°3'+/-45' (0.50°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	-0°4' +/-45' (0.67° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less

(3) Standard Caster Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

Vehicle Model	Grade	Caster Inclination	Right-left Difference
	SR5	3°34' +/-45' (3.57°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN280L- GKAGKA	S-Runner	3°36' +/-45' (3.60°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	X-Runner	3°44' +/-45' (3.73°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	SR5	3°11'+/-45' (3.18°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	3°12'+/-45' (3.20°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN285L- GKAGKA	Trail Edition	3°14' +/-45' (3.23°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	3°18' +/-45' (3.30°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	X-Runner	3°20' +/-45' (3.33°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	SR5	3°39' +/-45' (5.65° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
TRN280L- GKPGKA	DeContent	3°39' +/-45' (5.65° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	3°40' +/-45' (5.67° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
TRN285L- GKPGKA	SR5	3°14' +/-45' (5.23 ° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	DeContent	3°14' +/-45' (5.23 ° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	S-Runner	3°15' +/-45' (5.25 ° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less

(4) Standard Steering Axis Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

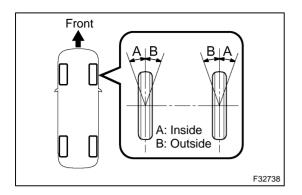
Vehicle Model	Grade	Steering Axis Inclination
	SR5	12°50' +/-45' (12.83°+/-0.75°)
GRN280L- GKAGKA	S-Runner	12°51' +/-45' (12.85°+/-0.75°)
	X-Runner	12°52' +/-45' (12.87°+/-0.75°)
	SR5	12°13' +/-45' (12.22°+/-0.75°)
	S-Runner	12°14' +/-45' (12.23°+/-0.75°)
GRN285L-	Trail Edition	12°15' +/-45' (12.25°+/-0.75°)
GKAGKA	Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	12°19' +/-45' (12.32°+/-0.75°)
	X-Runner	12°18' +/-45' (12.30°+/-0.75°)
	SR5	12°41' +/-45' (20.68 +/-0.75°)
TRN280L- GKPGKA	DeContent	12°41' +/-45' (20.68 +/-0.75°)
	S-Runner	12°42' +/-45' (20.70 +/-0.75°)
	SR5	12°12' +/-45' (20.20 +/-0.75°)
TRN285L- GKPGKA	DeContent	12°12' +/-45 (20.20 +/-0.75°)
	S-Runner	12°13' +/-45' (20.22 +/-0.75°)



(5) Standard Toe-in (Unloaded Vehicle):

(o) etaliaara ree iii (eriieaaea veriiele):			
Grade	Toe-in		
SR5	A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.52 +/-2 mm (0.10 +/-0.08 in.)		
S-Runner	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.35 +/-2 mm (0.09 +/-0.08 in.)		
X-Runner	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.16 +/-2 mm (0.09 +/-0.08 in.)		
SR5	A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.47 +/-2 mm (0.10 +/-0.08 in.)		
S-Runner	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.29 +/-2 mm (0.09 +/-0.08 in.)		
Trail Edition	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.11 +/-2 mm (0.08 +/-0.08 in.)		
Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	A + B: 0°3' +/-0°10' (0.05° +/-0.16°) C – D: 1.49 +/-2 mm (0.06 +/-0.08 in.)		
X-Runner	A + B: 0°4' +/-0°10' (0.07° +/-0.16°) C – D: 1.60 +/-2 mm (0.06 +/-0.08 in.)		
SR5	A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.59 +/-2 mm (0.10 +/-0.08 in.)		
DeContent	A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.59 +/-2 mm (0.10 +/-0.08 in.)		
S-Runner	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.41 +/-2 mm (0.09 +/-0.08 in.)		
SR5	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.07 +/-2 mm (0.08 +/-0.08 in.)		
S-Runner	A + B: 0°5' +/-0°10' (0.08° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.07 +/-2 mm (0.08 +/-0.08 in.)		
DeContent	A + B: 0°4' +/-0°10' (0.07° +/-0.16°) C – D: 1.89 +/-2 mm (0.07 +/-0.08 in.)		
	SR5 S-Runner X-Runner SR5 S-Runner Trail Edition (W/ KDSS) X-Runner SR5 DeContent S-Runner SR5 S-Runner		

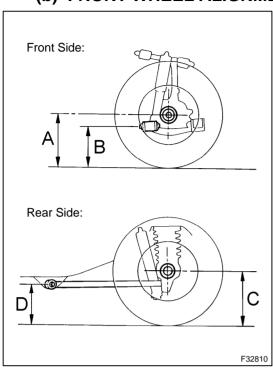


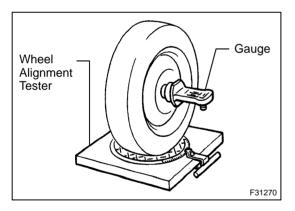


(6) Standard Wheel Turning Angle (Unloaded Vehicle):

Vehicle Model	Grade	Inside Wheel Angle	Outside Wheel Angle: Reference
	SR5	29°49' to 32°49' (29.82° to 32.82°)	29°35' (29.58°)
GRN280L- GKAGKA	S-Runner	29°49' to 32°49' (29.82° to 32.82°)	29°33' (29.55°)
	X-Runner	29°48' to 32°48' (29.80° to 32.80°)	29°2' (29.03°)
	SR5	30°21' to 33°21' (30.35° to 33.35°)	29°30' (29.50°)
	S-Runner	30°20' to 33°20' (30.33° to 33.33°)	29°28' (29.47°)
GRN285L- GKAGKA	Trail Edition	30°20' to 33°20' (30.33° to 33.33°)	29°27' (29.45°)
	Trail Edition (w/ KDSS)	30°17' to 33°17' (30.28° to 33.28°)	29°23' (29.38°)
	X-Runner	30°18' to 33°18' (30.30° to 33.30°)	29°24' (29.40°)
	SR5	29°49' to 32°49' (29.82° to 32.82°)	29°34' (29.57°)
TRN280L- GKPGKA	DeContent	29°49' to 32°49' (29.82° to 32.82°)	29°34' (29.57°)
	S-Runner	29°48' to 32°48' (29.80° to 32.80°)	29°33' (29.55°)
TRN285L- GKPGKA	SR5	30°19' to 33°19' (30.32° to 33.32°)	29°27' (29.45°)
	S-Runner	30°19' to 33°19' (30.32° to 33.32°)	29°27' (29.45°)
	DeContent	30°18' to 33°18' (30.30° to 33.30°)	29°26' (29.37°)

(b) FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT: Except USA, Canada





(1) Standard Vehicle Height (Unloaded Vehicle):

NOTICE:

Before inspecting the wheel alignment, adjust the vehicle height to the specification.

Measuring points:

- A: Ground clearance of the front wheel center
- B: Ground clearance of the front adjusting cam bolt center
- C: Ground clearance of the rear wheel center
- D: Ground clearance of the rear lower control arm front side center

Vehicle Model	Grade	Front A – B	Rear C – D
GRN280L-	SR5	96.5 mm (3.80 in.)	67.9 mm (2.67 in.)
GKAGK	Limited	97.3 mm (3.83 in.)	68.7 mm (2.70 in.)
GRN285L- GKAGK	SR5	93.9 mm (3.70 in.)	68.1 mm (2.68 in.)
	Limited	94.6 mm (3.72 in.)	68.8 mm (2.71 in.)

(2) Standard Camber Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

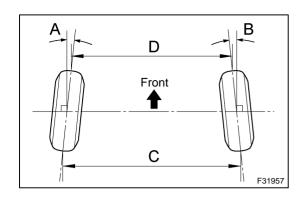
Vehicle Modelx	Grade	Camber Inclination	Right-left Difference
GRN280L-	SR5	-0°4' +/-45' (0.67° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GKAGK	Limited	-0°5' +/-45' (0.83° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN285L- GKAGK	SR5	-0°1'+/-45' (0.17°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	Limited	-0°1'+/-45' (0.17°+/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less

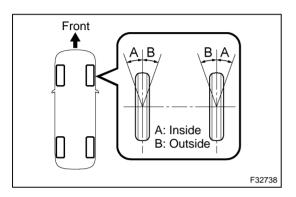
(3) Standard Caster Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

Vehicle Model	Grade	Caster Inclination	Right-left Difference
GRN280L-	SR5	12°13' +/-45' (20.22° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GKAGK	Limited	12°14' +/-45' (20.23° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
GRN285L- GKAGK	SR5	12°9' +/-45' (21.50° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less
	Limited	12°14' +/-45' (20.23° +/-0.75°)	45' (0.75°) or less

(4) Standard Steering Axis Inclination (Unloaded Vehicle):

Vehicle Model	Grade	Steering Axis Inclination
ODNIGORI OLGOGI	SR5	12°13' +/-45' (20.22 +/-0.75°)
GRN280L-GKAGK	Limited	12°14' +/-45' (20.23 +/-0.75°)
CDNI2051 CKACK	SR5	12°9' +/-45' (21.50 +/-0.75°)
GRN285L-GKAGK	Limited	12°14' +/-45' (20.23 +/-0.75°)





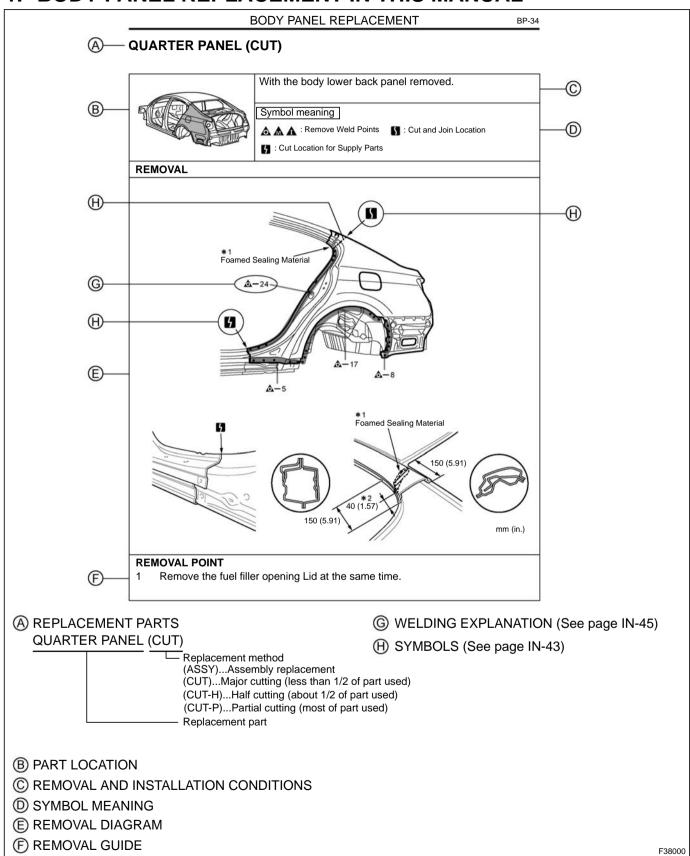
(5) Standard Toe-in (Unloaded Vehicle):

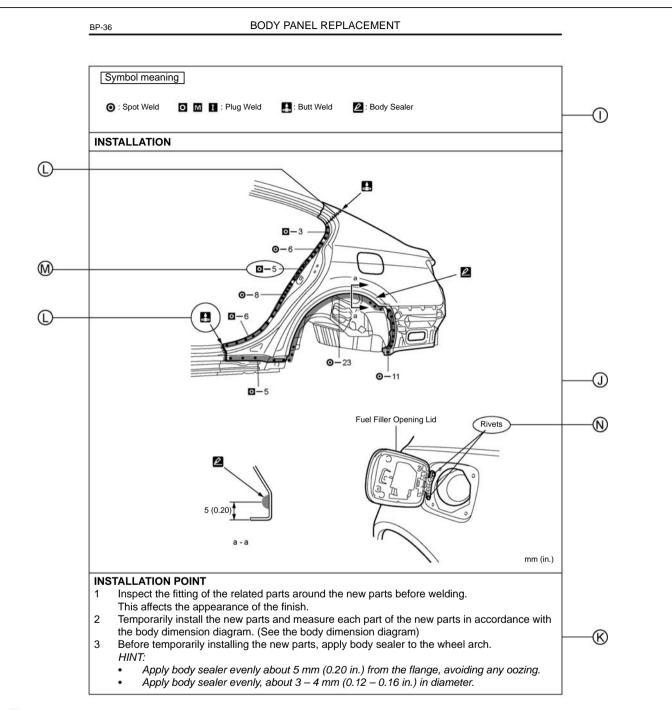
Vehicle Model	Grade	Toe-in	
SR5 GRN280L-		A + B: 0°4' +/-0°10' (0.07° +/-0.16°) C – D: 1.86 +/-2 mm (0.073 +/-0.08 in.)	
GKAGK	Limited	A + B: 0°4' +/-0°10' (0.07° +/-0.16°) C – D: 1.68 +/-2 mm (0.066 +/-0.08 in.)	
SR5 GRN285L-		A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C - D: 2.46 +/-2 mm (0.097 +/-0.08 in.)	
GKAGK	Limited	A + B: 0°6' +/-0°10' (0.10° +/-0.16°) C – D: 2.30 +/-2 mm (0.091 +/-0.08 in.)	

(6) Standard Wheel Turning Angle (Unloaded Vehicle):

Vehicle Model	Grade	Inside Wheel Angle	Outside Wheel Angle: Reference
GRN280L-	SR5	33°54' to 36°54' (33.90° to 36.90°)	32°24' (32.40°)
GKAGK	Limited	33°54' to 36°54' (33.90° to 36.90°)	32°23' (32.38°)
GRN285L- GKAGK	SR5	33°57' to 36°57' (33.95° to 36.95°)	32°28' (32.47°)
	Limited	33°56' to 36°56' (33.93° to 36.93°)	32°27' (32.45°)

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL 1. BODY PANEL REPLACEMENT IN THIS MANUAL





- (I) SYMBOL MEANING
- (I) INSTALLATION DIAGRAM
- (K) INSTALLATION GUIDE
- (L) SYMBOLS (See page IN-43)
- M WELDING EXPLANATION (See page IN-45)
- N PART NAME

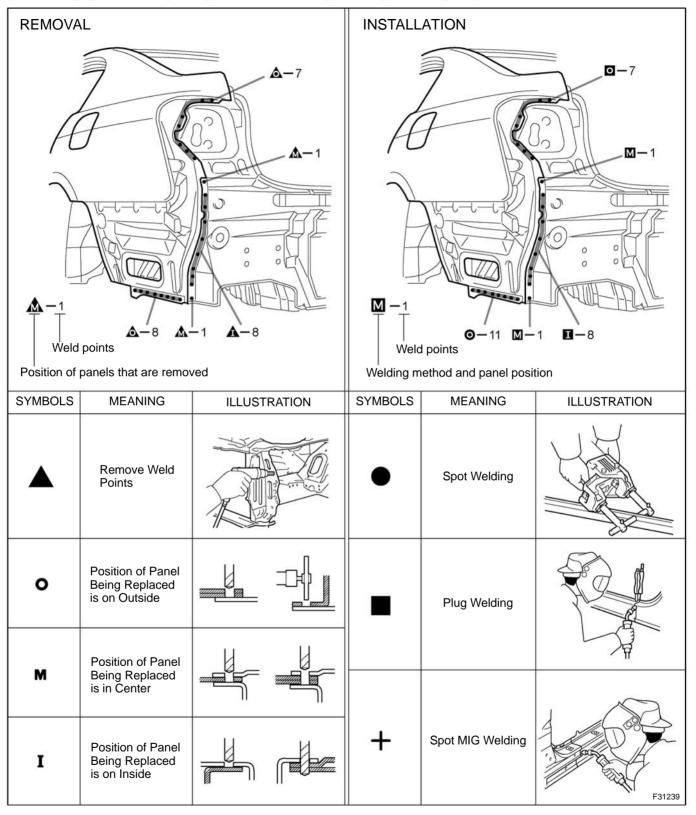
2. SYMBOLS

REPAIR AREA INDICATOR SYMBOLS		REPAIR METHOD INDICATOR SYMBOLS		ILLUSTRATION
	CUT	5	CUT AND JOIN LOCATION (SAW CUT)	
		4	CUT AND JOIN LOCATION (Cut Location for Supply Parts)	
		•	CUT LOCATION	
		ЫJ	CUT WITH DISC SANDER, ETC.	
////	BRAZE	=	BRAZING OR ARC BRAZING FOR REMOVAL	
0000	BRAZE	≼	BRAZE	
	WELD POINTS	I	SPOT WELD OR PLUG WELD (refer to "ILLUSTRATION OF WELD POINT SYMBOLS")	
++++	WELDING	♣	BUTT WELD	
			FILLET WELD	
	BODY SEALER	Q	BODY SEALER	F31237

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REPAIR AREA INDICATOR SYMBOLS		REPAIR METHOD INDICATOR SYMBOLS		ILLUSTRATION
_	ASSEMBLY MARK	•	STANDARD HOLE FOR INSTALLATION	_
***************************************	BODY SEALER	_	FLAT FINISHING	
			NO FLAT FINISHING	F31238

3. ILLUSTRATION OF WELD POINT SYMBOLS



МЕМО

cardiagn.com