

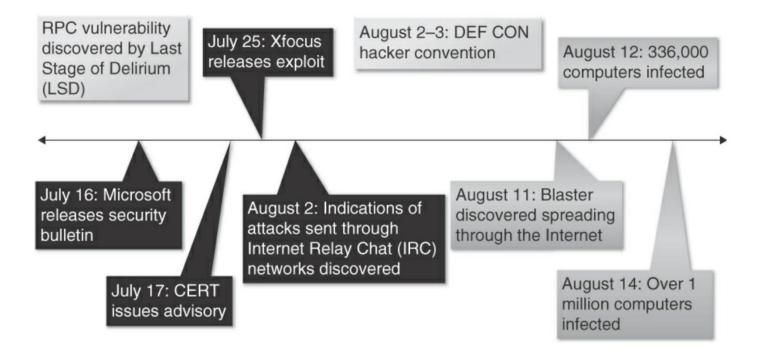
Overview



Secure Coding in C and C++, 2nd Edition. 한양대학교 컴퓨터소프트웨어학부 임을규

W32.Blaster.Worm

- **2003. 08. 11**
- ◆8 million Windows systems were infected
- Buffer overflow vulnerability in RPC
- **◆**Timeline



```
01
        error_status_t _RemoteActivation(
02
             ..., WCHAR *pwszObjectName, ...) {
         *phr = GetServerPath(pwszObjectName, &pwszObjectName);
03
04
         . . .
05
06
07
       HRESULT GetServerPath(
08
            WCHAR *pwszPath, WCHAR **pwszServerPath ){
         WCHAR *pwszFinalPath = pwszPath;
09
         WCHAR wszMachineName[MAX_COMPUTERNAME_LENGTH_FQDN+1];
10
         hr = GetMachineName(pwszPath, wszMachineName);
11
          *pwszServerPath = pwszFinalPath;
12
13
14
15
       HRESULT GetMachineName(
16
         WCHAR *pwszPath,
17
         WCHAR wszMachineName[MAX_COMPUTERNAME_LENGTH_FQDN+1])
18
19
         pwszServerName = wszMachineName;
20
         LPWSTR pwszTemp = pwszPath + 2;
21
         while ( *pwszTemp != L'\\' )
22
            *pwszServerName++ = *pwszTemp++;
23
           . . .
24
```

Figure 1.2. Flawed logic exploited by the W32.Blaster.Worm

Security Concepts

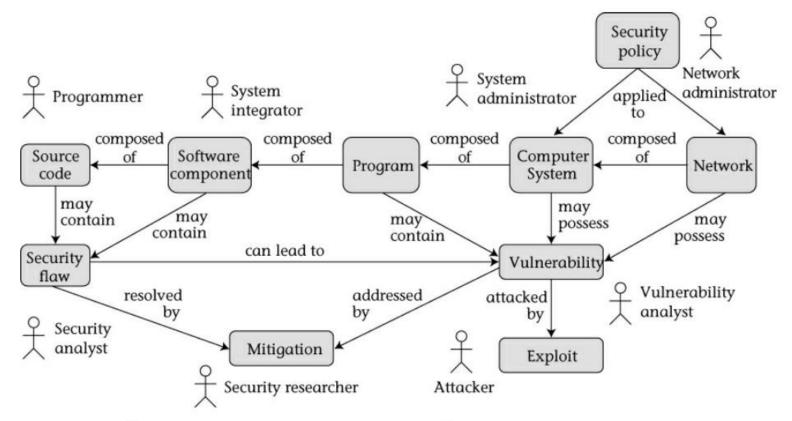


Figure 1.4. Security concepts, actors, and relationships

Popular Programming Languages

Position Jan 2013	Position Jan 2012	Programming Language	Ratings Jan 2013	Delta Jan 2012	Status
1	2	С	17.855%	+0.89%	A
2	1	Java	17.417%	-0.05%	A
3	5	Objective-C	10.283%	+3.37%	A
4	4	C++	9.140%	+1.09%	A
5	3	C#	6.196%	-2.57%	A
6	6	PHP	5.546%	-0.16%	A
7	7	(Visual) Basic	4.749%	+0.23%	A
8	8	Python	4.173%	+0.96%	A
9	9	Perl	2.264%	-0.50%	A
10	10	JavaScript	1.976%	-0.34%	A
11	12	Ruby	1.775%	+0.34%	A
12	24	Visual Basic .NET	1.043%	+0.56%	A
13	13	Lisp	0.953%	-0.16%	A
14	14	Pascal	0.932%	+0.14%	A
15	11	Delphi/Object Pascal	0.919%	-0.65%	A
16	17	Ada	0.651%	+0.02%	В
17	23	MATLAB	0.641%	+0.13%	В
18	20	Lua	0.633%	+0.07%	В
19	21	Assembly	0.629%	+0.08%	В
20	72	Bash	0.613%	+0.49%	В

Table 1.3. TIOBE Long Term History (January 2013)

Brief History of C

- ◆The C language was created the early 1970s
 - as a system implementation language for the UNIX OS
 - derived from the typeless language B (← BCPL (Basic Combined Programming Language))
- **♦** Standards
 - ANSI published a report in 1989 → ISO/IEC 9899-1990
 - C89 or C90
 - amendment: ISO/IEC 9899/AMD1:1995
 - AMD1 or C95
 - ISO/IEC 9899:1999, the second edition of the standard
 - C99
 - ISO/IEC 9899:2011
 - C11

Descendants of C

- Concurrent C
- Objective-C
- **◆**C*
- ◆C++ (1983)
 - C with Classes → C++
 - The Annotated C++ Reference Manual (ARM C++, 1990)
 - added exceptions and templates
 - ISO C++
 - added runtime type identification (RTTI), namespaces, std lib
 - most recent version: ISO/IEC 14882:2011 (C++11)

C Language Standard – guiding principles

Point 6: Keep the spirit of C. Some of the facets of the spirit of C can be summarized in phrases like

- (a) Trust the programmer.
- **(b)** Don't prevent the programmer from doing what needs to be done.
- **(c)** Keep the language small and simple.
- **(d)** Provide only one way to do an operation.
- **(e)** Make it fast, even if it is not guaranteed to be portable.

"Undefined Behaviors"

- Behavior can be classified as undefined because ...
 - not to catch certain program errors that are difficult to diagnose
 - to avoid defining obscure corner cases that would favor one implementation strategy
 - to identify areas of possible conforming language extension

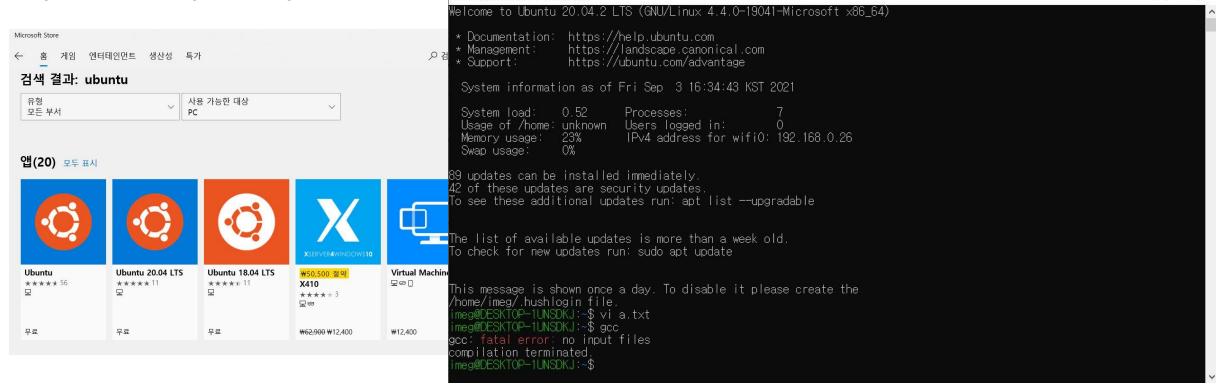
Undefined behaviors are extremely dangerous because they are not required to be diagnosed by the compiler and because any behavior can occur in the resulting program. Most of the security vulnerabilities described in this book are the result of exploiting undefined behaviors in code.

one of main causes of security flaws

Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)

- ◆ Windows 10에서는 Linux를 설치할 수 있음.
- ◆ Microsoft Store에서 "Ubuntu" 검색

◆ 다운로드 후 설치



imeg@DESKTOP-1UNSDKJ: ~



