Cryptography and Network Security

SET for E-COMMERCE TRANSACTIONS



Session Meta Data

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Reviewer	
Version Number	1.0
Release Date	6 August 2018



Revision History

Revision Date	Details	Version no.
		1.0



- Credit cards
- Secure Electronic Transactions (SET) System
 - SET requirement
 - SET Transaction
 - Key technologies of SET
 - Dual Signature
 - DS verification by merchant
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Credit Cards on the Internet

- Problem: communicate credit card and purchasing data securely to gain consumer trust
 - Authentication of buyer and merchant
 - Confidential transmissions
- Systems vary by
 - Type of public-key encryption
 - Type of symmetric encryption
 - Message digest algorithm
 - Number of parties having private keys
 - Number of parties having certificates



Credit Card Protocols

- SSL 1 or 2 parties have private keys
- TLS (Transport Layer Security)
 - IETF version of SSL
- *İ*KP (IBM)
- SEPP (Secure Encryption Payment Protocol)
 - MasterCard, IBM, Netscape
- STT (Secure Transaction Technology)
 - VISA, Microsoft
- SET (Secure Electronic Transactions)
 - MasterCard, VISA all parties have certificates

OBSOLETE

VERY SLOW ACCEPTANCE



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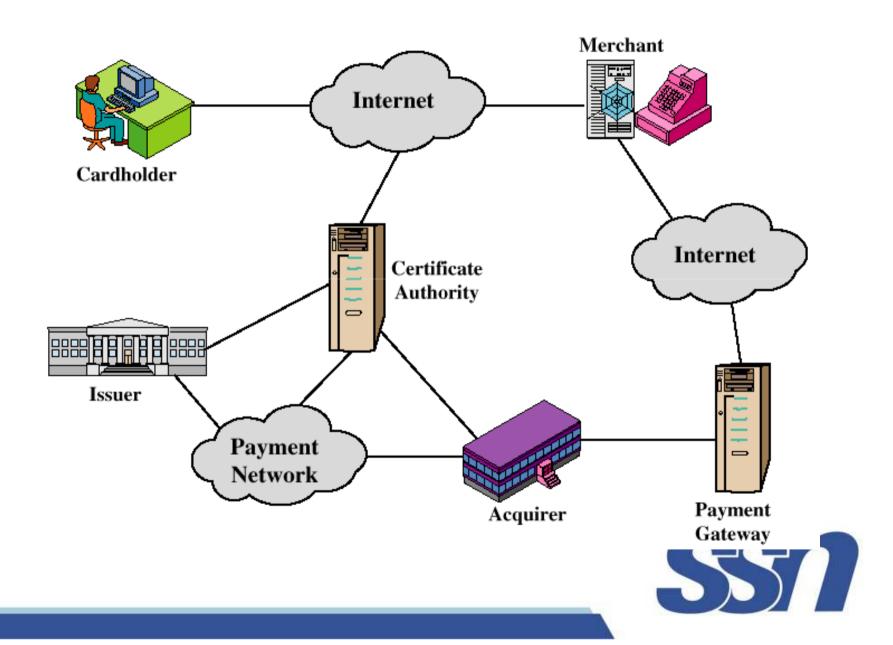


Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)

- Developed by Visa and MasterCard
- Designed to protect credit card transactions
- Confidentiality: all messages encrypted
- Trust: all parties must have digital certificates
- Privacy: information made available only when and where necessary



Participants in the SET System



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SET Business Requirements

- Provide confidentiality of payment and ordering information
- Ensure the integrity of all transmitted data
- Provide authentication that a cardholder is a legitimate user of a credit card account
- Provide authentication that a merchant can accept credit card transactions through its relationship with a financial institution



SET Business Requirements (cont'd)

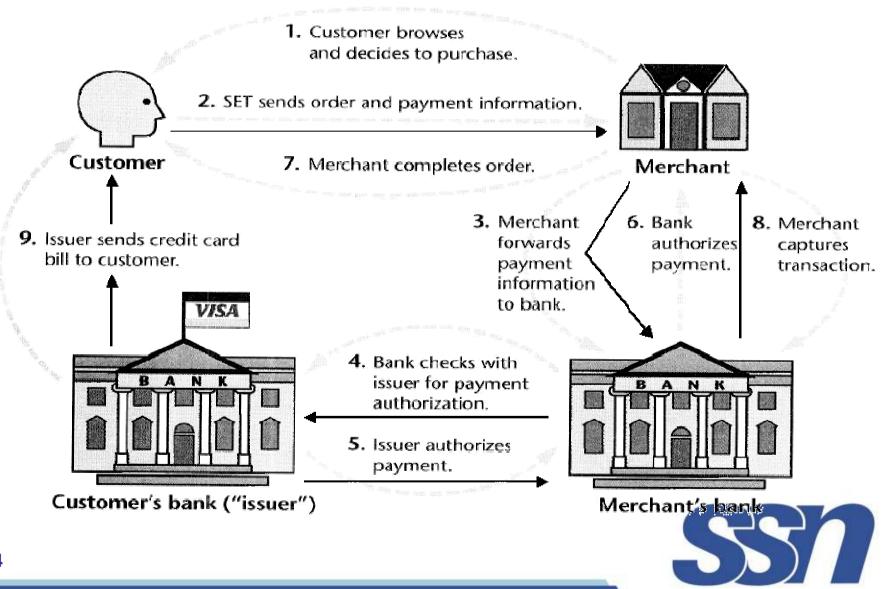
- Ensure the use of the best security practices and system design techniques to protect all legitimate parties in an electronic commerce transaction
- Create a protocol that neither depends on transport security mechanisms nor prevents their use
- Facilitate and encourage interoperability among software and network providers



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SET Transactions



SET Transactions

- The customer opens an account with a card issuer.
 - MasterCard, Visa, etc.
- The customer receives a X.509 V3 certificate signed by a bank.
 - X.509 V3
- A merchant who accepts a certain brand of card must possess two X.509 V3 certificates.
 - One for signing & one for key exchange
- The customer places an order for a product or service with a merchant.
- The merchant sends a copy of its certificate for verification.



SET Transactions

- The customer sends order and payment information to the merchant.
- The merchant requests payment authorization from the payment gateway prior to shipment.
- The merchant confirms order to the customer.
- The merchant provides the goods or service to the customer.
- The merchant requests payment from the payment gateway.



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Key Technologies of SET

- Confidentiality of information: DES
- Integrity of data: RSA digital signatures with SHA-1 hash codes
- Cardholder account authentication: X.509v3 digital certificates with RSA signatures
- Merchant authentication: X.509v3 digital certificates with RSA signatures
- Privacy: separation of order and payment information using dual signatures

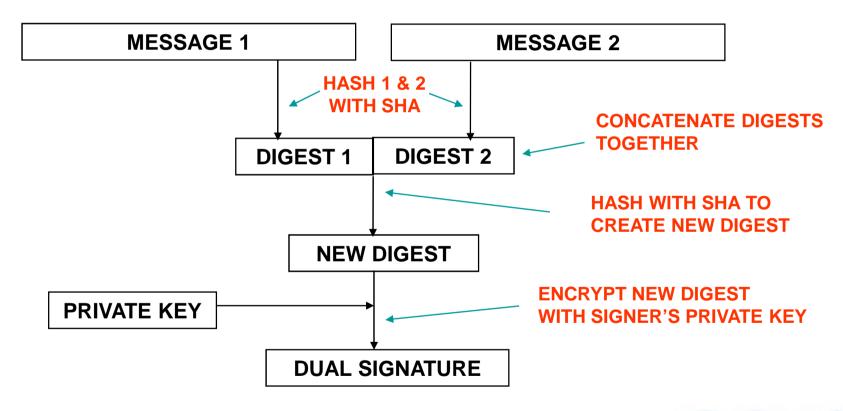


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Dual Signatures

 Links two messages securely but allows only one party to read each.





Dual Signature for SET

- Concept: Link Two Messages Intended for Two Different Receivers:
 - Order Information (OI): Customer to Merchant
 - Payment Information (PI): Customer to Bank
- Goal: Limit Information to A "Need-to-Know" Basis:
 - Merchant does not need credit card number.
 - Bank does not need details of customer order.
 - Afford the customer extra protection in terms of privacy by keeping these items separate.
- This link is needed to prove that payment is intended for this order and not some other one.

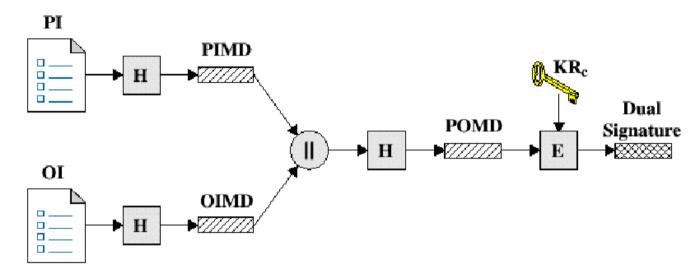


Why Dual Signature?

- Suppose that customers send the merchant two messages:
 - The signed order information (OI).
 - The signed payment information (PI).
 - In addition, the merchant passes the payment information (PI) to the bank.
- If the merchant can capture another order information (OI) from this customer, the merchant could claim this order goes with the payment information (PI) rather than the original.



Dual Signature Operation



- The operation for dual signature is as follows:
 - Take the hash (SHA-1) of the payment and order information.
 - These two hash values are concatenated [H(PI) || H(OI)] and then the result is hashed.
 - Customer encrypts the final hash with a private key creating the dual signature.

$$DS = E_{KRC} [H(H(PI) || H(OI))]$$



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DS Verification by Merchant

- The merchant has the public key of the customer obtained from the customer's certificate.
- Now, the merchant can compute two values:

H(PIMD || H(OI)) $D_{KUC}[DS]$

Should be equal!



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DS Verification by Bank

 The bank is in possession of DS, PI, the message digest for OI (OIMD), and the customer's public key, then the bank can compute the following:

```
H(H(PI) || OIMD)
D_{KUC} [DS]
```



What did we accomplish?

- The merchant has received OI and verified the signature.
- The bank has received PI and verified the signature.
- The customer has linked the OI and PI and can prove the linkage.



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SET Supported Transactions

- card holder registration
- merchant registration
- purchase request
- payment authorization
- payment capture
- certificate query
- purchase inquiry

- purchase notification
- sale transaction
- authorization reversal
- capture reversal
- credit reversal



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Purchase Request

- Browsing, Selecting, and Ordering is Done
- Purchasing Involves 4 Messages:
 - Initiate Request
 - Initiate Response
 - Purchase Request
 - Purchase Response



Purchase Request: Initiate Request

- Basic Requirements:
 - Cardholder Must Have Copy of Certificates for Merchant and Payment Gateway
- Customer Requests the Certificates in the Initiate Request Message to Merchant
 - Brand of Credit Card
 - ID Assigned to this Request/response pair by customer
 - Nonce



Purchase Request: Initiate Response

Merchant Generates a Response

- Signs with Private Signature Key
- Include Customer Nonce
- Include Merchant Nonce (Returned in Next Message)
- Transaction ID for Purchase Transaction
- In Addition ...
 - Merchant's Signature Certificate
 - Payment Gateway's Key Exchange Certificate



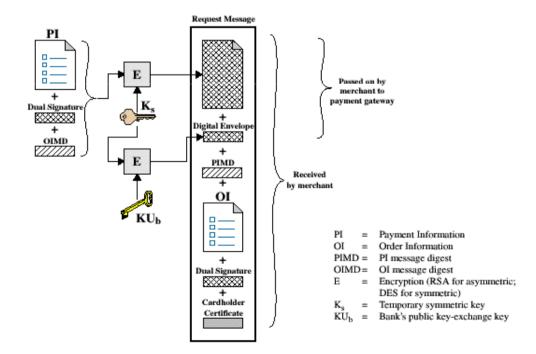
Purchase Request: Purchase Request

- Cardholder Verifies Two Certificates Using Their CAs and Creates the OI and PI.
- Message Includes:
 - Purchase-related Information
 - Order-related Information
 - Cardholder Certificate



Purchase Request

 The cardholder generates a one-time symmetric encryption key, KS,



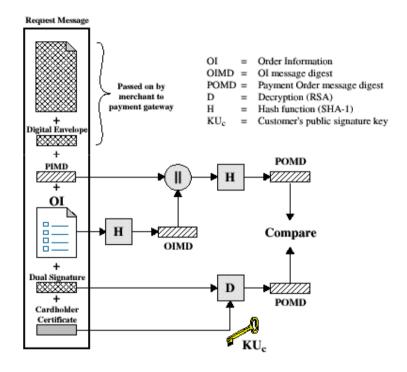


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Merchant Verifies Purchase Request

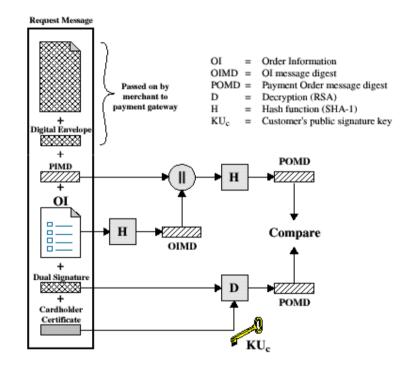
- When the merchant receives the Purchase Request message, it performs the following actions:
 - Verify the cardholder certificates by means of its CA signatures.
 - Verifies the dual signature using the customer's public key signature.





Merchant Verification (cont'd)

- Processes the order and forwards the payment information to the payment gateway for authorization.
- Sends a purchase response to the cardholder.





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Purchase Response Message

- Message that Acknowledges the Order and References Corresponding Transaction Number
- Block is
 - Signed by Merchant Using its Private Key
 - Block and Signature Are Sent to Customer Along with Merchant's Signature Certificate
- Upon Reception
 - Verifies Merchant Certificate
 - Verifies Signature on Response Block
 - Takes the Appropriate Action



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Payment Process

- The payment process is broken down into two steps:
 - Payment authorization
 - Payment capture



Payment Authorization

- The merchant sends an authorization request message to the payment gateway consisting of the following:
 - Purchase-related information
 - PI
 - Dual signature calculated over the PI & OI and signed with customer's private key.
 - The OI message digest (OIMD)
 - The digital envelop
 - Authorization-related information
 - Certificates



Payment Authorization (cont'd)

- Authorization-related information
 - An authorization block including:
 - A transaction ID
 - Signed with merchant's private key
 - Encrypted one-time session key
- Certificates
 - Cardholder's signature key certificate
 - Merchant's signature key certificate
 - Merchant's key exchange certificate



Payment: Payment Gateway

- Verify All Certificates
- Decrypt Authorization Block Digital Envelope to Obtain Symmetric Key and Decrypt Block
- Verify Merchant Signature on Authorization Block
- Decrypt Payment Block Digital Envelope to Obtain Symmetric Key and Decrypt Block
- Verify Dual Signature on Payment Block
- Verify Received Transaction ID Received from Merchant Matches PI Received from Customer
- Request and Receive Issuer Authorization



Authorization Response

- Authorization Response Message
 - Authorization-related Information
 - Capture Token Information
 - Certificate



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Summary

Simple purchase transaction:

- Four messages between merchant and customer
- Two messages between merchant and payment gateway
- 6 digital signatures
- 9 RSA encryption/decryption cycles
- 4 DES encryption/decryption cycles
- 4 certificate verifications
 - Scaling:
- Multiple servers need copies of all certificates



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Test your understanding

1) Explain SET in detail.



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- 1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, March 2013.
- 2. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, "Network Security", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.

