Vinod Kumar Kayartaya vinod@vinod.co

Event Management System

Overview

In this assignment, you'll build a small Event Management System with a React frontend and ASP.NET Core Web API backend. The system will allow users to create, view, update, and delete events, as well as register for events.

Duration

Approximately 1 to 2 hours.

Objectives

- 1. Create a full-stack application with React JS frontend and ASP.NET Core Web API backend
- 2. Implement proper routing in React using React Router
- 3. Use Context API for state management
- 4. Build RESTful APIs with ASP.NET Core
- 5. Implement database operations using Entity Framework Core

Technical Requirements

Frontend (React JS)

- Create a React application with the following pages:
 - Home page: List of all events
 - Event details page: Display detailed information about a specific event
 - o Create/Edit event page: Form to add or edit events
 - Registration page: Form to register for events
- Implement routing using React Router
- Use Context API for managing global state (event data, form submissions)
- Implement responsive design with CSS

Backend (ASP.NET Core Web API)

- Create a RESTful API with the following endpoints:
 - o GET /api/events: Get all events
 - o GET /api/events/{id}: Get specific event
 - POST /api/events: Create a new event
 - PUT /api/events/{id}: Update an event
 - DELETE /api/events/{id}: Delete an event
 - POST /api/registrations: Register for an event
 - o GET /api/events/{id}/registrations: Get all registrations for an event
- Use Entity Framework Core for database operations
- Implement proper error handling and validation

Database Design

Vinod Kumar Kayartaya vinod@vinod.co

- Events table: Id, Title, Description, Date, Location, MaxAttendees
- Registrations table: Id, EventId, Name, Email, RegistrationDate

Step-by-Step Instructions

Backend Setup

- 1. Create a new ASP.NET Core Web API project
- 2. Set up Entity Framework Core with the required models
- 3. Create DbContext and configure database connection
- 4. Implement controllers for the API endpoints
- 5. Test endpoints using Swagger or Postman

Frontend Setup

- 1. Create a new React application
- 2. Install required packages (react-router-dom, axios)
- 3. Set up routing structure
- 4. Create a Context for application state (EventContext)
- 5. Implement components for each page
- 6. Connect frontend to backend API

Evaluation Criteria

- Functionality: All features work as expected
- Code quality: Clean, well-structured code with proper error handling
- UI/UX: User-friendly interface with responsive design
- API design: RESTful API with proper endpoints and status codes
- State management: Effective use of Context API

Hints

- For the Context API, create an EventContext to manage event data across components
- Use axios for API calls in React
- Implement loading states and error handling in your components
- For EF Core, use Code-First approach for simplicity
- Consider using Data Transfer Objects (DTOs) for API responses
- Test your API endpoints thoroughly before connecting to the frontend
- Use repository pattern in your ASP.NET Core application

Bonus Challenges

- Implement filtering and sorting options for events
- Add pagination for the events list
- Create a dashboard to show event statistics
- Implement real-time updates using SignalR