

# Building a REST API with ASP.NET Core and Entity Framework Core

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This guide will walk you through creating a Product Management REST API using ASP.NET Core Web API and Entity Framework Core with SQL Server.

## Prerequisites

1. Visual Studio 2022 (Community Edition or higher)
2. SQL Server Express installed
3. Basic understanding of C# and REST APIs

## Step 1: Create the Project

1. Open Visual Studio 2022
2. Click "Create a new project"
3. Select "ASP.NET Core Web API"
4. Set the following details:
  - Project name: ProductServiceWithEF
  - Location: Choose your preferred location
  - Solution name: ProductServiceWithEF
5. Click Next
6. Select:
  - Framework: .NET 8.0 (or latest LTS version)
  - Authentication type: None
  - Configure for HTTPS: Checked
  - Enable OpenAPI support: Checked
  - Use controllers: Checked
7. Click Create

## Step 2: Install Required NuGet Packages

1. Right-click on the project in Solution Explorer
2. Select "Manage NuGet Packages"
3. Install these packages:
  - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
  - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools

Alternatively, you can run these commands in Package Manager Console:

```
Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools
```

## Step 3: Create the Product Model

1. Create a new folder called "Models"
2. Add a new class "Product.cs" in the Models folder
3. Add the following code:

```
using System;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;

namespace ProductServiceWithEF.Models
{
    public class Product
    {
        [Key]
        public Guid Id { get; set; }

        [Required(ErrorMessage = "Name is required")]
        [StringLength(100)]
        public string Name { get; set; }

        [Required(ErrorMessage = "Description is required")]
        [StringLength(500)]
        public string Description { get; set; }

        [Required]
        [Column(TypeName = "decimal(18,2)")]
        [Range(0.01, double.MaxValue, ErrorMessage = "Price must be greater than
0")]
        public decimal Price { get; set; }

        [Required(ErrorMessage = "Units is required")]
        [StringLength(20)]
        public string Units { get; set; }

        [Url(ErrorMessage = "Please provide a valid URL for the picture")]
        public string Picture { get; set; }

        [Required]
        [Range(0, int.MaxValue, ErrorMessage = "Units in stock must be 0 or
greater")]
        public int UnitsInStock { get; set; }
    }
}
```

## Step 4: Create the Database Context

1. Create a new folder called "Data"
2. Add a new class "ProductDbContext.cs" in the Data folder
3. Add the following code:

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using ProductServiceWithEF.Models;

namespace ProductServiceWithEF.Data
{
    public class ProductDbContext : DbContext
    {
        public ProductDbContext(DbContextOptions<ProductDbContext> options)
            : base(options)
        {
        }

        public DbSet<Product> Products { get; set; }

        protected override void OnModelCreating(ModelBuilder modelBuilder)
        {
            base.OnModelCreating(modelBuilder);

            modelBuilder.Entity<Product>()
                .Property(p => p.Price)
                .HasColumnType("decimal(18,2)");
        }
    }
}
```

## Step 5: Configure Database Connection

1. Open appsettings.json
2. Add the connection string inside the existing JSON:

```
{
  "ConnectionStrings": {
    "DefaultConnection":
      "Server=.\SQLEXPRESS;Database=jecrc;Trusted_Connection=True;TrustServerCertificate=True;MultipleActiveResultSets=true"
  },
  // ... existing settings ...
}
```

## Step 6: Create the Controller

1. In the Controllers folder, add a new class "ProductsController.cs"
2. Add the following code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
```

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using ProductServiceWithEF.Data;
using ProductServiceWithEF.Models;

namespace ProductServiceWithEF.Controllers
{
    [ApiController]
    [Route("api/[controller]")]
    public class ProductsController : ControllerBase
    {
        private readonly ProductDbContext _context;

        public ProductsController(ProductDbContext context)
        {
            _context = context;
        }

        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult<IEnumerable<Product>>> GetProducts()
        {
            return await _context.Products.ToListAsync();
        }

        [HttpGet("{id}")]
        public async Task<ActionResult<Product>> GetProduct(Guid id)
        {
            var product = await _context.Products.FindAsync(id);

            if (product == null)
            {
                return NotFound();
            }

            return product;
        }

        [HttpPost]
        public async Task<ActionResult<Product>> CreateProduct(Product product)
        {
            if (product.Id == Guid.Empty)
            {
                product.Id = Guid.NewGuid();
            }

            _context.Products.Add(product);
            await _context.SaveChangesAsync();

            return CreatedAtAction(nameof(GetProduct), new { id = product.Id },
product);
        }

        [HttpPut("{id}")]
        public async Task<IActionResult> UpdateProduct(Guid id, Product product)
        {

```

```
        if (id != product.Id)
        {
            return BadRequest();
        }

        _context.Entry(product).State = EntityState.Modified;

        try
        {
            await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
        }
        catch (DbUpdateConcurrencyException)
        {
            if (!await ProductExists(id))
            {
                return NotFound();
            }
            throw;
        }

        return NoContent();
    }

    [HttpDelete("{id}")]
    public async Task<IActionResult> DeleteProduct(Guid id)
    {
        var product = await _context.Products.FindAsync(id);
        if (product == null)
        {
            return NotFound();
        }

        _context.Products.Remove(product);
        await _context.SaveChangesAsync();

        return NoContent();
    }

    private async Task<bool> ProductExists(Guid id)
    {
        return await _context.Products.AnyAsync(e => e.Id == id);
    }
}
```

## Step 7: Update Program.cs

1. Open Program.cs
2. Replace its contents with:

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using ProductServiceWithEF.Data;

var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);

// Add services to the container.
builder.Services.AddDbContext<ProductDbContext>(options =>
{
    options.UseSqlServer(builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection"));
    options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging()
        .EnableDetailedErrors()
        .LogTo(Console.WriteLine);
});

builder.Services.AddControllers();
builder.Services.AddEndpointsApiExplorer();
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen();

var app = builder.Build();

// Configure the HTTP request pipeline.
if (app.Environment.IsDevelopment())
{
    app.UseSwagger();
    app.UseSwaggerUI();
}

app.UseHttpsRedirection();
app.UseAuthorization();
app.MapControllers();

// Create the database if it doesn't exist
using (var scope = app.Services.CreateScope())
{
    var services = scope.ServiceProvider;
    try
    {
        var context = services.GetRequiredService<ProductDbContext>();
        context.Database.EnsureCreated();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        Console.WriteLine($"An error occurred while setting up the database: {ex.Message}");
    }
}

app.Run();
```

## Step 8: Run and Test the Application

1. Press F5 to run the application
2. The Swagger UI will open in your browser
3. Test the API endpoints:
  - POST /api/products - Create a new product
  - GET /api/products - List all products
  - GET /api/products/{id} - Get a specific product
  - PUT /api/products/{id} - Update a product
  - DELETE /api/products/{id} - Delete a product

### Sample Product JSON for Testing

```
{
  "name": "Rice",
  "description": "Premium Basmati Rice",
  "price": 99.99,
  "units": "1 kg",
  "picture": "https://example.com/rice.jpg",
  "unitsInStock": 100
}
```

## Verifying the Database

1. Open SQL Server Management Studio
2. Connect to your local SQL Express instance:
  - Server name: .\SQLEXPRESS
  - Authentication: Windows Authentication
3. You should see:
  - Database: jecrc
  - Table: Products

## Common Issues and Solutions

1. **Connection String Error:** Make sure SQL Server Express is running and the connection string is correct
2. **Database Not Created:** Check if you have appropriate permissions to create databases
3. **Swagger Not Loading:** Ensure the Swagger middleware is properly configured in Program.cs

## Next Steps

1. Add input validation
2. Implement sorting and filtering
3. Add authentication and authorization
4. Implement pagination
5. Add logging
6. Create unit tests

## Additional Resources

- [Entity Framework Core Documentation](#)
- [ASP.NET Core Documentation](#)
- [REST API Best Practices](#)