

# Week 9 Classwork/Homework Assignment

John Vinson

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*For the assignment, you only need to turn in a completed pdf. You may need to attach a hand written document showing your work for these problems. Make sure that the compiled documents will display all the required code to get your results.*

**The assignment is due Tuesday October 17 at 3:30 PM.**

1. Suppose that when a sense organ receives a stimulus at time  $t$ , the total number of action potentials is  $P(t)$ . If the rate at which action potentials are produced is  $t^3 + 4t^2 + 6$ , and if there are 0 potentials when  $t=0$ , find the formula for  $P(t)$ .
2. A factory is dumping pollutants into a river at a rate given by  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{t^{\frac{3}{4}}}{600}$ , where  $t$  is time in weeks since the dumping began and  $x$  is the number of tons of pollutants.
  - Find the equation for total tons of pollutants dumped.
  - How many tons were dumped during the first year?
3. The rate of growth of the world population can be modeled by

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = N_0(1+r)^t \ln(1+r) \quad (1)$$

with  $r < 1$  and  $t$  is the time and years from the present and  $N_0$  and  $r$  are constants. What function describes world population if the present population is  $N_0$ . (Hint: We can show that  $\int (a^u \ln a) u' dx = a^u + C$ .)

4. Suppose that the growth of a certain species of bacteria is described by

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky \quad (2)$$

where  $y$  is the number of individuals and  $t$  is the number of hours.

- If initially there are 10,000 organisms and the number triples after 2 hours, how long will it be before there is 100 times the original population?
  - If the doubling rate depends on temperature, find how long it takes for the number of bacteria to reach 50 times the original number at each given temperature in:
    - at  $90^\circ F$ , the number doubles after 30 minutes.
    - at  $40^\circ F$ , the number doubles after 3 hours.
5. If  $x$  and  $y$  are measurements of certain parts of an organism, then the rate of change of  $y$  with respect to  $x$  is proportional to the ratio of  $y$  to  $x$ . We can describe this relationship as

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = k \frac{y}{x} \quad (3)$$

which is referred to as an allometric law of growth. Solve this differential equation.