Aerofit Case Study: Project

Aerofit is a leading brand in the field of fitness equipment. The market research team at AeroFit wants to identify the characteristics of the target audience for each type of treadmill offered by the company, to provide a better recommendation of the treadmills to the new customers.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import statsmodels
from scipy.special import comb
from scipy.stats import binom, norm, poisson, expon
aerofit = pd.read csv("C:/DSML Practice
DataSet/aerofit_treadmill.txt")
aerofit.head()
  Product Age
                Gender Education MaritalStatus
                                                   Usage
Income Miles
    KP281
                  Male
                                14
                                           Single
                                                                 4
0
            18
                                                       3
29562
         112
    KP281
1
            19
                  Male
                                15
                                           Single
                                                       2
                                                                 3
31836
          75
    KP281
            19
                Female
                                14
                                       Partnered
                                                       4
                                                                 3
30699
          66
                                                                 3
3
    KP281
            19
                  Male
                                12
                                           Single
32973
          85
                                        Partnered
    KP281
                  Male
                                13
                                                                 2
            20
35247
          47
aerofit.shape
(180, 9)
aerofit.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 180 entries, 0 to 179
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#
     Column
                     Non-Null Count
                                     Dtype
     -----
                     180 non-null
                                     object
 0
     Product
 1
                     180 non-null
                                     int64
     Age
 2
     Gender
                    180 non-null
                                     object
 3
     Education
                    180 non-null
                                     int64
 4
     MaritalStatus 180 non-null
                                     object
 5
     Usage
                    180 non-null
                                     int64
 6
     Fitness
                     180 non-null
                                     int64
 7
     Income
                    180 non-null
                                     int64
```

Miles 180 non-null int64 dtypes: int64(6), object(3) memory usage: 12.8+ KB aerofit.isnull().sum().sum() 0 aerofit.describe(include = 'all') Education MaritalStatus Product Age Gender Usage \ count 180 180.000000 180 180.000000 180 180.000000 unique 3 NaN 2 NaN 2 NaN top KP281 NaN Male NaN Partnered NaN 80 104 NaN 107 freq NaN NaN NaN 28.788889 NaN 15.572222 NaN mean 3.455556 NaN 6.943498 NaN NaN std 1.617055 1.084797 12.000000 NaN NaN 18.000000 NaN min 2.000000 25% NaN 24.000000 NaN 14.000000 NaN 3.000000 26.000000 50% NaN NaN 16.000000 NaN 3.000000 NaN NaN 75% 33.000000 NaN 16.000000 4.000000 NaN 50.000000 NaN NaN 21.000000 max 7.000000 Fitness Miles Income count 180.000000 180.000000 180.000000 unique NaN NaN NaN top NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN freq 3.311111 53719.577778 103.194444 mean 16506.684226 std 0.958869 51.863605 29562.000000 21.000000 min 1.000000 25% 3.000000 44058.750000 66.000000 50% 3.000000 50596.500000 94.000000 58668.000000 75% 4.000000 114.750000 104581.000000 360.000000 max 5.000000

Data Observation:

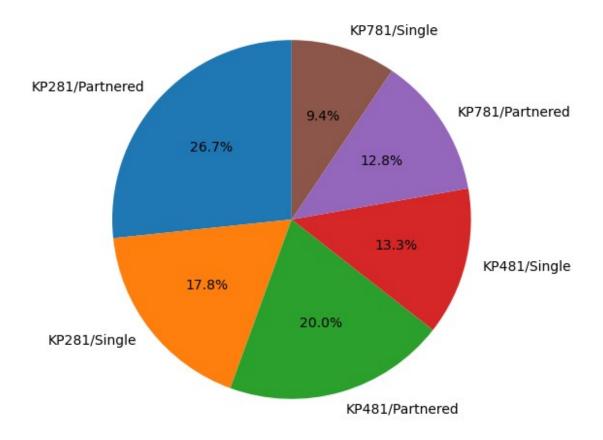
- 1. Aerofit Costomers' Average age 28 years and Median age 26 years
- 2. The customers have on average 16 years of education
- 3. The customers are using treadmill 3 times a week on an average
- 4. Average fitness rating is 3.3 out of 5
- 5. Difference between the mean and median for columns 'Income' and 'Miles' is huge which indicates there might be outliers.
- 6. Min and Max Income of the customers are 29562 USDD and 104581 USD respectively
- 7. Min to Max range of miles walked/run is 21 to 360 per week

EDA

```
aerofit.replace(to_replace={'Male': 'M', 'Female': 'F'}, inplace=True)
aerofit.head()
  Product Age Gender Education MaritalStatus Usage Fitness
                                                                   Income
Miles \
    KP281
0
            18
                               14
                                          Single
                                                       3
                                                                    29562
112
    KP281
            19
                               15
                                                       2
                                                                3
                                                                    31836
1
                     М
                                          Single
75
2
    KP281
            19
                               14
                                       Partnered
                                                       4
                                                                3
                                                                    30699
66
3
    KP281
            19
                     М
                               12
                                          Single
                                                       3
                                                                3
                                                                    32973
85
    KP281
                               13
4
            20
                     М
                                       Partnered
                                                       4
                                                                2
                                                                    35247
47
   Age Group Income Group
0
  1st group
                Low Range
1
  1st group
                Low Range
  1st group
                Low Range
                Low Range
  1st group
   1st group
                Low Range
# Finding out the number of unique values
aerofit.nunique()
Product
                   3
                  32
Age
Gender
                   2
                   8
Education
MaritalStatus
                   2
                   6
Usage
                   5
Fitness
                  62
Income
```

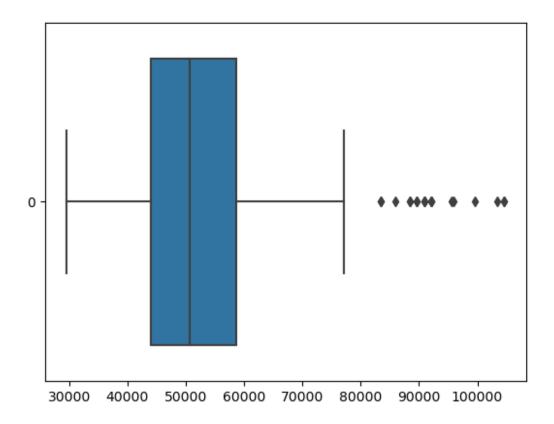
```
Miles 37
dtype: int64

plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
sns.countplot(x= "Product", data= aerofit)
plt.title('Sale Count of All Products')
plt.show()
```

```
print(aerofit['Income'].median())
print(aerofit['Income'].mean())
50596.5
53719.5777777778
p_25 = np.percentile(aerofit['Income'], 25)
p_50 = np.percentile(aerofit['Income'], 50)
p 75 = np.percentile(aerofit['Income'], 75)
print(p 25, p 50, p 75)
44058.75 50596.5 58668.0
iqr = p 75-p 25
upper = p_{75} + 1.5*iqr
lower = p^{-}25 - 1.5*iqr
print(iqr, upper, lower)
14609.25 80581.875 22144.875
outlier = aerofit[aerofit['Income']>upper]
len(outlier)
```

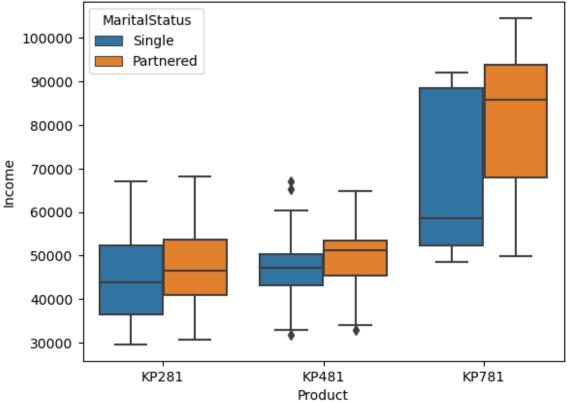
```
19
sns.boxplot(data=aerofit['Income'], orient='h')
<AxesSubplot:>
```



There are so many outliers in the 'Income' column. High income people are potential customers to make a stronger client base

```
sns.boxplot(data=aerofit, x="Product", y="Income", hue=
'MaritalStatus')
plt.title('Treadmill Segments & Marital Status')
plt.show()
```



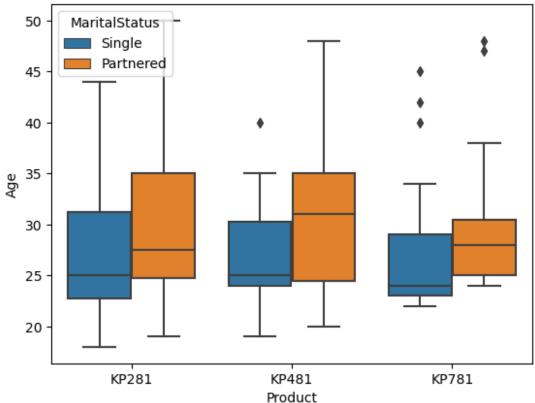


People who baught KP781, the income range for single is bigger than partnered custmers. Single people can afford to buy expensive treadmill even with less income than USD7000 per year but not less than USD50000.

```
# Getting mean and median age of the people who baught high end
product
Cx_of_KP781 = aerofit[aerofit['Product']=='KP781']
print(Cx_of_KP781['Age'].mean())
print(Cx_of_KP781['Age'].median())
29.1
27.0
```

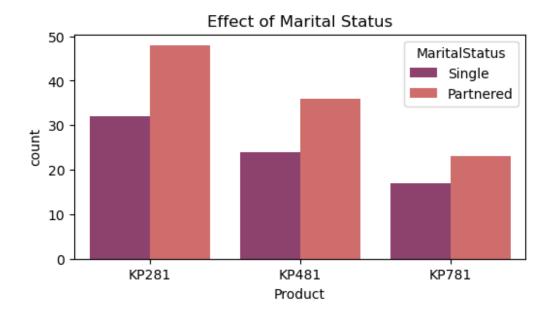
```
p_25 = np.percentile(Cx_of_KP781['Age'], 25)
p_50 = np.percentile(Cx_of_KP781['Age'], 50)
p 75 = \text{np.percentile}(Cx \text{ of } KP781['Age'], 75)
print(p 25, p 50, p 75)
24.75 27.0 30.25
iqr = p 75-p 25
upper = p_{75} + 1.5*iqr
lower = p 25 - 1.5*iqr
print(iqr, upper, lower)
5.5 38.5 16.5
outlier_age = Cx_of_KP781[Cx_of_KP781['Age']>upper]
len(outlier age)
5
sns.boxplot(x=aerofit["Product"], y=aerofit["Age"], hue=
aerofit['MaritalStatus'])
plt.title('Age Range & Outliers')
plt.show()
```





Most of the cx of high end treadmill are young, aged b/w 22 and 38 years. However, there are outliers which shows that people more than 40 years old are also buying the expensive/high quality treadmill (as they have higher income than young people)

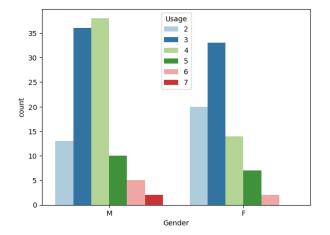
```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
sns.countplot(x= "Product", data= aerofit, hue= 'MaritalStatus',
palette= 'flare_r')
plt.title('Effect of Marital Status')
plt.show()
```

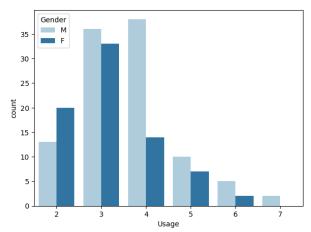


The company has more partnered customer than single in all segments of treadmill

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15,5))
sns.countplot(data=aerofit, x='Gender', hue='Usage', ax=axes[0],
palette='Paired')
sns.countplot(data=aerofit, x='Usage', hue='Gender', ax=axes[1],
```

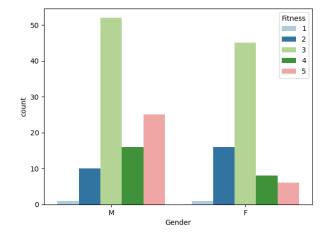
```
palette='Paired')
plt.show()
```

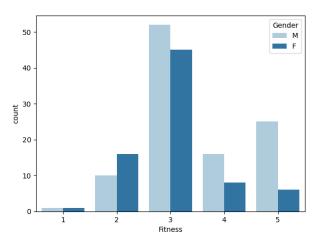




Usage per week of males is higher than that of females.

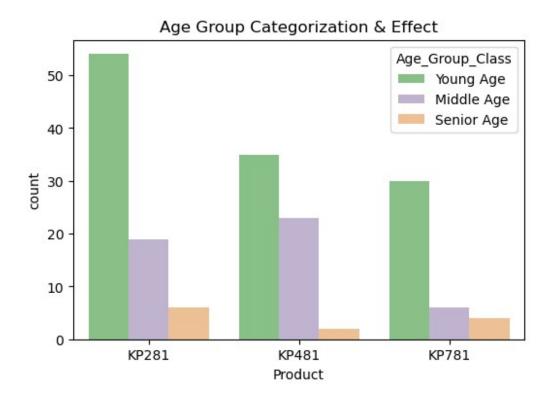
```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15,5))
sns.countplot(data=aerofit, x='Gender', hue='Fitness', ax=axes[0],
palette='Paired')
sns.countplot(data=aerofit, x='Fitness', hue='Gender', ax=axes[1],
palette='Paired')
plt.show()
```



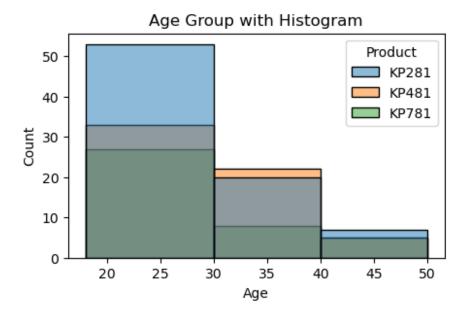


Males have mostly rated themselves higher on fitness level

```
plt.title('Age Group Categorization & Effect')
plt.show()
```



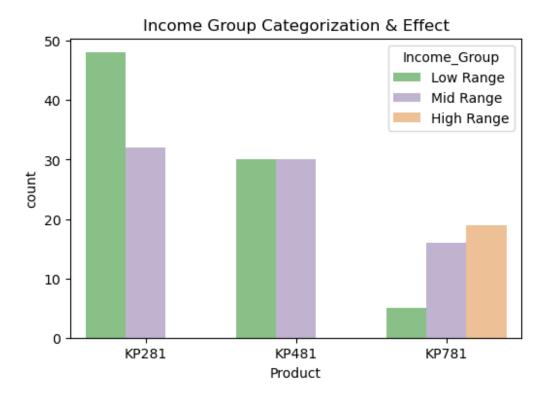
```
plt.figure(figsize=(5,3))
p
plt.title('Age Group with Histogram')
plt.show()
```



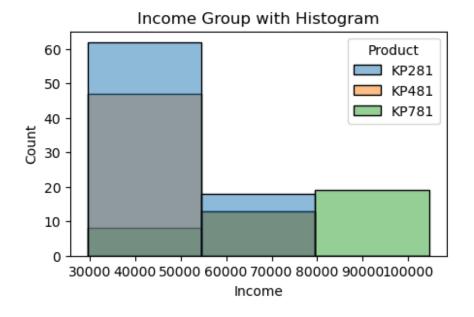
All 3 treadmills have the most customers in Young age group(18-30) and least customers in Senior age group(40-50)

```
def income(x):
    if x>=29000 and x<=50000:
        return 'Low Range'
    elif x>=50001 and x<=80000:
        return 'Mid Range'
    else:
        return 'High Range'
    aerofit['Income_Group']= aerofit['Income'].apply(income)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.countplot(x= "Product", data= aerofit, hue= 'Income_Group',
palette= 'Accent')
plt.title('Income Group Categorization & Effect')
plt.show()</pre>
```

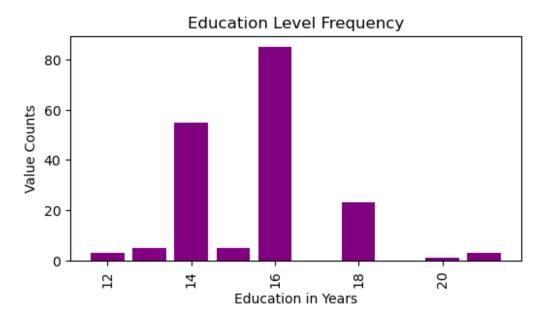


```
plt.figure(figsize=(5,3))
sns.histplot(x = 'Income', data = aerofit, bins = 3, hue='Product')
plt.title('Income Group with Histogram')
plt.show()
```



High Range Income people are not buying KP481 and KP281

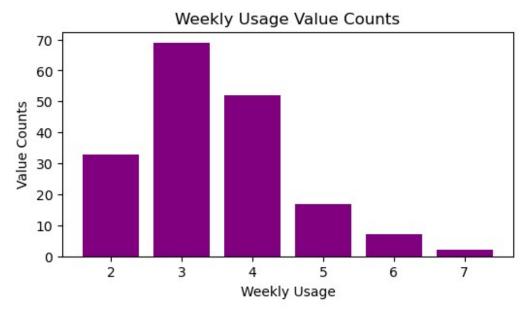
```
cat_count = aerofit['Education'].value_counts()
x = cat_count.index
y = cat_count
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plt.bar(x, y, width=0.8, color='purple')
plt.xlabel('Education in Years')
plt.ylabel('Value Counts')
plt.title('Education Level Frequency')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



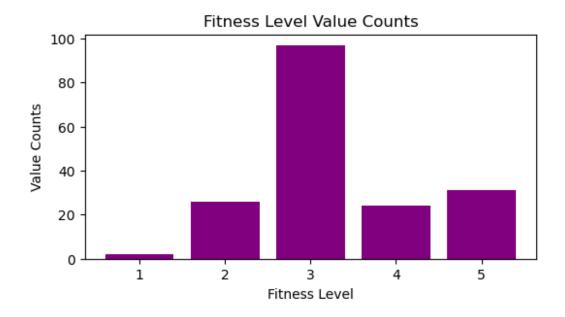
Education level of 14,16 and 18 years are the most common among Aerofit's consumer

```
usage_count = aerofit['Usage'].value_counts()
x = usage_count.index
y = usage_count
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plt.bar(x, y, width=0.8, color='purple')
plt.xlabel('Weekly Usage')
```

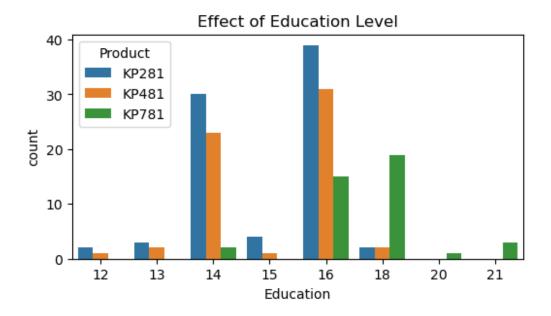
```
plt.ylabel('Value Counts')
plt.title('Weekly Usage Value Counts')
plt.show()
```



```
usage_count = aerofit['Fitness'].value_counts()
x = usage_count.index
y = usage_count
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plt.bar(x, y, width=0.8, color='purple')
plt.xlabel('Fitness Level')
plt.ylabel('Value Counts')
plt.title('Fitness Level Value Counts')
plt.show()
```

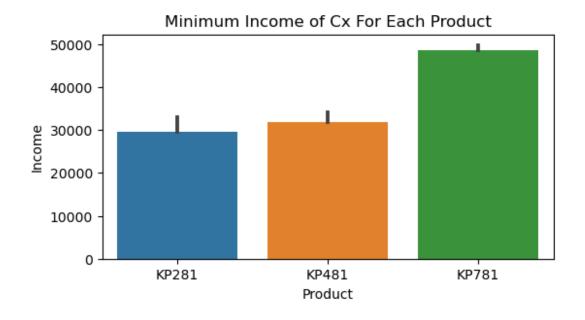


```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
sns.countplot(x= "Education", data= aerofit, hue= 'Product')
plt.title('Effect of Education Level')
plt.show()
```



Education level also has an effect on the products purchased. 14 to 18 years(mid range) have bought the most.

Max Income of Cx For Each Product 100000 - 80000 - 40000 - 20000 - KP281 KP481 KP781 Product



Condiational & Marginal Probabilities

```
total = len(aerofit)
per KP281 = round(len(no KP281)/total, 2)
per KP481 = round(len(no KP481)/total, 2)
per KP781 = round(len(no KP781)/total, 2)
print(per KP281, per KP481, per KP781)
0.44 0.33 0.22
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'], columns=aerofit['Product'],
margins= True)
Product KP281 KP481
                       KP781 All
Gender
            40
F
                   29
                               76
            40
                   31
М
                          33
                              104
All
            80
                   60
                          40
                              180
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'],
            columns=aerofit['Product'], margins= True,
normalize=True)*100
Product
                                   KP781
             KP281
                        KP481
                                                  All
Gender
         22.22222 16.111111
                                3.888889
                                           42.22222
```

```
М
         22.22222 17.222222
                                           57.77778
                               18.333333
        44.44444 33.333333
All
                               22.22222
                                         100.000000
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'],
            columns=aerofit['Product'], margins= True,
normalize='columns')*100
Product KP281
                    KP481 KP781
                                        All
Gender
          50.0
                48.333333
                            17.5
                                  42.22222
          50.0 51.666667 82.5 57.777778
total no high end treadmill = aerofit[aerofit['Product']=='KP781']
no male_buying_highend_treadmill =
aerofit[(aerofit['Product']=='KP781') & (aerofit['Gender']=='M')]
Prob male buying highend treadmill =
len(no_male_buying_highend_treadmill) /
len(total no high end treadmill)
Prob male buying highend treadmill
0.825
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'],
            columns=aerofit['Product'], margins= True,
normalize='index')*100
Product
            KP281
                        KP481
                                   KP781
Gender
         52.631579 38.157895
                                9.210526
                   29.807692
                               31.730769
         38.461538
All
        44.44444 33.33333 22.22222
aerofit.groupby(['Gender', 'Product'])['Income'].mean().unstack()
Product
            KP281
                          KP481
                                         KP781
Gender
F
         46020.075 49336.448276
                                  73633.857143
М
        46815.975 48634.258065 75825.030303
```

Male and Female have almost equal probability for buying the lower and mid range treadmil. However, the high end treadmill is baught way more by males than females. Hence it changes the entire figure of buying the treadmill by Male and Female customers.

Probability of Male customers buying the high end treadmill = 0.825

```
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'],
columns=aerofit['MaritalStatus'], margins= True)
```

```
MaritalStatus Partnered Single All
Gender
F 46 30 76
M 61 43 104
All 107 73 180
```

Overall, parnered people have baught more treadmills than singles

```
pd.crosstab(index= aerofit['Gender'],
columns=aerofit['MaritalStatus'],
            margins= True, normalize='columns')*100
MaritalStatus Partnered
                            Single
                                          All
Gender
               42.990654 41.09589 42.222222
М
               57.009346 58.90411
                                    57.777778
no partnered cx = aerofit[aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Partnered']
no male among partnered cx =
aerofit[(aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Partnered')
&(aerofit['Gender']=='M')]
no female among partnered cx =
aerofit[(aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Partnered')
&(aerofit['Gender']=='F')]
Prob male partnered cx = len(no male among partnered cx) /
len(no partnered cx)
Prob female partnered cx = len(no female among partnered cx) /
len(no partnered cx)
print(round(Prob male partnered cx, 2))
print(round(Prob female partnered cx, 2))
0.57
0.43
```

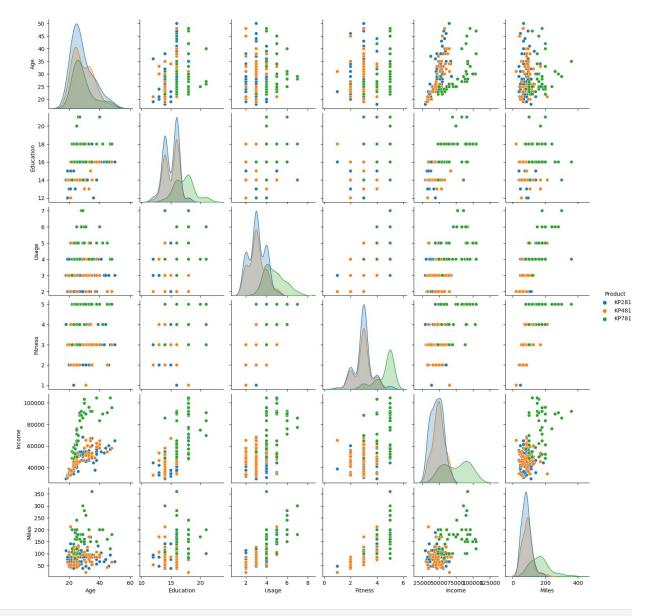
Probability of Male customers among partnered = 0.57 and female among partnered = 0.43

```
no_single_cx = aerofit[aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Single']
no_male_among_single_cx = aerofit[(aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Single')
&(aerofit['Gender']=='M')]
no_female_among_single_cx =
aerofit[(aerofit['MaritalStatus']=='Single')
&(aerofit['Gender']=='F')]
Prob_male_single_cx = len(no_male_among_single_cx) / len(no_single_cx)
Prob_female_single_cx = len(no_female_among_single_cx) /
```

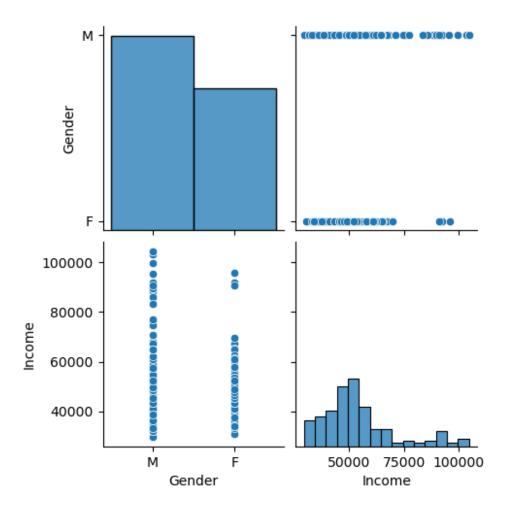
```
len(no_single_cx)
print(round(Prob_male_single_cx, 2))
print(round(Prob_female_single_cx, 2))
0.59
0.41
```

Probability of Male among single = 0.59 and female among single = 0.41

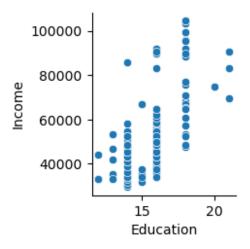
```
sns.pairplot(aerofit, hue='Product')
plt.show()
```



sns.pairplot(aerofit, vars=['Gender', 'Income'])
plt.show()

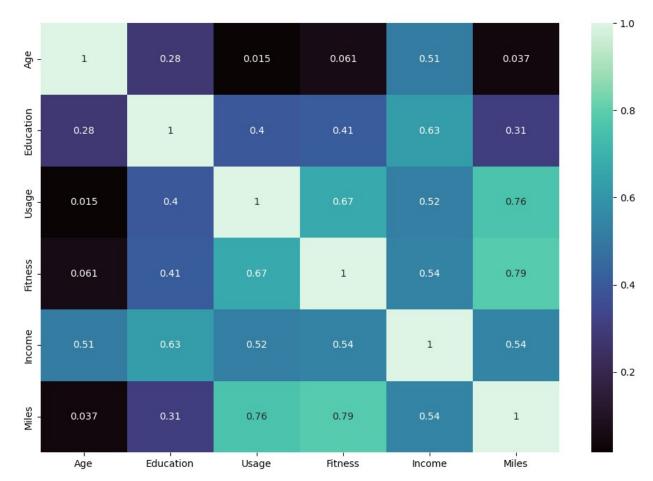


sns.pairplot(aerofit, x_vars=['Education'], y_vars=['Income'])
plt.show()



aerofit.corr()

```
Education
                                              Fitness
                                                                     Miles
                                     Usage
                                                         Income
                 Age
           1.000000
                       0.280496
                                  0.015064
                                             0.061105
Age
                                                       0.513414
                                                                  0.036618
Education
           0.280496
                       1.000000
                                  0.395155
                                             0.410581
                                                       0.625827
                                                                  0.307284
Usage
           0.015064
                       0.395155
                                  1.000000
                                             0.668606
                                                       0.519537
                                                                  0.759130
Fitness
           0.061105
                       0.410581
                                  0.668606
                                             1.000000
                                                       0.535005
                                                                  0.785702
Income
           0.513414
                       0.625827
                                  0.519537
                                             0.535005
                                                       1.000000
                                                                  0.543473
Miles
                                             0.785702
           0.036618
                       0.307284
                                  0.759130
                                                       0.543473
                                                                  1.000000
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(aerofit.corr(), annot=True, cmap='mako')
<AxesSubplot:>
```



© Correlation between different factors can be noticed above in the pairplot & Heat map.

High Correlation b/w= 'Education & Income', 'Usage & Fitness', 'Miles & Fitness', 'Miles & Usage'

Summary

- Average age of customer 28.
- KP281 Product has highest contribution, having 44% records in the data.
- There are more Male customers (57.8%) than Female customers (42.2%).
- Data shows 59.4% Partnered customers.
- Most of the customers with Low and middel income buy Model KP281 and KP481.
- Customers buying treadmill before the age of 20 and after 40 are very less.

Recommendations:

- The most affordable product among all is the best selling and most common among the 'Low Range' income people. The Company can utilize this as an opportunity of mass production for cost management or increased margin.
- 2. The company should target the single people with 'Mid Range' income with more lucrative offers and discounts in order to generate more revenue by selling more of the most expensive product.
- 3. Although most of the buyers are middle aged, but as shown by the outliers, it is not a hinderance. The company can focus on people more than 40 years as well as they are the people with good income.
- 4. Couple discount or a combo offer of treadmill with another fitness equipment for married people can be thought over.
- 5. Youngsters are focused on their fitness, they can afford to spend some money on it. The company can target them with all 3 products for all income group and education level.
- 6. Higher Education = More health awareness & Good Income as well. The company can directly market its products to the more Educated people with a little less worry about their Income and Age.
- 7. Men are buying the most when it comes o the most expensive, good quality treadmill. They prefer quality over money. Hence the company should focus more on showcasing good features and quality to them on digital marketing platforms.