### React so far

- Composable Function based components
- with state and props
- auto-render when state/props change
- state can be
  - multiple or single values
  - simple or complicated
  - directly set or via dispatched actions

### **Passing State**

Increasing complexity of state when a component:

- 1. uses its own state
- 2. passes state to child component as prop
- 3. passes state to a descendant within itself
- 4. passes state to a child that passes it on
- 5. passes component as prop
- 6. uses state from Context

# **Direct Passing**

#### Passing as a prop:

```
return (
    <SomeChild value={fromState.value}/>
);
```

#### Passing directly to a descendant:

```
return (
    <SomeChild>
        <SomeOther value={fromState.value}/>
        </SomeChild>
);
```

### Rendering children

The contents of a JSX element are passed as the special prop children.

```
return (
     <SomeWrapper>
          Some Content
          <SomeThing value={catInfo}/>
          </SomeWrapper>
);
```

## Why pass a component?

#### When you want:

- a wrapping layer
- That is IGNORANT of (decoupled from) some of the content inside it

You can pass a component to the wrapper

• that is part of the contents to be wrapped

This is just a more general case of passing via children

# Passing a component

#### Passing a component as a prop:

```
return (
    <SomeChild thing={<SomeOther value={fromState.value}/>} />
);
```

#### Using a passed component:

## This allows ALL passing of state

Why do we have another option?

Pass a component as a prop when you want:

• wrapper to be ignorant of the content

Use Context when you want:

- wrapper to know the content
- ...but not the state (decouple from state)
- ...because the state doesn't impact the wrapper

Wrapper isn't "generic"

• but is separate from state

### What is "context" in React?

#### Context in React is:

- a way to access one value
  - simple or complex (arrays/objects okay)
- Created via React.createContext()
- That can be used in a "Provider" component
- Can be accessed in descendant that uses useContext

#### Each Provider is only 1 context

• can nest providers and consume multiple contexts

## **Creating Context**

```
// OUTSIDE of component function
// probably in a separate file
const CatContext = React.createContext({
  default: 'Overridden by provider value'
});
export default CatContext;
```

### **About Creating Context**

- **Creating** the context
  - Export from an separate file
  - Has a default, but often isn't the REAL default
- **Providing** the context to descendants
  - A wrapping component
  - Needs the context object
  - sets the value
    - overrides the "default"
    - ...even if null/undefined
    - We use state to hold the value

Context is ACCESS to a value, not automatically State

# **Consuming Context**

### **About Consuming Content**

#### You:

- **Created** the context
- **Provided** the context to descendants
- **Consumed** the context
  - via useContext and context object
  - as a descendant of a provider
  - got the values
  - ...but no setters

## **Modifying State via Context**

Context is ACCESS to a value, not state

You can provide any setters in the context value

### **Context isn't State**

You CAN pass a simple state setter as a prop

• But we often pass a callback to abstract state

#### **Abstract setters in context**

You can also pass callbacks with Context:

### **Reducers in Context**

#### Reducers are good for:

- complex state
- manipulated from different components

#### Context is good for:

- Complex state
- Shared among many components

#### They are often a good pairing

• share state and dispatch

### Do not overcomplicate state

Only be as complex as you need

- Start with useState
- Pass as props
- Add new state as needed
- Don't plan too far ahead

If too much state/callbacks passed "deep"

• switch to Context and useContext

If you find you are changing a lot of state

• switch to useReducer