6. Cyna u cerenue [Cezepue unw Padotum LEL merennete Il Cyna (! he odéqure rue) Padorum conneumer obbubien U+W> {u+w |u ∈ U & wew}

Bag. Heua U= e'o1, a2, a3) e MITTP na PL, wegeto $0_1 = (1_{12}, 1, 1)$ 02= (1,0,-1,-1) a= 13, 4, 1, 1) Le Kera W- MRR na IRI zagageno uch utlatemata $W: \begin{cases} \chi_{4} - \chi_{2} + \chi_{3} + \chi_{4} = 0 \\ \chi_{4} - \chi_{2} + 2\chi_{5} + \chi_{4} = 0 \\ 4\chi_{5} + 3\chi_{4} = 0 \end{cases}$ Da ce na meper dazuen na U+W n UNW Pen: Proposo vormpane Jazyc Maxame 13 pegobere*

A1 | 1 2 1 1 | 5 | 12 0 0 | 1-21

A2 | 1 0 -1 -1 | 111 1 | 10 -1 -1 | 10

A3 | 3 4 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 0

Cera uname $W: | x_1 - x_2 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$ $x_2 = 0$, $x_3 = 0$, $x_4 = 0$

Neva noegetable le mato

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
4 & 0 & -1 & -1
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_3 = p - q \\
x_4 = q
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_3 = p - q \\
x_4 = q
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_5 = q - q \\
x_4 = q
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_5 = q - q \\
x_6 = q
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_6 = q - q \\
x_6 = q
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
x_6 = q - q \\
x_6 = q
\end{array}$$

Bag. Za grparhverne:

Da ce varreper Jague na UNW « U+W:

0) $u = \ell(a_1, a_2)$ $a_1 = (1, 9, 2, 2, 2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$ $u = (2, a_2)$ $a_2 = (1, -1, 2, -2)$

 $\begin{array}{ll}
\sigma & \mu = \ell(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) & \alpha_1 = (4, 2, 4, 2, 4) \\
\alpha_2 = (2, 4, 2, 4) & \alpha_3 = (7, 2, 3, 4)
\end{array}$

6) U = L(0,1,02,03,04) 0,1 = (2,3,-3,14) 0,2 = (-1,2,3,5) 0,3 = (-1,14,6,29)0,4 = (0,12,3,24)