Optimization

Most of what you need to do with optimization can be summarized by:

- 1) If doing something seldom and only on small inputs, do whatever is simplest to code, understand, and debug
- 2) If doing things a lot, or on big inputs, make the primary algorithm's Big-O cost reasonable
- 3) Let gcc do its magic from there
- 4) Optimize explicitly as a last resort

- Today, we'll be comparing two levels of optimization in the gcc compiler:
 - gcc -00 // mostly just literal translation of C
 - gcc -02 // enable nearly all reasonable optimizations
 - (we also use –Og, like –O0 but more debugging friendly)
- There are other custom and more aggressive levels of optimization, e.g.:
 - -03 //more aggressive than O2, trade size for speed
 - -Os //optimize for size
 - -Ofast //disregard standards compliance (!!)
- Exhaustive list of gcc optimization-related flags:
 - https://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/Optimize-Options.html

- Constant Folding
- Common Sub-expression Elimination
- Dead Code
- Strength Reduction
- Code Motion
- Tail Recursion
- Loop Unrolling

Constant Folding

Constant Folding pre-calculates constants at compile-time where possible.

```
int seconds = 60 * 60 * 24 * n_days;
```

Constant Folding

```
int fold(int param) {
    char arr[5];
    int a = 0x107;
    int b = a * sizeof(arr);
    int c = sqrt(2.0);
    return a * param + (a + 0x15 / c + strlen("Hello") * b - 0x37) / 4;
}
```

Constant Folding: Before (-00)

```
00000000000011b9 <fold>:
    11h9:
                                             %rbp
                                      push
                                            %rsp,%rbp
    11ba:
            48 89 e5
                                      mov
    11bd:
            41 54
                                             %r12
                                      push
   11bf:
            53
                                      push
                                             %rbx
   11c0:
                                             $0x30,%rsp
            48 83 ec 30
                                      sub
                                             %edi,-0x34(%rbp)
    11c4:
            89 7d cc
                                      mov
                                             $0x107,-0x14(\%rbp)
   11c7:
            c7 45 ec 07 01 00 00
                                      movl
                                             -0x14(%rbp),%eax
   11ce:
            8b 45 ec
                                      mov
    11d1:
            48 98
                                      clta
   11d3:
            89 c2
                                             %eax,%edx
                                      mov
                                             %edx,%eax
    11d5:
            89 d0
                                      mov
                                             $0x2, %eax
   11d7:
            c1 e0 02
                                      shl
   11da:
                                             %edx,%eax
            01 d0
                                      add
                                             %eax, -0x18(%rbp)
    11dc:
            89 45 e8
                                      mov
   11df:
                                             0xe2a(%rip),%rax
                                                                      # 2010 < IO stdin used+0x10>
            48 8b 05 2a 0e 00 00
                                      mov
                                            %rax,%xmm0
    11e6:
            66 48 0f 6e c0
                                      mova
            e8 b0 fe ff ff
                                     callq 10a0 <sqrt@plt>
   11eb:
                                     cvttsd2si %xmm0.%eax
   11f0:
            f2 0f 2c c0
   11f4:
            89 45 e4
                                             \%eax,-0x1c(\%rbp)
                                            -0x14(%rbp),%eax
-0x34(%rbp),%eax
   11f7:
            8b 45 ec
                                      mov
    11fa:
            Of af 45 cc
                                     imul
    11fe:
            41 89 c4
                                             %eax,%r12d
                                      mov
   1201:
            b8 15 00 00 00
                                             $0x15,%eax
                                      mov
    1206:
            99
                                      cltd
   1207:
                                            -0x1c(%rbp)
            f7 7d e4
                                      idivl
    120a:
                                             %eax,%edx
            89 c2
                                      mov
    120c:
            8b 45 ec
                                             -0x14(%rbp),%eax
                                      mov
   120f:
                                             %edx,%eax
            01 d0
                                      add
   1211:
            48 63 d8
                                     movslq %eax, %rbx
            48 8d 3d ed 0d 00 00
                                             0xded(%rip),%rdi
                                                                      # 2008 < IO stdin used+0x8>
    1214:
                                     lea
    121b:
            e8 20 fe ff ff
                                            1040 <strlen@plt>
                                      calla
                                             -0x18(%rbp),%edx
   1220:
            8b 55 e8
                                      movslq %edx, %rdx
    1223:
            48 63 d2
            48 Of af c2
                                            %rdx,%rax
    1226:
                                      imul
                                            %rbx,%rax
    122a:
            48 01 d8
                                      add
    122d:
            48 83 e8 37
                                      sub
                                             $0x37,%rax
                                             $0x2,%rax
    1231:
            48 c1 e8 02
                                      shr
   1235:
            44 01 e0
                                            %r12d,%eax
                                      add
   1238:
                                             $0x30,%rsp
            48 83 c4 30
                                      add
    123c:
                                             %rbx
                                      gog
    123d:
            41 5c
                                             %r12
                                      pop
   123f:
            5d
                                             %rbp
    1240:
                                      retq
```

Constant Folding: After (-02)

```
00000000000011b0 <fold>:
```

11b0: 69 c7 07 01 00 00 \$0x107,%edi,%eax imul

reta

\$0x6a5,%eax 11b6: 05 a5 06 00 00 add 11bb:

What is the consequence of this for you as a programmer? What should you do

differently or the same knowing that compilers can do this for you?

- Constant Folding
- Common Sub-expression Elimination
- Dead Code
- Strength Reduction
- Code Motion
- Tail Recursion
- Loop Unrolling

Common Sub-Expression Elimination

Common Sub-Expression Elimination prevents the recalculation of the same thing many times by doing it once and saving the result.

```
int a = (param2 + 0x107);
int b = param1 * (param2 + 0x107) + a;
return a * (param2 + 0x107) + b * (param2 + 0x107);
```

Common Sub-Expression Elimination

Common Sub-Expression Elimination prevents the recalculation of the same thing many times by doing it once and saving the result.

```
int a = (param2 + 0x107);
int b = param1 * (param2 + 0x107) + a;
return a * (param2 + 0x107) + b * (param2 + 0x107);
// = 2 * a * a + param 1 * a * a
0000000000011b0 <subexp>: // param1 in %edi, param2 in %esi
   11b0: lea  0x107(%rsi),%eax  // %eax stores a
   11b6: imul %eax,%edi
                            // param1 * a
   11b9: lea (%rdi,%rax,2),%esi // 2 * a + param1 * a
                                      // a * (2 * a + param1 * a)
   11bc: imul %esi,%eax
   11bf: retq
```

Common Sub-Expression Elimination

Why should we bother saving repeated calculations in variables if the compiler has common subexpression elimination?

- The compiler may not always be able to optimize every instance. Plus, it can help reduce redundancy!
- Makes code more readable!

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Dead Code

Dead code elimination removes code that doesn't serve a purpose:

```
if (param1 < param2 && param1 > param2) {
    printf("This test can never be true!\n");
// Empty for loop
for (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++);
// If/else that does the same operation in both cases
if (param1 == param2) {
    param1++;
} else {
    param1++;
// If/else that more trickily does the same operation in both cases
if (param1 == 0) {
    return 0;
} else {
    return param1;
```

Dead Code: Before (-00)

```
00000000000011a9 <dead code>:
                                                                %rbp
     11a9:55
                                                      push
     11aa: 48 89 e5
                                                                 %rsp,%rbp
                                                      mov
                                                                 $0x20,%rsp
     11ad: 48 83 ec 20
                                                      sub
                                                                %edi,-0x14(%rbp)
%esi,-0x18(%rbp)
-0x14(%rbp),%eax
-0x18(%rbp),%eax
11d8 <dead_code+0x2f>
     11b1:89 7d ec
                                                      mov
     11b4:89 75 e8
                                                      mov
     11b7:8b 45 ec
                                                      mov
     11ba: 3b 45 e8
                                                      cmp
     11bd: 7d 19
                                                      jge
                                                                -0x14(%rbp),%eax
-0x18(%rbp),%eax
11d8 <dead_code+0x2f>
     11bf:8b 45 ec
                                                      mov
     11c2: 3b 45 e8
     11c5: 7e 11
                                                      ile
     11c7: 48 8d 3d 36 0e 00 00
11ce: b8 00 00 00 00
11d3: e8 68 fe ff ff
11d8: c7 45 fc 00 00 00 00
                                                                0xe36(%rip),%rdi
$0x0,%eax
                                                                                                    # 2004 < IO stdin used+0x4>
                                                      lea
                                                      mov
                                                                1040 <printf@plt>
$0x0,-0x4(%rbp)
11e5 <dead_code+0x3c>
                                                      calla
                                                      movl
     11df: eb 04
                                                      jmp
addl
                                                                $0x1,-0x4(%rbp)
$0x3e7,-0x4(%rbp)
11e1 <dead_code+0x38>
     11e1:83 45 fc 01
11e5:81 7d fc e7 03 00 00
                                                      cmpl
     11ec: 7e f3
                                                      jle
                                                                 -0x14(%rbp),%eax
-0x18(%rbp),%eax
     11ee: 8b 45 ec
11f1: 3b 45 e8
                                                      mov
                                                      cmp
     11f4:75 06
                                                                 11fc <dead code+0x53>
                                                      jne
                                                                $0x1,-0x14(%rbp)
1200 <dead code+0x57>
     11f6:83 45 ec 01
                                                      ăddl
     11fa: eb 04
                                                      jmp
addl
                                                                $0x1,-0x14(%rbp)
$0x0,-0x14(%rbp)
     11fc: 83 45 ec 01
     1200:83 7d ec 00
                                                      cmpl
     1204:75 07
                                                                 120d´<dead`code+0x64>
                                                      jne
     1206: b8 00 00 00 00
                                                                 $0x0,%eax
                                                      mov
     120b: eb 03
                                                                 1210 < dead code+0x67>
                                                      jmp
     120d: 8b 45 ec
                                                                 -0x14(%rbp\,%eax
                                                      mov
     1210: c9
                                                      leavea
     1211: c3
                                                      retq
```

Dead Code: After (-02)

```
000000000011b0 <dead_code>:
```

11b0: 8d 47 01 lea 0x1(%rdi),%eax

11b3: c3 retq

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Strength Reduction

Strength reduction changes divide to multiply, multiply to add/shift, and mod to AND to avoid using instructions that cost many cycles (multiply and divide).

```
int a = param2 * 32;
int b = a * 7;
int c = b / 2;
int d = param2 \% 2;
for (int i = 0; i <= param2; i++) {
    c += param1[i] + 0x107 * i;
return c + d;
```

Shifting into Shifts

```
• int a = param2 * 32;
  Becomes:
• int a = param2 * 32;
• int b = a * 7;
  Becomes:
• int b = a + (a << 2) + (a << 1);
• int c = b / 2;
  Becomes
• int c = b >> 1
```

- Constant Folding
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Code Motion

Code motion moves code outside of a loop if possible.

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  sum += arr[i] + foo * (bar + 3);
}</pre>
```

Common subexpression elimination deals with expressions that appear multiple times in the code. Here, the expression appears once, but is calculated each loop iteration, even though none of its values change during the loop.

Code Motion

Code motion moves code outside of a loop if possible.

```
int temp = foo * (bar + 3);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   sum += arr[i] + temp;
}</pre>
```

Moving it out of the loop allows the computation to happen only once.

Practice: GCC Optimization

```
int char_sum(char *s) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (size_t i = 0; i < strlen(s); i++) {
        sum += s[i];
    }
    return sum;
}</pre>
```

What is the bottleneck? What (if anything) can GCC do?

Practice: GCC Optimization

```
int char_sum(char *s) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (size_t i = 0; i < strlen(s); i++) {
        sum += s[i];
    }
    return sum;
}</pre>
```

What is the bottleneck? What (if anything) can GCC do?

strlen is called every loop iteration – code motion can pull it out of the loop

Tail Recursion

Tail recursion is an example of where GCC can identify recursive patterns that can be more efficiently implemented iteratively.

```
long factorial(int n) {
   if (n <= 1) {
      return 1;
   }
   else return n * factorial(n - 1);
}</pre>
```

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Loop Unrolling

Loop Unrolling: Do **n** loop iterations' worth of work per actual loop iteration, so we save ourselves from doing the loop overhead (test and jump) every time, and instead incur overhead only every n-th time.

```
for (int i = 0; i <= n - 4; i += 4) {
    sum += arr[i];
    sum += arr[i + 1];
    sum += arr[i + 2];
    sum += arr[i + 3];
} // after the loop handle any leftovers</pre>
```