

Algorithm: Uncertainty Principle

Include predefined class libraries / header files in the program using preprocessor directive #include <iostream> , <cmath>

using namespace std;

Class declaration: declare a class “unpr”

Private member declaration:

Data variables:

declare integer type data variables “i,n”

declare float type data variables “a,b,x[100],p[100],I[100],X,P,H,h,so1,se1,so2,se2,pi”

Public member declaration:

Declare member function (1) getdata (2) calculate of type void

Member function definitions:

Define member functions getdata using scope resolution operator

“void unpr::getdata()”

Get input from user:

cout<<"enter the lower and upper limit of integration"<<endl;

The input is written in allocated memory space using

cin>>a>>b;

cout<<"enter the even no of intervals"<<endl;

The input is written in allocated memory space using

cin>>n;

Member function definition:

Define member functions calculate using scope resolution operator

“void unpr::calculate()”

Perform the calculations

```
h=(b-a)/n;                                     //calculate step size
pi=4.0*atan(1);
for(i=0;i<=n;i++)                                //for loop to calculate (<x2>,<p2>) at various x values
{
    I[i]=a+(i*h);
    x[i]=(1/sqrt(pi))*pow(I[i],2)*exp(-pow(I[i],2));
    p[i]=(1/sqrt(pi))*exp(-pow(I[i],2))*(1-pow(I[i],2));
}
for(i=1;i<=n-1;i++)                            //for loop to calculate even ad odd terms (Simpson's 1/3rd rule)
{
    if(i%2==0)
```

```

    {
        se1=se1+x[i];
        se2=se2+p[i];
    }

    else
    {
        so1=so1+x[i];
        so2=so2+p[i];
    }

}

X=(h/3)*(x[0]+(4*so1)+(2*se1)+x[n]); //Simpson's 1/3rd rule for numerical integration
P=(h/3)*(p[0]+(4*se2)+(2*se2)+p[n]);

cout<<"uncertainty in position "<<X<<endl;
cout<<"uncertainty in momentum "<<P<<endl;
H=X*P;
cout<<"value of uncertainty product"<<H<<endl; //Uncertainty Product
}

```

Inside the main function of type integer , create an object of class unpr and named UP. Use this object to call public member functions and terminate the program using return 0 statement