

LLD: All Structural Design Patterns

Concept && Coding" YT Video Notes

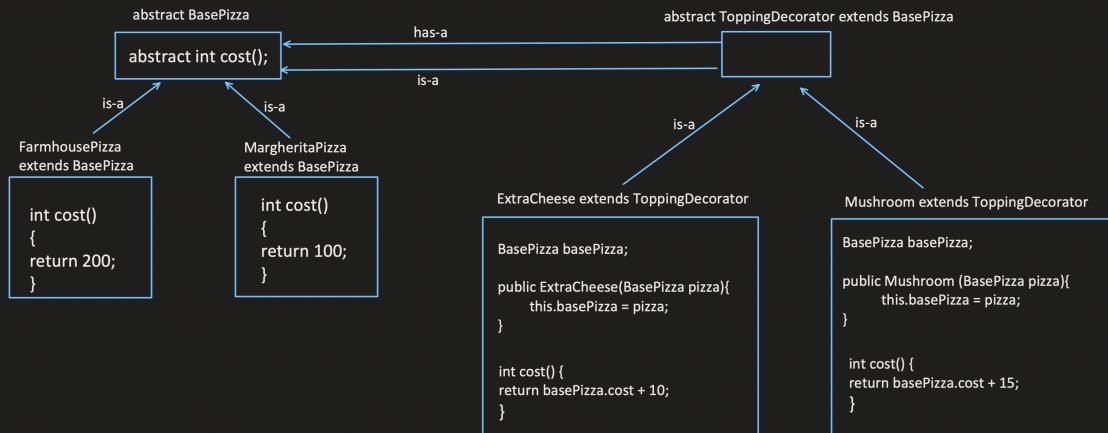
Structural Design Pattern is a way to combine or arrange different classes and objects to form a complex or bigger structure to solve a particular requirement.

Types:

- 1. Decorator Pattern
- 2. Proxy Pattern
- 3. Composite Pattern
- 4. Adapter Pattern
- 5. Bridge Pattern
- 6. Facade
- 7. Flyweight

1. Decorator Pattern:

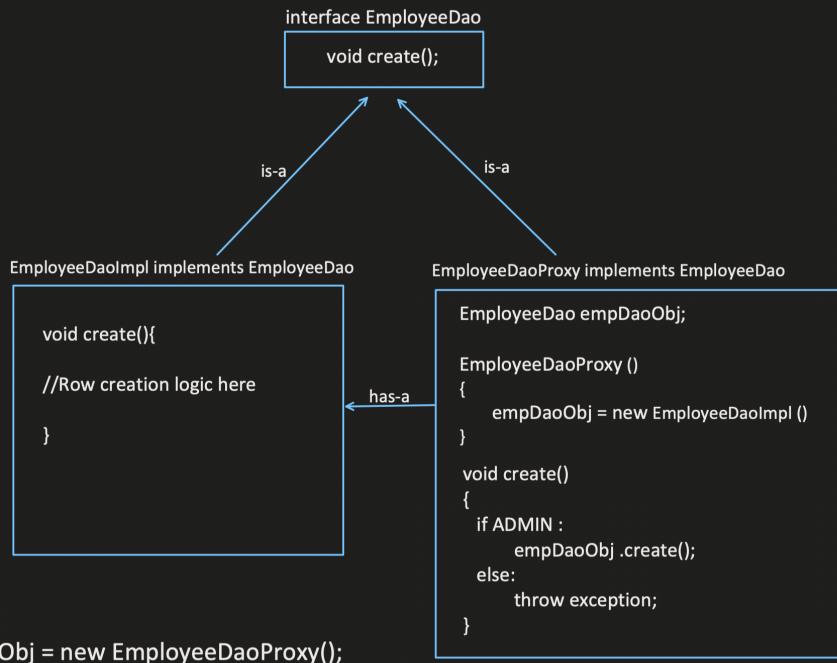
This pattern helps to add more functionality to existing object, without changing its structure.



```
BasePizza pizza = new Mushroom(new ExtraCheese(new Farmhouse()));
```

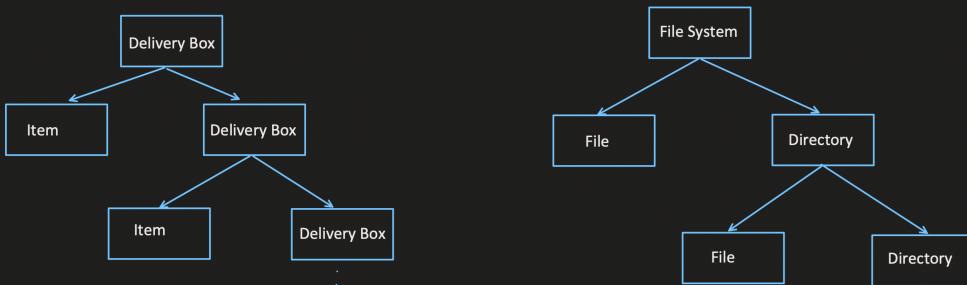
2. Proxy Pattern:

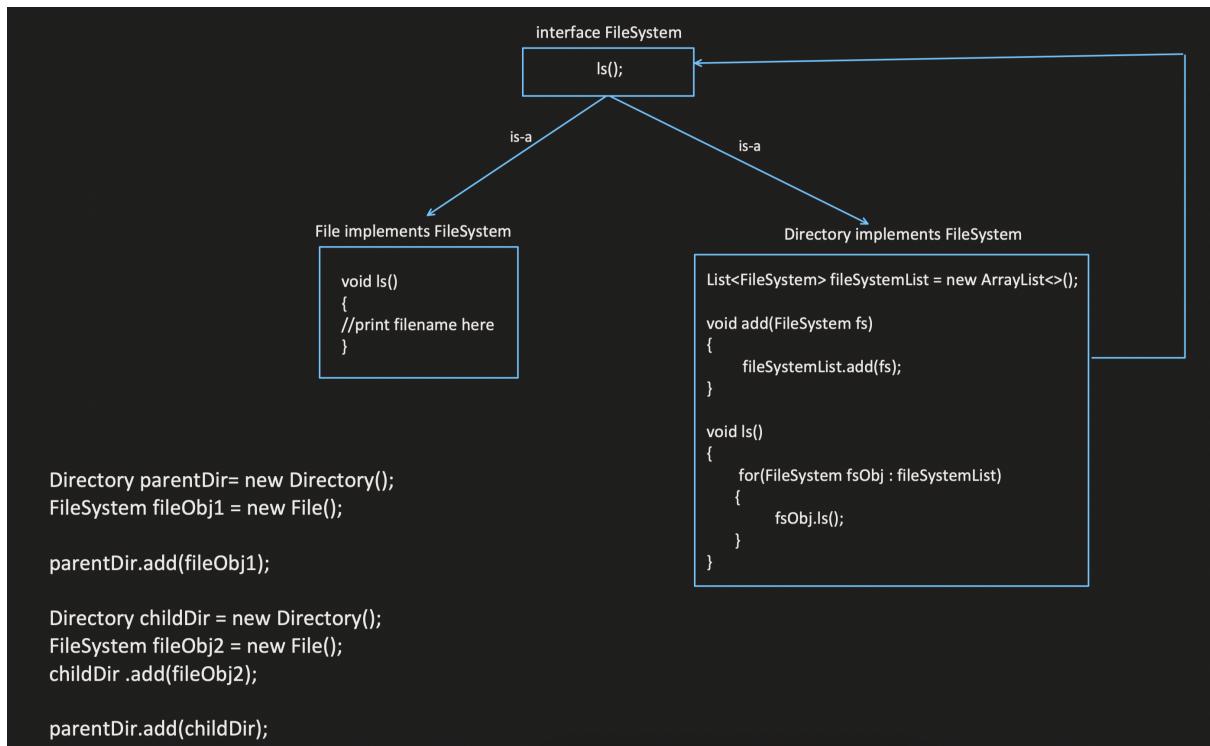
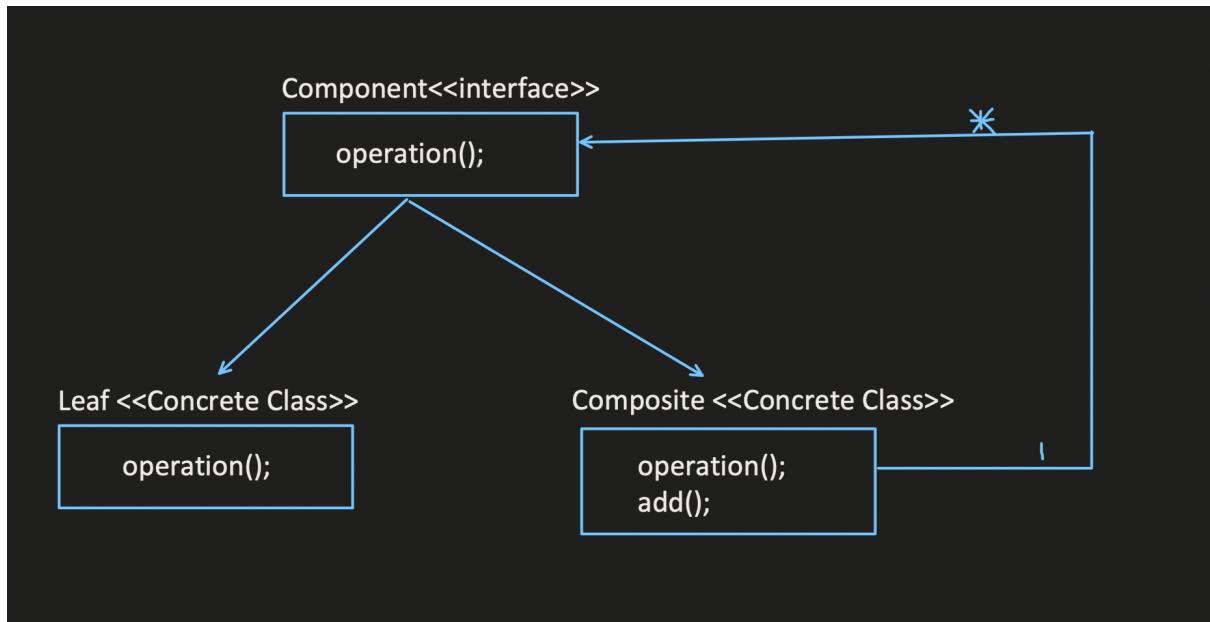
This pattern helps to provide control access to original object.



3. Composite Pattern:

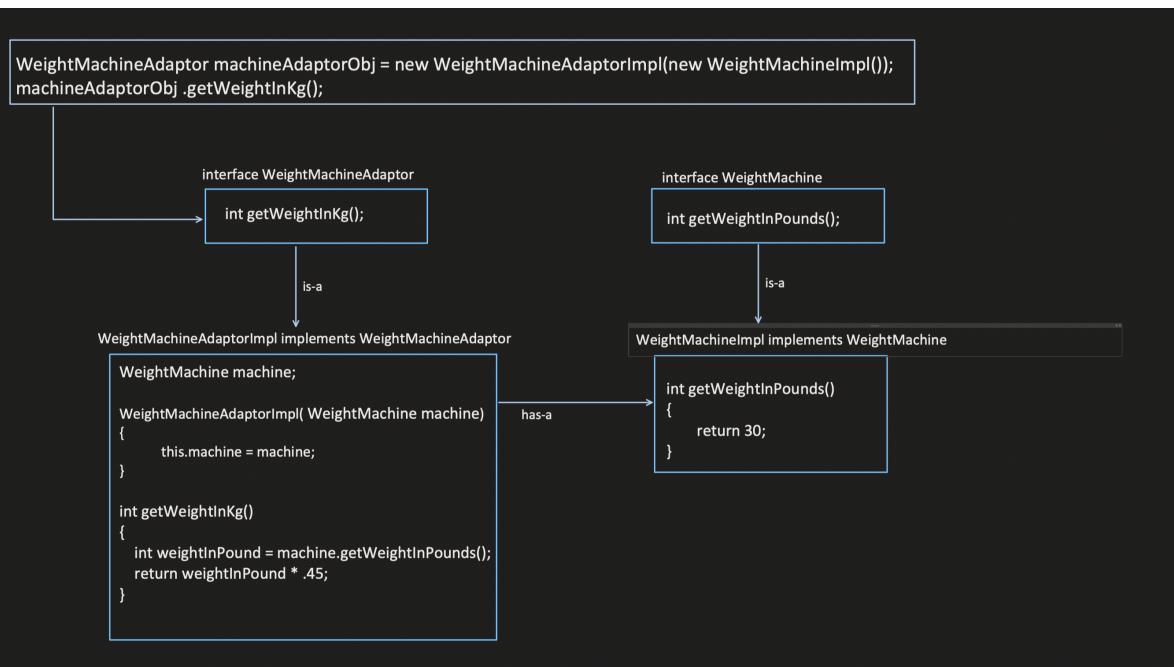
This pattern helps in scenarios where we have OBJECT inside OBJECT (tree like structure)





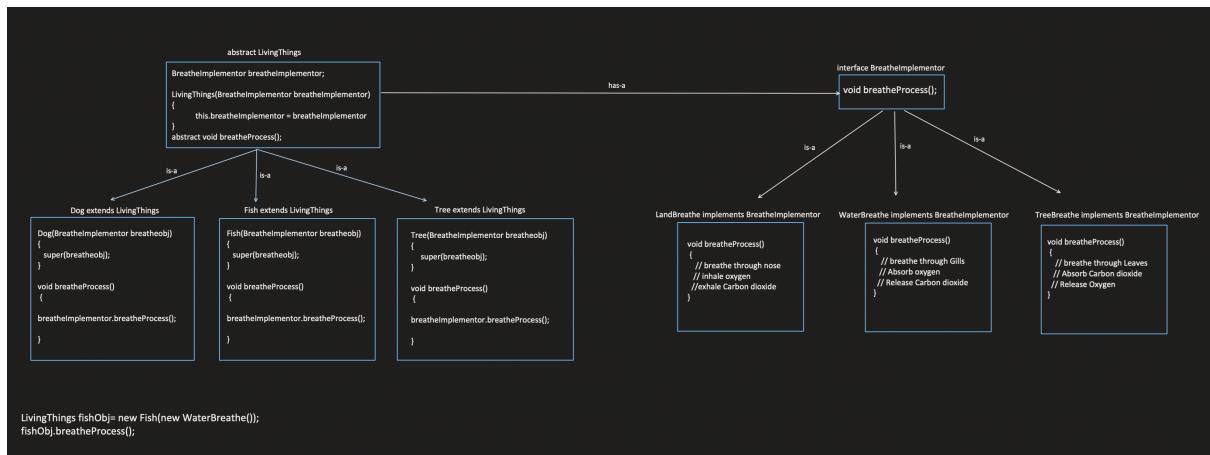
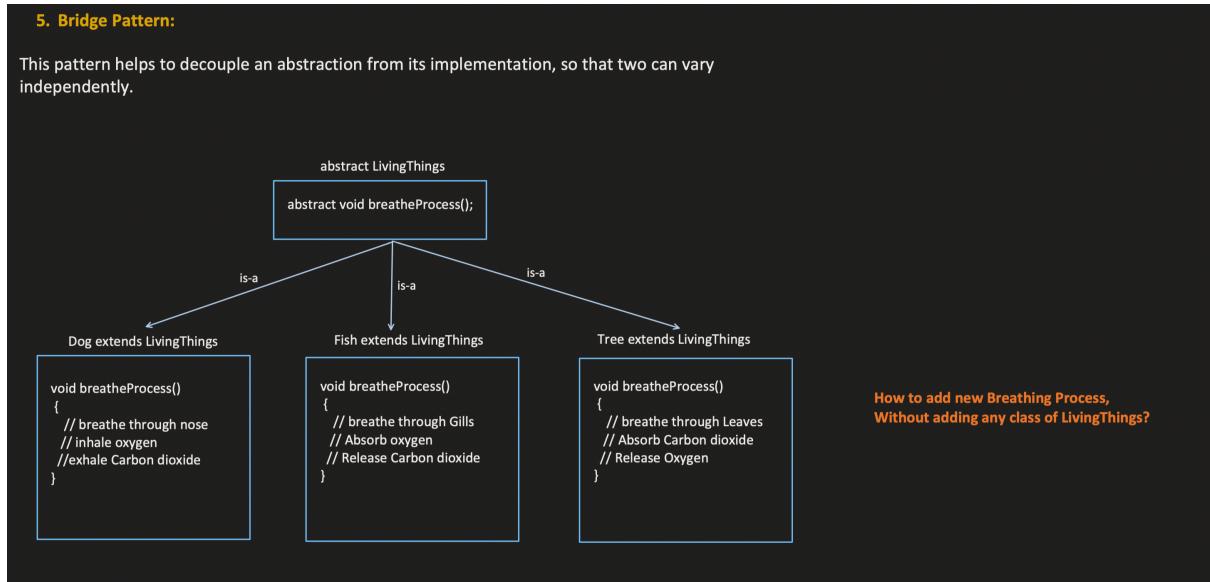
4. Adapter Pattern:

This pattern act as a bridge or intermediate between 2 incompatible interfaces.



5. Bridge Pattern:

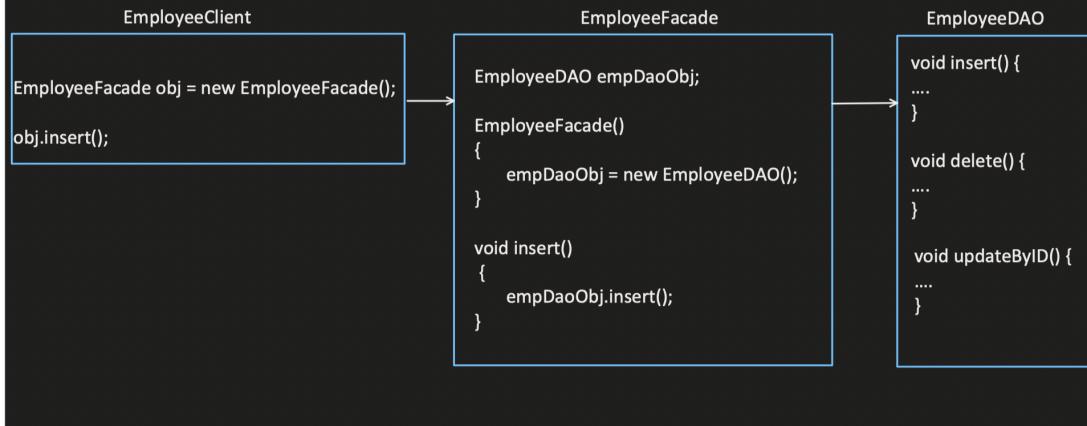
This pattern helps to decouple an abstraction from its implementation, so that two can vary independently.



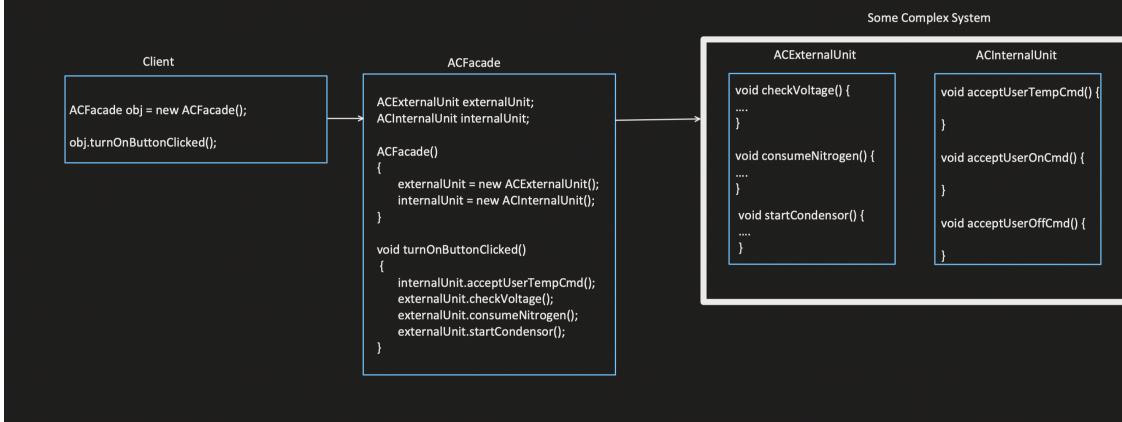
6. Facade Pattern:

This pattern helps to hide the system complexity from the client.

Example1 : expose only the necessary details to the client



Example2 : hide the system complexity from the client



7. Flyweight Pattern:

This pattern helps to reduce memory usage by sharing data among multiple objects.

Issue: lets say memory is 21GB

Robot

```
int coordinateX;      //4bytes
Int corrdinateY;     //4bytes
String type;          //50bytes (1bytes * 50 char length)
Sprites body;         //2d bitmap, 31KB

= ~31KB

Robot(int x, int y, String type, Sprites body)
{
    this.coordinateX = x;
    this.coordinateY = y;
    this.type = type;
    this.body = body;
}
```

= 10Lakh * ~31KB = 31GB

ISSUE as memory is 21GB only

```
int x=0;
int y=0;
for(int i=1; i<5000000; i++)
{
    Sprites humanoidSprite = new Sprites();
    Robot humanoidBotObj = new Robot(x+i, y+i, "HUMANOID", humanoidSprite);
}

for(int i=1; i<5000000; i++)
{
    Sprites roboticDogSprite = new Sprites();
    Robot roboticDobObj = new Robot(x+i, y+i, "ROBOTICDOB", roboticDogSprite);
}
```

Intrinsic data: shared among objects and remain same once defined one value.
Like in above example : Type and Body is **Intrinsic** data.

Extrinsic data: change based on client input and differs from one object to another.
Like in above example: X and Y axis are **Extrinsic** data

- From Object, remove all the Extrinsic data and keep only Intrinsic data (this object is called Flyweight Object)
- Extrinsic data can be passed in the parameter to the Flyweight class.
- Caching can be used for the Flyweight object and used whenever required.

