**HTML5**

1. What is HTML?
2. HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages.
3. HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
4. HTML describes the structure of Web pages using markup
5. HTML elements are the building blocks of HTML pages
6. HTML elements are represented by tags
7. HTML tags label pieces of content such as "heading", "paragraph", "table", and so on
8. Browsers do not display the HTML tags, but use them to render the content of the page
9. **The <!DOCTYPE html> declaration defines this document to be HTML5**
10. The <html> element is the root element of an HTML page
11. The <head> element contains meta information about the document
12. The <title> element specifies a title for the document
13. The <body> element contains the visible page content
14. The <h1> element defines a large heading
15. The <p> element defines a paragraph
16. Html5 released in 2014

Tags

1. <a html=[www.google.com](http://www.google.com)>Google</a> for href
2. <img src="w3schools.jpg" alt="W3Schools.com" width="104" height="142"> for imgages
3. Unordered list::

<ul>

<li>Coffee</li>

<li>Tea</li>

<li>Milk</li>

</ul>

Ordered list::

<ol>

<li>Coffee</li>

<li>Tea</li>

<li>Milk</li>

</ol>

1. lang The language of the document can be declared in the <html> tag.

The language is declared with the lang attribute.

Declaring a language is important for accessibility applications (screen readers) and search engines:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en-US">

<body>

1. The **<hr>** tag defines a thematic break in an HTML page, and is most often displayed as a horizontal rule.

The <hr> element is used to separate content (or define a change) in an HTML page:

1. The HTML **<pre>** element defines preformatted text.

The text inside a <pre> element is displayed in a fixed-width font (usually Courier), and it preserves both spaces and line breaks:

1. <p><i>This text is italic</i></p>
2. <p>This is<sub> subscript</sub> and
3. <sup>superscript</sup></p>
4. <mark> - Marked text
5. <small> - Small text
6. <del> - Deleted text
7. <ins> - Inserted text
8. < blockquote> blockquote
9. The HTML <q> element defines a short quotation “ ”
10. <address> address
11. <body style="background-image:url('clouds.jpg')"> background image
12. <p>The SPAN element is an inline element, and will not start on a new line.</p>