

Supporting information

**Binding-Triggered Hybridization Chain Reaction Cascade Muti-site  
Activated CRISPR/Cas12a Signal Amplification Strategy for  
Sensitive Detection of  $\alpha$ -Synuclein**

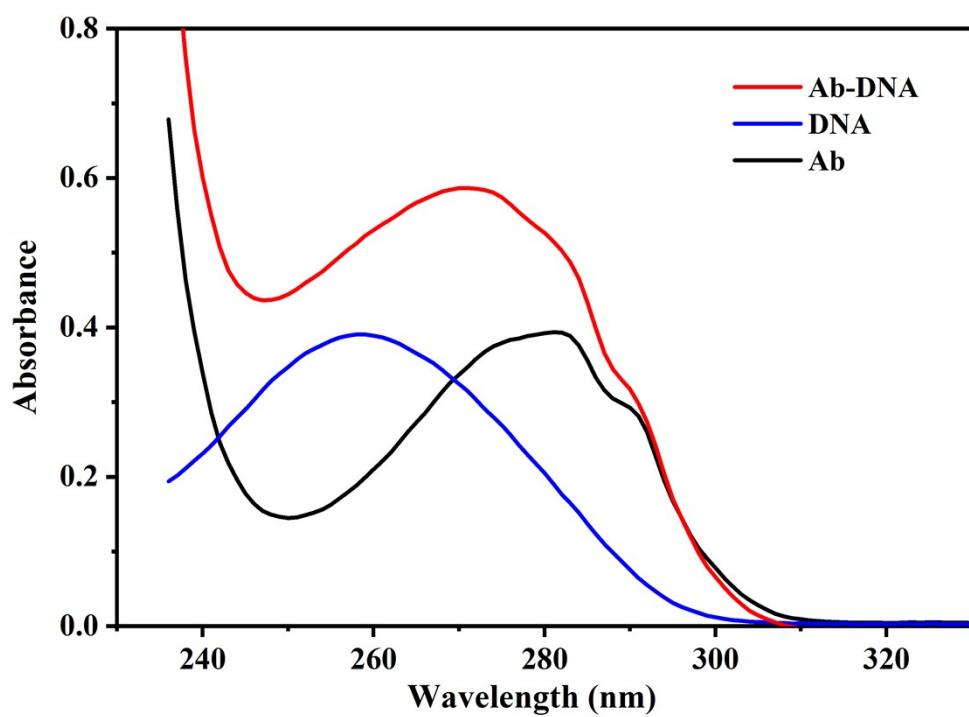
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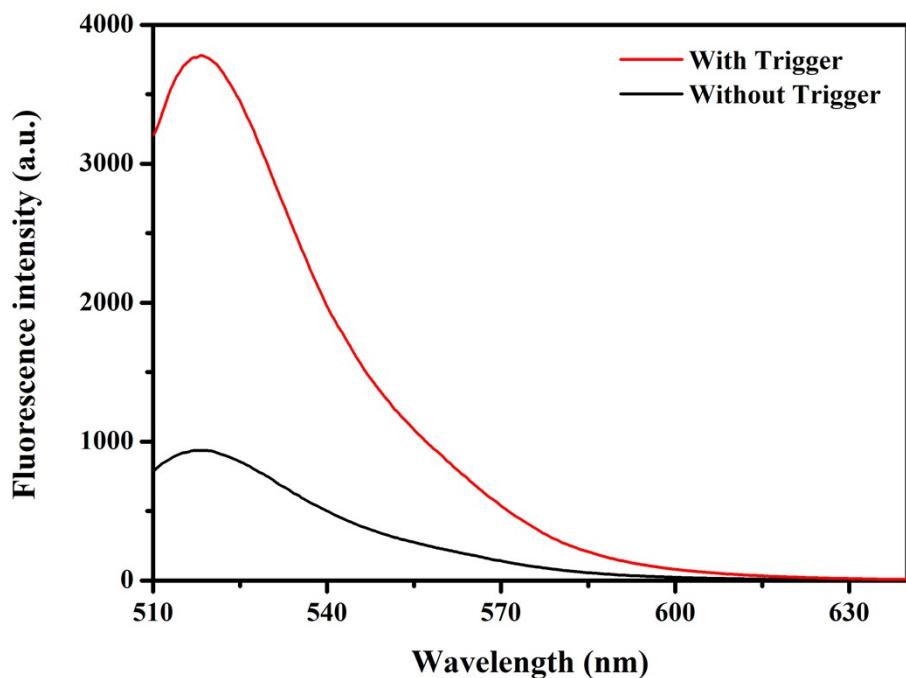
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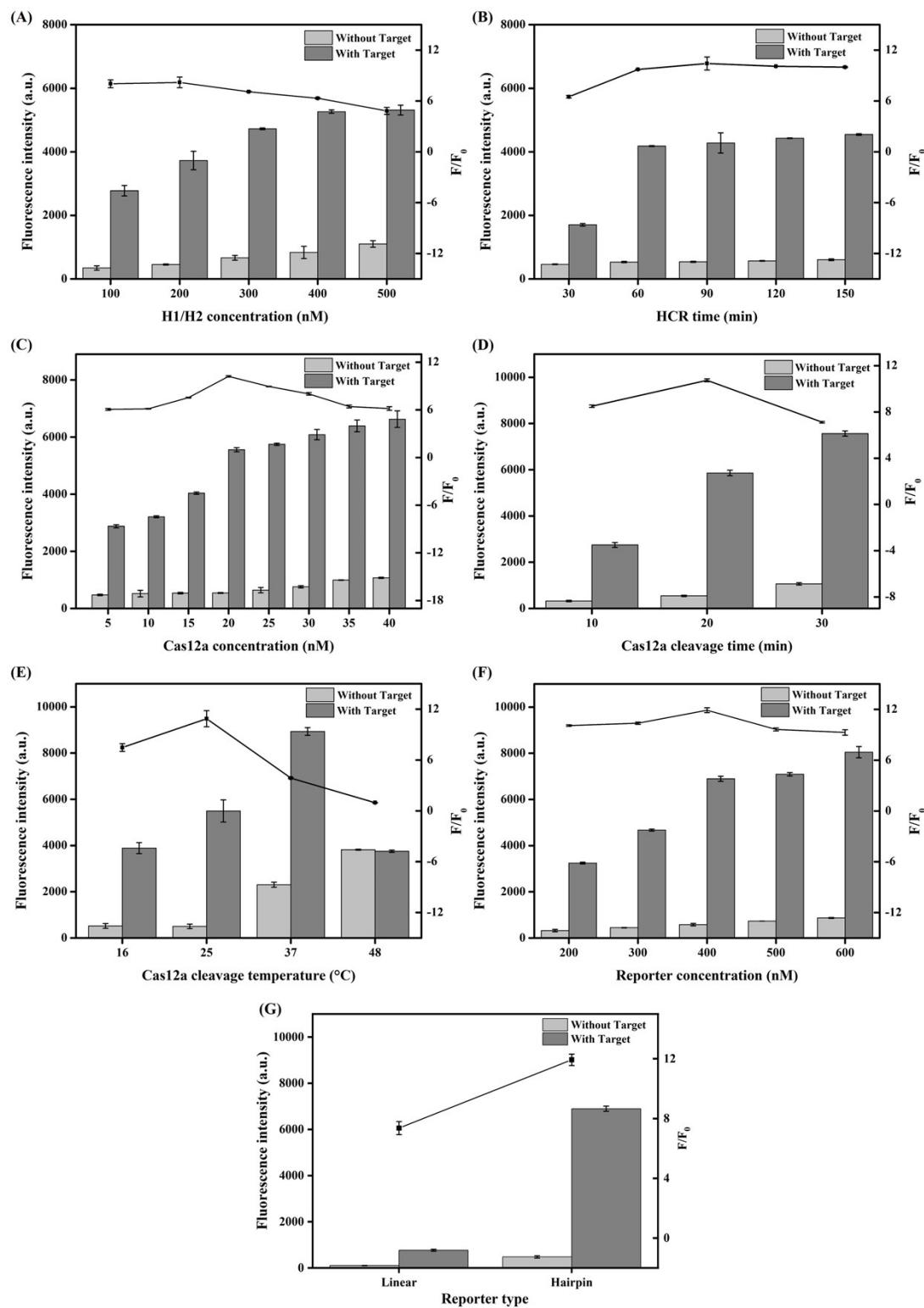
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**Fig. S1** UV-vis spectrum characterization of ab-DNA conjugates.



**Fig. S2** Fluorescence emission spectra of the split trigger triggered HCR cascade muti-site activated CRISPR/Cas12a signal amplification strategy under different conditions.



**Fig. S3** Effect of the operation conditions of our strategy on the fluorescence signal intensity and  $F/F_0$ . The histogram shows the intensity of the fluorescence signal with and without  $\alpha$ -syn, the curve shows the ratio of  $F/F_0$ . F and  $F_0$  represent the fluorescence with and without  $\alpha$ -syn, respectively.

(A) H1/H2 concentration, (B) HCR time, (C) Cas12a concentration, (D) Cas12a cleavage time, (E)  
Cas12a cleavage temperature, (F) reporter concentration, (G) reporter type.

**Table S1. Sequences of oligonucleotides used in this study.**

Name	Sequences (5'→3')
DNA1'	<u>CGTCAGGTAGTCGT</u> GGCGTGGGTTAA
DNA2'	AGTCTAGGATT <sub>C</sub> TTT <u>ACGGACTACCTGACG</u>
Trigger	AGTCTAGGATT <sub>C</sub> GGCGTGGGTTAA
DNA1	Biotin-TACGTCCAGAAC <sub>T</sub> TTACCCATCTTTTGTCCTGGCGTGGGTTA A
DNA2	AGTCTAGGATTCTTC <u>CAGGACT</u> TTTTTATCACATCAGGCTCTATGCTA TTG-Biotin
H1	TTAACCCACGCCAATCCTAGACTCAAAGTAGTCTAGGATT <sub>T</sub> CGCGT G
H2	AGTCTAGGATT <sub>C</sub> GGCGTGGGTTAACAC <u>GCC</u> AAATCCTAGACTACTTT G
crRNA	UAAUUUCUACUAAGUGUAGAUG <u>GGCG</u> GUUAACCCACGCCGAU
Hairpin reporter	(6-FAM)-CTCTCATT <sub>T</sub> TTTTTAGAGAG-(BHQ1)
Linear reporter	(6-FAM)-TTATT-(BHQ1)

The underlined letters are complementary sequences between DNA1' and DNA2', DNA1 and DNA2, and H2 and crRNA. PAM sequences are in red. The target sequences of crRNA are in blue.

**Table S2. The results of  $\alpha$ -syn assay precision test.**

Concentration (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 1 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 2 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 3 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	RSD (n = 3)
5.00	5.37	4.87	4.86	5.80%
10.0	11.0	11.1	11.7	3.47%
15.0	15.9	15.4	15.4	2.02%

**Table S3. The results of  $\alpha$ -syn assay reproducibility test.**

Concentration (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 1 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 2 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Sample 3 (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	RSD (n = 3)
5.00	5.37	4.91	5.14	4.50%
10.0	11.0	11.3	11.6	2.82%
15.0	15.9	15.7	16.5	2.48%

**Table S4. Recovery tests of  $\alpha$ -syn detection in human serum samples.**

Sample	Target added (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Target detected (ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	Target recovery	RSD (n = 3)
1	5.00	4.64	92.8%	2.25%
2	10.0	10.0	100%	2.76%
3	15.0	15.6	106%	3.91%

**Table S5. Comparison of the detection performance for  $\alpha$ -syn with some reported works.**

Method	Linear range	LOD	Reference
Surface plasmon resonance	70-700 nM	70 nM	[1]
Electrochemistry	10-000 ng mL <sup>-1</sup>	1.13 ng mL <sup>-1</sup>	[2]
Colorimetry	20-3000 nM	10 nM	[3]
Fluorescence	1-8 $\mu$ M	4.36 $\mu$ M	[4]
Fluorescence	1-2.5 $\mu$ M	1 $\mu$ M	[5]
Fluorescence	2-20 ng mL <sup>-1</sup>	9.33 pM (0.13 ng mL <sup>-1</sup> )	This work

## References

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