Lab Assignment 2:

Performance
evaluation of the
memory hierarchy of a
computer and reverse
engineering of the
data cache memory



Computer Architecture (40969)

Computer Science School (EII)

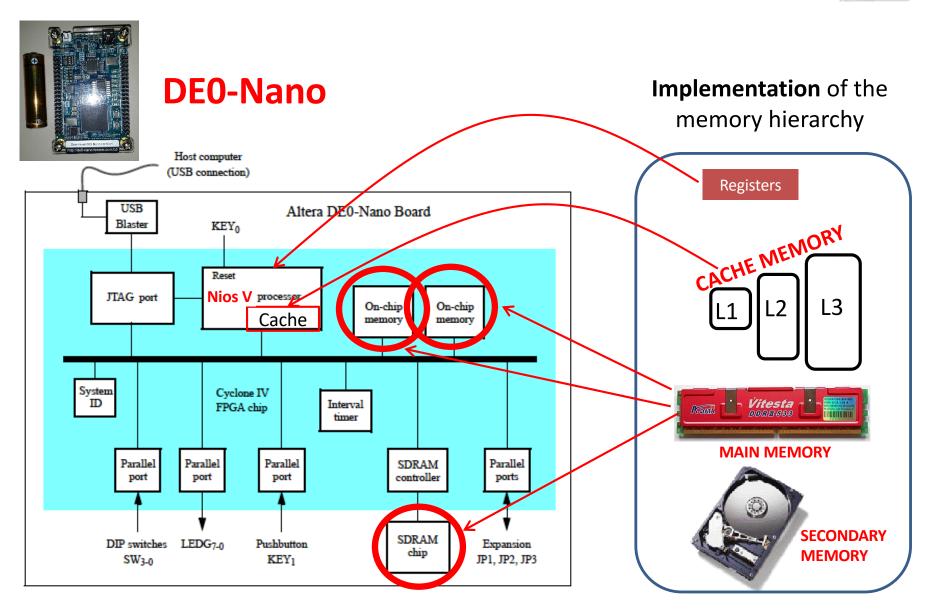
University of Las Palmas de Gran Canaria



Scheduling: 4 weeks

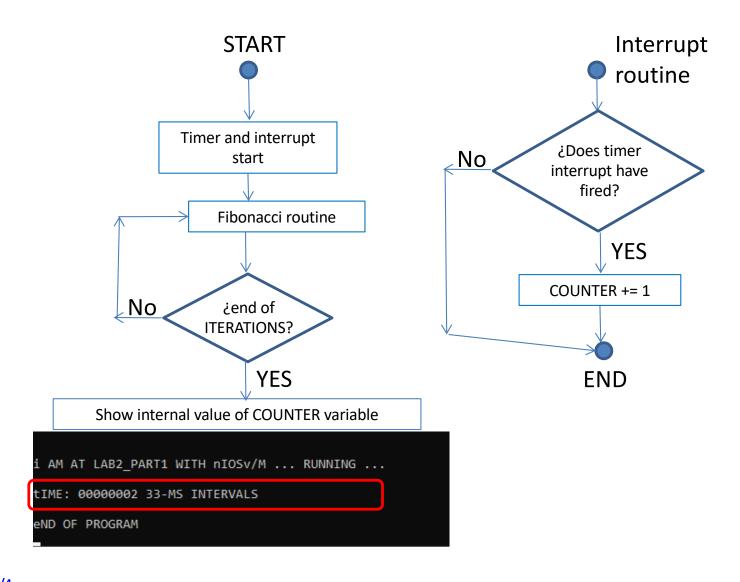
- Session 1: Activities 1,2,3; 2 hours
- S2: Activity 4; 2 hours
- S3: Reverse engineering for the data cache of Nios V/g; 2 hours
- S4: Examn; 1,5 hours

Implementing the Memory Hierarchy Levels of the Basic Computer Structure of the DEO-Nano board





Activity 1: benchmark



Compiling & Linking using Nios V/m + SDRAM

```
C:/altera/12.1sp1/University Program/NiosII Computer Systems/DE0-Nano/DE0-Nano Basic Computer NiosVm conSDRAM/verilog/so
ftware/niosv/ACpractica2niosv # make
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe lab2 part1 2 3 main.s -alsg -o lab2 part1 2 3 main.s.obj > lab2 part1 2 3 main.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe excepcionTimer.s -alsg -o excepcionTimer.s.obj > excepcionTimer.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe escribir jtag.s -alsg -o escribir jtag.s.obj > escribir jtag.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe contador.s -alsg -o contador.s.obj > contador.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe DIV.s -alsg -o DIV.s.obj > DIV.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe BCD.s -alsg -o BCD.s.obj > BCD.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-as.exe lab2 part1 2 3 fibo.s -alsg -o lab2 part1 2 3 fibo.s.obj > lab2 part1 2 3 fibo.s.log
riscv32-unknown-elf-ld.exe -g -T linker SDRAM.x -nostdlib -e start -u start --defsym alt stack pointer=0x08001F00
--defsym alt stack base=0x08002000 --defsym alt heap limit=0x8002000 --defsym alt heap start=0x8002000 -o lab2 pa
rt1 2 3 main.elf lab2 part1 2 3 main.s.obj excepcionTimer.s.obj escribir jtag.s.obj contador.s.obj DIV.s.obj BCD.s.obj
ab2 part1 2 3 fibo.s.obi
riscv32-unknown-elf-ld.exe: warning: lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf has a LOAD segment with RWX permissions
niosv-stack-report -p riscv32-unknown-elf- lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf
lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf
 * 1320 B - Program size (code + initialized data).
 * 256 B - Free for stack.
 * 0 B - Free for heap.
riscv32-unknown-elf-objdump -Sdtx lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf > lab2_part1_2_3_main.elf.objdump
riscv32-unknown-elf-objcopy -O binary lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf lab2 part1 2 3 main.hex
C:/altera/12.1sp1/University Program/NiosII Computer Systems/DE0-Nano/DE0-Nano Basic Computer NiosVm conSDRAM/verilog/so
ftware/niosv/ACpractica2niosv #
```

Executing using Nios V/m + SDRAM

```
[OpenOCD output] Info : Virtual Tap/SLD node 0x08986E00 found at tap position 0 vtap position 1
[OpenOCD output] Info : datacount=2 progbufsize=8
[OpenOCD output] Info : Examined RISC-V core; found 1 harts
[OpenOCD output] Info : hart 0: XLEN=32, misa=0x4000b0c3
[OpenOCD output] Info : starting gdb server for tap 020F30DD.0.niosv 0.cpu on 0
[OpenOCD output] Info : Listening on port 49626 for gdb connections
INFO: Found gdb port 49626
[OpenOCD output] Ready for Remote Connections
[OpenOCD output] Info : tcl server disabled
[OpenOCD output] Info : Listening on port 49627 for telnet connections
INFO: Found telnet port 49627
INFO: OpenOCD is ready.
INFO: Sending reset halt to OpenOCD.
INFO: Loading image via GDB. Running "riscv32-unknown-elf-gdb -batch -ex set arch riscv:rv32 -ex set remotetimeout 60 -e
x target extended-remote localhost:49626 -ex load lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf -ex set $mstatus &= ~(0x00000088)".
The target architecture is set to "riscv:rv32".
warning: No executable has been specified and target does not support
determining executable automatically. Try using the "file" command.
0x09000004 in ?? ()
Loading section .exceptions, size 0x5c lma 0x0
Loading section .text, size 0x38c lma 0x5c
Loading section .rwdata, size 0x140 lma 0x3e8
Start address 0x0000005c, load size 1320
Transfer rate: 4 KB/sec, 440 bytes/write.
[Inferior 1 (Remote target) detached]
INFO: Sending resume to OpenOCD.
```

```
C:/altera/12.1sp1/University_Program/NiosII_Computer_Systems/DE0-Nano/DE0-Nano_Basic_Computer_NiosVm_conSDRAM/verilog/software/niosv/ACpractica2niosv # juart-terminal.exe
juart-terminal: connected to hardware target using JTAG UART on cable
juart-terminal: "USB-Blaster [USB-0]", device 1, instance 0
juart-terminal: (Use the IDE stop button or Ctrl-C to terminate)

i AM AT LAB2_PART1 WITH nIOSv/M ... RUNNING ...

tIME: 00000008 33-MS INTERVALS

eND OF PROGRAM
```

Executing using Nios V/m + SRAM

```
[OpenOCD output] Info : Listening on port 53290 for telnet connections
INFO: Found telnet port 53290
INFO: OpenOCD is ready.
INFO: Sending reset halt to OpenOCD.
INFO: Loading image via GDB. Running "riscv32-unknown-elf-gdb -batch -ex set arch riscv:rv32 -ex set remotetimeout 60 -e
x target extended-remote localhost:53289 -ex load lab2 part1 2 3 main.elf -ex set $mstatus &= ~(0x00000088)".
The target architecture is set to "riscv:rv32".
warning. No executable has been specified and target does not support
determining executable automatically. Try using the "file" command.
0x09000004 in ?? ()
Loading section .exceptions, size 0x5c lma 0x8000000
Loading section .text, size 0x3a8 lma 0x800005c
Loading section .rwdata, size 0x140 lma 0x8000404
Start address 0x0800005c, load size 1348
Transfer rate: 4 KB/sec, 449 bytes/write.
[Inferior 1 (Remote target) detached]
INFO: Sending resume to OpenOCD.
C:/altera/12.1sp1/University Program/NiosII Computer Systems/DE0-Nano/DE0-Nano Basic Computer NiosVm conSDRAM/verilog/so
ftware/niosv/ACpractica2niosv # juart-terminal.exe
juart-terminal: connected to hardware target using JTAG UART on cable
juart-terminal: "USB-Blaster [USB-0]", device 1, instance 0
juart-terminal: (Use the IDE stop button or Ctrl-C to terminate)
i AM AT LAB2 PART1 WITH nIOSv/M ... RUNNING ...
tIME: 00000002 33-MS INTERVALS
eND OF PROGRAM
```

Activity 1: measuring execution time

Soft processor model + memory technology	Execution time	Speed-up
Nios V/m + SDRAM memory (Activity 1)		1X
Nios V/m + on-chip memory (Activity 2)		
Nios V/g + SDRAM memory (Activity 3)		
Nios V/g + on-chip memory (Activity 3)		

Activity 4: discovering data cache microarchitecture



Source code for the main program::

```
lab2 part1 2 3 main.s
```

```
Ii x14, ITERACIONES addi x17, zero, 0 /* initializes the LOOP iteration counter, each iteration executing a Fibonacci loop */ /* initializes the interval counter of program "x17". */

LOOP: beq x14, zero, END /* execute Fibonacci loop */ call FIBONACCI addi x14, x14, -1 br LOOP
```

Source code for the routine FIBONACCI:

```
lab2_part1_2_3_fibo.s
```

```
movi r4, 0
movi r5, X

LOOP: bge r4, r5, END
ldb r0, V(r4)
addi r4, r4, P
br LOOP

END:
...
.data
V:
.skip 65536
```

Modify source code in the file::

lab2_part1_2_3_fibo.s

movi r4, 0 movi r5, X LOOP: bge r4, r5, END ldb r0, V(r4) addi r4, r4, P br LOOP END:data V: .skip 65536

Activity 4



X: data size accessed by program, X = P × E

E: number of accesses to main memory

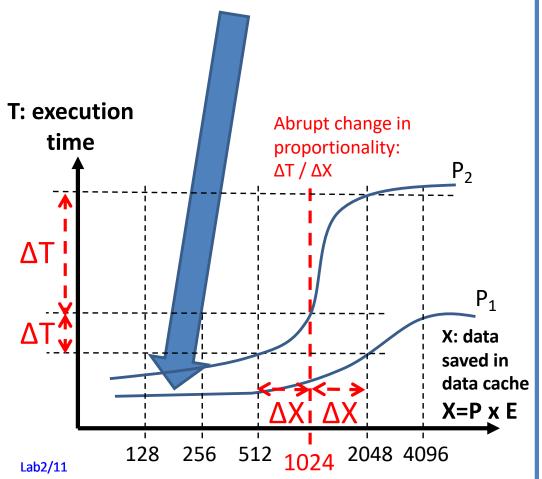
Table. Measures collected after running the benchmark for different data size and data access patterns

	E: Number of V vector bytes accessed actually					
P: data access pattern	128	256	512	1024	2048	4096
P = 1: every one						
P = 2: every two						
P = 4: every four						
P = 8: every eight						

Activity 4

Table. Measures collected after running the benchmark for different data size and data access patterns

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P = 4: every four						
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Method to fill in the table on the left

- 1) Ejecutar AMP
- 2) New project

CAMBIA-CACHE:

- 3) Settings > System Settings > "Custom
 System" + browse > <file>.sopcinfo
 (System information file)
- 4) Settings > System Settings > "Custom
 System" + browse > <file>.sof (Quartus
 II Programming File)
- 5) Memory Settings > Memory device > SDRAM
- 6) Actions > Download System

CAMBIA-DATOS:

7) Modificar fichero del programa:

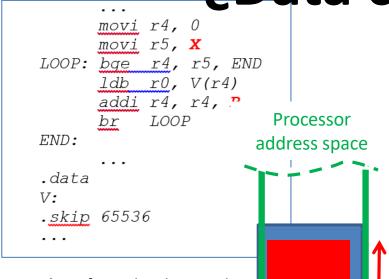
lab2_part1_2_3_fibo.s para
establecer X y P

- 8) Compile
- 9) Load
- 10) Ejecutar el programa y esperar a que salga el tiempo en el terminal de AMP y apuntarlo en la Tabla 3

SEGUIR CAMBIA-DATOS

SEGUIR CAMBIA-CACHE

¿Data cache size?: P=1



Cache

- X does fit in the data cache.
- There are only misses in ITERATION=1.
- In ITERATION={2,...,50000} the accesses hit the cache.
- Execution time (T) is proportional to the number of memory accesses (E).

Case Type-1: NO-overflow

X: data volumes handled by the program; the bytes of the V vector accessed from the program fit in the data cache.

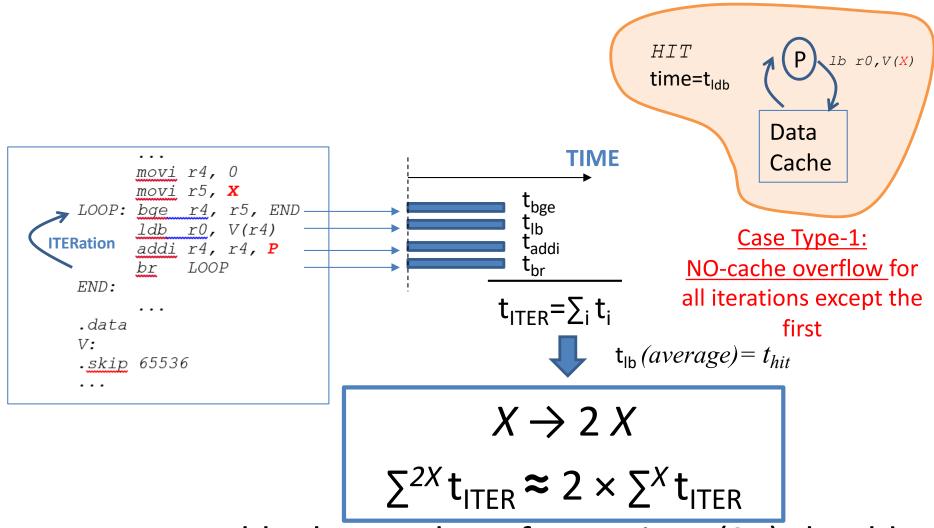
- X' does not fit in the data cache.
- Many failures in data cache by replacements in all ITERATIONS.
- Execution time does NOT have the same proportion as in lower X.

Case Tyte-2: OVERFLOW

Processor address space Cache X' > X

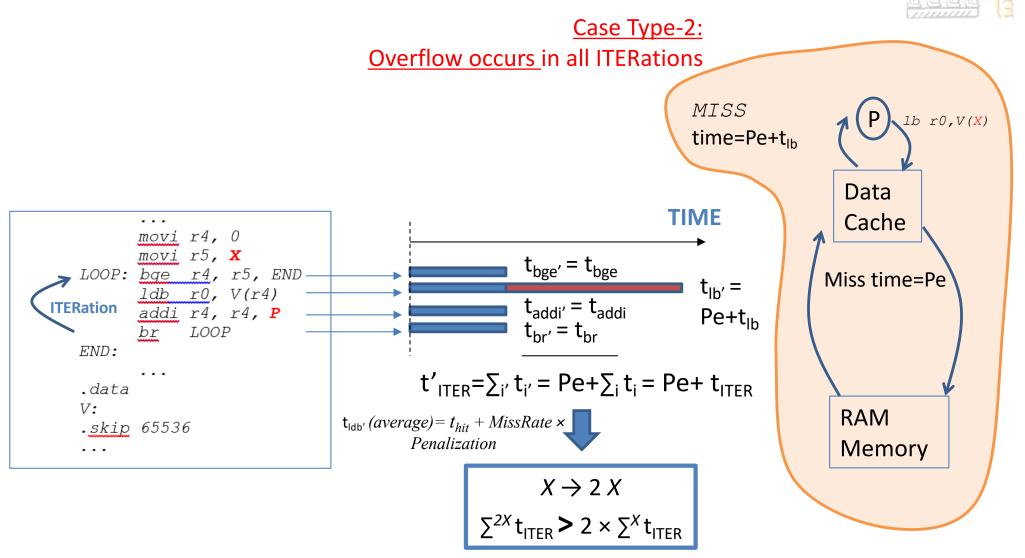
KEY: find X' for P=1 which means that the execution time does not keep proportion with the number of accesses E that in lower X; the capacity is X'/2

Execution time WITHOUT cache misses after the first LOOP ITERATION



Double the number of ITERations (2X) should cause the program to take twice as long

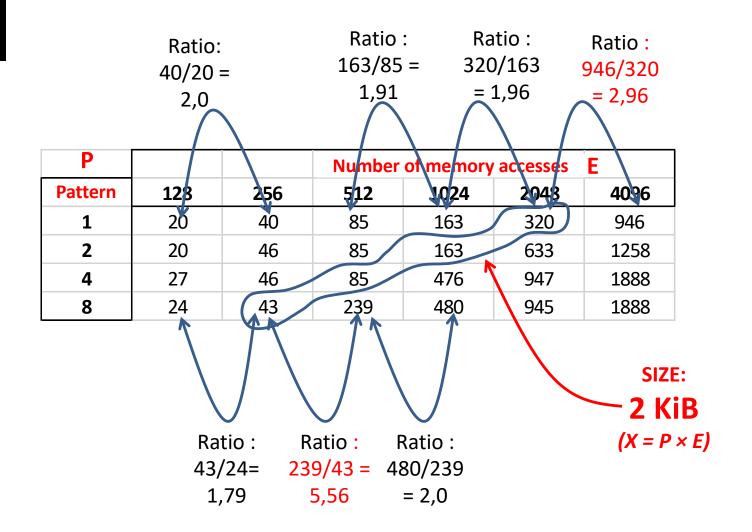
Execution time WITH cache misses



Double the number of ITERations (2X) should cause the program to take longer than **twice** the time with half the number of ITERations (X).

¿How do you discover cache size?: P=1

Board DE0-Nano



¿ How do you discover block size?

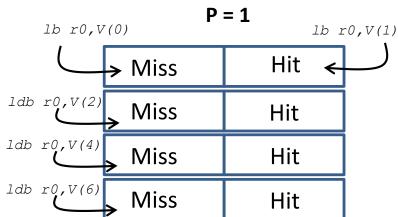
```
movi r4, 0
movi r5, X

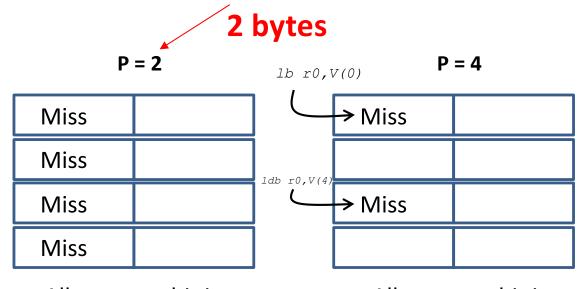
LOOP: bge r4, r5, END
ldb r0, V(r4)
addi r4, r4, P
br LOOP

END:
...
.data
V:
.skip 65536
...
```

- Assume the case where the block size is 2 bytes.
- Assume that X is large enough so that the cache memory is always overflowing.

BLOCK:





All accesses hit in the cache →

Execution time larger tan case

P=1

All accesses hit in the cache →

Execution time similar to case P=2

¿How do you discover block size?

Look at the same column of accesses and make sure that the cache is overflowing to ensure that at least capacity misses occur

Board DE0-Nano

Р			Number	E		
Pattern	128	256	512	1024	2048	4096
1	20	40	85	163	320	946
2	20	46	85	<u> 16</u> 3	633	1 <u>2</u> 5 <u>8</u>
4	27	46	85	476	947	1888
8	24	43	239	480	945	1888

BLOCK: 4 B

Ratio: 476/163 = 1,0 Ratio: 476/163