



Filter-Guided Diffusion for Controllable Image Generation

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Introduction

- > In recent years, different text-conditioned diffusion models have became popular for performing Image-to-Image Translation tasks
- > These I2I models are mostly white-box methods, meaning they depend heavily on internal architecture of the image, which makes them more time-consuming and memory-inefficient
- > To address this limitation, FGD introduces a novel black-box approach, i.e architecture independent, which makes the task of translating between images lightweight and efficient making it more adaptable for real time applications







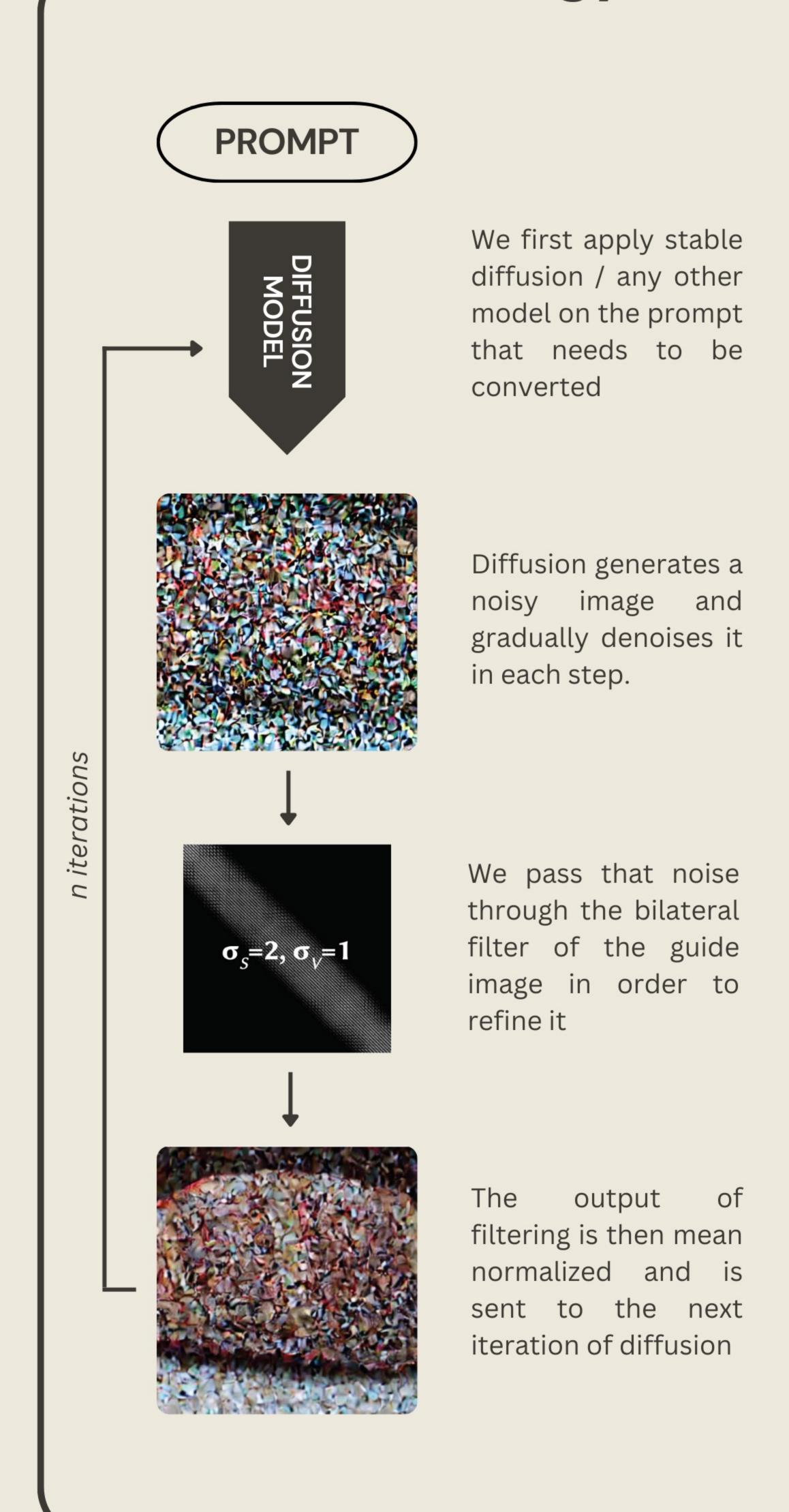
Zeqi Gu *

Concept

- > The key idea for the black box approach here is to enhance the traditional diffusion model steps by introducing various filtering steps related to our guide image in order to allow more control over specific features such as structure and style
- > While deciding upon the filter to use, we came across vairous old image processing techniques which involved filters like laplacian blending and bilateral filtering
- > Below is the mathematical update equation for the idea that is described above -

$$x_{t-1} = x_{t-1}' + \delta imes \left(f\left(x_g
ight) - f\left(x_{t-1}'
ight)
ight)$$

Methodology



Results

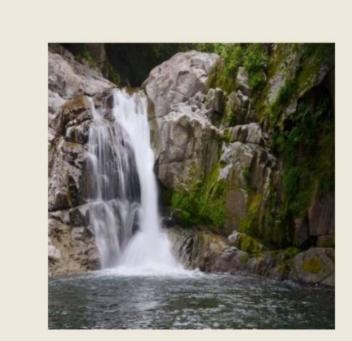
> Variation of output image with Guidance Strength -







> Variation of output image with Diffusion iterations and comparison with other methods -





a photo of a desert



