Basic Programming assignment 14

1.Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n. ?

```python
class div_generator:
    def __init__(self,in_num):
        self.in_num = in_num
    def get_numbers(self):
        for ele in range(0,self.in_num+1):
            if ele%7 == 0:
                yield ele

output = div_generator(350)
for ele in output.get_numbers():
    print(ele,end=' ')
```

```
0 7 14 21 28 35 42 49 56 63 70 77 84 91 98 105 112 119 126 133 140 147 154 161 168 175 182 189 196 203 210 217
224 231 238 245 252 259 266 273 280 287 294 301 308 315 322 329 336 343 350
```

2.Write a program to compute the frequency of the words from the input. The output should output after sorting the key alphanumerically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or Python 3.

Then, the output should be:

2:2 3.:1 3?:1 New:1 Python:5 Read:1 and:1 between:1 choosing:1 or:2 to:1

```python
def checkFrequency():
    in_string = input("Enter the Input String: ")
    frequency = {}
    for ele in in_string.split(" "):
        if(frequency.get(ele) == None):
            frequency[ele] = 1
        else:
            frequency[ele] += 1
    for ele in sorted(frequency):
        print(f'{ele}:{frequency[ele]}',end=" ")
checkFrequency()
```

```
Enter the Input String: New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or Python 3.
2:2 3.:1 3?:1 New:1 Python:5 Read:1 and:1 between:1 choosing:1 or:2 to:1
```

3.Define a class Person and its two child classes: Male and Female. All classes have a method "getGender" which can print "Male" for Male class and "Female" for Female class. ?

```python
class Person():
    def getGender():
        pass

class Male(Person):
    def getGender():
        print("Male")

class Female(Person):
    def getGender():
        print("Female")

Male.getGender()
Female.getGender()
```

```
Male
Female
```

4.Please write a program to generate all sentences where subject is in ["I", "You"] and verb is in ["Play", "Love"] and the object is in ["Hockey","Football"] ?

```python
def generateSentences():
    subject = ['I','You']
    verb = ['Play','Love']
    object = ['Hockey','Football']
    for s in subject:
        for v in verb:
            for o in object:
```

```
                    print(f'{s} {v} {o}')

generateSentences()
```

```
I Play Hockey
I Play Football
I Love Hockey
I Love Football
You Play Hockey
You Play Football
You Love Hockey
You Love Football
```

5.Please write a program to compress and decompress the string "hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!" ?

In [5]:
```python
def compress(in_string):
    output = in_string[0]
    count = 1
    for ele in range(len(in_string)-1):
        if in_string[ele] == in_string[ele+1]:
            count +=1
        else:
            if count > 1:
                output += str(count)
            output += in_string[ele+1]
            count = 1
    if count > 1:
        output += str(count)
    print(output)


def decompress(in_string):
    output = ''
    for ele in range(len(in_string)):
        if in_string[ele].isdigit():
            output += output[-1]*(int(in_string[ele])-1)
        else:
            output += in_string[ele]
    print(output)


compress("hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!")
decompress("hel2o world!hel2o world!hel2o world!hel2o world!")

compress('ineuron full stack datascience')
decompress('ineuron ful2 stack datascience')
```

```
hel2o world!hel2o world!hel2o world!hel2o world!
hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!
ineuron ful2 stack datascience
ineuron full stack datascience
```

6.Please write a binary search function which searches an item in a sorted list. The function should return the index of element to be searched in the list ?

In [6]:
```python
sorted_list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
def binary_search(in_list,in_num):
    low = 0
    high = len(in_list)-1
    while low <= high:
        mid = high+low//2
        if in_list[mid] < in_num:
            low = mid+1
        elif in_list[mid] > in_num:
            high = mid-1
        else:
            return mid
    else:
        return 'Input Element not in the list'

print(binary_search(sorted_list,8))
print(binary_search(sorted_list,100))
```

```
7
Input Element not in the list
```