Basic Programming assignment 25

1.Create a function that takes three integer arguments (a, b, c) and returns the amount of integers which are of equal value.

```
equal(1, 1, 1) \rightarrow 3
           equal(3, 4, 1) \rightarrow 0
           Notes:
           Your function must return 0, 2 or 3.
In [1]: def equal(a,b,c):
                 if a==b==c:
                       print(f'{a,b,c} \rightarrow {3}')
                 elif a==b or b==c:
                      print(f'{a,b,c} → {2}')
                 else:
                      print(f'\{a,b,c\} \rightarrow \{0\}')
           equal(3, 4, 3)
           equal(1, 1, 1)
           equal(3, 4, 1)
            (3, 4, 3) \rightarrow 0
           (1, 1, 1) \rightarrow 3

(3, 4, 1) \rightarrow 0
```

2. Write a function that converts a dictionary into a list of keys-values tuples.

Notes:

Examples: equal(3, 4, 3) \rightarrow 2

Return the elements in the list in alphabetical order.

```
In [2]: def dict_to_list(in_dict):
    out_list = []
    for keys,values in in_dict.items():
        out_list.append((keys,values))
    print(f'{in_dict} → {out_list}')

dict_to_list({"D": 1, "B": 2, "C": 3})
    dict_to_list({"likes": 2,"dislikes": 3,"followers": 10})

{'D': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3} → [('D', 1), ('B', 2), ('C', 3)]
    {'likes': 2, 'dislikes': 3, 'followers': 10} → [('likes', 2), ('dislikes', 3), ('followers', 10)]
```

3. Write a function that creates a dictionary with each (key, value) pair being the (lower case, upper case) versions of a letter, respectively.

```
\begin{split} & \text{Examples:} \\ & \text{mapping}(["p", "s"]) \rightarrow \{ \ "p": "P", "s": "S" \} \\ & \text{mapping}(["a", "b", "c"]) \rightarrow \{ \ "a": "A", "b": "B", "c": "C" \} \\ & \text{mapping}(["a", "v", "y", "z"]) \rightarrow \{ \ "a": "A", "v": "V", "y": "Y", "z": "Z" \} \end{split}
```

Notes: All of the letters in the input list will always be lowercase.2

```
In [3]:
    def mapping(in_list):
        out_dict = {}
        for ele in in_list:
            out_dict[ele] = ele.upper()
            print(f'{in_list} → {out_dict}')

        mapping(["p", "s"])
        mapping(["a", "b", "c"])
        mapping(["a", "v", "y", "z"])

['p', 's'] → {'p': 'P', 's': 'S'}
['a', 'b', 'c'] → {'a': 'A', 'b': 'B', 'c': 'C'}
['a', 'v', 'y', 'z'] → {'a': 'A', 'v': 'V', 'y': 'Y', 'z': 'Z'}
```

4. Write a function, that replaces all vowels in a string with a specified vowel.

```
Examples:
```

```
vow_replace("apples and bananas", "u") → "upplus und bununus"
vow_replace("cheese casserole", "o") → "chooso cossorolo"
vow replace("stuffed jalapeno poppers", "e") → "steffed jelepene peppers"
```

Notes: All words will be lowercase. Y is not considered a vowel.

```
In [4]:
    def vow_replace(in_string,vow_char):
        vowels = ['a','e','i','o','u']
        out_string = ''
        for ele in in_string:
            if ele in vowels:
                 out_string += vow_char
            else:
                 out_string += ele
            print(f'{in_string} → {out_string}')

        vow_replace("apples and bananas", "u")
        vow_replace("cheese casserole", "o")
        vow_replace("stuffed jalapeno poppers", "e")

apples and bananas → upplus und bununus
        cheese casserole → chooso cossorolo
        stuffed jalapeno poppers → steffed jelepene peppers
```

5.Create a function that takes a string as input and capitalizes a letter if its ASCII code is even and returns its lower case version if its ASCII code is odd.

Examples

ascii_capitalize("to be or not to be!") → "To Be oR NoT To Be!" ascii_capitalize("THE LITTLE MERMAID") → "THe LiTTLe meRmaiD" ascii_capitalize("Oh what a beautiful morning.") → "oH wHaT a BeauTiFuL moRNiNg."

```
In [5]: def ascii_capitalize(in_string):
    out_string = ''
    for ele in in_string.lower():
        if (ord(ele)%2 == 0):
            out_string += ele.upper()
        else:
            out_string += ele
        print(f'{in_string} → {out_string}')

ascii_capitalize("to be or not to be!")
    ascii_capitalize("THE LITTLE MERMAID")
    ascii_capitalize("Oh what a beautiful morning.")

to be or not to be! → To Be oR NoT To Be!
    THE LITTLE MERMAID → THE LITTLE meRmaiD
    Oh what a beautiful morning. → oH wHaT a BeauTiFuL moRNiNg.
```

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