## **Basic Programming assignment 23**

1.Create a function that takes a number as an argument and returns True or False depending on whether the number is symmetrical or not. A number is symmetrical when it is the same as its reverse.

```
Examples:
        is_symmetrical(7227) → True
        is_symmetrical(12567) → False
        is_symmetrical(44444444) → True
        is_symmetrical(9939) → False
        is_symmetrical(1112111) → True
In [1]: def is_symmetrical(in_num):
             if str(in num) == str(in num)[::-1]:
                print(f'{in_num} → {True}')
                 print(f'{in_num} → {False}')
        is symmetrical(7227)
        is symmetrical(12567)
        is_symmetrical(44444444)
        is_symmetrical(9939)
        is symmetrical(1112111)
        7227 → True
        12567 → False
        4444444 → True
        9939 → False
        1112111 → True
```

2. Given a string of numbers separated by a comma and space, return the product of the numbers.

```
Examples:
           multiply_nums("2, 3") \rightarrow 6
           multiply_nums("1, 2, 3, 4") \rightarrow 24
           multiply_nums("54, 75, 453, 0") \rightarrow 0
           multiply_nums("10, -2") \rightarrow -20
In [2]: def multiply_nums(in_string):
                out_string = in_string.replace(' ','').split(',')
                out_num = 1
                for ele in out_string:
                     out num *= int(ele)
                print(f'{in_string} → {out_num}')
           multiply_nums("2, 3")
           multiply_nums("1, 2, 3, 4")
multiply_nums("54, 75, 453, 0")
           multiply_nums("10, -2")
           2,\ 3\ \rightarrow\ 6
           1, 2, 3, 4 \rightarrow 24
           54, 75, 453, 0 \rightarrow 0
           10, -2 \rightarrow -20
```

3. Create a function that squares every digit of a number.

```
Examples:

square_digits(9119) → 811181

square_digits(2483) → 416649

square_digits(3212) → 9414

Notes:
```

The function receives an integer and must return an integer.

```
In [3]: def square_digits(in_num):
    in_list = [str(int(ele)**2) for ele in str(in_num)]
    out_list = ''.join(in_list)
    print(f'{in_num} → {int(out_list)}')
```

```
square_digits(9119)
square_digits(2483)
square_digits(3212)

9119 → 811181
2483 → 416649
3212 → 9414
```

4. Create a function that sorts a list and removes all duplicate items from it.

5. Create a function that returns the mean of all digits.

```
Examples:

mean(42) \rightarrow 3

mean(12345) \rightarrow 3

mean(666) \rightarrow 6
```

Notes:

1. The mean of all digits is the sum of digits / how many digits there are (e.g. mean of digits in 512 is (5+1+2)/3(number of digits) = 8/3=2).

2. The mean will always be an integer.

```
In [5]:
    def mean(in_num):
        in_list = [int(ele) for ele in str(in_num)]
        out_num = sum(in_list)/len(str(in_num))
        print(f'Mean of {in_num} → {out_num:.0f}')

    mean(42)
    mean(12345)
    mean(666)

Mean of 42 → 3
    Mean of 12345 → 3
    Mean of 666 → 6
In []:
```

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