FIT5196-S2-2018 assessment 3

This is an individual assessment and worth 30% of your total mark for FIT5196.

Due date: 11:55 pm, Friday, 26 October 2018

For this assessment, you are required to write Python (Python 2/3) code to integrate several datasets into one single schema and find and fix possible problems in the data. Input and output of this assessment are shown below:

Table 1. The input and output of the task

Inputs	Output	Jupyter notebook
<student_no>.rar, Vic_suburb_boundary.zip, GTFS_Melbourne_Train_Infor mation.zip</student_no>	<student_no>_solution.csv</student_no>	<student_no>_ass3.ipynb</student_no>

Each of you is given 7 datasets in various formats and the data is about housing information in Victoria, Australia. Your assessment is to perform the following tasks.

Task 1: Data Integration (65%)

In this task, you are required to integrate these 7 datasets into one with the following schema.

Table 2. Description of the final schema

COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
Property_id	A unique id for the property
lat	The property latitude
Ing	The property longitude
addr_street	The property address
suburb (15/100)	The property suburb. Default value: "not available"
price	The property price
property_type	The type of the property

year	Year of sold
bedrooms	Number of bedrooms
bathrooms	Number of bathrooms
parking_space	The number of parking space of the property
Shopping_center_id (5/100)	The closest shopping center to the property. Default value: "not available"
Distance_to_sc (5/100)	The Euclidean distance from the closest shopping center to the property. Default value: 0
Train_station_id (10/100)	The closest train station to the property. Default value: 0
Distance_to_train_sta tion (5/100)	The Euclidean distance from the closest train station to the property. Default value: 0
travel_min_to_CBD (15/100)	The average travel time (minutes) from the closest train station to the "Flinders street" station on weekdays (i.e. Monday-Friday) departing between 7 to 9 am. For example, if there are 3 trip departing from the closest train station to the Flinders street station on weekdays between 7-9am and each take 6, 7, and 8 minutes respectively, then the value of this column for the property should be (6+7+8)/3. If there are direct transfers between the closest station and Flinders street station, only the average of direct transfers should be calculated). Default value: 0
Transfer_flag (15/100)	A Boolean attribute indicating whether there is a direct trip to the Flinders street station from the closest station between 7-9am on the weekdays. This flag is 0 if there is a direct trip (i.e. no transfer between trains is required to get from the closest train station to the Flinders station) and 1 otherwise. Default value: -1
Hospital_id (5/100)	The closest hospital to the property. Default value: "not available"
Distance_to_hospital (5/100)	The Euclidean distance from the closest hospital to the property. Default value: 0
Supermarket_id (5/100)	The closest supermarket to the property. Default value: "not available"

Distance_to	o_superma
ket (5/100)	

The Euclidean distance from the closest supermarket to the property. **Default value: 0**

Task 2: data reshaping (15%)

In this task, you need to study the effect of different normalization/transformation methods (i.e. standardization, minmax normalization, log, power and sqrt transformation) on the "price" attribute and observe and explain their effect on the price distribution. Also, you need to compare them to each other assuming that we want to build a linear model on price using "bedroom", "bathroom", "parking_space", and "property_type" as the predictors of the linear model and recommend which one(s) do you think would work better on this data.

Task 3: Documentation (20%)

The main focus on the documentation would be on the quality of your explanation on task 2 but similar to the previous assignments, your notebook file should be on a decent format with proper sections and subsections.

Note 1: the output csv file must have the exact same columns as specified on the schema. If you decide not to calculate any of the required attributes, then you must have that attribute in your final dataframe with the default value as the value of all the rows. Please note that output file which is not in a correct format, as specified in the integrated schema, won't be marked.

Note 2: the radius of the earth is still 6378 km!

Note 3: In table 2, numbers in front of the some of the columns in the format of (a/b) are the allocated mark associated with that column. For example, column "suburb" carries 15% of the total mark of task 1.