# Creating a User Login System with PHP and MySQL

18-22 perc

In this tutorial you will learn how to build a login system with PHP and MySQL.

# Implementing User Authentication Mechanism

User authentication is very common in modern web application. It is a security mechanism that is used to restrict unauthorized access to member-only areas and tools on a site.

In this tutorial we'll create a simple registration and login system using the PHP and MySQL. This tutorial is comprised of two parts: in the first part we'll create a user registration form, and in the second part we'll create a login form, as well as a welcome page and a logout script.

## **Building the Registration System**

In this section we'll build a registration system that allows users to create a new account by filling out a web form. But, first we need to create a table that will hold all the user data.

## **Step 1: Creating the Database Table**

Execute the following SQL query to create the *users* table inside your MySQL database.

```
CREATE TABLE users (
    id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    username VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    created_at DATETIME DEFAULT
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

Please check out the tutorial on <u>SQL CREATE TABLE statement</u> for the detailed information about syntax for creating tables in MySQL database system.

#### **Step 2: Creating the Config File**

After creating the table, we need create a PHP script in order to connect to the MySQL database server. Let's create a file named "config.php" and put the following code inside it.

### **Example**

Procedural Object Oriented PDO

```
<?php

define('DB_SERVER', 'localhost');

define('DB_USERNAME', 'root');

define('DB_PASSWORD', '');

define('DB_NAME', 'demo');

$link = mysqli_connect(DB_SERVER, DB_USERNAME,
DB_PASSWORD, DB_NAME);</pre>
```

```
if($link === false){
    die("ERROR: Could not connect. " .
mysqli_connect_error());
}
?>
```

If you've downloaded the Object Oriented or PDO code examples using the download button, please remove the text "-oo-format" or "-pdo-format" from file names before testing the code.

**Note:** Replace the credentials according to your MySQL server setting before testing this code, for example, replace the database name 'demo' with your own database name, replace username 'root' with your own database username, specify database password if there's any.

#### **Step 3: Creating the Registration Form**

Let's create another PHP file "register.php" and put the following example code in it. This example code will create a web form that allows user to register themselves.

This script will also generate errors if a user tries to submit the form without entering any value, or if username entered by the user is already taken by another user.

# **Example**

Procedural Object Oriented PDO

```
<?php
```

```
require once "config.php";
$username = $password = $confirm password = "";
$username err = $password err =
$confirm password err = "";
if($ SERVER["REQUEST METHOD"] == "POST"){
    if(empty(trim($ POST["username"]))){
        $username err = "Please enter a
username.":
    } elseif(!preg_match('/^[a-zA-Z0-9_]+$/',
trim($ POST["username"]))){
        $username_err = "Username can only
contain letters, numbers, and underscores.";
    } else{
        $sql = "SELECT id FROM users WHERE
username = ?":
        if($stmt = mysqli prepare($link,
$sql)){
            mysqli stmt bind param($stmt, "s",
$param username);
            $param username =
trim($ POST["username"]);
```

```
if(mysqli stmt execute($stmt)){
mysqli stmt store result($stmt);
                if(mysqli stmt num rows($stmt)
== 1){
                     $username err = "This
username is already taken.";
                } else{
                     $username =
trim($_POST["username"]);
                 }
            } else{
                echo "Oops! Something went
wrong. Please try again later.";
            }
            mysqli stmt close($stmt);
        }
    }
    if(empty(trim($ POST["password"]))){
        $password_err = "Please enter a
password.";
    } elseif(strlen(trim($ POST["password"])) <</pre>
6){
        $password_err = "Password must have
```

```
atleast 6 characters.";
    } else{
        $password = trim($ POST["password"]);
    }
if(empty(trim($ POST["confirm password"]))){
        $confirm password err = "Please confirm
password.";
    } else{
        $confirm password =
trim($ POST["confirm password"]);
        if(empty($password err) && ($password
!= $confirm_password)){
            $confirm password err = "Password
did not match.":
        }
    }
    if(empty($username_err) &&
empty($password err) &&
empty($confirm password err)){
        $sql = "INSERT INTO users (username,
password) VALUES (?, ?)";
        if($stmt = mysqli prepare($link,
$sql)){
```

```
mysqli stmt bind param($stmt, "ss",
$param username, $param password);
            $param username = $username;
            $param password =
password hash($password, PASSWORD DEFAULT);
            if(mysqli_stmt_execute($stmt)){
                header("location: login.php");
            } else{
                echo "Oops! Something went
wrong. Please try again later.";
            }
            mysqli stmt close($stmt);
        }
    }
    mysqli_close($link);
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Sign Up</title>
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com
/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
    <style>
        body{ font: 14px sans-serif; }
        .wrapper{ width: 360px; padding: 20px;
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <div class="wrapper">
        <h2>Sign Up</h2>
        Please fill this form to create an
account.
        <form action="<?php echo</pre>
htmlspecialchars($ SERVER["PHP SELF"]); ?>"
method="post">
            <div class="form-group">
                 <label>Username</label>
                 <input type="text"</pre>
name="username" class="form-control <?php echo</pre>
(!empty($username err)) ? 'is-invalid' : '';
?>" value="<?php echo $username; ?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $username err; ?></span>
            </div>
            <div class="form-group">
                 <label>Password</label>
                 <input type="password"</pre>
name="password" class="form-control <?php echo</pre>
(!empty($password err)) ? 'is-invalid' : '';
?>" value="<?php echo $password; ?>">
```

```
<span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $password err; ?></span>
             </div>
             <div class="form-group">
                 <label>Confirm Password</label>
                 <input type="password"</pre>
name="confirm password" class="form-control
<?php echo (!empty($confirm password err)) ?</pre>
'is-invalid' : ''; ?>" value="<?php echo
$confirm password; ?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $confirm password err;</pre>
?></span>
             </div>
             <div class="form-group">
                 <input type="submit" class="btn</pre>
btn-primary" value="Submit">
                 <input type="reset" class="btn</pre>
btn-secondary ml-2" value="Reset">
             </div>
             Already have an account? <a</p>
href="login.php">Login here</a>.
        </form>
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

— The output of the above example (i.e. signup form) will look something like this:

# Sign Up

Please fill this form to create an account.

Username

Password
Confirm Password
Submit Reset
Already have an account? Login here.

In the above example, we have used the PHP's inbuilt password\_hash() function to create a password hash from the password string entered by the user (*line no-78*). This function creates a password hash using a strong one-way hashing algorithm. It also generates and applies a random salt automatically when hashing the password; this basically means that even if two users have the same passwords, their password hashes will be different.

At the time of login we'll verify the given password with the password hash stored in the database using the PHP password\_verify() function, as demonstrated in the next example.

We've used the Bootstrap framework to make the <u>form layouts</u> quickly and beautifully. Please, checkout the <u>Bootstrap tutorial</u> section to learn more about this framework.

**Tip:** Password salting is a technique which is widely used to secure passwords by randomizing password hashes, so that if two users have the same password, they will not have the same password hashes. This is done by appending or prepending a random string, called a salt, to the password before hashing.

# **Building the Login System**

In this section we'll create a login form where user can enter their username and password. When user submit the form these inputs will be verified against the credentials stored in the database, if the username and password match, the user is authorized and granted access to the site, otherwise the login attempt will be rejected.

#### Step 1: Creating the Login Form

Let's create a file named "login.php" and place the following code inside it.

#### **Example**

Procedural Object Oriented PDO

```
<?php
session_start();

if(isset($_SESSION["loggedin"]) &&

$_SESSION["loggedin"] === true){
    header("location: welcome.php");
    exit;
}

require_once "config.php";

$username = $password = "";</pre>
```

```
$username err = $password err = $login err =
"":
if($ SERVER["REQUEST METHOD"] == "POST"){
    if(empty(trim($ POST["username"]))){
        $username_err = "Please enter
username.";
    } else{
        $username = trim($ POST["username"]);
    }
    if(empty(trim($ POST["password"]))){
        $password err = "Please enter your
password.";
    } else{
        $password = trim($ POST["password"]);
    }
    if(empty($username err) &&
empty($password err)){
        $sql = "SELECT id, username, password
FROM users WHERE username = ?";
        if($stmt = mysqli prepare($link,
$sql)){
```

```
mysqli stmt bind param($stmt, "s",
$param username);
            $param username = $username;
            if(mysqli_stmt_execute($stmt)){
mysqli stmt store result($stmt);
                if(mysqli stmt num rows($stmt)
== 1){
mysqli_stmt_bind_result($stmt, $id, $username,
$hashed_password);
if(mysqli_stmt_fetch($stmt)){
if(password_verify($password,
$hashed_password)){
                             session start();
$_SESSION["loggedin"] = true;
                             $_SESSION["id"] =
$id;
```

```
$ SESSION["username"] = $username;
                             header("location:
welcome.php");
                         } else{
                             $login_err =
"Invalid username or password.";
                         }
                     }
                } else{
                     $login_err = "Invalid
username or password.";
                }
            } else{
                echo "Oops! Something went
wrong. Please try again later.";
            mysqli_stmt_close($stmt);
        }
    }
    mysqli_close($link);
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Login</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com
/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
    <style>
        body{ font: 14px sans-serif; }
        .wrapper{ width: 360px; padding: 20px;
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <div class="wrapper">
        <h2>Login</h2>
        Please fill in your credentials to
login.
        <?php
        if(!empty($login err)){
            echo '<div class="alert alert-
danger">' . $login_err . '</div>';
        }
        ?>
        <form action="<?php echo</pre>
htmlspecialchars($ SERVER["PHP SELF"]); ?>"
method="post">
            <div class="form-group">
                <label>Username</label>
```

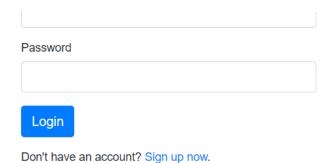
```
<input type="text"</pre>
name="username" class="form-control <?php echo
(!empty($username err)) ? 'is-invalid' : '';
?>" value="<?php echo $username; ?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $username err; ?></span>
             </div>
            <div class="form-group">
                 <label>Password</label>
                 <input type="password"</pre>
name="password" class="form-control <?php echo</pre>
(!empty($password_err)) ? 'is-invalid' : '';
?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $password_err; ?></span>
             </div>
            <div class="form-group">
                 <input type="submit" class="btn</pre>
btn-primary" value="Login">
            </div>
            Don't have an account? <a
href="register.php">Sign up now</a>.
        </form>
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

— The output of the above example (i.e. login form) will look something like this:

# Login

Please fill in your credentials to login.

Username



#### **Step 2: Creating the Welcome Page**

Here's the code of our "welcome.php" file, where user is redirected after successful login.

```
<?php
session start();
if(!isset($ SESSION["loggedin"]) ||
$_SESSION["loggedin"] !== true){
    header("location: login.php");
    exit;
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Welcome</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com
/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
    <style>
        body{ font: 14px sans-serif; text-
```

```
align: center; }
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <h1 class="my-5">Hi, <b><?php echo
htmlspecialchars($_SESSION["username"]);
?></b>. Welcome to our site.</h1>

        <a href="reset-password.php" class="btn
btn-warning">Reset Your Password</a>
        <a href="logout.php" class="btn btn-danger ml-3">Sign Out of Your Account</a>

</body>
</html>
```

If data comes from external sources like form filled in by anonymous users, there is a risk that it may contain malicious script indented to launch cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Therefore, you must escape this data using the PHP htmlspecialchars() function before displaying it in the browser, so that any HTML tag it contains becomes harmless.

For example, after escaping special characters the string <script>alert("XSS")</script> becomes <script&gt;alert("XSS")&lt;/script&gt; which is not executed by the browser.

## **Step 3: Creating the Logout Script**

Now, let's create a "logout.php" file. When the user clicks on the log out or sign out link, the script inside this file destroys the session and redirect the user back to the login page.

```
<?php
session_start();

$_SESSION = array();
session_destroy();
header("location: login.php");
exit;
?>
```

# **Adding the Password Reset Feature**

Finally, in this section we will add the password reset utility to our login system. Using this feature *logged in users* can instantly reset their own password for their accounts.

Let's create a file named "reset-password.php" and place the following code inside it.

# **Example**

Procedural Object Oriented PDO

```
<?php
session_start();</pre>
```

```
if(!isset($ SESSION["loggedin"]) ||
$ SESSION["loggedin"] !== true){
    header("location: login.php");
    exit;
require once "config.php";
$new password = $confirm password = "";
$new password err = $confirm password err = "";
if($ SERVER["REQUEST METHOD"] == "POST"){
    if(empty(trim($ POST["new password"]))){
        $new_password_err = "Please enter the
new password.";
elseif(strlen(trim($ POST["new password"])) <
6){
        $new_password err = "Password must have
atleast 6 characters.";
    } else{
        $new password =
trim($ POST["new password"]);
    }
```

```
if(empty(trim($ POST["confirm password"]))){
        $confirm password err = "Please confirm
the password.";
    } else{
        $confirm password =
trim($ POST["confirm password"]);
        if(empty($new password err) &&
($new password != $confirm password)){
            $confirm password err = "Password
did not match.":
        }
    }
    if(empty($new password err) &&
empty($confirm password err)){
        $sql = "UPDATE users SET password = ?
WHERE id = ?":
        if($stmt = mysqli prepare($link,
$sql)){
            mysqli stmt bind param($stmt, "si",
$param password, $param id);
            $param password =
password_hash($new_password, PASSWORD_DEFAULT);
            $param id = $ SESSION["id"];
```

```
if(mysqli stmt execute($stmt)){
                session destroy();
                header("location: login.php");
                exit();
            } else{
                echo "Oops! Something went
wrong. Please try again later.";
            }
            mysqli stmt close($stmt);
        }
    }
    mysqli_close($link);
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Reset Password</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com
/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
    <style>
        body{ font: 14px sans-serif; }
        .wrapper{ width: 360px; padding: 20px;
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
    <div class="wrapper">
        <h2>Reset Password</h2>
        Please fill out this form to reset
your password.
        <form action="<?php echo</pre>
htmlspecialchars($ SERVER["PHP SELF"]); ?>"
method="post">
             <div class="form-group">
                 <label>New Password</label>
                 <input type="password"</pre>
name="new_password" class="form-control <?php</pre>
echo (!empty($new_password_err)) ? 'is-invalid'
: ''; ?>" value="<?php echo $new password; ?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $new password err;
?></span>
             </div>
             <div class="form-group">
                 <label>Confirm Password</label>
                 <input type="password"</pre>
name="confirm password" class="form-control
<?php echo (!empty($confirm password err)) ?</pre>
'is-invalid' : ''; ?>">
                 <span class="invalid-</pre>
feedback"><?php echo $confirm password err;</pre>
?></span>
             </div>
             <div class="form-group">
```

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