Assignment No.5

Aim: Implement Token Ring based Mutual Exclusion Algorithm.

Tools and Environment: Java Runtime Environment, Java JDK

Theory:

Mutual exclusion is a concurrency control property which is introduced to prevent race conditions. It is the requirement that a process can not enter its critical section while another concurrent process is currently present or executing in its critical section i.e only one process is allowed to execute the critical section at any given instance of time.

Mutual exclusion in single computer system Vs. distributed system:

In single computer system, memory and other resources are shared between different processes. The status of shared resources and the status of users is easily available in the shared memory so with the help of shared variable (For example: Semaphores) mutual exclusion problem can be easily solved.

In Distributed systems, we neither have shared memory nor a common physical clock and there for we can not solve mutual exclusion problem using shared variables. To eliminate the mutual exclusion problem in distributed system approach based on message passing is used.

A site in distributed system do not have complete information of state of the system due to lack of shared memory and a common physical clock.
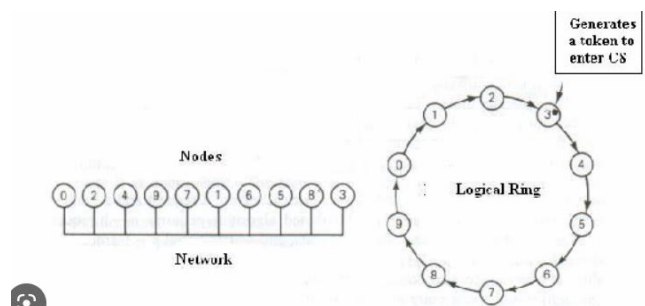
Requirements of Mutual exclusion Algorithm:

No Deadlock:

Two or more site should not endlessly wait for any message that will never arrive.

No Starvation:

Every site who wants to execute critical section should get an opportunity to execute it in finite time. Any site should not wait indefinitely to execute critical section while other site are repeatedly executing critical section

Fairness:

Each site should get a fair chance to execute critical section. Any request to execute critical section must be executed in the order they are made i.e Critical section execution requests should be executed in the order of their arrival in the system.

Fault Tolerance:

In case of failure, it should be able to recognize it by itself in order to continue functioning without any disruption.

Solution to distributed mutual exclusion:

As we know shared variables or a local kernel can not be used to implement mutual exclusion in distributed systems. Message passing is a way to implement mutual exclusion. Below are the three approaches based on message passing to implement mutual exclusion in distributed systems:

Token Based Algorithm:

A unique token is shared among all the sites.

If a site possesses the unique token, it is allowed to enter its critical section

This approach uses sequence number to order requests for the critical section.

Each requests for critical section contains a sequence number. This sequence number is used to distinguish old and current requests.

This approach insures Mutual exclusion as the token is unique

Example:

Suzuki-Kasami's Broadcast Algorithm

Conclusion: Hence Token Ring algorithm achieves mutual exclusion in a distributed system by creating a bus network of processes