```
Started on Tuesday, 5 September 2023, 6:52 PM

State Finished

Completed on Tuesday, 5 September 2023, 7:15 PM

Time taken 22 mins 35 secs

Marks 9.67/15.00

Grade 6.44 out of 10.00 (64.44%)
```

### QUESTION 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What principle does the given code correspond to?

```
function Book(getTitle, getAuthor) {
  let title = getTitle;
  let author = getAuthor;
  this.giveTitle = function() {
    return title;
  }

  const summary = function() {
    return `${title} written by ${author}.`
  }

  this.giveSummary = function() {
    return summary()
  }
}

const book1 = new Book('JavaScript Ninja', 'John Resig');
book1.giveTitle();  // "JavaScript Ninja"
book1.summary();  // Uncaught TypeError: book1.summary is not a function
book1.giveSummary();  // "JavaScript Ninja written by John Resig."
```

- a. composition
- b. abstraction
- oc. polymorphism
- od. none of the listed

```
QUESTION 2
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
```

```
What is the type of relationship between the objects in these classes?
  class Salary {
     constructor(pay, bonus) {
         this.pay = pay;
         this.bonus = bonus;
     annual_salary() {
         return (this.pay * 12) + this.bonus;
class Employee {
     constructor(name, age, salary) {
         this.name = name;
         this.age = age;
         this.salary = salary;
     total_salary() {
         if (this.salary) {
             return this.salary.annual_salary();
const salary = new Salary(15000, 10000);
const emp = new Employee('Max', 25, salary);
console.log(emp.total_salary()); // 190000
Select one:
a. composition
b. aggregation
oc. none of the listed
d. association X
e. inheritance
```

e. ReferenceError

```
QUESTION 3
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
```

```
QUESTION 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Which of the following examples of working with fields and methods of this class are incorrect?

```
class Employee {
    salary = 1200;
    static bonus = 300;
    constructor(position) {
        this.position = position;
    }
    getSalary() {
        return this.salary;
    }
    static getBonus() {
        return this.bonus;
    }
};
const employee = new Employee("developer");
```

Select one or more:

- a. Employee.salary
- b. employee.salary
- c. employee.position
- d. employee.getSalary()
- ✓ e. employee.bonus ✔
- f. Employee.bonus
- ☑ g. employee.getBonus() 
  ✓
- ✓ h. Employee. position ✔

```
QUESTION 5
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
```

What is the type of relationship between the objects in these classes?

```
class Salary {
    constructor(pay, bonus) {
        this.pay = pay;
        this.bonus = bonus;
    }
    annual_salary() {
        return (this.pay * 12) + this.bonus;
    }
}

class Employee {
    constructor(name, age, pay, pay2) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
        this.salary = new Salary(pay, pay2);
    }
    total_salary() {
        return this.salary.annual_salary();
    }
}

const emp = new Employee('Max', 25, 15000, 10000);
console.log(emp.total_salary()); // 190000
```

### Select one:

- a. composition
- b. none of the listed
- oc. inheritance
- d. aggregation X
- e. association

### QUESTION 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following methods calls a function with a given context this and an array of arguments?

- a. bind()
- b. call()
- c. setContext()
- d. apply() 

  ✓
- e. create()

QUESTION / Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Which of the following methods creates a new function that at the time of the call has a specific assigned value of this, as well as a given sequence of arguments?
Select one or more:
a. apply()
□ b. call()
d. setContext()
e. create()
·
QUESTION 8
Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Mark 1.00 dat of 1.00
Which keyword(s) is (are) required for ESS Class definition?
Which keyword(s) is (are) required for ES6 Class definition?
Select one or more:
☑ a. class ✔
□ b. static
□ c. base
☐ d. super
☐ e. private
☐ f. set
☐ g. constructor
QUESTION 9 Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Which of the above concepts are best practices in software development?
Select one or more:
a. none of the listed
□ a. none of the listed  □ b. High Cohesion ✓
c. High Coupling
d. Low Cohesion
☑ e. Low Coupling ✔
€. Low Coupling ▼

05.09.23, 19:39

5.09.23, 19:39	Quiz. Object-oriented design (OOD) / Object-oriented programming (OOP): Attempt review
QUESTION 10	
Partially correct	
Mark 0.67 out of 1.00	
Which of the following s	tatements about polymorphism are correct?
Select one or more:	
a. polymorphism i	s achieved through abstraction 🗙
b. polymorphism of	often uses inheritance 🗸
c. it provides an a	bility to call the same method on different JavaScript objects 🗸
d. polymorphism of	does not promote code reuse
e. all of the listed	
QUESTION 11	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

How can you natively implement private data in JavaScript? (please, consider the latest proposals in this direction)

Select one:

a. using \_

b. using private keyword

c. using closures

d. there is no such possibility yet

e. using # ✓

```
QUESTION 12
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

For the given source code, you need to implement the IT\_specialist constructor function, which takes 3 parameters: fullName, position, salary and prototypically inherits from Employee. Indicate which of the prototypal inheritance implementations is correct.

```
function Employee(fullName, position) {
     this.fullName = fullName;
     this.position = position;
 Employee.prototype.getPosition = function() {
     return this.position;
 };
 function IT_specialist() {
 const emp1 = new IT_specialist("John Johnson", "devops", 900);
 console.log(emp1.fullName);
 console.log(emp1.salary);
 console.log(emp1.getPosition()); // devops
Select one:
a. none of the listed
   b. function IT_specialist(fullName, position, salary) {
        Employee.call(this, fullName, position);
        this.salary = salary;
      }
      IT_specialist.prototype = Object.create(Employee.prototype);
```

 $^{\circ}$  c. function IT\_specialist(fullName, position, salary) { this.fullName = fullName; this.position = position; this.salary = salary;

IT\_specialist.prototype = Employee;  $\bigcirc$  d. function IT\_specialist(fullName, position, salary) { Employee.call(this, fullName, position); this.salary = salary;

 $\bigcirc$  e. function IT\_specialist(fullName, position, salary) { Employee.call(this, fullName, position);

IT\_specialist.prototype = Object.create(Employee);

this.salary = salary;

IT\_specialist.prototype = Employee.prototype;

```
QUESTION 13
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
```

The given Shape class has two private properties, \_width and \_height. Can we access them, modify them outside the Shape class?

- a. no x
- ob. yes

```
QUESTION 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Which of the following implementations of the IT\_specialist child class constructor is correct? The constructor accepts 4 parameters: fullName, position, experience, salary.

```
class Employee {
    constructor(fullName, position) {
        this.fullName = fullName;
        this.position = position;
    }
    getPosition() {
        return this.position;
    }
}

class IT_specialist extends Employee {
    // constructor implementation
}

const employee = new IT_specialist("Peter Peterson", "developer", 12, 2222);
```

```
a. constructor( fullName, position, experience, salary ) {
             super(fullName, position);
             this.experience = experience;
             this.salary = salary;
b. none of the listed
       constructor( fullName, position, experience, salary ) {
              this.experience = experience;
              this.salary = salary;
              super(fullName, position);
\bigcirc d. constructor( fullName, position, experience, salary ) {
             this.fullName = fullName;
             this.position = position;
             this.experience = experience;
             this.salary = salary;
       constructor(fullName, position, experience, salary) {
             super(fullName, position, experience, salary);
             this.experience = experience;
             this.salary = salary;
          }
```

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QUESTION 15	
Incorrect	
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00	
Indicate which of the following is no	ot natively supported in JavaScript?
Select one or more:	
a. modularity	
b. interfaces	
c. generics	
d. polymorphism	
e. overriding 🗶	
✓ f. overloading  ✓	
→ Practical tasks. OOD / OOP	
Jump to	<b>\$</b>

Useful links ►