throw keyword:

The throw keyword in Java is used to explicitly throw an exception from a method or any block of code. We can throw either checked or unchecked exception. The throw keyword is mainly used to throw **custom exceptions**.

Syntax:

throw Instance

Example:

throw new ArithmeticException("/ by zero");

Note: The Exception *Instance* must be of type **Throwable** or a subclass of **Throwable**. For example Exception is a sub-class of Throwable and user defined exceptions are typically inherited from Exception class.

throws keyword:

throws is a keyword in Java which is used in the signature of method to indicate that this method might throw one of the listed type exceptions. **Syntax:**

type method_name(parameters) throws exception_list

- →exception_list is a comma separated list of all the
- →exceptions which a method might throw.

In a program, if there is a chance of rising an exception then compile always warn us about it and compulsorily we should handle that checked exception, Otherwise we will get compile time error saying unreported exception < ExceptionName > must be caught or declared to be thrown.

To prevent this compile time error we can handle the exception in two ways:

- 1. By using try catch
- 2. By using **throws** keyword

Note:

→throws keyword is required only for checked exception and usage of throws keyword for unchecked exception is meaningless.

→throws keyword is required only to convince compiler and usage of throws keyword does not prevent abnormal termination of program.

Difference between throw and throws

throw	throws
throw keyword is used to throw an exception explicitly.	throws keyword is used to declare an exception possible during its execution.
throw keyword is followed by an instance of Throwable class or one of its sub-classes.	throws keyword is followed by one or more Exception class names separated by commas.
throw keyword is declared inside a method body.	throws keyword is used with method signature (method declaration).
We cannot throw multiple exceptions using throw keyword.	We can declare multiple exceptions (separated by commas) using throws keyword.